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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

FAN YUAN, Individually and on Behalf of All
Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

FACEBOOK, INC., MARK E.
ZUCKERBERG and DAVID M. WEHNER,

Defendants

Case No.

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
VIOLATION OF THE FEDERAL
SECURITIES LAWS**

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff Fan Yuan (“Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated, by Plaintiff’s undersigned attorneys, for Plaintiff’s complaint against Defendants (defined below), alleges the following based upon personal knowledge as to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s own acts, and information and belief as to all other matters, based upon, *inter alia*, the investigation conducted by and through Plaintiff’s attorneys, which included, among other things, a review of the Defendants’ public documents, conference calls and announcements made by Defendants, United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) filings, wire and press releases published by and regarding Facebook, Inc. (“Facebook” or the “Company”), analysts’ reports and advisories about the Company,

1 and information readily obtainable on the Internet. Plaintiff believes that substantial evidentiary support
2 will exist for the allegations set forth herein after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.

3 **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

4 1. This is a federal securities class action on behalf of a class consisting of all persons other
5 than Defendants who purchased or otherwise acquired common shares of Facebook between February
6 3, 2017 and March 19, 2018, both dates inclusive (the “Class Period”). Plaintiff seeks to recover
7 compensable damages caused by Defendants’ violations of the federal securities laws and to pursue
8 remedies under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”)
9 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder.
10

11 2. Facebook operates a social networking website that allows people to communicate with
12 their family, friends, and coworkers. Facebook develops technologies that facilitate the sharing of
13 information, photographs, website links, and videos. Facebook users have the ability to share and
14 restrict information based on their own specific criteria. By the end of 2017, Facebook had more than
15 2.2 billion active users.
16

17 3. Founded in 2004, the Company is headquartered in Menlo Park, California. The
18 Company’s common stock trades on the NASDAQ Global Select Market (“NASDAQ”) under the
19 ticker symbol “FB.”
20

21 4. Throughout the Class Period, Defendants made materially false and misleading
22 statements regarding the Company’s business, operational and compliance policies. Specifically,
23 Defendants made false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to disclose that: (i) Facebook violated
24 its own purported data privacy policies by allowing third parties to access the personal data of millions
25 of Facebook users without the users’ consent; (ii) discovery of the foregoing conduct would foreseeably
26 subject the Company to heightened regulatory scrutiny; and (iii) as a result, Facebook’s public
27 statements were materially false and misleading at all relevant times.
28

1 (“FTC”) is “probing whether Facebook violated terms of a 2011 consent decree of its handling of user
2 data that was transferred to Cambridge Analytica without [user] knowledge.” Under the 2011
3 settlement with the FTC, Facebook “agreed to get user consent for certain changes to privacy settings as
4 part of a settlement of federal chargers that is deceived consumers and forced them to share more
5 personal information than they intended.” The article further stated that “if the FTC finds Facebook
6 violated terms of the consent decree, it has the power to fine the company more than \$40,000 a day per
7 violation.”
8

9 10. On March 20, 2018, several media outlets reported that the U.K. Parliament had
10 summoned Facebook Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) Mark Zuckerberg (“Zuckerberg”) to give
11 evidence over the scandal involving London-based Cambridge Analytica. In a statement, the U.K.
12 House of Commons committee on Digital, Culture, Media and Sport Committee said: “The
13 Representatives from Facebook previously gave evidence to the inquiry in Washington DC on
14 Thursday 8th February. However, Facebook has since failed to supply requested supplementary
15 evidence to the Committee by the deadline of 14th March. Subsequent information about Facebook’s
16 connection to Cambridge Analytica raises further questions which the Committee intends to put to
17 Facebook to answer in full.” The British lawmakers stated they want to “hear from a senior Facebook
18 executive with the sufficient authority to give an accurate account of this catastrophic failure of
19 process.” Zuckerberg was asked to respond by March 26, 2018.
20
21

22 11. Following these news reports, Facebook’s share price fell \$7.73, or 4.48%, to close at
23 \$164.83 on March 20, 2018.

24 12. As a result of Defendants’ wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline in
25 the market value of the Company’s common shares, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered
26 significant losses and damages.
27

28 JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1 21. The Defendants referenced above in ¶¶ 19-20 are sometimes referred to- herein as the
2 “Individual Defendants.”

3 22. The Individual Defendants possessed the power and authority to control the contents of
4 Facebook’s SEC filings, press releases, and other market communications. The Individual Defendants
5 were provided with copies of the Company’s SEC filings and press releases alleged herein to be
6 misleading prior to or shortly after their issuance and had the ability and opportunity to prevent their
7 issuance or to cause them to be corrected. Because of their positions with the Company, and their
8 access to material information available to them but not to the public, the Individual Defendants knew
9 that the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to and were being concealed from the
10 public, and that the positive representations being made were then materially false and misleading. The
11 Individual Defendants are liable for the false statements and omissions pleaded herein.
12

13 **SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS**

14 **Background**

15 23. Facebook operates a social networking website that allows people to communicate with
16 their family, friends, and coworkers. Facebook develops technologies that facilitate the sharing of
17 information, photographs, website links, and videos. Facebook users have the ability to share and
18 restrict information based on their own specific criteria. By the end of 2017, Facebook had more than
19 2.2 billion active users.
20

21 **Materially False and Misleading Statements Issued During the Class Period**

22 24. The Class Period begins on February 3, 2017, when Facebook filed an annual report on
23 Form 10-K with the SEC, announcing the Company’s financial and operating results for the quarter and
24 fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 (the “2016 10-K”). For fiscal year 2016, Facebook reported net
25 income of \$10.18 billion, or \$3.49 per diluted share, on revenue of \$27.63 billion, compared to net
26 income of \$3.66 billion, or \$1.29 per diluted share, on revenue of \$17.92 billion for fiscal year 2015.
27
28

1 25. In the 2016 10-K, with respect to the disclosure of user data, the Company merely
2 offered the following non-specific representation:

3 ***Security breaches and improper access to or disclosure of our data or user data,***
4 ***or other hacking and phishing attacks on our systems, could harm our***
reputation and adversely affect our business.

