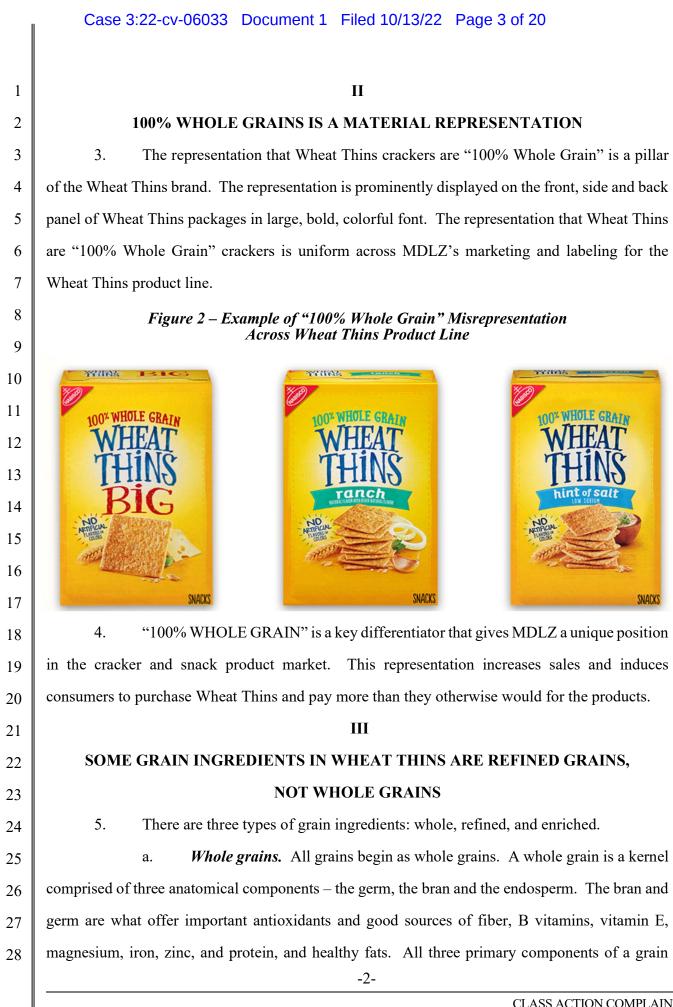
I	Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 File	d 10/13/22 Page 1 of 20	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 File DAVE FOX (Bar No. 254651) Dave@FoxLawAPC.com JOANNA FOX (Bar No. 272593) Joanna@FoxLawAPC.com COURTNEY VASQUEZ (Bar No. 267081) Courtney@FoxLawAPC.com FOX LAW, APC 225 W. Plaza Street, Suite 102 Solana Beach, CA 92075 Tel: 858-256-7616 Fax: 858-256-7618 Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class	d 10/13/22 Page 1 of 20	
10			
11	IN THE UNITED STAT	ES DISTRICT COURT	
12	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
13			
14	DAVID WALLENSTEIN, MONTGOMERY SUMMA, <i>individually and on behalf of all</i>	CASE NO. 3:22-cv-6033	
15		<u>CLASS ACTION</u>	
16	Plaintiffs,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR	
17		DAMAGES	
18	Virginia corporation, MONDELEZ GLOBAL,		
19	others similarly situated, Plaintiffs, v. MONDELEZ INTERNATIONAL, INC., a	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
		CLASS ACTION COMPLAIN	

1	Plaintiffs David Wallenstein and Montgomery Summa (collectively, "Plaintiffs") bring		
2	this putative class action against Mondelez International, Inc., Mondelez Global, LLC and		
3	Nabisco, Inc. (collectively, "Defendants" or "MDLZ"), individually and on behalf of all others		
4	similarly situated, and allege the following.		
5	Ι		
6	INTRODUCTION		
7	1. This case concerns MDLZ's representation that Wheat Thins crackers are <u>"100%</u>		
8	WHOLE GRAIN", meaning that all (or 100%) of the grain ingredients in Wheat Thins are whole		
9	grain ingredients. They aren't.		
10	2. One of the primary grain ingredients in Wheat Thins products is cornstarch, which		
11	is a refined grain. By definition, refined grains are not and cannot be whole grains. Thus, MDLZ's		
12	representation that all (or 100%) of the grain ingredients in Wheat Thins products are "whole		
13	grain" is patently false and utterly misleading.		
14	Figure 1 – Examples of Packaging Prominently Representing Wheat Thins Crackers as "100% Whole Grain"		
15	Wheat Thins Crackers as "100% Whole Grain"		
16	ALL HAIL Whole Grein per 31e Sans		
17	100% WHOLE GRAIN		
18	WHEAT WHEAT		
19	THING GRAIN ITING		
20			
21			
22	BAKED Q.		
23	NOR BAKED THIN GOODNESS		
24			
25 26			
20 27	1110 1 L SNACKS I NET WT 91 0Z (257g)		
27			
20	-1-		
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		



