UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

ESTHER RIEZES

on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated consumers

Plaintiff,

-against-

PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Introduction

1. Plaintiff Esther Riezes seeks redress for the illegal practices of Professional Claims Bureau, Inc., concerning the collection of debts, in violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et *seq.* ("FDCPA").

Parties

- 2. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of New York who resides within this District.
- 3. Plaintiff is a consumer as that term is defined by Section 1692(a)(3) of the FDCPA, in that the alleged debt that Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff is a consumer debt.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant's principal place of business is located in Garden City, New York.
- 5. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.
- 6. Defendant is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6).

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 7. This Court has federal question jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 8. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the acts and transactions that give rise to this action occurred, in substantial part, in this district.

Allegations Particular to Esther Riezes

- 9. On or about March 29, 2016, the Plaintiff's son, a minor, visited Columbia University

 Hospital Dept of Pediatrics for medical treatment.
- 10. At the time of the said visit, Columbia University Hospital already had in its possession, information about the child's Medicaid eligibility.
- 11. Upon information and belief, on a date better known by Defendant, Defendant began to attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
- 12. On or about April 7, 2017, Defendant sent the Plaintiff a collection letter seeking to collect on a debt allegedly owed by the Plaintiff.
- 13. The Defendant sought to collect a balance of \$1,140.00, purportedly owed to THE TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.
- 14. Columbia University Hospital Dept of Pediatrics sent the Plaintiff invoices which clearly stated that patient's child is a Medicaid beneficiary.
- 15. Columbia University Hospital Dept of Pediatrics is a Medicaid provider and a Medicaid provider is prohibited from seeking payment from a Medicaid beneficiary of amounts not reimbursed by the state program.

- 16. 42 C.F.R. § 447.15 provides that a state plan must provide that the Medicaid agency must limit participation in the Medicaid program to providers who accept, as payment in full, the amounts paid by the agency.
- 17. 42 C.F.R. § 447.15 prevents health care providers from seeking contributions from patients beyond the limits set by the Medicaid regulatory scheme.
- 18. The Defendant knew or should have known that a medical provider who participates in the Medicaid program is barred from seeking any balance unpaid by Medicaid, under both Federal and New York State law.
- 19. The Plaintiff's child is a welfare recipient; the Plaintiff had submitted her son's insurance information to the hospital and therefore, under New York and Federal Law, it was illegal for the Defendant to collect on this debt.
- 20. Upon information and belief, the Defendant was fully aware that the balance had already been covered by Medicaid, yet the Defendant continued to seek payment from the Plaintiff.
- 21. The said debt was therefore non-existent as the Plaintiff did not owe the balance.
- 22. The Defendant deceptively engaged in illegal balance billing by seeking to collect on the said account.
- 23. The account that the Defendant was seeking to collect upon was non-existent; the Defendant made the Plaintiff believe that she in fact owed such an amount to the Defendant when it was not the case.
- 24. The Plaintiff did not request any medical services which would not be entirely covered by her son's medical insurance or which would result in any fee obligation.
- 25. Section 1692e of the FDCPA states:

- "A debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt. Without limiting the general application of the foregoing, the following conduct is a violation of this section:
- (2) The false representation of --
- (A) the character, amount, or legal status of any debt."
- 26. Section 1692(f) of the FDCPA states:
 - "A debt collector may not use unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt. Without limiting the general application of the foregoing, the following conduct is a violation of this section:
 - (1) The collection of any amount (including any interest, fee, charge, or expense incidental to the principal obligation) unless such amount is expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or permitted by law."
- 27. The Defendant misrepresented the legal status of the alleged debt, as the debt was not owed by the Plaintiff.¹
- 28. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e(2)(A) and 1692f(1) of the FDCPA for the false representation of the character, amount, or legal status of the debt, and for collecting on a debt which was not expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or permitted by law.
- 29. Plaintiff suffered injury in fact by being subjected to unfair and abusive practices of the Defendant.

¹ See Lee v. Kucker & Bruh, LLP, 2013 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 110363, 2013 WL 3982427 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 2, 2013). ("Defendants argue that they are not liable for violating the FDCPA because they did not know that they were misrepresenting that Mr. Lee's account was delinquent. ([Footnote 1] Defendants rely on the decision in *Stonehart v. Rosenthal*, No. 01 Civ. 651, 2001 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 11566, 2001 WL 910771, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 13, 2001) (holding that to "state a claim under § 1692e(2) of the FDCPA, [the plaintiff] must show that [the debt collector] knowingly misrepresented the amount of the debt"), and similar district court cases inside and outside this circuit. These cases, however, are at odds with binding Second Circuit precedent. See also Goldman v. Cohen, No. 01 Civ. 5952, 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 25517, 2004 WL 2937793, at *10, n.11 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 17, 2004), aff'd on other grounds, 445 F.3d 152 (2d Cir. 2006). (concluding that analysis in *Stonehart* contradicts the plain language of 1692k(c) and the law as stated by the Second Circuit). This argument is contrary to binding Second Circuit precedent. The Defendants here are strictly liable for their violation of § 1692e. This Court holds that the misrepresentation in the Three Day Notice, the was current on his payments, is a violation of § 1692e(2)(A)."), Arias v. Gutman, Mintz, Baker & Sonnenfeldt LLP, No. 16-2165-cv, 2017 BL 407422 (2d Cir. Nov. 14, 2017). ("[S]ection 1692f contains a non-exhaustive list of unfair practices, including the collection of an invalid debt.")

