Louis Pechman (Bar No. 035931983) Vivianna Morales (Bar No. 070652013) Catalina Cadavid (Bar No. 203388016) Pechman Law Group PLLC 488 Madison Avenue, 17th Floor New York, New York 10022 (212) 583-9500 Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative FLSA Collective

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT COURT OF NEW JERSEY

	x	
ROSALIO URIBE, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	:	
Plaintiff,	:	
-against-	:	COMPLAINT
MATTHEWS DINER, INC. d/b/a MATTHEWS DINER AND PANCAKE HOUSE and SAM MATTHEWS,	• : : :	COLLECTIVE ACTION
Defendants.	: : .X	

Plaintiff Rosalio Uribe ("Uribe" or "Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, by his attorneys Pechman Law Group PLLC, complaining of Matthews Diner, Inc. d/b/a Matthews Diner and Pancake House ("Matthews Diner") and Sam Matthews (collectively, "Defendants") alleges:

NATURE OF THE COMPLAINT

1. Uribe worked at Matthews Diner as a dishwasher and preparation cook since 2010. During the eight years he was employed by Defendants, Uribe was paid a fixed weekly salary that fell below the statutory minimum wage. In addition, Uribe regularly worked over forty hours per workweek and because he was paid a fixed amount each week, he was not compensated for overtime hours worked. 2. Uribe brings this action to recover unpaid minimum and overtime wages, liquidated damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, and attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq*. ("FLSA"), and the New Jersey Wage and Hour Law, N.J.S.A. 34:11-56a *et seq*. and N.J.A.C 12:56 *et seq*. ("NJWHL").

JURISDICTION

3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction of this case pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337, and has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims under the NJWHL pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

VENUE

4. Venue is proper in the District of New Jersey under 28 U.S.C. § 1391, as Matthews Diner is located in the District of New Jersey.

THE PARTIES

Plaintiff

5. Uribe resides in Bergen County, New Jersey.

6. Defendants employed Uribe as a dishwasher and preparation cook from in or about 2010 through July 3, 2018.

Defendant Matthews Diner, Inc.

7. Defendant Matthews Diner, Inc. is a New Jersey corporation that owns and operates Matthews Diner & Pancake House, which is located at 430 South Washington Avenue, Bergenfield, New Jersey 07621, and at all relevant times has been an employer within the meaning of the FLSA and NJWHL.

8. Matthews Diner, Inc. is an "enterprise engaged in interstate commerce" within the meaning of the FLSA.

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9. Matthews Diner, Inc. has employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce and handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person.

10. Within the three years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Matthews Diner, Inc. had an annual gross volume of sales in excess of \$500,000.

Defendant Sam Matthews

11. Defendant Sam Matthews owns and operates Matthews Diner.

12. Sam Matthews is listed as the registered agent for Matthews Diner, Inc. on its certificate of incorporation.

13. Throughout Uribe's employment, Sam Matthews had and exercised power and authority over personnel decisions at Matthews Diner, including the hiring and firing of employees, and directing the manner in which employees performed their daily duties and assignments.

14. Sam Matthews established and implemented the work and pay practices and scheduling policies at Matthews Diner.

15. For example, Sam Matthews is regularly present in the business, running day-to-day operations.

16. On July 3, 2018, Sam Matthews terminated Uribe.

17. A May 29, 2017 article in the Daily Voice states that "[f]or the last 20 years, Matthews Diner has been owned and operated by Sam, son of Stanley Matthews." https://bergenfield.dailyvoice.com/business/pancakes-anyone-matthews-diner-sees-50-years-in-bergenfield/711736/

Sam Matthews exercises sufficient control over the operations of
 Matthews Diner to be considered Uribe's employer under the FLSA and NJWHL.

PLAINTIFF'S FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

19. Matthews Diner is regularly open seven days a week, on Monday through Thursday from 6:00 a.m. to 12:30 a.m., and Friday through Sunday from 6:00 a.m. to 1:30 a.m.

20. Uribe worked for Matthews Diner as a dishwasher, but also prepared and cut vegetables, prepared food packages for delivery, and performed other kitchen tasks as needed.

21. Throughout his employment, Uribe worked a six-day schedule: Tuesday through Sunday, from approximately 7:00 a.m. to approximately 4:00 p.m. each day, for approximately 54 hours per workweek.

22. Throughout his employment, there was no time keeping system maintained at Matthew's Diner, and Uribe was not required to record his weekly hours for Defendants.

23. Throughout his employment, Defendants paid Uribe a fixed weekly salary of \$300.00 per week.

24. Throughout his employment, Defendants failed to pay Uribe the statutory minimum wage.

25. Throughout his employment, Uribe reguarly worked in excess of forty hours per workweek but was not compensated at time and one-half the statutory minimum wage for hours worked over forty.

