## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

VICKY ZIELEY, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

-against-

PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC,

Defendant.

#### **CIVIL ACTION**

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
AND
DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff VICKY ZIELEY (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a New York resident, brings this class action complaint by and through her attorneys, Cohen & Mizrahi LLP, against Defendant PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC (hereinafter "Defendant"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P 23, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

#### INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Congress enacted § 1692 *et seq.* of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA") in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws... [we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).

2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." *Id.*; § 1692(e). After determining that the existing consumer protection laws were inadequate, Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. *Id.*; § 1692k.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 2201. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
  - 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

#### NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 5. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New York consumers seeking redress for Defendant's actions of using misleading, deceptive, unfair and unconscionable means to collect a debt.
- 6. Defendant's actions violated § 1692 *et seq.*, of the FDPCA which prohibits debt collectors from engaging in abusive, deceptive and unfair practices.
  - 7. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

#### **PARTIES**

- 8. Plaintiff is a natural person and a resident of the State of New York and is a "Consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692(a)(3).
- 9. Defendant is a collection agency with its principal office located in Norfolk, Virginia.
- 10. Defendant is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be

due another.

11. Defendant is a "debt collector," as defined under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

#### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

- 12. Plaintiff brings claims, pursuant to the Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and 23(b)(3), individually and on behalf of the following consumer class (the "Class").
- 13. The Class consists of (a) all individuals with addresses in Queens County in the State of New York (b) to whom Defendant (c) sent a collection letter attempting to collect a consumer debt (d) falsely suggesting a dispute must be made in writing and making false and/or misleading representations as to the status of the debt (e) which letter was sent on or after a date one year prior to filing this action and on or before a date 21 days after filing this action.
- 14. The identities of all Class members are readily ascertainable from Defendant's records and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collect and/or have purchased debts.
- 15. Excluded from the Class are the Defendants and all officers, members, partners, managers, directors, and employees of the Defendants and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action and all members of their immediate families.
- 16. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendant's written communications to consumers, in the form attached as **Exhibit A**, violate 15 U.S.C. § 1962e.
- 17. The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the Class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories.
- 18. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class defined in this complaint. The Plaintiff has retained counsel with experience handling in consumer lawsuits,

complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiff nor his attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.

- 19. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:
  - a. <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that the Class defined above are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
  - b. <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and those questions predominate over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendant's written communications to consumers, in the form attached as **Exhibit A**, violate 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
  - c. <u>Typicality:</u> The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class members. The Plaintiff and all members of the Class have claims arising out of the Defendant's common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
  - d. Adequacy: The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class members insofar as Plaintiff has no interest that are adverse to the absent Class members. Plaintiff is committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiff has also retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiff nor his counsel have any interests which might cause them not to

- vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
- e. <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impractical. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.
- 20. Certification of a class under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3) is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact are common to all members of the Class and predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- 21. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiff may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

#### **ALLEGATIONS OF FACT PARTICULAR TO VICKY ZIELEY**

- 22. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "21" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 23. Defendant collects and attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors using the United States Postal Services, telephone and Internet.
- 24. Upon information and belief, within the last year Defendant commenced efforts to collect an alleged consumer "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C. 1692a(5), when it mailed a collection letter to Plaintiff seeking to collect on an unpaid account originally owed to Synchrony Bank.

- 25. On or about September 15, 2017, Defendant sent Plaintiff a collection letter (the "Collection Letter"). A copy of the Collection Letter is attached hereto and incorporated herein as **Exhibit A**.
- 26. The Collection Letter was sent or caused to be sent by persons employed by Defendant as a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
  - 27. The Collection Letter is a "communication" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(2).
- 28. Upon information and belief, said Collection Letter was an initial communication between Plaintiff and Defendant.
- 29. The Collection Letter provides, in pertinent part, as follows: "Total Now Due: \$8,782.83".
  - 30. The Collection Letter also provides, in pertinent part, as follows:

#### "DISPUTES CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC, Disputes Department, 140 Corporate Boulevard, Norfolk, VA 23502 or E-Mail: PRA\_Disputes@portfoliorecovery.com"

31. As a result of the following counts, Defendant violated the FDCPA.

# Firsts Count 15 U.S.C. §1692e Falsely Suggesting a Dispute Must be Made in Writing

- 32. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "31" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 33. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e prohibits a debt collector from using any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.
- 34. While § 1692e specifically prohibits certain practices, the list is non-exhaustive, and does not preclude a claim of falsity or deception based on non-enumerated practice.

