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    Attorneys for Plaintiff
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                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                    EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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    MARTIN STARACE, individually and ) Case No.
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    on behalf of all others similarly situated.)
                                          CLASS ACTION
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    Plaintiff,
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                                          COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS
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                                          OF:
          VS.
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                                              1.
                                                   VIOLATIONS OF
    LEXINGTON LAW FIRM and DOES
                                                   ELECTRONIC FUNDS
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    1-10.
                                                   TRANSFER ACT [15 U.S.C.
                                                   §1693 ET SEQ.]
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    Defendant(s).
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                                          DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
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         Plaintiff MARTIN STARACE ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself and all
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    others similarly situated, alleges the following against Defendant LEXINGTON
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    LAW FIRM upon information and belief based upon personal knowledge:
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                               INTRODUCTION
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          1.
               Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint is brought pursuant to the
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    Electronic Funds Transfer Act, 15 U.S.C. 1693 et seq. ("EFTA").
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         2.
               Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated,
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    brings this Complaint for damages, injunctive relief, and any other available legal
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or equitable remedies, resulting from the illegal actions of Defendants debiting Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers and/or after clear revocation of any authorization or similar authentication for preauthorized electronic fund transfers from Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' accounts, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b). Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to himself and his own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorneys.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. 1331, because this action is brought pursuant to the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. 1693 *et seq*.
- 4. Jurisdiction of this Court arises pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1693(m), which states that, "without regard to the amount in controversy, any action under this section may be brought in any United States district court."
- 5. Venue and personal jurisdiction in this District are proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1391(b) because Plaintiff resides within this District and Defendant does or transact business within this District, and a material portion of the events at issue occurred in this District.

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff, MARTIN STARACE ("PLAINTIFF"), is a natural person residing in Tulare County in the state of California, and is a "consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1693a(6).
- 7. At all relevant times herein, DEFENDANT, LEXINGTON LAW FIRM ("DEFENDANT"), was a company engaged, by use of the mails and

telephone, in the business of collecting debts alleged to be due another.

- 8. The above named Defendant, and its subsidiaries and agents, are collectively referred to as "Defendants." The true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOE DEFENDANTS 1 through 10, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues such Defendants by fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible for the unlawful acts alleged herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend the Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the DOE Defendants when such identities become known.
- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all relevant times, each and every Defendant was acting as an agent and/or employee of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment with the full knowledge and consent of each of the other Defendants. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the acts and/or omissions complained of herein was made known to, and ratified by, each of the other Defendants.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS - EFTA

- 10. In or around, 2018, Plaintiff contacted Defendant in an attempt to repair Plaintiff's credit.
- 11. Defendant's agent informed Plaintiff that he could initiate service with Defendant by providing his debt card information.
 - 12. Plaintiff provided Defendant's agent with his debit card number.
- 13. However, without Plaintiff's knowledge or consent, Defendant continued to deduct funds from Plaintiff's account multiple times on a reoccurring basis, without providing Plaintiff a written authorization to do so. Plaintiff was only given an update on the disputes Defendant had filed for him.
 - 14. Plaintiff never provided Defendant with any authorization to deduct

these sums of money on a regular recurring basis from Plaintiff's banking account.

- 15. Defendants did not provide to Plaintiff, nor did Plaintiff execute, any written or electronic writing memorializing or authorizing these recurring or automatic payments.
- 16. Plaintiff alleges such activity to be in violation of the Electronic Funds Transfer Act, 15 U.S.C. 1693 et seq. ("EFTA"), and its surrounding regulations, including, but not limited to, 12 C.F.R. §§1005.7, 1005.8, and 1005.9.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

17. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, as a member of the proposed class (hereafter "The Class") defined as follows:

All persons in the United States whose bank accounts were debited on a reoccurring basis by Defendants without Defendants obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers within the one year prior to the filing of this Complaint.

- 18. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The Class, consisting of all persons within the United States whose bank account was debited on a recurring basis by Defendants without Defendants obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers within the one year prior to the filing of this Complaint.
- 19. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, as a member of the proposed class (hereafter "The Revocation Class") defined as follows:

All persons in the United States whose bank accounts were debited on a reoccurring basis by Defendants after

that person revoked authorization for preauthorized electronic fund transfers within the one year prior to the filing of this Complaint.