1 must be present in their original proportions to qualify as a whole grain ingredient. 2 b. **Refined grains.** Refined grains are processed to remove the "germ" and 3 the "bran" components of the grain. When the bran and the germ are removed from the grain 4 during refining processes, the grain is no longer considered "whole." Moreover, roughly 25% of 5 the protein naturally occurring in grain is reduced during the refining process, and the grain is 6 stripped of important nutrients. 7 *Enriched grains.* Enriched grains add nutrients back into the refined grain. c. 8 However, not even half of the nutrients removed during the refining process are added back into 9 an enriched grain. The nutrients that are added back in are added in different proportions than 10 would be present in a whole grain. 6. MDLZ itself recognizes the importance of whole grains when compared to refined 11 12 grains. MDLZ has publicly explained that whole grains are superior because they pack in more 13 vitamins, minerals, fiber and protein than refined grains.<sup>1</sup> 14 7. MDLZ has also recognized that because of the benefits of whole grains over refined 15 or enriched grains, healthcare experts and professionals around the globe are advocating that 16 consumers incorporate whole grains in their daily diet.<sup>2</sup> 17 8. MDLZ has succeeded in its focus to capitalize on the benefits of "100% WHOLE 18 GRAIN" when advertising, marketing and labeling Wheat Thins products to its consumers. 19 IV 20 **MDLZ'S REPRESENTATION "100% WHOLE GRAINS" ON WHEAT THINS IS** 21 FALSE AND MISLEADING 9. 22 Unfortunately, MDLZ has used the representation "100% WHOLE GRAIN" 23 deceptively and has risen to the top of cracker and snack product market through this deceit. 24 MDLZ's representations that Wheat Thins are "100% WHOLE GRAIN" is false. The grain 25 ingredients in MDLZ's products are not all (or 100%) whole grains. 26 27 <sup>1</sup>https://www.mondelezinternationalnutritionscience.com/~/media/mondeleznutritionscience/com/ *Files/PDF/plant-based-nutrition/full-articles/Article\_whole\_grains* (last visited Oct. 11, 2022). <sup>2</sup> *Id.* 28 -3-

### Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 5 of 20

1 10. A prominent grain ingredient in Wheat Thins is cornstarch. 2 11. Cornstarch is often listed as one of the top ingredients in Wheat Thins and is a main 3 ingredient in the Wheat Thins product formula. Cornstarch is not, however, a whole grain. 4 Instead, cornstarch is a refined grain. 5 12. Corn kernels are whole grains. Cornstarch is made from only the endosperm of the 6 corn kernel. The whole grain corn kernels are first refined to remove the germ and the bran part 7 of the grain. Using only the endosperm of the grain, starch is extracted and dried to form a fine 8 white powder. This is cornstarch. 9 13. Because cornstarch has been refined, it is not a whole grain under any definition or 10 reasonable understanding of the term. Rather, it is a refined grain. Thus, MDLZ's representation 11 that all (or 100%) of the grain ingredients in Wheat Thins are whole grains is false. 12 14. Plaintiffs and the reasonable consumer expect that a product branded "100% 13 WHOLE GRAIN" would in fact contain the characteristics and qualities as packaged, labeled, 14 marketed and advertised and that *all of the grain ingredients* (100% of them) would be whole 15 grains. This means that no grain ingredient in the product would be refined or enriched. 16 15. This understanding of the phrase "100% WHOLE GRAIN" is common sense. The basic definition of 100 percent (100%) is "completely, entirely."<sup>3</sup> Thus, the general 17 18 understanding of the phrase "100% WHOLE GRAIN" is that all grain ingredients in Wheat 19 Thins consist *entirely or completely* of whole grains – not that *some* grain ingredients are whole 20 grains and *some* grain ingredients are not. 21 16. MDLZ's use of "100% WHOLE GRAIN" can only be reasonably interpreted to 22 refer to 100% (all of) the grain ingredients in the product. This understanding is consistent with 23 guidance issued by the FDA and the position advocated by the Whole Grains Council. 24 17. FDA guidance provides that "products labeled with '100 percent whole grain' not 25 contain grain ingredients other than those the agency considers to be whole grains."<sup>4</sup> 26 <sup>3</sup> https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/100%20percent (last visited October 11, 2022). 27 <sup>4</sup> FDA Draft Guidance for Industry: Whole Grain Label Statements (February 2006), available at https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/draft-28 guidance-industryand-fda-staff-whole-grain-label-statements (last visited October 12, 2022). -4-