26. Throughout his employment, Defendants paid Uribe his wages in cash.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

27. Plaintiff brings the claims in this Complaint arising out of the FLSA on behalf of himself and on behalf of other kitchen employees, cooks, food preparers,

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dishwashers and all other non-exempt kitchen employees) (the "Kitchen Workers") of Matthews Diner who elect to opt-in to this action (the "FLSA Collective").

28. The FLSA Collective consists of approximately twenty similarly situated current and former Kitchen Workers of Matthews Diner, who, over the last three years have been victims of Defendants' common policy and practices that have violated the employees' rights under the FLSA by, *inter alia*, willfully denying them minimum and overtime wages due under the FLSA.

29. Defendants apply the same employment policies, practices, and procedures to all non-exempt employees. This policy and pattern or practice includes, *inter alia*, failing to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective minimum wages and overtime pay for all hours worked in excess of forty per week.

30. Defendants have engaged in this unlawful conduct pursuant to a policy, plan, or practice of minimizing labor costs and denying employees compensation by failing to compensate Plaintiff and the FLSA collective for all hours they have worked.

31. Defendants are aware or should have been aware that federal law required them to pay the FLSA Collective minimum wages for all house worked as well as overtime premiums for all hours worked in excess of forty per workweek.

32. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective performed the same primary duties.

33. Defendants' unlawful conduct has been widespread, repeated, and consistent.

34. There are many similarly situated current and former Kitchen Workers who have been denied overtime compensation in violation of the FLSA, who would benefit from the issuance of a court-supervised notice of this lawsuit and the opportunity to join it. This notice should be sent to the FLSA Collective pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

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35. Those similarly situated employees are known to Defendants, are readily identifiable, and can be located through Defendants' records.

FIRST CLAIM Fair Labor Standards Act – Unpaid Minimum Wage

36. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

37. The FLSA requires that employers pay employees a minimum wage for all hours worked weekly up to forty.

38. Defendants are employers within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(e) and 206(a), and employed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

39. The minimum wage provisions set forth in the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201, *et seq.* and the supporting federal regulations, apply to Defendants.

40. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective the minimum wages to which they were entitled under the FLSA.

41. Defendants were aware or should have been aware that the practices described in this Complaint were unlawful and have not made a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to the compensation of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

42. As a result of Defendants' willful violations of the FLSA, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective suffered damages by being denied minimum wages in accordance with the FLSA in amounts to be determined at trial, and are entitled to recovery of such amounts, liquidated damages, pre- and post-judgment interest, attorneys' fees and costs of this action, and other compensation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

SECOND CLAIM New Jersey Wage and Hour Law – Unpaid Minimum Wage

43. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

44. Defendants are employers within the meaning of the NJWHL and supporting New Jersey State Department of Labor regulations, and employed Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers.

45. The NJWHL requires that employers pay employees a minimum wage for all hours worked weekly up to forty.

46. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers the minimum wages to which they were entitled to under the NJWHL.

47. Defendants have willfully violated the NJWHL by knowingly and intentionally failing to pay Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers the minimum hourly wage.

48. As a result of Defendants' violations of the NJWHL, Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers who elect to opt-in to this action are entitled to recover unpaid wages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action, liquidated damages and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest.

THIRD CLAIM Fair Labor Standards Act – Unpaid Overtime

49. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

50. Defendants were required to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective one and one-half (1 ¹/₂) times their regular rate of pay for all hours they worked in excess of forty hours in a workweek pursuant to the overtime wage provisions set forth in the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 207, et. seq.

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51. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective the overtime wages to which they were entitled to under the FLSA.

52. Defendants have willfully violated the FLSA by knowingly and intentionally failing to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective overtime wages.

53. Defendants were aware or should have been aware that the practices described in this Complaint were unlawful and have not made a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to the compensation of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective.

54. Defendants' violations of the FLSA described above have been willful and, therefore, a three year statute of limitations applies to the matter, pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

55. Due to Defendants' violations of the FLSA, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective are entitled to recover unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action, and pre- and post-judgment interest.

FOURTH CLAIM New Jersey Wage and Hour Law – Unpaid Overtime

56. Plaintiff repeats and realleges all foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

57. Under the NJWHL and supporting New Jersey Department of Labor Regulations, Defendants were required to pay Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers one and one (1½) half times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty.

58. Defendants have failed to pay Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers the overtime wages to which they are entitled to under the NJWHL.

59. Defendants have willfully violated the NJWHL by knowingly and intentionally failing to pay Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers overtime wages.

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60. Plaintiff also brings this action pursuant to N.J.S.A. 34:11-56a25, which provides, "An employee shall be entitled to maintain such action for and on behalf of himself or other employees similarly situated, and such employee and employees may designate an agent or representative to maintain such action for and on behalf of all employees similarly situated."