5 Our industry is prone to cyber-attacks by third parties seeking unauthorized
6 access to our data or users' data. Any failure to prevent or mitigate security
7 breaches and improper access to or disclosure of our data or user data could result
8 in the loss or misuse of such data, which could harm our business and reputation
9 and diminish our competitive position. In addition, computer malware, viruses,
10 social engineering (predominantly spear phishing attacks), and general hacking
11 have become more prevalent in our industry, have occurred on our systems in the
12 past, and will occur on our systems in the future. As a result of our prominence, we
13 believe that we are a particularly attractive target for such breaches and attacks.
14 Such attacks may cause interruptions to the services we provide, degrade the user
15 experience, cause users to lose confidence and trust in our products, or result in
16 financial harm to us. Our efforts to protect our company data or the information we
17 receive may also be unsuccessful due to software bugs or other technical
18 malfunctions; employee, contractor, or vendor error or malfeasance; government
19 surveillance; or other threats that evolve. In addition, third parties may attempt to
20 fraudulently induce employees or users to disclose information in order to gain
21 access to our data or our users' data. Although we have developed systems and
22 processes that are designed to protect our data and user data, to prevent data loss,
23 and to prevent or detect security breaches, we cannot assure you that such
24 measures will provide absolute security.

25 In addition, some of our developers or other partners, such as those that help
26 us measure the effectiveness of ads, may receive or store information provided by
27 us or by our users through mobile or web applications integrated with Facebook.
28 We provide limited information to such third parties based on the scope of services
provided to us. However, if these third parties or developers fail to adopt or adhere
to adequate data security practices, or in the event of a breach of their networks,
our data or our users' data may be improperly accessed, used, or disclosed.

Affected users or government authorities could initiate legal or regulatory
actions against us in connection with any security breaches or improper disclosure
of data, which could cause us to incur significant expense and liability or result in
orders or consent decrees forcing us to modify our business practices. Any of these
events could have a material and adverse effect on our business, reputation, or
financial results.

26 26. The 2016 10-K contained signed certifications pursuant to SOX by the Individual
27 Defendants, stating that the information contained in the 2016 10-K "fairly presents, in all material
28

1 respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented
2 therein.”

3 27. On May 4, 2017, Facebook filed a quarterly report on Form 10-Q with the SEC,
4 announcing the Company’s financial and operating results for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (the
5 “1Q 2017 10-Q”). For the quarter, Facebook reported net income of \$3.05 billion, or \$1.04 per diluted
6 share, on revenue of \$8.03 billion, compared to net income of \$1.73 billion, or \$0.60 per diluted share,
7 on revenue of \$5.38 billion for the same period in the prior year.

8
9 28. In the 1Q 2017 10-Q, the Company again offered only a non-specific representation
10 concerning data security:

11 ***Security breaches and improper access to or disclosure of our data or user data,***
12 ***or other hacking and phishing attacks on our systems, could harm our***
13 ***reputation and adversely affect our business.***

14 Our industry is prone to cyber-attacks by third parties seeking unauthorized
15 access to our data or users’ data or to disrupt our ability to provide service. Any
16 failure to prevent or mitigate security breaches and improper access to or
17 disclosure of our data or user data could result in the loss or misuse of such data,
18 which could harm our business and reputation and diminish our competitive
19 position. In addition, computer malware, viruses, social engineering
20 (predominantly spear phishing attacks), and general hacking have become more
21 prevalent in our industry, have occurred on our systems in the past, and will occur
22 on our systems in the future. As a result of our prominence, we believe that we are
23 a particularly attractive target for such breaches and attacks. Such attacks may
24 cause interruptions to the services we provide, degrade the user experience, cause
25 users to lose confidence and trust in our products, or result in financial harm to us.
26 Our efforts to protect our company data or the information we receive may also be
27 unsuccessful due to software bugs or other technical malfunctions; employee,
28 contractor, or vendor error or malfeasance; government surveillance; or other
threats that evolve. In addition, third parties may attempt to fraudulently induce
employees or users to disclose information in order to gain access to our data or
our users' data. Although we have developed systems and processes that are
designed to protect our data and user data, to prevent data loss, and to prevent or
detect security breaches, we cannot assure you that such measures will provide
absolute security.

In addition, some of our developers or other partners, such as those that help
us measure the effectiveness of ads, may receive or store information provided by
us or by our users through mobile or web applications integrated with Facebook.
We provide limited information to such third parties based on the scope of services
provided to us. However, if these third parties or developers fail to adopt or adhere

1 to adequate data security practices, or in the event of a breach of their networks,
2 our data or our users' data may be improperly accessed, used, or disclosed.

3 Affected users or government authorities could initiate legal or regulatory
4 actions against us in connection with any security breaches or improper disclosure
5 of data, which could cause us to incur significant expense and liability or result in
6 orders or consent decrees forcing us to modify our business practices. Any of these
7 events could have a material and adverse effect on our business, reputation, or
8 financial results.

9 29. The 1Q 2017 10-Q contained signed certifications pursuant to SOX by the Individual
10 Defendants, stating that the information contained in the 1Q 2017 10-Q “fairly presents, in all material
11 respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented
12 therein.”