1	
1	18. The Whole Grains Council is a nonprofit consumer advocacy group with a
2	mission to educate consumers about the definition of "whole grain" and whole grain health
3	benefits. <sup>5</sup>
4	19. The Whole Grains Council has three different "stamps" that make it easy for
5	consumers to identify the existence of whole grains in a product: the 100% Stamp, the 50%+
6	Stamp, and the Basic Stamp. The Whole Grains Council utilizes the "100% Stamp" to indicate
7	for a given product that "all its grain ingredients are whole grain." (Emphasis added) <sup>6</sup> This is
8	the same, common-sense definition of 100% Whole Grain applicable here.
9	20. In sum, MDLZ's representation that Wheat Thins are "100% WHOLE GRAIN"
10	is false and misleading:
11	A central message is that Wheat Thins are "100% WHOLE GRAIN"
12	
13	<i>This representation means that all grain ingredients (100% of them) are whole grains</i>
14	
15	
16	A prominent grain ingredient Wheat Thins is Cornstarch
17	
18	Cornstarch is a <b>refined grain</b>
19	
20	
21	Thus, <b>NOT 100%</b> of the grain ingredients in Wheat Thins are whole grains
22	
23	Therefore, MDLZ's representation that Wheat Thins are <b>"100% WHOLE GRAIN"</b>
24	is false and misleading
25	
26	
27 28	<sup>5</sup> https://wholegrainscouncil.org/about-us (last visited October 11, 2022). <sup>6</sup> https://wholegrainscouncil.org/whole-grain-stamp (last visited October 11, 2022). -5-
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

# 

1	21. Self-declaring itself as the leading player in the global snack arena, at all times	
2	relevant, MDLZ knew, or should have known, the fact that the inclusion of cornstarch in Wheat	
3	Thins made the representation "100% WHOLE GRAIN" false and misleading, but it disregarded	
4	this knowledge in order to continue its deception and reap bigger profits.	
5	22. Plaintiffs and other consumers have reasonably relied upon MDLZ's deceptive	
6	labeling of Wheat Thins as "100% WHOLE GRAIN" in deciding to purchase MDLZ's products.	
7	If Plaintiffs and other consumers had known the representation was false, they would not have	
8	purchased MDLZ's products or, alternatively, would have paid less for them. Therefore,	
9	Plaintiffs and other consumers similarly situated have suffered injury-in-fact as a result of	
10	MDLZ's deceptive, false and misleading practice.	
11	23. MDLZ's false, misleading, and deceptive practices as alleged herein are likely to	
12	continue to deceive and mislead reasonable consumers and the general public, as they have already	
13	deceived and misled Plaintiffs and members of the Class.	
14	24. As a result of Defendants' false, misleading, and deceptive representations as	
15	alleged herein, Defendants injured Plaintiffs and members of the putative class ("Class"), in that	
16	Plaintiff and members of the Class:	
17	a. Paid a sum of money for Wheat Thins that did not have the characteristics or	
18	qualities they were represented and promised to have;	
19	b. Were deprived of the benefit of the bargain because the Wheat Thins products	
20	they purchased were different from what Defendants warranted;	
21	c. Were deprived the benefit of the bargain because the Wheat Thins products	
22	they purchased had less value than what Defendants represented;	
23	d. Were denied the benefit of truthful food labels.	
24	$\mathbf{V}$	
25	THE PARTIES	
26	<u>Plaintiff David Wallenstein (California)</u>	
27	25. Plaintiff David Wallenstein is, and at all relevant times alleged herein was, a	
28	resident of Martinez, California, and over the age of eighteen (18) years. Over the past several -6-	
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAIN	1]

#### Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 8 of 20

years, Mr. Wallenstein purchased various flavors of Wheat Thins, including Original, Reduced
 Fat, and Hint of Salt at grocery stores in and around Martinez, California.

 $\mathbf{r}$ 

3 26. Each time Mr. Wallenstein purchased Wheat Thins, he was exposed to, read, and 4 relied upon the representation that Wheat Thins were "100% WHOLE GRAIN," which was prominently displayed on the packages of the products he purchased. 5 Based upon this 6 representation, Mr. Wallenstein reasonably expected that *all* of the grain ingredients (100% of 7 them) in Wheat Thins were whole grains, not refined or enriched grains. Mr. Wallenstein 8 reasonably relied on MDLZ's representation when making the decision to purchase Wheat Thins, 9 and he was actually deceived because the products he purchased contained cornstarch, which is a 10 refined grain. At the time of his purchases, Mr. Wallenstein did not know that cornstarch was a 11 refined grain ingredient. As a result of MDLZ's actions, Mr. Wallenstein lost money and suffered 12 injury in fact.