- 35. For purposes of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e, the failure to clearly provide the consumer with complete and accurate information notifying them of their rights and obligations is unfair and deceptive to the least sophisticated consumer.
- 36. Collection notices are deceptive if they can be reasonably read to have two or more different meanings, one of which is inaccurate.
- 37. The question of whether a collection letter is deceptive is determined from the perspective of the "least sophisticated consumer."
- 38. Defendant's Collection Letter is reasonably susceptible to an inaccurate reading of Plaintiff's right to dispute the debt in other ways than in writing.
  - 39. Defendant's Collection Letter is deceptive within the meaning of the FDCPA.
- 40. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Collection Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, leads the least sophisticated consumer to believe that her dispute must be communicated in writing.
  - 41. Defendant's Collection Letter provides, on the back thereof, as follows:

#### "DISPUTES CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC, Disputes Department, 140 Corporate Boulevard, Norfolk, VA 23502 or E-Mail: PRA\_Disputes@portfoliorecovery.com"

- 42. Disputes do not need to be in writing. *Hooks v. Forman, Holt, Eliades & Ravin, LLC*, 717 F.3d 282 (2d Cir. 2013).
- 43. When confronted with Defendant's Collection Letter which provides, "**DISPUTES CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**:" it is reasonable for the least sophisticated consumer to believe that all disputes would be needed in writing. This is inaccurate because Plaintiff and other consumers can dispute the debt orally by telephone.

- 44. When confronted with Defendant's Collection Letter which states, "**DISPUTES CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:**" it would be reasonable for the least sophisticated consumer to understand that statement to mean that in order to dispute the debt she must send it in writing. That is inaccurate since she can dispute the debt verbally.
- 45. The least sophisticated consumer would be unsure as to whether a writing or oral communication is necessary to dispute the underlying debt.
- 46. The least sophisticated consumer would likely be deceived in a material way by Defendant's conduct.
- 47. Because the Collection Letter, for the reasons described above, could be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings, one of which is inaccurate, it violates 15 U.S.C. § 1692e. See *Balke v. Alliance One Receivables Management, Inc.*, No. 16-CV 5624(ADS)(AKT), 2017 WL 2634653 (E.D.N.Y. June 19, 2017).

# Second Count 15 U.S.C. §1692e False or Misleading Representations as to Status of Debt

- 48. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "47" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 49. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including, without limitation, 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 50. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, a debt collector is prohibited from using false, deceptive, or misleading representation in connection with the collection of a debt.
- 51. While § 1692e specifically prohibits certain practices, the list is non-exhaustive, and does not preclude a claim of falsity or deception based on non-enumerated practice.

- 52. Collection notices are deceptive if they can be reasonably read to have two or more different meanings, one of which is inaccurate.
- 53. The question of whether a collection letter is deceptive is determined from the perspective of the "least sophisticated consumer."
- 54. Defendant's conduct constitutes a false, deceptive and misleading representation in connection with the collection of the debt, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 55. The Collection Letter can reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings concerning the actual balance due, one of which must be inaccurate, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 56. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the agreement between Synchrony Bank and Plaintiff, Synchrony Bank charged Plaintiff interest and late fees on any payments due but not timely made by Plaintiff.
- 57. The right to collect from Plaintiff interest and late fees on any payments due but not timely made by Plaintiff was not waived by Synchrony Bank.
- 58. The right to collect from Plaintiff interest and late fees on any payments due but not timely made by Plaintiff was not waived by any assignee or successor-in-interest.
- 59. Plaintiff was never informed by anyone that the terms and conditions of the underlying agreement were changed.
- 60. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the credit agreement, interest and late fees continued to accrue on any payments due but not timely made by Plaintiff.
- 61. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the credit agreement, Synchrony Bank and any assignee or successor-in-interest had the legal right to collect from Plaintiff interest and late fees on any payments due but not timely made by Plaintiff.