13 30. The statements referenced in ¶¶ 24-29 above were materially false and/or misleading
14 because they misrepresented and/or failed to disclose the following adverse facts pertaining to the
15 Company’s business, operational and financial results, which were known to Defendants or recklessly
16 disregarded by them. Specifically, Defendants made false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to
17 disclose that: (i) Facebook violated its own purported data privacy policies by allowing third parties to
18 access the personal data of millions of Facebook users without the users’ consent; (ii) discovery of the
19 foregoing conduct would foreseeably subject the Company to heightened regulatory scrutiny; and (iii)
20 as a result, Facebook’s public statements were materially false and misleading at all relevant times.

21 **The Truth Begins To Emerge**

22 31. On May 16, 2017, post-market, *Reuters* published an article entitled “Facebook fined
23 150,000 euros by French data watchdog,” reporting that the French privacy regulator CNIL had fined
24 Facebook €150,000—the maximum amount then allowed within the CNIL’s authority—for “failing to
25 prevent its users’ data being accessed by advertisers.” The article stated, in part:

26 Watchdog CNIL said its fine - which was imposed on both Facebook Inc and Facebook
27 Ireland - was part of a wider European investigation also being carried out in Belgium,
28 the Netherlands, Spain and Germany into some of Facebook’s practices.

1 The 150,000 euro fine is small in the context of the company, which has quarterly
2 revenue of about \$8 billion and a stock market capitalization which stands at around \$435
3 billion. But it is the maximum amount the CNIL could fine when it started the
4 investigation on the tech giant.

5 The CNIL can now issue fines of up to 3 million euros, after the passing of a new law in
6 October 2016.

7 * * *

8 In a statement on Tuesday, Facebook did not say whether it would now take action as a
9 result of the fine.

10 “We take note of the CNIL’s decision with which we respectfully disagree,” Facebook
11 said in a statement emailed to Reuters.

12 32. On this news, Facebook’s share price fell \$5.34 or 3.55%, over two trading days, to
13 close at \$144.85 on May 17, 2017.

14 33. Even after the CNIL fine, Facebook continued to conceal the extent to which its users’
15 data was available to third parties without user consent. On July 27, 2017, Facebook filed a quarterly
16 report on Form 10-Q with the SEC, announcing the Company’s financial and operating results for the
17 quarter ended June 30, 2017 (the “2Q 2017 10-Q”). For the quarter, Facebook reported net income of
18 \$3.89 billion, or \$1.32 per diluted share, on revenue of \$9.32 billion, compared to net income of \$2.27
19 billion, or \$0.78 per diluted share, on revenue of \$6.43 billion for the same period in the prior year.

20 34. In the 2Q 2017 10-Q, the Company again offered only a non-specific representation
21 concerning data security:

22 ***Security breaches and improper access to or disclosure of our data or user data,***
23 ***or other hacking and phishing attacks on our systems, could harm our***
24 ***reputation and adversely affect our business.***

25 Our industry is prone to cyber-attacks by third parties seeking unauthorized
26 access to our data or users’ data or to disrupt our ability to provide service. Any
27 failure to prevent or mitigate security breaches and improper access to or
28 disclosure of our data or user data could result in the loss or misuse of such data,
which could harm our business and reputation and diminish our competitive
position. In addition, computer malware, viruses, social engineering
(predominantly spear phishing attacks), and general hacking have become more
prevalent in our industry, have occurred on our systems in the past, and will occur

1 on our systems in the future. As a result of our prominence, we believe that we are
2 a particularly attractive target for such breaches and attacks. Such attacks may
3 cause interruptions to the services we provide, degrade the user experience, cause
4 users to lose confidence and trust in our products, or result in financial harm to us.
5 Our efforts to protect our company data or the information we receive may also be
6 unsuccessful due to software bugs or other technical malfunctions; employee,
7 contractor, or vendor error or malfeasance; government surveillance; or other
8 threats that evolve. In addition, third parties may attempt to fraudulently induce
9 employees or users to disclose information in order to gain access to our data or
10 our users' data. Although we have developed systems and processes that are
11 designed to protect our data and user data, to prevent data loss, and to prevent or
12 detect security breaches, we cannot assure you that such measures will provide
13 absolute security.

14 In addition, some of our developers or other partners, such as those that help
15 us measure the effectiveness of ads, may receive or store information provided by
16 us or by our users through mobile or web applications integrated with Facebook.
17 We provide limited information to such third parties based on the scope of services
18 provided to us. However, if these third parties or developers fail to adopt or adhere
19 to adequate data security practices, or in the event of a breach of their networks,
20 our data or our users' data may be improperly accessed, used, or disclosed.

21 Affected users or government authorities could initiate legal or regulatory
22 actions against us in connection with any security breaches or improper disclosure
23 of data, which could cause us to incur significant expense and liability or result in
24 orders or consent decrees forcing us to modify our business practices. Any of these
25 events could have a material and adverse effect on our business, reputation, or
26 financial results.

27 35. The 2Q 2017 10-Q contained signed certifications pursuant to SOX by the Individual
28 Defendants, stating that the information contained in the 2Q 2017 10-Q “fairly presents, in all material
respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented
therein.”

36. On November 2, 2017, Facebook filed a quarterly report on Form 10-Q with the SEC,
announcing the Company’s financial and operating results for the quarter ended September 30, 2017
(the “3Q 2017 10-Q”). For the quarter, Facebook reported net income of \$4.70 billion, or \$1.59 per
diluted share, on revenue of \$10.32 billion, compared to net income of \$2.62 billion, or \$0.90 per
diluted share, on revenue of \$7.01 billion for the same period in the prior year.