13

### Plaintiff Montgomery Summa (New York)

Plaintiff Montgomery Summa is, and at all relevant times alleged herein was, a
resident of Whitestone, New York and over the age of eighteen (18) years. Since about 2020, a
few times each year, Mr. Summa purchased various flavors of Wheat Thins, including Original,
Reduced Fat, and Big Wheat Thins at grocery stores in and around Whitestone and College Point,
New York.

19 28. Each time Mr. Summa purchased Wheat Thins, he was exposed to, read, and relied 20 upon the representation that Wheat Thins were "100% WHOLE GRAIN," which was prominently 21 displayed on the packages of the products he purchased. Based upon this representation, Mr. 22 Summa reasonably expected that *all* of the grain ingredients (100% of them) in Wheat Thins were 23 whole grains, not refined or enriched grains. Mr. Summa reasonably relied on MDLZ's 24 representation when making the decision to purchase Wheat Thins, and he was actually deceived 25 because the products he purchased contain cornstarch, which is a refined grain. At the time of his 26 purchases, Mr. Summa did not know that cornstarch was a refined grain ingredient. As a result of MDLZ's actions, Mr. Summa lost money and suffered injury in fact. 27

28

29. At the time of each purchase, Plaintiffs reasonably believed that MDLZ's products

# Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 9 of 20

1	did in fact have the claimed characteristics as labeled and advertised.		
2	30. Plaintiffs relied on the misrepresentation alleged herein in making their decision to		
3	purchase Wheat Thins and they would not have purchased Wheat Thins if they had known they		
4	were not "100% WHOLE GRAIN." Plaintiffs were injured in fact and lost money as a result of		
5	MDLZ's improper conduct.		
6	31. Alternatively, each of the Plaintiffs would not have paid as much as they did for		
7	Wheat Thins if they had known they were not "100% WHOLE GRAIN." Plaintiffs were injured		
8	in fact and lost money as a result of MDLZ's improper conduct.		
9	32. Therefore, each of the Plaintiffs have suffered injury in fact and have standing to		
10	represent all other consumers similarly situated that reside in each of their respective States that		
11	purchased sufficiently similar Wheat Thins products that are labeled "100% WHOLE GRAIN,"		
12	but contain the refined grain ingredient cornstarch. The below list of products (in all sizes) are the		
13	Wheat Thins products at issue in this case:		
14	Original Wheat Thins		
15	Reduced Fat Wheat Thins		
16	Sundried Tomato & Basil Wheat Thins		
17	• Big Wheat Thins		
18	Ranch Wheat Thins		
19	• Hint of Salt Wheat Thins		
20	Cracked Pepper & Olive Oil Wheat Thins		
21	33. Each of these Wheat Thins products are sufficiently similar to the Wheat Thins		
22	products that Mr. Wallenstein and Mr. Summa purchased. Each product is a cracker and snack		
23	product. They are all comprised of the same primary ingredients and differ only in flavor and		
24	related sub-ingredients. Importantly, MDLZ makes the same uniform "100% WHOLE GRAIN"		
25	misrepresentation on every single one of these Wheat Thins products. As a result, all Wheat Thins		
26	products at issue in this case uniformly suffer from the same misrepresentation that Wheat Thins		
27	are 100% WHOLE GRAIN, when in fact this representation is false and misleading because the		
28	products all contain the refined grain cornstarch.		
	-8-		

1	Defendants MDLZ	
2	34. Plaintiffs are informed and, on that basis, believe that Defendant Mondelez	
2	International, Inc. is a Virginia corporation with its headquarters in Deerfield, Illinois. Mondelez	
4	International, Inc. is the parent company of Nabisco, the brand under which Wheat Thins products	
5	are sold. Wheat Thins are distributed by Mondelez Global, LLC, also a wholly-owned subsidiary	
6	of Mondelez International, Inc. Collectively, these Defendants are referred to as "MDLZ."	
7	35. MDLZ markets and sells Wheat Thins throughout the United States, including sales	
8	in California and New York.	
9	36. At all times relevant herein, MDLZ and its subsidiaries, parents, affiliates, and	
10	other related entities, as well as their respective employees, were the agents, servants and	
11	employees of MDLZ, and at all times relevant herein, each were acting within the course and scope	
12	of that agency and employment.	
13	37. Whenever reference in this Class Action Complaint is made to any act by MDLZ,	
14	including its subsidiaries, affiliates, distributors, retailers, and other related entities, such allegation	
15	shall be deemed to mean that the principals, officers, directors, employees, agents, and/or	
16	representatives of MDLZ committed, knew of, performed, authorized, ratified, and/or directed that	
17	act or transaction on behalf of MDLZ while actively engaged in the scope of their duties.	
18	VI	
19	JURISDICTION AND VENUE	
20	38. This Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)	
21	because this is a class action in which: (1) there are over 100 members in the proposed class; (2)	
22	members of the proposed class have a different citizenship from MDLZ; and (3) the claims of the	
23	proposed class members exceed \$5,000,000 in the aggregate, exclusive of interests and costs.	
24	39. Alternatively, this Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28	
25	U.S.C. § 1332(a) because the action is between citizens of different states and the matter in	
26	controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.	
27	40. This Court has personal jurisdiction because MDLZ's contacts with the forum are	
28	continuous and substantial, and Defendants intentionally availed themselves of the markets within -9-	
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	

# Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 11 of 20

1	California through marketing and sales of Wheat Thins to consumers, including Plaintiffs.
2	Moreover, MDLZ directed its advertising and marketing efforts to California.
3	41. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because MDLZ
4	engages in continuous and systematic business activities within the State of California. Moreover,
5	venue is proper because a substantial portion of the underlying transactions and events complained
6	of herein occurred and affected entities and persons, including Plaintiff David Wallenstein, in this
7	judicial district. MDLZ has received substantial compensation from such transactions and
8	business activity in this judicial district, including as the result of thousands of purchases of Wheat
9	Thins products. Further, MDLZ's Wheat Thins products inhabit and/or may be found in this
10	judicial district, and the interstate trade and commerce described herein is and has been carried out
11	in part within this judicial district.
12	VII
13	CLASS ALLEGATIONS
14	42. Plaintiffs bring this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil
15	Procedure 23(b)(3) on behalf of the following Multi-State Class or, in the alternative, Single-State
16	Classes of California and New York that all have similar laws across the causes of actions alleged
17	herein.
18	Multi-State Class
19	All persons that reside in the states of California and New York who purchased Wheat
20	Thins bearing the representation "100% WHOLE GRAIN" for personal use, when in fact
21	those products contained cornstarch, from October 13, 2018 until the date the notice is
22	disseminated.
23	Single-State Classes (In the Alternative)
24	California. All persons that reside in California who purchased Wheat Thins bearing the
25	representation "100% WHOLE GRAIN" for personal use, when in fact those products
26	contained cornstarch, from October 13, 2018 until the date the notice is disseminated.
27	New York. All persons that reside in New York who purchased Wheat Thins bearing the
28	representation "100% WHOLE GRAIN" for personal use, when in fact those products -10-

### Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 12 of 20

contained cornstarch, from October 13, 2018 until the date the notice is disseminated.

2

1

43. Excluded from the Class are: (i) Defendants and its officers, directors, and

- employees; (ii) any person who files a valid and timely request for exclusion; and (iii) judicial
  officers and their immediate family members and associated court staff assigned to the case.
- 44. Plaintiffs reserve the right to amend or otherwise alter the class definition presented
  to the Court at the appropriate time, or to propose or eliminate sub-classes, in response to facts
  learned through discovery, legal arguments advanced by Defendants, or otherwise.
- 8 45. This action is properly maintainable as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of
  9 Civil Procedure 23 for the reasons set forth below.
- 46. Numerosity—Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a)(1). Plaintiffs are informed
  and believe, and on that basis allege, that members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all
  members is impracticable. Upon information and belief, the Class consists of potentially millions
  of consumers dispersed throughout the States of California and New York, and the classes of each
  State likewise consists of hundreds of thousands or millions of purchasers throughout each
  respective State. Accordingly, it would be impracticable to join all individual members of the
  Class before the Court.
- 17 47. Commonality and Predominance—Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a)(2)
  18 and 23(b)(3). There are numerous and substantial questions of law or fact common to all members
  19 of the Class that predominate over any individual issues. Included within the common questions
  20 of law or fact are:
- 21 Whether the representation "100% WHOLE GRAIN" is false and misleading a. 22 given the inclusion of the refined grain cornstarch in the products; 23 b. Whether Defendants made material representations in the packaging, marketing 24 and sale of Wheat Thins regarding "100% WHOLE GRAIN"; 25 c. Whether Defendants engaged in unlawful, unfair or deceptive business 26 practices by advertising and selling Wheat Thins as "100% WHOLE GRAIN"; 27 d. Whether Defendants violated the applicable consumer protection state statutes; 28 Whether Defendants committed a breach of express warranty; e. -11-

- f. Whether Plaintiffs and the Class members have sustained damage as a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct; and
- 3

1

2

g. The proper measure of damages sustained by Plaintiffs and Class members.