- 62. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the credit agreement, the legal right of Synchrony Bank and any assignee or successor-in-interest to collect from Plaintiff interest and late fees on any payments due but not timely made by Plaintiff is not waived by Synchrony Bank or any assignee or successor-in-interest as a result of a failure by either Synchrony Bank or any assignee or successor-in-interest at any point in time to attempt to collect from Plaintiff the aforementioned interest and late fees.
- 63. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e requires debt collectors, when they notify consumers of their account balance, to disclose that the balance may increase due to interest and late fees.
- 64. The Collection Letter failed to disclose that the balance stated may increase due to interest and late fees.
  - 65. Based on the foregoing, the Collection Letter violates 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 66. In the alternative, Plaintiff's account was not subject to the accrual of interest and late fees.
- 67. By stating "Total Now Due: \$8,782.83" Defendant falsely suggested that immediate payment of the balance would benefit Plaintiff by implying that the balance would be subject to change and could be subject to additional interest and late fees.
- 68. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including, without limitation, § 1692(e).
- 69. Because the Collection Letters can reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings, one of which is inaccurate, as described, they are deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 70. For these reasons, Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692e. See *Taylor v. Fin. Recovery Servs., Inc.*, 886 F.3d 212, 215 (2d Cir. 2018); *Thomas v. Midland Credit Mgmt., Inc.*,

No. 2:17-CV-00523(ADS)(ARL), 2017 WL 5714722, at \*4 (E.D.N.Y. Nov. 27, 2017); Islam v. American Recovery Service Incorporated, 17-CV-4228 (BMC), 2017 WL 4990570, at \*2

(E.D.N.Y. Oct. 30, 2017).

71. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards Plaintiff

violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including, without limitation, § 1692(e).

72. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's

conduct violated Section 1692e et seq. of the FDCPA, statutory damages, costs and reasonable

attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

(a) Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and

certifying Plaintiff as Class representative and Cohen & Mizrahi LLP as

Class Counsel;

(b) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;

Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages; (c)

Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees (d)

and expenses;

(e) Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and

(f) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court

may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Daniel A. Louro\_ Daniel A. Louro, Esq. Cohen & Mizrahi LLP 300 Cadman Plaza W, 12<sup>th</sup> floor

Brooklyn, New York 11201

Telephone: (929) 575-4175 Facsimile: (929) 475-4195 Email: dlouro@cml.legal Attorneys for Plaintiff

#### **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

/s/ Daniel A. Louro
Daniel A. Louro, Esq.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York

June 14, 2018

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York					
VICKY ZIELEY, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,					
Plaintiff(s)					
v. )	Civil Action No.				
)					
PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC, ) )					
Defendant(s)					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION					
To: (Defendant's name and address) PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSO C/O CORPORATION SERVICE 0 80 STATE STREET ALBANY, NEW YORK 11207-254	COMPANY				
A lawsuit has been filed against you.					
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:  COHEN & MIZRAHI LLP 300 CADMAN PLAZA WEST, 12TH FLOOR BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11201					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.  **CLERK OF COURT**					
Date					
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				
	зі <i>дпани</i> ге ој Стегк от <b>Бери</b> ту Стегк				

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was re	This summons for (nanceived by me on (date)	ne of individual and title, if any)				
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individu	on (data)	; or		
	on (date)  ☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)					
	on (date)	on (date) , a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or				
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual) , verification , v					
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I returned the sumr	nons unexecuted because		; or		
	☐ Other (specify):					
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00		
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.					
Date:			Server's signature			
			Printed name and title			
			Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

### $_{ m JS~44~(Rev.~01/29/2018)}$ Case 1:18-cv-03501 Document 13 Village 106/14/18 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 15

