1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Todd M. Friedman (SBN 216752) Adrian R. Bacon (SBN 280332) Meghan E. George (SBN 274525) LAW OFFICES OF TODD M. FRIEDM 21550 Oxnard St., Suite 780 Woodland Hills, CA 91367 Phone: 877-206-4741 Fax: 866-633-0228 tfriedman@toddflaw.com abacon@toddflaw.com mgeorge@toddflaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff	MAN, P.C.				
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
11	SOUTHERN DISTRIC					
12	ANTHONY VALDEZ, individually and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
13	on behalf of all others similarly situated,) CLASS ACTION				
14	Plaintiff,					
15	vs.) COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS) OF:				
16	DIDECTY LLC, CADLE VICION) 1. VIOLATIONS OF				
17	DIRECTV, LLC; CABLE VISION CCTV, INC.; and DOES 1-10,	ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER ACT [15 U.S.C.				
18	inclusive,	§1693 ET SEQ.]				
19	Defendant(s).) DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
20						
21						
22	Plaintiff ANTHONY VALDEZ ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself and all					
23	others similarly situated, alleges the following against DIRECTV, LLC and					
24	CABLE VISION CCTV, INC. ("Defendants") upon information and belief based					
25	upon personal knowledge:					
26	INTRODUCTION					
27	1. Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint is brought pursuant to the					
28	Electronic Funds Transfer Act, 15 U.S.C. 1693 et seq. ("EFTA").					

17 18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27 28

2. Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, brings this Complaint for damages, injunctive relief, and any other available legal or equitable remedies, resulting from the illegal actions of Defendants debiting Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers from Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' accounts, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b). Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to herself and his own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorneys.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. 1331, because this action is brought pursuant to the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. 1693 et seq.
- 4. Jurisdiction of this Court arises pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1693(m), which states that, "without regard to the amount in controversy, any action under this section may be brought in any United States district court."
- 5. Venue and personal jurisdiction in this District are proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1391(b) because Plaintiff resides within this District and Defendant does or transact business within this District, and a material portion of the events at issue occurred in this District.

PARTIES

- Plaintiff, ANTHONY VALDEZ ("PLAINTIFF"), is a natural person 6. residing in San Diego County in the state of California, and is a "consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1693a(6).
- 7. all relevant times herein, Defendant DIRECTV, ("DIRECTV"), was a company engaged in the business of providing television

and communication services to consumers.

- 8. At all relevant times, herein, Defendant CABLE VISION CCTV, INC. ("CCTV"), is a company engaged in the business in selling television and communication services provided by DIRECTV.
- 9. The above named Defendants, and its subsidiaries and agents, are collectively referred to as "Defendants." The true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOE DEFENDANTS 1 through 20, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues such Defendants by fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible for the unlawful acts alleged herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend the Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the DOE Defendants when such identities become known.
- 10. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all relevant times, each and every Defendant was acting as an agent and/or employee of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment with the full knowledge and consent of each of the other Defendants. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the acts and/or omissions complained of herein was made known to, and ratified by, each of the other Defendants.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS - EFTA

- 11. On or around February 12, 2018, CCTV contacted Plaintiff and, acting as DIRECTV, offered to sell DIRECTV services to Plaintiff.
- 12. CCTV asked Plaintiff to provide his debit card number over the phone, representing that CCTV would only charge \$1, in order to determine that Plaintiff's debt card was valid.
- 13. On or around February 14, 2018, Plaintiff cancelled the services with Defendants, prior to any installation of any equipment or activation of any services

from DIRECTV. CCTV represented to Plaintiff that no charges would be made on the debit card provided.

- 14. Later that day, Plaintiff discovered that Defendants made two charges to her debit card without his consent; one for \$390.58 and another for \$433.45.
- 15. Defendant's automatic withdrawals caused an overdraft on Plaintiff's bank account, causing her actual injury in the forms of additional fees.
- 16. Plaintiff never provided Defendant with any authorization to deduct these sums of money from Plaintiff's banking account.
- 17. Further, Defendants did not provide to Plaintiff, nor did Plaintiff execute, any written or electronic writing memorializing or authorizing these recurring or automatic payments.
- 18. Plaintiff alleges such activity to be in violation of the Electronic Funds Transfer Act, 15 U.S.C. 1693 et seq. ("EFTA"), and its surrounding regulations, including, but not limited to, 12 C.F.R. §§1005.7, 1005.8, and 1005.9.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

19. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, as a member of the proposed class (hereafter "The Class") defined as follows:

All persons in the United States whose bank accounts were debited on a reoccurring basis by Defendants without Defendants obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers within the one year prior to the filing of this Complaint.

20. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The Class, consisting of all persons within the United States whose bank account was debited on a recurring basis by Defendants without Defendants obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers within the one

year prior to the filing of this Complaint.