4 48. Typicality—Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a)(3). Plaintiffs' claims are 5 typical of the claims of the members of the Class they seek to represent because Plaintiffs, like the 6 Class members, purchased Defendants' falsely packaged, labeled and advertised Wheat Thins 7 products and Plaintiffs and the class members were exposed to the same misrepresentation that the 8 products contain "100% WHOLE GRAIN" when a primary grain ingredient in the products is 9 actually a refined grain. Thus, Plaintiffs' claims arise from the same events, practices, and/or 10 course of conduct that gives rise to the claims of the other class members. Defendant's unlawful, 11 unfair and/or fraudulent actions concern the same business practices described herein irrespective 12 of where they occurred or were experienced. Plaintiffs and the Class members sustained similar 13 injuries arising out of Defendants' conduct. Plaintiffs' and Class members' claims arise from the 14 same practices and course of conduct and are based on the same legal theories.

15 49. Adequacy of Representation—Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a)(4).
16 Plaintiffs are adequate representatives of the Class they seek to represent because their interests
17 do not conflict with the interests of the members of the Class Plaintiffs seek to represent. Plaintiffs
18 will fairly and adequately protect the interests of members of the Class and have retained counsel
19 experienced and competent in the prosecution of complex cases including complex class action
20 questions that arise in consumer protection litigation.

21 50. Predominance and Superiority—Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3). A 22 class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the 23 present controversy because it will permit a large number of claims to be resolved in a single forum 24 simultaneously, efficiently, and without the unnecessary hardship that would result from the 25 prosecution of numerous individual actions and the duplication of discovery, effort, expense and 26 burden on the courts that individual actions would engender. The benefits of proceeding as a class action, including providing a method for obtaining redress for claims that would not be practical 27 28 to pursue individually, are far superior than any difficulties that might be argued with regard to

### Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 14 of 20

1 the management of this class action. This superiority makes class litigation superior to any other 2 method available for the fair and efficient adjudication of these claims. Absent a class action, it 3 would be highly unlikely that the representative Plaintiffs or any other members of the Class would 4 be able to protect their own interests because the cost of litigation through individual lawsuits 5 might exceed expected recovery. 6 51. Because Plaintiffs seek relief for all members of the Class, the prosecution of 7 separate actions by individual members would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications 8 with respect to individual members of the Class, which would establish incompatible standards of 9 conduct for Defendant. 10 52. The prerequisites to maintaining a class action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3) 11 are also met as questions of law or fact common to Class members predominate over any questions 12 affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for 13 fairly and efficiently adjudicating the controversy. 14 VII 15 **CAUSES OF ACTION** 16 **COUNT I** 17 Violation of the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act 18 (Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750, et seq.) 19 53. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference each and every allegation contained 20 in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth verbatim herein. 21 54. Plaintiff David Wallenstein brings this Count individually and on behalf of all 22 other California consumers. 23 55. Plaintiff brings this claim under the Consumer Legal Rights Act, Civil Code section 24 1750, et seq., (the "CLRA"), on behalf of themselves individually and the Class against Defendant. 25 56. At all times relevant hereto, Plaintiff and members of the Class were 26 "consumer[s]," as defined in Civil Code section 1761(d). 27 57. At all times relevant hereto, Defendants constituted a "person," as defined in Civil 28 Code section 1761(c). -13-

# Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 15 of 20

1	58.	At all times relevant hereto, the Wheat Thins products manufactured, marketed,
2	advertised, an	d sold by Defendants constituted "goods," as defined in Civil Code section 1761(a).
3	59.	The purchases of Wheat Thins products by Plaintiff and members of the Class were
4	and are "trans	actions" within the meaning of Civil Code section 1761(e).
5	60.	Defendants disseminated, or caused to be disseminated, through its packaging,
6	labeling, mar	keting and advertising misrepresentations that Wheat Thins are "100% WHOLE
7	GRAIN", who	en they are not.
8	61.	Defendants' representations violate the CLRA in at least the following respects:
9	a.	In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(5), Defendants represented that Wheat Thins
10		products have characteristics, ingredients, uses, and benefits that they do not have;
11	b.	In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(7), Defendants represented that Wheat Thins
12		products are of a particular standard, quality, or grade, which they are not;
13	c.	In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(9), Defendants advertised Wheat Thins with
14		an intent not to sell the products as advertised; and
15	d.	In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(16), Defendants represented that the subject
16		of the sale of Wheat Thins has been supplied in accordance with a previous
17		representation when it has not.
18	62.	Defendants knew or should have known that Wheat Thins are not "100% WHOLE
19	GRAIN" bec	cause Defendants manufactured, marketed and sold Wheat Thins without that
20	characteristic	that they claimed. Defendants knew or should have known that this representation
21	about Wheat	Thins as described herein violated consumer protection laws, and that these
22	statements wo	ould be relied upon by Plaintiff and the members of the Class.
23	63.	Defendants' actions as described herein were done willfully and knowingly with
24	conscious dis	regard of Plaintiff's and the Class's rights and were wanton and malicious.
25	64.	Defendant's wrongful business practices constituted, and constitute, a continuing
26	course of con	duct in violation of the CLRA since Defendants are still representing that Wheat
27	Thins have ch	aracteristics which they do not have.
28	65.	Pursuant to Civil Code section 1782, Plaintiffs notified Defendants in writing by -14-
		CLASS ACTION COMPLAIN

### Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 16 of 20

mail, return receipt requested, of the alleged violations of the CLRA and demanded that
Defendants rectify the problems associated with the actions detailed above and give notice to all
affected consumers of its intent to so act. A copy of the written notice provided to Defendants is
attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>.

66. With respect to those violations of Civil Code § 1770 as to which notification was
received and accepted by Defendants, Defendants failed to respond to Plaintiff's timely demands
within 30 days of Plaintiff's notice. Accordingly, Plaintiff hereby requests damages from
Defendants as provided for in Civil Code § 1780 including:

- a. actual damages in excess of the jurisdictional limits of this Court;
- b. statutory damages allowable under Civil Code § 1780;
- c. punitive damages;
- d. attorneys' fees;

9

10

11

12

13

14

17

18

19

- e. court costs and interest; and
- f. any other relied which the court deems proper.
- 15 67. Pursuant to § 1780(d) of the CLRA, attached as <u>Exhibit B</u> is an affidavit showing
  16 that this action was commenced in a proper forum.
  - COUNT II
    - **Breach of Express Warranty**

### (Cal. Com. Code § 2313)

20 68. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations set forth in the
21 proceeding paragraphs, as if fully set forth verbatim herein.

22 69. Plaintiff David Wallenstein brings this Count individually and on behalf of all

- 23 other California consumers.
- 24 70. Defendants promised and expressly warranted that its Wheat Thins products are
  25 "100% WHOLE GRAIN."
- This written promise and affirmation of fact constitutes express warranties that
   became part of the basis of the bargain between Plaintiff and the members of the Class on the one
   hand and Defendants on the other. Plaintiff and Class members reasonably relied upon -15-

	Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 17 of 20	
1	Defendants' affirmations of fact when they decided to buy Defendants' products.	
2	72. All conditions precedent to Defendants' liability under the contract, including	
3	notice, have been performed by Plaintiff and the Class. (See Ex. A.)	
4	73. Defendants have breached the terms of its express warranties by failing to provide	
5	Wheat Thins products as warranted.	
6	74. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach of its warranties, Plaintiff	
7	and others similarly situated have been damaged in the amount to be proven at trial.	
8	COUNT III	
9	New York Consumer Protection from Deceptive Acts and Practices	
10	(N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349)	
11	75. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations set forth in the	
12	proceeding paragraphs, as if fully set forth verbatim herein.	
13	76. Plaintiff Montgomery Summa is a consumer of Defendants' goods and brings this	
14	Count individually and on behalf of all other New York consumers.	
15	77. New York prohibits "deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any business,	
16	trade or commerce." "Deceptive acts or practices" are those that are likely to mislead a reasonable	
17	consumer acting reasonably under the circumstances.	
18	78. Defendant's conduct as alleged herein constitutes deceptive acts or practices under	
19	N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349. MDLZ's conduct was materially misleading to Plaintiff and the class.	
20	During the class period, MDLZ carried out a plan, scheme and course of conduct which was	
21	consumer oriented. The injuries to Plaintiff and the Class members were foreseeable to MDLZ.	
22	79. Defendants' conduct also violated N.Y. Agric. & Mkts. Law § 201.	
23	80. Defendants intended that Plaintiff and the Class members would rely on the	
24	unlawful, deceptive and/or unfair business acts and practices alleged herein. In the alternative,	
25	Defendants knew or should have known that Wheat Thins did not have the claimed	
26	characteristics as alleged herein because Defendants manufactured, marketed and sold the	
27	MDLZ products without those claimed characteristics. Defendants knew or should have known	
28	that their representations about the MDLZ products as described herein are deceptive and that -16-	
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	

### Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 18 of 20

these statements or misleading packaging would be relied upon by Plaintiffs and the members of
 the Class.

- 3 81. Defendants' actions as described herein were done willfully and knowingly with
  4 conscious disregard of Plaintiff's and the Class's rights and were wanton and malicious.
- 82. Plaintiff and those similarly situated relied to their detriment on Defendants'
  unfair, deceptive and unlawful business practices. Had Plaintiff and those similarly situated
  been adequately informed and not deceived by Defendants, they would have acted differently by
  not purchasing (or paying less for) Defendants' Wheat Thins products.