1 37. The 3Q 2017 10-Q, the Company again offered only a non-specific representation with
2 respect to data security:

3 ***Security breaches and improper access to or disclosure of our data or user data,***
4 ***or other hacking and phishing attacks on our systems, could harm our***
5 ***reputation and adversely affect our business.***

6 Our industry is prone to cyber-attacks by third parties seeking unauthorized
7 access to our data or users' data or to disrupt our ability to provide service. Any
8 failure to prevent or mitigate security breaches and improper access to or
9 disclosure of our data or user data could result in the loss or misuse of such data,
10 which could harm our business and reputation and diminish our competitive
11 position. In addition, computer malware, viruses, social engineering
12 (predominantly spear phishing attacks), and general hacking have become more
13 prevalent in our industry, have occurred on our systems in the past, and will occur
14 on our systems in the future. As a result of our prominence and the types and
15 volume of personal data on our systems, we believe that we are a particularly
16 attractive target for such breaches and attacks. Such attacks may cause
17 interruptions to the services we provide, degrade the user experience, cause users
18 to lose confidence and trust in our products, impair our internal systems, or result
19 in financial harm to us. Our efforts to protect our company data or the information
20 we receive may also be unsuccessful due to software bugs or other technical
21 malfunctions; employee, contractor, or vendor error or malfeasance; government
22 surveillance; or other threats that evolve. In addition, third parties may attempt to
23 fraudulently induce employees or users to disclose information in order to gain
24 access to our data or our users' data. Cyber-attacks continue to evolve in
25 sophistication and volume, and inherently may be difficult to detect for long
26 periods of time. Although we have developed systems and processes that are
27 designed to protect our data and user data, to prevent data loss, and to prevent or
28 detect security breaches, we cannot assure you that such measures will provide
absolute security, and we may incur significant costs in protecting against or
remediating cyber-attacks.

19 In addition, some of our developers or other partners, such as those that help
20 us measure the effectiveness of ads, may receive or store information provided by
21 us or by our users through mobile or web applications integrated with Facebook.
22 We provide limited information to such third parties based on the scope of services
23 provided to us. However, if these third parties or developers fail to adopt or adhere
24 to adequate data security practices, or in the event of a breach of their networks,
25 our data or our users' data may be improperly accessed, used, or disclosed.

26 Affected users or government authorities could initiate legal or regulatory
27 actions against us in connection with any security breaches or improper disclosure
28 of data, which could cause us to incur significant expense and liability or result in
orders or consent decrees forcing us to modify our business practices. Such
incidents may also result in a decline in our active user base or engagement levels.
Any of these events could have a material and adverse effect on our business,
reputation, or financial results.

1 38. The 3Q 2017 10-Q contained signed certifications pursuant to SOX by the Individual
2 Defendants, stating that the information contained in the 3Q 2017 10-Q “fairly presents, in all material
3 respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented
4 therein.”

5 39. On January 31, 2018, the Company held an earnings conference call with investors and
6 analysts to discuss the Q4 2017. During the call, Defendant Zuckerberg stated in relevant part:
7

8 But 2017 was also a hard year. The world feels anxious and divided and that
9 played out on Facebook. We've seen abuse on our platform, including interference
10 from nation states, the spread of news that is false, sensational and polarizing, and
11 debate about the utility of social media. We have a responsibility to fully
12 understand how our services are used and to do everything we can to amplify the
13 good and prevent the harm. This is my personal challenge for 2018.

14 ***

15 Preventing false news hate speech and other abuse[] is another important area of
16 focus for us. In order to protect the security and integrity of our platform, we're
17 investing in both people and technology. We now have around 14,000 people
18 working across community ops, online ops, and our security efforts. That's almost
19 double where we were a year-ago.

20 ***

21 Finally, we've started rolling out a major ad transparent effort. We support
22 Congress passing legislation to make all advertising more transparent. We're not
23 going to wait for them to act. We've already begun launching a way for anyone to
24 view the ad, a pages running on Facebook, Instagram and Messenger, even if they
25 aren't in the intended audience.

26 40. On February 1, 2018, Facebook filed an annual report on Form 10-K with the SEC,
27 announcing the Company's financial and operating results for the quarter and fiscal year ended
28 December 31, 2017 (the “2017 10-K”). For fiscal year 2017, Facebook reported net income of \$15.93
billion, or \$5.39 per diluted share, on revenue of \$40.65 billion, compared to reported net income of
\$10.18 billion, or \$3.49 per diluted share, on revenue of \$27.63 billion for fiscal year 2016.

41. In the 2017 10-K, with respect to the disclosure of user data, the Company again only
offered the following non-specific representation:

***Security breaches and improper access to or disclosure of our data or user data,
or other hacking and phishing attacks on our systems, could harm our
reputation and adversely affect our business.***

1 Our industry is prone to cyber-attacks by third parties seeking unauthorized
2 access to our data or users' data or to disrupt our ability to provide service. Any
3 failure to prevent or mitigate security breaches and improper access to or
4 disclosure of our data or user data, including personal information, content or
5 payment information from users, could result in the loss or misuse of such data,
6 which could harm our business and reputation and diminish our competitive
7 position. In addition, computer malware, viruses, social engineering
8 (predominantly spear phishing attacks), and general hacking have become more
9 prevalent in our industry, have occurred on our systems in the past, and will occur
10 on our systems in the future. We also regularly encounter attempts to create false
11 or undesirable user accounts, purchase ads, or take other actions on our platform
12 for purposes such as spamming, spreading misinformation, or other objectionable
13 ends. As a result of our prominence, the size of our user base, and the types and
14 volume of personal data on our systems, we believe that we are a particularly
15 attractive target for such breaches and attacks. Such attacks may cause
16 interruptions to the services we provide, degrade the user experience, cause users
17 to lose confidence and trust in our products, impair our internal systems, or result
18 in financial harm to us. Our efforts to protect our company data or the information
19 we receive may also be unsuccessful due to software bugs or other technical
20 malfunctions; employee, contractor, or vendor error or malfeasance; government
21 surveillance; or other threats that evolve. In addition, third parties may attempt to
22 fraudulently induce employees or users to disclose information in order to gain
23 access to our data or our users' data. Cyber-attacks continue to evolve in
24 sophistication and volume, and inherently may be difficult to detect for long
25 periods of time. Although we have developed systems and processes that are
26 designed to protect our data and user data, to prevent data loss, to disable
27 undesirable accounts and activities on our platform, and to prevent or detect
28 security breaches, we cannot assure you that such measures will provide absolute
security, and we may incur significant costs in protecting against or remediating
cyber-attacks.