- 21. Defendants, their employees and agents are excluded from The Class. Plaintiffs do not know the number of members in The Class, but believe the Class members number in the hundreds, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class Action to assist in the expeditious litigation of the matter.
- 22. The Class is so numerous that the individual joinder of all of its members is impractical. While the exact number and identities of The Class members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that The Class includes hundreds, if not thousands, of members. Plaintiff alleges that The Class members may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendants.
- 23. This suit is properly maintainable as a class action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) because the Class is so numerous that joinder of the Class members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the Court.
- 24. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to the Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members and include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:
- a. The members of the Class were not provided with, nor did they execute, written agreements memorializing the automatic or recurring electronic payments.
- b. Defendants did not request, nor did it provide, Class members with written agreements memorializing the automatic or recurring electronic payments.
- c. The members of the Class did not provide either a written ("wet") or otherwise electronic signature authorizing the automatic or recurring electronic payments.

- d. Despite not providing written or electronic authorization for payments to be drawn from their accounts, Defendants took unauthorized payments from Class members' accounts.
- 25. As someone whose bank account was debited on a reoccurring basis by Defendants without Defendants obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of The Class.
- 26. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of The Class. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the prosecution of class actions.
- 27. A class action is superior to other available methods of fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual litigation of the claims of all Class members is impracticable. Even if every Class member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous issues would proceed. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for varying, inconsistent, or contradictory judgments and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system resulting from multiple trials of the same complex factual issues. By contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action presents fewer management difficulties, conserves the resources of the parties and of the court system, and protects the rights of each Class member.
- 28. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of the other Class members not parties to such adjudications or that would substantially impair or impede the ability of such non-party Class members to protect their interests.
 - 29. Defendants have acted or refused to act in respects generally

9

12

14

13

16

15

17

18 19

21

22

20

23 24

25

26 27

28

applicable to The Class, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with regard to the members of the Class as a whole.

- 30. Defendants failed to comply with the writing and notice requirements of § 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a) as to the Class members with respect to the above alleged transactions.
- Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. §1693e(a), provides that a 31. "preauthorized electronic fund transfer from a consumer's account may be authorized by the consumer only in writing, and a copy of such authorization shall be provided to the consumer when made."
- Section 903(9) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693a(9), provides that the 32. term "preauthorized electronic fund transfer" means "an electronic fund transfer authorized in advance to recur at substantially regular intervals."
- Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), provides that "[p]reauthorized electronic fund transfers from a consumer's account may be authorized only by a writing signed or similarly authenticated by the consumer. The person that obtains the authorization shall provide a copy to the consumer."
- Section 205.10(b) of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff 34. Commentary to Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), Supp. I, provides that "[t]he authorization process should evidence the consumer's identity and assent to the authorization." Id. at ¶10(b), comment 5. The Official Staff Commentary further provides that "[a]n authorization is valid if it is readily identifiable as such and the terms of the preauthorized transfer are clear and readily understandable." *Id.* at $\P 10(b)$, comment 6.
- 35. In multiple instances, Defendants debited bank accounts of the Class members on a recurring basis without obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated by the respective Class members for preauthorized electronic fund transfers from the accounts of the respective Class members,

thereby violating § 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).

- 36. In multiple instances, Defendants debited Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without providing a copy of a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated by the respective Class members for preauthorized electronic funds transfers, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).
- 37. The size and definition of the Class can be identified through Defendant's records and/or Defendant's agents' records.

<u>COUNT I:</u> <u>DEFENDANTS VIOLATED THE ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER</u> <u>ACT</u>

(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

- 38. Plaintiff reincorporates by reference all of the preceding paragraphs.
- 39. Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. §1693e(a), provides that a "preauthorized electronic fund transfer from a consumer's account may be authorized by the consumer only in writing, and a copy of such authorization shall be provided to the consumer when made."
- 40. Section 903(9) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693a(9), provides that the term "preauthorized electronic fund transfer" means "an electronic fund transfer authorized in advance to recur at substantially regular intervals."
- 41. Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), provides that "[p]reauthorized electronic fund transfers from a consumer's account may be authorized only by a writing signed or similarly authenticated by the consumer. The person that obtains the authorization shall provide a copy to the consumer."
 - 42. Section 205.10(b) of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff

Commentary to Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), Supp. I, provides that "[t]he authorization process should evidence the consumer's identity and assent to the authorization." *Id.* at ¶10(b), comment 5. The Official Staff Commentary further provides that "[a]n authorization is valid if it is readily identifiable as such and the terms of the preauthorized transfer are clear and readily understandable." *Id.* at ¶10(b), comment 6.