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE hys1k0C	TIONS ON NEXT FAGE OF T					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS	DEFENDANTS			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Queens  (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC  County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.				
							(c) Attorneys (Firm Name,
COHEN & MIZRAHI LLF Brooklyn, NY 11201 (929		West, 12th Floor,					
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	ne Box Only)		PRINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintig		
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	✓ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)		PTF DEF  1 1 Incorporated or Pr  of Business In T			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	1 2			
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<b>J</b> 3	□ 6 □ 6		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					of Suit Code Descriptions.		
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES		
<ul> <li>□ 110 Insurance</li> <li>□ 120 Marine</li> <li>□ 130 Miller Act</li> <li>□ 140 Negotiable Instrument</li> <li>□ 150 Recovery of Overpayment &amp; Enforcement of Judgment</li> <li>□ 151 Medicare Act</li> <li>□ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)</li> <li>□ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits</li> <li>□ 160 Stockholders' Suits</li> <li>□ 190 Other Contract</li> <li>□ 195 Contract Product Liability</li> <li>□ 196 Franchise</li> </ul> REAL PROPERTY <ul> <li>□ 210 Land Condemnation</li> <li>□ 220 Foreclosure</li> <li>□ 230 Rent Lease &amp; Ejectment</li> <li>□ 245 Tort Product Liability</li> <li>□ 290 All Other Real Property</li> </ul>	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability Pharmaceutical Personal Injury - Product Liability Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 ☐ 690 Other	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157  PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark  SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g))  FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC □ 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and □ Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ □ Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information □ Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure □ Act/Review or Appeal of □ Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of □ State Statutes		
		Remanded from 4 Appellate Court	4 Reinstated or ☐ 5 Transf Reopened Anoth (specify	er District Litigation			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	DN 15 U.S.C. 1692 Brief description of ca		iling (Do not cite jurisdictional sta	ututes unless diversity):			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	if demanded in complaint:  Yes □ No		
VIII. RELATED CASS	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER			
DATE 06/14/2018 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		signature of attoi /s/ Daniel A. Loui					
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE_	MAG. JUI	DGE		

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#### **CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY**

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I, Daniel A	Louro ble for compulsory arbitration for	, counsel for Plaintiff	, do hereby co	ertify that the above captioned civil action		
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monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, the complaint seeks injunctive relief,						
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NON	E					
	RELATED	CASE STATEMENT (Section	n VIII on the Front of t	nis Form)		
to another substantia deemed "r "Presumpt	civil case for purposes of this guideline al saving of judicial resources is likely to related" to another civil case merely bed	suant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Sec when, because of the similarity of facts and lea result from assigning both cases to the same ju- ause the civil case: (A) involves identical legal ge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragrap	gal issues or because the cases arise adge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3 ssues, or (B) involves the same partie	.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be s." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that		
		NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINI	ESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)			
1.)	Is the civil action being file County?	d in the Eastern District removed es    No	from a New York State Co	urt located in Nassau or Suffolk		
2.)	If you answered "no" above a) Did the events or omiss County?	ions giving rise to the claim or cla	ims, or a substantial part t	nereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk		
	•	ions giving rise to the claim or cla es   No	ims, or a substantial part t	nereof, occur in the Eastern		
	c) If this is a Fair Debt Collected: Queens Count	ction Practice Act case, specify the C	County in which the offending	communication was		
Suffolk (		" does the defendant (or a majority o ction, does the claimant (or a majorit				
Carron		considered a resident of the County	in which it has the most signif	icant contacts).		
		BAR AD	MISSION			
	I am currently admitted in the	Eastern District of New York and cur	rently a member in good stan	ding of the bar of this court.		
		Yes	□ No			
	<del>-</del>	ect of any disciplinary action (s) in		ederal court?		
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	П	Yes (If yes, please expla	in 🗹 No			
	I certify the accuracy of all	information provided above.				
	Signature:					

Reset

Last Modified: 11/27/2017

**Print** 

Save As...

# Portfolio Recovery Associates, LLC

September 15, 2017

Seller: SYNCHRONY BANK

Original Creditor: SYNCHRONY BANK

Original Account Number:

Creditor to Whom Debt is Owed: PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC

Account Number:

Last Payment Date or Default Date: 12/02/2015

Total Amount of Debt Due at charge-off: \$8,782.83

<u>Total Amount of Transactions since Charge Off:</u>

Interest: \$0.00

Non-Interest Charges/Fees or Balance Adjustments: \$0.00

Payments: \$0.00

Total Now Due: \$8,782.83

VICKY ZIELEY,

Welcome to Portfolio Recovery Associates, LLC ("PRA, LLC")! We want to help you resolve this account, so call us at 1-800-772-1413 for low payment options. If paying off this debt is difficult for you please call anyway, because we have payment options for almost every budget.