In addition, some of our developers or other partners, such as those that help us measure the effectiveness of ads, may receive or store information provided by us or by our users through mobile or web applications integrated with Facebook. We provide limited information to such third parties based on the scope of services provided to us. However, if these third parties or developers fail to adopt or adhere to adequate data security practices, or in the event of a breach of their networks, our data or our users' data may be improperly accessed, used, or disclosed.

Affected users or government authorities could initiate legal or regulatory actions against us in connection with any security breaches or improper disclosure of data, which could cause us to incur significant expense and liability or result in orders or consent decrees forcing us to modify our business practices. Such incidents may also result in a decline in our active user base or engagement levels. Any of these events could have a material and adverse effect on our business, reputation, or financial results.

42. The 2017 10-K contained signed certifications pursuant to SOX by the Individual Defendants, stating that the information contained in the 2017 10-K "fairly presents, in all material

1 respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented
2 therein.”

3 43. At all relevant times, Facebook has maintained a Data Use Policy on its website. At all
4 relevant times, the Data Use Policy advised Facebook users, in part:

5 Granting us permission to use your information not only allows us to provide Facebook
6 as it exists today, but it also allows us to provide you with innovative features and
7 services we develop in the future that use the information we receive about you in new
8 ways.

9 While you are allowing us to use the information we receive about you, you always own
10 all of your information. *Your trust is important to us, which is why we don't share
11 information we receive about you with others unless we have:*

- 12 • *received your permission;*
- 13 • *given you notice*, such as by telling you about it in this policy; or
- 14 • removed your name and any other personally identifying information from it.

15 (Emphases added) (https://www.facebook.com/full_data_use_policy).

16 44. The statements referenced in ¶¶ 33-43 above were materially false and/or misleading
17 because they misrepresented and/or failed to disclose the following adverse facts pertaining to the
18 Company's business, operational and financial results, which were known to Defendants or recklessly
19 disregarded by them. Specifically, Defendants made false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to
20 disclose that: (i) Facebook continued to violate its own purported data privacy policies by permitting
21 third parties to access the personal data of millions of Facebook users without the users' consent; (ii)
22 discovery of the foregoing conduct would foreseeably subject the Company to heightened regulatory
23 scrutiny; and (iii) as a result, Facebook's public statements were materially false and misleading at all
24 relevant times.

25 **The Truth Begins to Emerge**

26 45. On March 17, 2018, the *New York Times* published an investigative report entitled “How
27 Trump Consultants Exploited the Facebook Data of Millions,” revealing that Cambridge Analytica, the
28

1 firm that worked to target voters online in connection with Donald Trump's 2016 presidential
2 campaign, used the data of 50 million people obtained from Facebook without making proper
3 disclosures or obtaining permission. The report further stated in relevant part:

4 *[T]he firm harvested private information from the Facebook profiles of more*
5 *than 50 million users without their permission, according to former Cambridge*
6 *employees, associates and documents, making it one of the largest data leaks in*
7 *the social network's history.* The breach allowed the company to exploit the
private social media activity of a huge swath of the American electorate,
developing techniques that underpinned its work on President Trump's campaign
in 2016.

8 An examination by The New York Times and The Observer of London reveals
9 how Cambridge Analytica's drive to bring to market a potentially powerful new
10 weapon put the firm — and wealthy conservative investors seeking to reshape
11 politics — under scrutiny from investigators and lawmakers on both sides of the
Atlantic.

12 ***

13 *But the full scale of the data leak involving Americans has not been previously*
14 *disclosed — and Facebook, until now, has not acknowledged it.* Interviews with
15 a half-dozen former employees and contractors, and a review of the firm's emails
and documents, have revealed that Cambridge not only relied on the private
Facebook data but still possesses most or all of the trove.

16 Cambridge paid to acquire the personal information through an outside researcher
17 who, Facebook says, claimed to be collecting it for academic purposes.

18 During a week of inquiries from The Times, Facebook downplayed the scope of
19 the leak and questioned whether any of the data still remained out of its control.
But on Friday, the company posted a statement expressing alarm and promising to
take action.

20 ***

21 In Britain, Cambridge Analytica is facing intertwined investigations by Parliament
22 and government regulators into allegations that it performed illegal work on the
23 "Brexit" campaign. The country has strict privacy laws, and its information
commissioner announced on Saturday that she was looking into whether the
Facebook data was "illegally acquired and used."

24 ***

25 The documents also raise new questions about Facebook, which is already
26 grappling with intense criticism over the spread of Russian propaganda and fake
27 news. The data Cambridge collected from profiles, a portion of which was viewed
28 by The Times, included details on users' identities, friend networks and "likes."
Only a tiny fraction of the users had agreed to release their information to a third
party.

1 “Protecting people’s information is at the heart of everything we do,” Mr. [Paul]
2 Grewal [Deputy General Counsel at Facebook] said. “No systems were infiltrated,
and no passwords or sensitive pieces of information were stolen or hacked.”