- 20. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The Revocation Class, consisting of all persons in the United States whose bank accounts were debited on a reoccurring basis by Defendants after that person revoked authorization for preauthorized electronic fund transfers within the one year prior to the filing of this Complaint.
- 21. The Class and the Revocation Class shall collectively be referred to as "The Classes."
- 22. Defendants, their employees and agents are excluded from The Classes. Plaintiffs do not know the number of members in The Classes, but believe the Class members number in the hundreds, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class Action to assist in the expeditious litigation of the matter.
- 23. The Classes are so numerous that the individual joinder of all of its members is impractical. While the exact number and identities of The Class members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that The Classes includes hundreds, if not thousands, of members. Plaintiff alleges that The Class members may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendants.
- 24. This suit is properly maintainable as a class action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) because the Classes are so numerous that joinder of the Class members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the Court.
 - 25. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class affecting

the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to the Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members and include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

- a. The members of the Classes were not provided with, nor did they execute, written agreements memorializing the automatic or recurring electronic payments.
- b. Defendants did not request, nor did it provide, Class members with written agreements memorializing the automatic or recurring electronic payments.
- c. The members of the Class did not provide either a written ("wet") or otherwise electronic signature authorizing the automatic or recurring electronic payments.
- d. Despite not providing written or electronic authorization for payments to be drawn from their accounts, Defendants took unauthorized payments from Class members' accounts.
- 26. There are questions of law and fact common to the Revocation Class affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to the Revocation Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Revocation Class members and include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:
- a. The members of the Revocation Class revoked any authorization for the automatic or recurring electronic payments.
- b. Despite having revoked authorization for payments to be drawn from their accounts, Defendant took unauthorized payments from Revocation Class members' accounts.
- 27. As someone whose bank account was debited on a reoccurring basis by Defendant without Defendant obtaining a written authorization signed or

similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers and had revoked any authorization that Defendant may have had, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of The Classes.

- 28. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of The Classes. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the prosecution of class actions.
- 29. A class action is superior to other available methods of fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual litigation of the claims of all Class members is impracticable. Even if every Class member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous issues would proceed. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for varying, inconsistent, or contradictory judgments and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system resulting from multiple trials of the same complex factual issues. By contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action presents fewer management difficulties, conserves the resources of the parties and of the court system, and protects the rights of each Class member.
- 30. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of the other Class members not parties to such adjudications or that would substantially impair or impede the ability of such non-party Class members to protect their interests.
- 31. Defendants have acted or refused to act in respects generally applicable to The Class, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with regard to the members of the Class as a whole.
- 32. Defendants failed to comply with the writing and notice requirements of § 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a) as to the Class

members with respect to the above alleged transactions.

- 33. Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. §1693e(a), provides that a "preauthorized electronic fund transfer from a consumer's account may be authorized by the consumer only in writing, and a copy of such authorization shall be provided to the consumer when made."
- 34. Section 903(9) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693a(9), provides that the term "preauthorized electronic fund transfer" means "an electronic fund transfer authorized in advance to recur at substantially regular intervals."
- 35. Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), provides that "[p] reauthorized electronic fund transfers from a consumer's account may be authorized only by a writing signed or similarly authenticated by the consumer. The person that obtains the authorization shall provide a copy to the consumer."
- 36. Section 205.10(b) of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary to Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), Supp. I, provides that "[t]he authorization process should evidence the consumer's identity and assent to the authorization." *Id.* at ¶10(b), comment 5. The Official Staff Commentary further provides that "[a]n authorization is valid if it is readily identifiable as such and the terms of the preauthorized transfer are clear and readily understandable." *Id.* at ¶10(b), comment 6.
- 37. In multiple instances, Defendant debited bank accounts of the Class members on a recurring basis without obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated by the respective Class members for preauthorized electronic fund transfers from the accounts of the respective Class members, thereby violating § 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).
- 38. In multiple instances, Defendant debited Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without providing a copy of a written authorization

signed or similarly authenticated by the respective Class members for preauthorized electronic funds transfers, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).

- 39. In multiple instances, Defendant debited Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis after Class members revoked consent to such debits, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).
- 40. The size and definition of the Classes can be identified through Defendant's records and/or Defendant's agents' records.

COUNT I:

DEFENDANTS VIOLATED THE ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER

(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

- 41. Plaintiff reincorporates by reference all of the preceding paragraphs.
- 42. Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. §1693e(a), provides that a "preauthorized electronic fund transfer from a consumer's account may be authorized by the consumer only in writing, and a copy of such authorization shall be provided to the consumer when made."
- 43. Section 903(9) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693a(9), provides that the term "preauthorized electronic fund transfer" means "an electronic fund transfer authorized in advance to recur at substantially regular intervals."
- 44. Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), provides that "[p] reauthorized electronic fund transfers from a consumer's account may be authorized only by a writing signed or similarly authenticated by the consumer. The person that obtains the authorization shall provide a copy to the consumer."
- 45. Section 205.10(b) of the Federal Reserve Board's Official Staff Commentary to Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b), Supp. I, provides that "[t]he

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authorization process should evidence the consumer's identity and assent to the authorization." *Id.* at ¶10(b), comment 5. The Official Staff Commentary further provides that "[a]n authorization is valid if it is readily identifiable as such and the terms of the preauthorized transfer are clear and readily understandable." *Id.* at 10(b), comment 6.