- 43. In multiple instances, Defendants have debited Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers from Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' accounts, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).
- 44. In multiple instances, Defendants have debited Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without providing a copy of a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated by Plaintiff or the putative Class members for preauthorized electronic fund transfers, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, ANTHONY VALDEZ, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, respectfully requests judgment be entered against Defendants, for the following:

- 45. That this action be certified as a class action on behalf of The Class and Plaintiff be appointed as the representative of The Class;
- 46. Statutory damages of \$1,000.00, per Class Member, pursuant to the Electronic Fund Transfer Act, \$916(a)(2)(A);
 - 47. Actual damages;

Case 3:18-cv-00663-JM-JMA Document 1 Filed 04/03/18 PageID.10 Page 10 of 10

1

11

21

28

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

1 1								
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS		<u>.</u>		
ANTHONY VALDEZ, ind situated	ividually and on behalf	of all others similar	ly	DIRECTV, LLC; CABLE VISION CCTV, INC.; and DOES 1-10, inclusive,				
(b) County of Residence of	_	an Diego		County of Residence of First Listed Defendant				
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.				
(a) Attornova (Fig. No.	Allows on IT-Lord on Novel)		Attorneys (If Known)				
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Law Offices of Todd M. Friedman, P.C.				Attorneys (IJ Known)				
21550 Oxnard St., #780, (866) 206-4741	Woodland Hills, CA 9	1780			'18 CV 0663	JM JMA		
,								
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff								
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	Ճ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)		(For Diversity Cases Only) PT en of This State				
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	,		Citize	Citizen of Another State				
				en or Subject of a reign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only) Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.								
CONTRACT	i	RTS		ORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES		
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 310 Airplane	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 365 Personal Injury -	□ 62	5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal	☐ 375 False Claims Act ☐ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC		
☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	☐ 315 Airplane Product Liability	Product Liability 367 Health Care/	□ 69	0 Other	28 USC 157	3729(a)) ☐ 400 State Reapportionment		
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	Pharmaceutical			PROPERTY RIGHTS	□ 410 Antitrust		
& Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act	Slander ☐ 330 Federal Employers'	Personal Injury Product Liability			☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 830 Patent	☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce		
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability ☐ 340 Marine	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal			☐ 835 Patent - Abbreviated	☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and		
Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)	☐ 345 Marine Product	Injury Product Liability			New Drug Application ☐ 840 Trademark	Corrupt Organizations		
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	Liability ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	PERSONAL PROPERT 370 Other Fraud		LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards	SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff)	☐ 480 Consumer Credit ☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV		
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle	☐ 371 Truth in Lending	İ	Act	☐ 862 Black Lung (923)	☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/		
☐ 190 Other Contract☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	Product Liability 360 Other Personal	☐ 380 Other Personal Property Damage		O Labor/Management Relations	☐ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))☐ 864 SSID Title XVI	Exchange Statutory Actions		
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability		0 Railway Labor Act 1 Family and Medical	□ 865 RSI (405(g))	☐ 891 Agricultural Acts ☐ 893 Environmental Matters		
	Medical Malpractice	<u> </u>		Leave Act		☐ 895 Freedom of Information		
REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation	CIVIL RIGHTS ☐ 440 Other Civil Rights	PRISONER PETITION Habeas Corpus:		0 Other Labor Litigation 1 Employee Retirement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	Act ☐ 896 Arbitration		
☐ 220 Foreclosure	□ 441 Voting	☐ 463 Alien Detainee		Income Security Act	or Defendant)	☐ 899 Administrative Procedure		
☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment☐ 240 Torts to Land	☐ 442 Employment ☐ 443 Housing/	☐ 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence			☐ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision		
245 Tort Product Liability290 All Other Real Property	Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 530 General ☐ 535 Death Penalty		IMMIGRATION		☐ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
270 Mil Other Real Floperty	Employment	Other:		2 Naturalization Application		State Statutes		
	☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	☐ 540 Mandamus & Other ☐ 550 Civil Rights	r □ 46	55 Other Immigration Actions				
	☐ 448 Education	☐ 555 Prison Condition ☐ 560 Civil Detainee -						
		Conditions of						
V ODICIN		Confinement						
	moved from 3	Remanded from Appellate Court		stated or 5 Transfe bened Anothe (specify)	rred from	on - Litigation -		
Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):								
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Brief description of ca	use:						
VII. REQUESTED IN	Electronic Funds CHECK IF THIS		D	DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:				
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.		5,000,000.00	JURY DEMANI	•		
VIII. RELATED CASE(S)								
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER _			
ATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD								
04/03/2018 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		s/Todd M. Fried	man					
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JU	JDGE		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
 - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
 - (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.
 - United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.
 - Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.
 - Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)
- **III. Residence** (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- **V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.
 - Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
 - Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.
 - Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
 - Multidistrict Litigation Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407
 - Multidistrict Litigation Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7.** Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.
- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Man Claims DirecTV, Cable Vision Made Unauthorized Withdrawals from Bank Account