61. Due to Defendants' willful violations of the NJWHL, Plaintiff and the Kitchen Workers who elect to opt-in to this action are entitled to recover unpaid overtime wages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, liquidated damages, and pre- and post-judgment interest.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, seeks the following relief:

A. That, at the earliest possible time, Plaintiff be allowed to give notice of this collective action, or that the Court issue such notice, to all cooks, food preparers, dishwashers and all other non-exempt Kitchen Workers who are presently working, or who have worked, at any time during the three years immediately preceding the filing of this suit, up through and including the date of this Court's issuance of court-supervised notice, at Matthews Diner. Such notice shall inform them that this civil action has been filed, of the nature of the action, and of their right to join this lawsuit if they believe they were denied proper wages;

B. Designation of Plaintiff as representative of the FLSA Collective;

C. Designation of counsel as counsel of the FLSA Collective;

D. Award unpaid minimum and overtime wages, and an additional and equal amount as liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA and the supporting United States Department of Labor regulations;

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E. Award unpaid minimum and overtime wages, pursuant to N.J.S.A. §

34:11-56a et seq. and the supporting New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce

Development Regulations;

- F. Award pre- and post-judgment interest;
- G. Award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action; and
- H. Such other relief as this Court shall deem just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York August 8, 2018

PECHMANLAW GROUP PLLC

By:

Louis Pechman Vivianna Morales Catalina Cadavid 488 Madison Avenue - 17th Floor New York, New York 10022 (212) 583-9500 pechman@pechmanlaw.com morales@pechmanlaw.com cadavid@pechmanlaw.com *Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative FLSA Collective*

Case 2:18-cv-12545 Document 1-1 Eiled 08/08/18 Page 1 of 2 PageID: 11 JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)* I. (a) PLAINTIFFS DEFENDANTS Rosalio Uribe, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, Matthews Diner Inc. d/b/a Matthews Diner and Pancake House and Sam Matthews, **Bergen County** (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. NOTE: (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Attorneys (If Known) Pechman Law Group PLLC, 488 Madison Ave., NY, NY 10022 (212) 583-9500 pechman@pechmanlaw.com II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant) (For Diversity Cases Only) ✗ 3 Federal Question D 1 U.S. Government PTF DEF PTF DEF Incorporated or Principal Place Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party) Citizen of This State 04 04 01 01 of Business In This State 2 U.S. Government **D** 2 Incorporated and Principal Place 4 Diversity Citizen of Another State 02 0 5 05 Defendant (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) of Business In Another State Citizen or Subject of a 🗗 3 I 3 Foreign Nation 06 06 Foreign Country

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only) Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.								
CONTRACT	TO	RTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES			
 CONTRACT 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise 	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle 970duct Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus:		BAINKUPTCY □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 ■ PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) ■ FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	 375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information Act 896 Arbitration 			
 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property 	 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education 	 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement 	Income Security Act IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Application 465 Other Immigration Actions	or Defendant) 7 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes 			
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only) X 1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 5 Transferred from Another District (specify) 6 Multidistrict 1 8 Multidistrict								
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Brief description of cause: This action is brought to recover unpaid wages.								
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: Image: Complexity of the co								
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER								
DATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD 08/08/2018								
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY								
RECEIPT # AN	10UNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUD	GE			

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: <u>Nature of Suit Code Descriptions</u>.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

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AO 440 (Rev. 12/09) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT
Dis	trict of New Jersey
ROSALIO URIBE, on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated,	rs)
Plaintiff V.))) Civil Action No.
MATTHEWS DINER, INC. d/b/a MATTHEWS DINE AND PANCAKE HOUSE and SAM MATTHEWS,	R)
Defendant)

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Louis Pechman

488 Madison Avenue, 17th Floor New York, New York 10022 (212) 583-9500

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 12/09) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (n	ame of individual and title, if a	iny)				
was ree	ceived by me on (date)						
	□ I personally serve	ed the summons on the ind	dividual at (place)				
	on (date) ; or						
	□ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)						
		, 8	a person of suitabl	e age and discretion who resi	des there,		
	on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or						
	\Box I served the summ	nons on (name of individual)				, who is	
	designated by law to	accept service of proces	s on behalf of (nan	ne of organization)			
	on (date) ; or						
	□ I returned the summons unexecuted because					; or	
	Other (<i>specify</i>):						
	My fees are \$	for travel and	\$	for services, for a total of \$	0.	00	
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.						
Date:				Server's signature			
		Printed name and title					

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lawsuit Claims NJ's Matthews Diner & Pancake House Deprived Former Employee of Lawful</u> <u>Minimum, OT Wages</u>