PRA, LLC purchased account on 08/22/2017. All future payments and correspondence for this account, including credit counseling service payments, should be directed to: Portfolio Recovery Associates, LLC, P.O. Box 12914, Norfolk, VA 23541. *Please call Stephanie N McKnuckles TOLL FREE at 1-800-772-1413* to discuss payment arrangements.

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor if different from the current creditor.

This communication is from a debt collector and is an attempt to collect a debt.

Any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

NOTICE: SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION

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DEPT 922 2024180517099 PO BOX 4115 CONCORD CA 94524

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Payment Amount: \_

Account Number:

ADDRESS SERVICE REQUESTED

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VICKY ZIELEY 8432 PARSONS BLVD JAMAICA NY 11432-1644 001 PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC P.O. Box 12914 Norfolk VA 23541





Re: Account Number:

Debt collectors, in accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C § 1692 et seq., are prohibited from engaging in abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection efforts, including but not limited to:

The use or threat of violence;

The use of obscene or profane language; and

iii. Repeated phone calls made with the intent to annoy, abuse, or harass.

If a creditor or debt collector receives a money judgment against you in court, state and federal laws may prevent the following types of income from being taken to pay the debt:

1. Supplemental security income (SSI);

Social security;

3. Public assistance (welfare);

Spousal support, maintenance (alimony), or child support; Unemployment benefits;

Disability benefits;
Workers' compensation benefits;
Public or private pensions;
Veterans' benefits;

8.

Federal student loans, federal student grants, and federal work study funds; and

11. Ninety percent of your wages or salary earned in the last sixty days.

Mail all checks and payments to: PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC PO Box 12914 Norfolk, VA 23541 Pay us online:

**Hours of Operation (EST):** 

8 AM to 11 PM Mon.-Fri. 8 AM to 8 PM Sat. 11 AM to 10 PM Sun.

E-Mail

www.portfoliorecovery.com help@portfoliorecovery.com

**DISPUTES CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:** PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC, Disputes Department, 140 Corporate Boulevard, Norfolk, VA 23502 or E-Mail: PRA\_Disputes@portfoliorecovery.com

COMPANY ADDRESS: PORTFOLIO RECOVERY ASSOCIATES, LLC, 120 Corporate Boulevard, Norfolk, VA 23502

QUALITY SERVICE AVAILABLE Mon. - Fri. 8 AM to 5 PM (EST)

Not happy with the way you were treated? Our company strives to provide professional and courteous service to all our customers. Contact one of our staff to discuss issues related to our quality of service to you by phone at (800) 772-1413 or by e-mail at qualityservice@portfoliorecovery.com.

PRIVACY NOTICE: We collect certain personal information about you from the following sources: (a) information we received from you; (b) information about your transactions with our affiliates, others, or us; (c) information we receive from consumer reporting agencies. We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone, except as permitted by law. We restrict access to nonpublic information about you to those employees and entities that need to know that information in order to collect your account. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with federal regulations to guard your nonpublic personal information.

NOTICE: If this account is eligible to be reported to the credit reporting agencies by our company, we are required by law to notify you that a negative credit report reflecting on your credit records may be submitted to a credit reporting agency if you fail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligation.

We are required under state law to notify consumers of the following rights. This list does not include a complete list of rights consumers have under state and federal laws:

CALIFORNIA: The state Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act and the Federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act require that, except under unusual circumstances, collectors may not contact you before 8 a.m. or after 9 p.m. They may not harass you by using threats of violence or arrest or by using obscene language. Collectors may not use false or misleading statements or call you at work if they know or have reason to know that you may not receive personal calls at work. For the most part, collectors may not tell another person, other than your attorney or spouse, about your debt. Collectors may contact another person to confirm your location or enforce a judgment. For more information about debt collection activities, you may contact the Federal Trade Commission at 1-877-FTC-HELP or www.ftc.gov. Nonprofit credit counseling services may be available in the area.

NEW YORK CITY: City of New York License Numbers 1096994, 1394695, 1394697, 1394696, 1394698, 2045465, 2052875.

# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lawsuit Picks at Alleged Portfolio Recovery Associates Missteps in Collection Notice</u>