- 30. Plaintiff suffered actual harm by being the target of the Defendant's misleading debt collection communications.
- 31. Defendant violated the Plaintiff's right not to be the target of misleading debt collection communications.
- 32. Defendant violated the Plaintiff's right to a truthful and fair debt collection process.
- 33. Defendant used materially false, deceptive, misleading representations and means in its attempted collection of Plaintiff's alleged debt.
- 34. Defendant's communications were designed to cause the debtor to suffer a harmful disadvantage in charting a course of action in response to Defendant's collection efforts.
- 35. The FDCPA ensures that consumers are fully and truthfully apprised of the facts and of their rights, the act enables them to understand, make informed decisions about, and participate fully and meaningfully in the debt collection process. The purpose of the FDCPA is to provide information that helps consumers to choose intelligently. The Defendant's false representations misled the Plaintiff in a manner that deprived her of her right to enjoy these benefits, these materially misleading statements trigger liability under section 1692e of the Act.
- 36. These deceptive communications additionally violated the FDCPA since they frustrate the consumer's ability to intelligently choose his or her response.
- 37. As an actual and proximate result of the acts and omissions of the Defendant, Plaintiff has suffered including but not limited to, fear, stress, mental anguish, emotional stress and acute embarrassment for which she should be compensated in an amount to be established by a jury at trial.

AS AND FOR A CAUSE OF ACTION

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act brought by Plaintiff on behalf of herself and the members of a class, as against the Defendant.

- 38. Plaintiff re-states, re-alleges, and incorporates herein by reference, paragraphs one (1) through thirty seven (37) as if set forth fully in this cause of action.
- 39. This cause of action is brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of a class.
- 40. The class consists of all persons whom Defendant's records reflect resided in the State of New York and who were sent a collection letter in substantially the same form letter as the letter sent to the Plaintiff on or about April 7, 2017; and (a) the collection letter was sent to a consumer seeking payment of a personal debt purportedly owed to THE TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY; and (b) the collection letter was not returned by the postal service as undelivered; (c) and the Plaintiff asserts that the letter contained violations of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e(2)(A) and 1692f(1) for the false representation of the character, amount, or legal status of the debt, and for collecting on a debt which was not expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or permitted by law.
- 41. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, a class action is appropriate and preferable in this case because:
 - A. Based on the fact that a form collection letter is at the heart of this litigation, the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
 - B. There are questions of law and fact common to the class and these questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members. The principal question presented by this claim is whether the Defendant violated the FDCPA.

- C. The only individual issue is the identification of the consumers who received such collection letters (*i.e.* the class members), a matter capable of ministerial determination from the records of Defendant.
- D. The claims of the Plaintiff are typical of those of the class members. All are based on the same facts and legal theories.
- E. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the class members' interests. The Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in bringing class actions and collection-abuse claims. The Plaintiff's interests are consistent with those of the members of the class.
- 42. A class action is superior for the fair and efficient adjudication of the class members' claims. Congress specifically envisions class actions as a principal means of enforcing the FDCPA. 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k). The members of the class are generally unsophisticated individuals, whose rights will not be vindicated in the absence of a class action. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the classes would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications resulting in the establishment of inconsistent or varying standards for the parties and would not be in the interest of judicial economy.
- 43. If the facts are discovered to be appropriate, the Plaintiff will seek to certify a class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 44. Collection attempts, such as those made by the Defendant are to be evaluated by the objective standard of the hypothetical "least sophisticated consumer."

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

45. The Defendant's actions as set forth above in the within complaint violates the Fair Debt

Collection Practices Act.

46. Because the Defendant violated the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Plaintiff and

the members of the class are entitled to damages in accordance with the Fair Debt

Collection Practices Act.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, respectfully requests preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, and that

this Court enter judgment in her favor and against the Defendant and award damages as follows:

A. Statutory damages provided under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k);

B. Attorney fees, litigation expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action;

and

C. Any other relief that this Court deems appropriate and just under the

circumstances.

Dated: Woodmere, New York

April 9, 2018

/s/ Adam J. Fishbein_

Adam J. Fishbein, P.C. (AF-9508)

Attorney At Law

Attorney for the Plaintiff

735 Central Avenue

Woodmere, New York 11598

Telephone: (516) 668-6945

Email: fishbeinadamj@gmail.com

Plaintiff requests trial by jury on all issues so triable.