3 Still, he added, “*it’s a serious abuse of our rules.*”

4 ***

5 Mr. Grewal, the Facebook deputy general counsel, said in a statement that both Dr.
6 Kogan and “SCL Group and Cambridge Analytica certified to us that they
destroyed the data in question.”

7 But *copies of the data still remain beyond Facebook’s control*. The Times viewed
a set of raw data from the profiles Cambridge Analytica obtained.

8 (Emphases added.)

9 46. On this news, Facebook’s share price fell \$12.53, or 6.76%, to close at \$172.56 on
10 March 19, 2018.

11 47. On March 19, 2018, post-market, *Bloomberg* published an article entitled “FTC Probing
12 Facebook For Use of Personal Data, Source Says,” disclosing that the U.S. Federal Trade Commission
13 is “probing whether Facebook violated terms of a 2011 consent decree of its handling of user data that
14 was transferred to Cambridge Analytica without [user] knowledge.” Under the 2011 settlement with the
15 FTC, Facebook “agreed to get user consent for certain changes to privacy settings as part of a
16 settlement of federal chargers that is deceived consumers and forced them to share more personal
17 information than they intended.” The article further stated that “if the FTC finds Facebook violated
18 terms of the consent decree, it has the power to fine the company more than \$40,000 a day per
19 violation.”

20 48. On March 20, 2018, several media outlets reported that the U.K. Parliament had
21 summoned Facebook CEO Mark Zuckerberg to give evidence over the scandal involving London-based
22 Cambridge Analytica. In a statement, the U.K. House of Commons committee on Digital, Culture,
23 Media and Sport Committee said: “The Representatives from Facebook previously gave evidence to the
24 inquiry in Washington DC on Thursday 8th February. However, Facebook has since failed to supply
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1 requested supplementary evidence to the Committee by the deadline of 14th March. Subsequent
2 information about Facebook’s connection to Cambridge Analytica raises further questions which the
3 Committee intends to put to Facebook to answer in full.” The British lawmakers stated they want to
4 “hear from a senior Facebook executive with the sufficient authority to give an accurate account of this
5 catastrophic failure of process.” Zuckerberg was asked to respond by March 26, 2018.

6
7 49. Following these news reports, Facebook’s share price fell \$7.73, or 4.48%, to close at
8 \$164.83 on March 20, 2018.

9 50. As a result of Defendants’ wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline in
10 the market value of the Company’s common shares, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered
11 significant losses and damages.

12 **PLAINTIFF’S CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

13
14 51. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure
15 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a Class, consisting of all those who purchased or otherwise acquired
16 Facebook common shares traded on the NASDAQ during the Class Period (the “Class”); and were
17 damaged upon the revelation of the alleged corrective disclosures. Excluded from the Class are
18 Defendants herein, the officers and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their
19 immediate families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns and any entity in which
20 Defendants have or had a controlling interest.

21
22 52. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
23 Throughout the Class Period, Facebook common shares were actively traded on the NASDAQ. While
24 the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can be ascertained only
25 through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are hundreds or thousands of members in the
26 proposed Class. Record owners and other members of the Class may be identified from records
27
28

1 maintained by Facebook or its transfer agent and may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail,
2 using the form of notice similar to that customarily used in securities class actions.

3 53. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all members of
4 the Class are similarly affected by Defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of federal law that is
5 complained of herein.

6 54. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class and
7 has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation. Plaintiff has no
8 interests antagonistic to or in conflict with those of the Class.

9 55. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and predominate
10 over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the questions of law and
11 fact common to the Class are:
12

- 13
- 14 • whether the federal securities laws were violated by Defendants' acts as alleged
15 herein;
 - 16 • whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the Class
17 Period misrepresented material facts about the financial condition, business,
18 operations, and management of Facebook;
 - 19 • whether Defendants caused Facebook to issue false and misleading financial
20 statements during the Class Period;
 - 21 • whether Defendants acted knowingly or recklessly in issuing false and
22 misleading financial statements;
 - 23 • whether the prices of Facebook securities during the Class Period were
24 artificially inflated because of Defendants' conduct complained of herein; and
 - 25 • whether the members of the Class have sustained damages and, if so, what is the
26 proper measure of damages.

27 56. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient
28 adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the
damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of

1 individual litigation make it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the wrongs
2 done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

3 57. Plaintiff will rely, in part, upon the presumption of reliance established by the fraud-on-
4 the-market doctrine in that:

- 5 • Defendants made public misrepresentations or failed to disclose material facts
6 during the Class Period;
- 7 • the omissions and misrepresentations were material;
- 8 • Facebook common shares are traded in efficient markets;
- 9 • the Company's shares were liquid and traded with moderate to heavy volume
10 during the Class Period;
- 11 • the Company traded on the NASDAQ, and was covered by multiple analysts;
- 12 • the misrepresentations and omissions alleged would tend to induce a reasonable
13 investor to misjudge the value of the Company's common shares; and
- 14 • Plaintiff and members of the Class purchased and/or sold Facebook common
15 shares between the time the Defendants failed to disclose or misrepresented
16 material facts and the time the true facts were disclosed, without knowledge of
17 the omitted or misrepresented facts.

18 58. Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to a
19 presumption of reliance upon the integrity of the market.

20 59. Alternatively, Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to the presumption of
21 reliance established by the Supreme Court in *Affiliated Ute Citizens of the State of Utah v. United*
22 *States*, 406 U.S. 128, 92 S. Ct. 2430 (1972), as Defendants omitted material information in their Class
23 Period statements in violation of a duty to disclose such information, as detailed above.

24
25 **COUNT I**

26 **Violation of Section 10(b) of The Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5**
27 **Against All Defendants**

1 60. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully set
2 forth herein.