9 83. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff and members of 10 the class have been aggrieved as alleged herein. They were deceived by Defendants' conduct and 11 would not have purchased the products or would have paid less for them if Defendants had 12 disclosed the truth about the products. Plaintiffs are therefore entitled to all available remedies 13 under N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349(h), including actual damages sustained by Plaintiff and the Class 14 to the maximum extent allowable under N.Y. Gen. Bus. L. § 349, which includes actual damages 15 or fifty dollars (\$50) per violation, whichever is greater, or both. Plaintiff and the Class are also 16 entitled to civil penalties and any other relief this Court deems proper.

17 84. Plaintiffs shall also be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs in pursuing
18 this action. N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349(h).

19

20

21

### **COUNT IV**

### New York Consumer Protection from False Advertising

### (N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 350)

22 85. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations set forth in the
23 proceeding paragraphs, as if fully set forth verbatim herein.

- 86. MDLZ has engaged and is engaging in consumer-oriented conduct which is
  deceptive or misleading in a material way, constituting false advertising in the conduct of any
  business, trade, or commerce, in violation of N.Y. Gen. Bus. L. § 350.
- 27 87. As a result of MDLZ's false advertising, Plaintiff and the Class have suffered and
  28 continue to suffer substantial injury, including damages, which would not have occurred but for

# Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 19 of 20

1	the false and deceptive advertising, and which will continue to occur.	
2	88. Plaintiff Montgomery Summa seeks to recover actual damages on behalf of himself	
3	and the Class or five hundred dollars (\$500) per violation, whichever is greater, or both, three	
4	times actual damages and reasonable attorney fees.	
5	COUNT V	
6	<b>Breach of Express Warranty</b>	
7	(N.Y. UCC § 2-313)	
8	89. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations set forth in the	
9	proceeding paragraphs, as if fully set forth verbatim herein.	
10	90. Plaintiff Montgomery Summa brings this Count individually and on behalf of all	
11	other New York consumers.	
12	91. MDLZ is and was at all relevant times a merchant with respect to the products at	
13	issue in this case.	
14	92. Defendants promised and expressly warranted that Wheat Thins products are	
15	"100% WHOLE GRAIN."	
16	93. Each time Plaintiff purchased a Wheat Thins product, these warranties formed the	
17	basis of the bargain between Plaintiff and the members of the Class on the one hand and	
18	Defendants on the other. Plaintiff and Class Members reasonably relied upon the Defendants'	
19	affirmations of fact when they decided to buy Defendant's Products.	
20	94. All conditions precedent to Defendants' liability under the contract, including	
21	notice, have been performed by Plaintiffs and the Class. (See Ex. A (notice of action by nationwide	
22	class that included New York consumers).)	
23	95. Defendants have breached the terms of its express warranties by failing to provide	
24	Wheat Thins as warranted.	
25	96. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach of its warranties, Plaintiff	
26	and others similarly situated have been damaged in the amount to be proven at trial.	
27	///	
28	///	
	-18- CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	
	CLASS ACTION COMILLAI	

I	Case 3:22-cv-06033 Document 1 Filed 10/13/22 Page 20 of 20	
1	PRAYER	
2	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, pray	7
3	for relief pursuant to each cause of action set forth in this Class Action Complaint, as follows:	
4	A. Declaring that this action can be maintained as a class action, certifying the Class	3
5	as requested herein, designating Plaintiffs as Class Representatives and appointing the undersigned	l
6	counsel as Class Counsel;	
7	B. Ordering actual and compensatory damages for Plaintiffs and the Class;	
8	C. Ordering statutory damages allowable under California Civil Code § 1780, N.Y.	•
9	Gen. Bus. L. §§ 349, 350 and any other statute as applicable;	
10	D. Ordering statutory penalties for all Counts for which they are available;	
11	E. Ordering Defendants to pay attorneys' fees and litigation costs;	
12	F. Awarding punitive, exemplary and/or trebling damages;	
13	G. Ordering Defendants to pay both pre- and post-judgment interest on any amounts	3
14	awarded; and	
15	H. Ordering such other and further relief as may be just and proper.	
16	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED	
17	Plaintiffs demand a jury trial on all causes of action and issues so triable.	
18	Dated: October 13, 2022 FOX LAW, APC	
19		
20	<u>/s/ Courtney Vasquez</u> COURTNEY VASQUEZ	
21	courtney@foxlawapc.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
22	11101110,55,5701 1 101111,55	
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28	-19-	
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAIN	NT