/s/ Adam J. Fishbein_

Adam J. Fishbein (AF-9508)

-8-



E-Mail:

info@pcbinc.org

PCB#

Client Acct #

\$1,140.00

Creditor: TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIV.-DEPT OF PEDIATRICS
Patient Name: MORDY LOWENBEIN

Service Date: 03/29/16

PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.

NYC Dept of Consumer Affairs License #0811196 "Se Habla Espanol"

Phone: 516-681-1122 or 914-668-1222

Fax: 516-681-1265

Office Hours: Mon - Fri 8:30am - 5pm



Pay Online 24/7/365 www.paypcb.com

AUDIT ACCOUNT - STILL AN OPEN BALANCE

According to our most recent audit of your account, this balance remains open at both our offices and at that of our client.

The most important thing is that you do not ignore this notice. If this account has recently been paid directly to our client, it is extremely important that you forward proof of payment to our offices in a timely manner.

We are willing to help you resolve this balance in a manner that is acceptable to you, however we are unable to help you without your cooperation.

Kindly call one of our account representatives immediately.

Together we can finally resolve this long overdue balance and assure all collection activity is halted.

This is an attempt to collect a debt. Any information obtained will be used for that purpose. This communication is from a debt collection agency.



Professional Claims Bureau, Inc. Debt Collectors Since 1964'

To ensure proper credit to your account, detach this section and



RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

Please check box if address below is incorrect or insurance information has changed, and indicate change(s) on reverse side



ESTHER REIZES <u>հրմյլինիսիցիվերկյալիկիլագեցինյին կարհետն</u>

eturn with your payment. Pie	ase keep above portion for your records.	
Account #: 62	Statement Date: 04/07/2017	Due Date: 4/17/2017
Patient Name: MORDY LOW	/ENBEIN Balance Due:	\$1,140.00
We accept:	Amount Paid	
card number		expiration date
signature		
print name		
	and the second s	0054000 (800

THE TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY PO BOX 28212 NEW YORK, NY 10087-8212 Ոլորդինդիննվեր (ինդիննի/||Որմինդոնի||իդ

735 Central Avenue Woodmere, NY 11598

UNITED STATES DISTRICATE TO THE COLOR OF THE

for the

Eastern District of New York

ESTHER RIEZES on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated consumers)))
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v.	Civil Action No.
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PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.)))
Defendant(s))
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SUMMONS IN	A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address) PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS 439 OAK STREET GARDEN CITY NY 11530	
are the United States or a United States agency, or an offic	you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you cer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. swer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of
the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion whose name and address are:	
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
	DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT
D .	
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (name ceived by me on (date)	ne of individual and title, if an	· .						
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the indi	-						
			on (date)	; or					
	☐ I left the summons								
		, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,							
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or								
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)			, who is				
	designated by law to a	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)							
			on (date)	; or					
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because	2		; or				
	☐ Other (specify):								
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.	00 .				
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this info	rmation is true.						
Date:		_							
			Server's signature						
		_	Printed name and title						
		_	Server's address						

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF	THIS FOR	RM.)					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS					
ESTHER RIEZES				PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.					
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant NASSAU (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.						
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name,	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)		Attorneys (If Known)					
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	ne Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF PI	RINCIPA	L PARTIES		-	-
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□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERT 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	710	Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 Other LABOR Description of Property 21 USC 881 Other LABOR Description of Property 21 USC 881 Other Indicates of Prope	□ 422 Appe □ 423 With 28 U PROPEI □ 820 Copy □ 830 Pater □ 840 Trade SOCIAL □ 861 HIA □ 862 Blacl □ 863 DIW □ 864 SSIE □ 865 RSI (FEDER 870 Taxe 870 Taxe 870 Taxe 9871 IRS-	al 28 USC 158 drawal SC 157 RTY RIGHTS rrights at t - Abbreviated Drug Application emark SECURITY (1395ff) k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g)) Title XVI 405(g)) AL TAX SUITS s (U.S. Plaintiff efendant)	□ 375 False Cl □ 376 Qui Tam 3729(a) □ 400 State Re □ 410 Antitrus □ 430 Banks a □ 450 Comme □ 460 Deporta □ 470 Rackete Corrupt ▼ 480 Consum □ 490 Cable/S □ 850 Securitic Exchan □ 890 Other St □ 891 Agricult □ 893 Environ □ 895 Freedon Act □ 896 Arbitrat □ 899 Adminis Act/Rev	aims Act in (31 USC) apportion t apportion t t nd Banking ree tion er Influence Organizati er Credit at TV es/Commod ge tatutory Ac tural Acts mental Matt n of Inform of Inform of trative Pro pecision ttionality of	ment g ed and ons dities/ etions ters nation occdure ocal of
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None Kings

CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed

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Last Modified: 11/27/2017

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