3 61. This Count is asserted against Facebook and the Individual Defendants and is based
4 upon Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder
5 by the SEC.

6 62. During the Class Period, Facebook and the Individual Defendants, individually and in
7 concert, directly or indirectly, disseminated or approved the false statements specified above, which
8 they knew or deliberately disregarded were misleading in that they contained misrepresentations and
9 failed to disclose material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the
10 circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

11 63. Facebook and the Individual Defendants violated §10(b) of the 1934 Act and Rule 10b-5
12 in that they:
13

- 14 • employed devices, schemes and artifices to defraud;
- 15 • made untrue statements of material facts or omitted to state material facts
16 necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances
17 under which they were made, not misleading; or
- 18 • engaged in acts, practices and a course of business that operated as a fraud or
19 deceit upon plaintiff and others similarly situated in connection with their
20 purchases of Facebook common shares during the Class Period.

21 64. Facebook and the Individual Defendants acted with scienter in that they knew that the
22 public documents and statements issued or disseminated in the name of Facebook were materially false
23 and misleading; knew that such statements or documents would be issued or disseminated to the
24 investing public; and knowingly and substantially participated, or acquiesced in the issuance or
25 dissemination of such statements or documents as primary violations of the securities laws. These
26 Defendants by virtue of their receipt of information reflecting the true facts of Facebook, their control
27 over, and/or receipt and/or modification of Facebook allegedly materially misleading statements, and/or
28

1 their associations with the Company which made them privy to confidential proprietary information
2 concerning Facebook, participated in the fraudulent scheme alleged herein.

3 65. Individual Defendants, who are the senior officers and/or directors of the Company, had
4 actual knowledge of the material omissions and/or the falsity of the material statements set forth above,
5 and intended to deceive Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, or, in the alternative, acted with
6 reckless disregard for the truth when they failed to ascertain and disclose the true facts in the statements
7 made by them or other Facebook personnel to members of the investing public, including Plaintiff and
8 the Class.
9

10 66. As a result of the foregoing, the market price of Facebook common shares was
11 artificially inflated during the Class Period. In ignorance of the falsity of Facebook's and the Individual
12 Defendants' statements, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class relied on the statements described
13 above and/or the integrity of the market price of Facebook common shares during the Class Period in
14 purchasing Facebook common shares at prices that were artificially inflated as a result of Facebook's
15 and the Individual Defendants' false and misleading statements.
16

17 67. Had Plaintiff and the other members of the Class been aware that the market price of
18 Facebook common shares had been artificially and falsely inflated by Facebook's and the Individual
19 Defendants' misleading statements and by the material adverse information which Facebook's and the
20 Individual Defendants did not disclose, they would not have purchased Facebook's common shares at
21 the artificially inflated prices that they did, or at all.
22

23 68. As a result of the wrongful conduct alleged herein, Plaintiff and other members of the
24 Class have suffered damages in an amount to be established at trial.
25

26 69. By reason of the foregoing, Facebook and the Individual Defendants have violated
27 Section 10(b) of the 1934 Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder and are liable to the plaintiff and
28

1 the other members of the Class for substantial damages which they suffered in connection with their
2 purchase of Facebook common shares during the Class Period.

3 **COUNT II**

4 **Violation of Section 20(a) of The Exchange Act**
5 **Against The Individual Defendants**

6 70. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in the foregoing
7 paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

8 71. During the Class Period, the Individual Defendants participated in the operation and
9 management of Facebook, and conducted and participated, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of
10 Facebook's business affairs. Because of their senior positions, they knew the adverse non-public
11 information regarding the Company's inadequate internal safeguards in data security protocols.

12 72. As officers and/or directors of a publicly owned company, the Individual Defendants had
13 a duty to disseminate accurate and truthful information with respect to Facebook's financial condition
14 and results of operations, and to correct promptly any public statements issued by Facebook which had
15 become materially false or misleading.

16 73. Because of their positions of control and authority as senior officers, the Individual
17 Defendants were able to, and did, control the contents of the various reports, press releases and public
18 filings which Facebook disseminated in the marketplace during the Class Period. Throughout the Class
19 Period, the Individual Defendants exercised their power and authority to cause Facebook to engage in
20 the wrongful acts complained of herein. The Individual Defendants therefore, were "controlling
21 persons" of Facebook within the meaning of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. In this capacity, they
22 participated in the unlawful conduct alleged which artificially inflated the market price of Facebook
23 common shares.
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1 74. By reason of the above conduct, the Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to Section
2 20(a) of the Exchange Act for the violations committed by Facebook.

3 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

4 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

5 A. Determining that the instant action may be maintained as a class action under Rule 23 of
6 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and certifying Plaintiff as the Class representative;

7 B. Requiring Defendants to pay damages sustained by Plaintiff and the Class by reason of
8 the acts and transactions alleged herein;

9 C. Awarding Plaintiff and the other members of the Class prejudgment and post- judgment
10 interest, as well as their reasonable attorneys' fees, expert fees and other costs; and
11

12 D. Awarding such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.
13

14 **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

15 Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

16 Dated: March 20, 2018

17 Respectfully submitted,

18 **POMERANTZ LLP**

19 By: /s/ Jennifer Pafiti
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Attorneys for Plaintiff

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT
TO FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS**

1. I, Fan Yuan, make this declaration pursuant to Section 27(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act") and/or Section 21D(a)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.
2. I have reviewed a Complaint against Facebook Inc (Nasdaq: FB, hereafter referred as the "Company") and authorize the filing of a comparable complaint on my behalf.
3. I did not purchase or acquire the "Company" securities at the direction of plaintiffs counsel or in order to participate in any private action arising under the Securities Act or Exchange Act.
4. I am willing to serve as a representative party on behalf of a Class of investors who purchased or acquired the "Company" securities during the class period, including providing testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. I understand that the Court has the authority to select the most adequate lead plaintiff in this action.
5. To the best of my current knowledge, the attached sheet lists all of my transactions in the "Company" securities during the Class Period as specified in the Complaint.
6. During the three-year period preceding the date on which this Certification is signed, I have not sought to serve as a representative party on behalf of a class under the federal securities laws.
7. I agree not to accept any payment for serving as a representative party on behalf of the class as set forth in the Complaint, beyond my pro rata share of any recovery, except such reasonable costs and expenses directly relating to the representation of the class as ordered or approved by the Court.

8. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed 2018-03-20

(Date)

Fan Yuan

(Signature)

Fan Yuan

(Type or Print Name)

FACEBOOK, INC. (FB)

Yuan, Fan

LIST OF PURCHASES AND SALES

DATE	PURCHASE OR SALE	NUMBER OF SHARES/UNITS	PRICE PER SHARES/UNITS
1/11/2018	Purchase	10	\$187.4100

JS-CAND 44 (Rev. 06/17)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

<p>I. (a) PLAINTIFFS FAN YUAN, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,</p> <p>(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Out of country-China <i>(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)</i></p> <p>(c) Attorneys <i>(Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)</i> Jennifer Pafiti, POMERANTZ LLP, 468 North Camden Drive, Beverly Hills, California 90210 Phone: 818-532-6499</p>	<p>DEFENDANTS FACEBOOK, INC., MARK E. ZUCKERBERG and DAVID M. WEHNER,</p> <p>County of Residence of First Listed Defendant San Mateo County, California <i>(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)</i></p> <p>NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.</p> <p>Attorneys <i>(If Known)</i></p>
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<p>II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION <i>(Place an "X" in One Box Only)</i></p> <p>1 U.S. Government Plaintiff <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question <i>(U.S. Government Not a Party)</i></p> <p>2 U.S. Government Defendant 4 Diversity <i>(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)</i></p>	<p>III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES <i>(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)</i></p> <table style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">PTF</td> <td style="text-align: center;">DEF</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">PTF</td> <td style="text-align: center;">DEF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen of This State</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td>Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen of Another State</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td>Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td>Foreign Nation</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> </tr> </table>		PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF	Citizen of This State	1	1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	4	4	Citizen of Another State	2	2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	5	5	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3	3	Foreign Nation	6	6
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Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3	3	Foreign Nation	6	6																				

IV. NATURE OF SUIT *(Place an "X" in One Box Only)*

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC § 881	422 Appeal 28 USC § 158	375 False Claims Act
120 Marine	310 Airplane	690 Other	423 Withdrawal 28 USC § 157	376 Qui Tam (31 USC § 3729(a))
130 Miller Act	315 Airplane Product Liability			400 State Reapportionment
140 Negotiable Instrument	320 Assault, Libel & Slander	LABOR	PROPERTY RIGHTS	410 Antitrust
150 Recovery of Overpayment Of Veteran's Benefits	330 Federal Employers' Liability	710 Fair Labor Standards Act	820 Copyrights	430 Banks and Banking
151 Medicare Act	340 Marine	720 Labor/Management Relations	830 Patent	450 Commerce
152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)	345 Marine Product Liability	740 Railway Labor Act	835 Patent—Abbreviated New Drug Application	460 Deportation
153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	751 Family and Medical Leave Act	840 Trademark	470 Racketeer Influenced & Corrupt Organizations
160 Stockholders' Suits	355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	790 Other Labor Litigation	SOCIAL SECURITY	480 Consumer Credit
190 Other Contract	360 Other Personal Injury	791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act	861 HIA (1395ff)	490 Cable/Sat TV
195 Contract Product Liability	362 Personal Injury -Medical Malpractice	IMMIGRATION	862 Black Lung (923)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange
196 Franchise	CIVIL RIGHTS	462 Naturalization Application	863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	890 Other Statutory Actions
REAL PROPERTY	440 Other Civil Rights	465 Other Immigration Actions	864 SSID Title XVI	891 Agricultural Acts
210 Land Condemnation	441 Voting		865 RSI (405(g))	893 Environmental Matters
220 Foreclosure	442 Employment	HABEAS CORPUS	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	895 Freedom of Information Act
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	443 Housing/ Accommodations	463 Alien Detainee	870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	896 Arbitration
240 Torts to Land	444 Amer. w/Disabilities—Employment	510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC § 7609	899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision
245 Tort Product Liability	445 Amer. w/Disabilities—Other	530 General		950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
290 All Other Real Property	446 Amer. w/Disabilities—Other	535 Death Penalty		
	448 Education	OTHER		
		540 Mandamus & Other		
		550 Civil Rights		
		555 Prison Condition		
		560 Civil Detainee—Conditions of Confinement		

V. ORIGIN *(Place an "X" in One Box Only)*

1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Transferred from Another District *(specify)* 6 Multidistrict Litigation—Transfer 8 Multidistrict Litigation—Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing *(Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity)*:
(15 U.S.C. §§78j(b) and §78t(a)) and (17 C.F.R. §240.10b-5).
Brief description of cause:
Violations of the federal securities laws.

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, Fed. R. Civ. P. DEMAND \$ _____ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:
JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY *(See instructions):* JUDGE _____ DOCKET NUMBER _____

IX. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT (Civil Local Rule 3-2)
(Place an "X" in One Box Only) SAN FRANCISCO/OAKLAND SAN JOSE EUREKA-MCKINLEYVILLE

DATE 03/20/2018 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD /s/ Jennifer Pafiti