- 46. In multiple instances, Defendant has debited Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without obtaining a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated for preauthorized electronic fund transfers from Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' accounts, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).
- 47. In multiple instances, Defendant has debited Plaintiff's and also the putative Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis without providing a copy of a written authorization signed or similarly authenticated by Plaintiff or the putative Class members for preauthorized electronic fund transfers, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).
- 48. In multiple instances, Defendant has debited Class members' bank accounts on a recurring basis after Class members revoked consent to such debits, thereby violating Section 907(a) of the EFTA, 15 U.S.C. § 1693e(a), and Section 205.10(b) of Regulation E, 12 C.F.R. § 205.10(b).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, MARTIN STARACE, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, respectfully requests judgment be entered against Defendant, LEXINGTON LAW FIRM, for the following:

49. That this action be certified as a class action on behalf of The Class and Plaintiff be appointed as the representative of The Class;

Case 1:18-cv-01596-DAD-SKO Document 1 Filed 11/19/18 Page 11 of 11

1	50.	Stat			
2	Electronic Fund				
3	51.	Act			
4	52.	Cos			
5	Transfer Act, §9				
6	53.	For			
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- 50. Statutory damages of \$1,000.00, per Class Member, pursuant to the ectronic Fund Transfer Act, \$916(a)(2)(A);
 - 51. Actual damages;
- 52. Costs and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to the Electronic Fund Transfer Act, §916(a)(3);
 - 53. For prejudgment interest at the legal rate; and
 - 54. Any other relief this Honorable Court deems appropriate.

TRIAL BY JURY

55. Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

Respectfully submitted this 19th day of November, 2018.

LAW OFFICES OF TODD M. FRIEDMAN, P.C.

By: /s/ Todd M. Friedman

Todd M. Friedman

Law Offices of Todd M. Friedman

Attorney for Plaintiff

JS 44 (Rev. 08/16)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS MARTIN STARACE, indi situated	vidually and on behalf	of all others similar	rly	DEFENDANTS LEXINGTON LAW	FIRM and DOES 1-10,		
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Tulare County, CA (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Todd M. Friedman (SBN Woodland Hills, CA 9136				Attorneys (If Known)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF PI	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government.)	Not a Party)		(For Diversity Cases Only) PT en of This State			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	up of Parties in Item III)	Citiz	en of Another State		Principal Place	
		!		en or Subject of a oreign Country	3 🗇 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					Click here for: Nature of Su	it Code Descriptions.	
AND KACHENA						TARREST STATEMENTS IN SE	
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault Libel &	PERSONAL INJUR 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical		25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 90 Other	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust	
& Enforcement of Judgment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans		Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Persona Injury Product	1		☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 830 Patent ☐ 840 Trademark	☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce ☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and	
(Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise	☐ 345 Marine Product Liability ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle ☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability ☐ 360 Other Personal Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability	□ 7:	DAHOR 10 Fair Labor Standards Act 20 Labor/Management Relations 40 Railway Labor Act 51 Family and Medical Leave Act 90 Other Labor Litigation	SOCIAL SECULITY: □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g))	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 390 Other Statutory Actions 991 Agricultural Acts 993 Environmental Matters 985 Freedom of Information	
☐ 210 Land Condemnation☐ 220 Foreclosure☐ 230 Rent Lesse & Ejectment☐ 240 Torts to Land☐ 245 Tort Product Liability☐ 290 All Other Real Property	440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General		91 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION	870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
	Employment ☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities Other ☐ 448 Education	Other: 540 Mandamus & Oth 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 60 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	ner 0 4	62 Naturalization Application 65 Other Immigration Actions			
	emoved from	Appellate Court	Reo	(specify)	r District Litigation Transfer		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	ON Brief description of c	n 1693		Do not cite jurisdictio nal stat	utes unless diversity):		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	ED IN CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION DEMAND S CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:						
VIII. RELATED CAS	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE 11/19/2018	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD /s/Todd M. Friedman						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY						DOR	
RECEIPT # A	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG, JU	DGE	

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lexington Law Firm Deducted Automatic Payments Without Authorization, Consumer Alleges</u>