	Case 5:19-cv-01898-NC Document	1 Filed 04/09/19 Page 1 of 53
	E	-FILING
1	Pro Se Plaintiffs Alicia Kuhl,	#5
2	Homeless Advocate and Ross Camp Liaison	ter
3	c/o Homeless Services Center	AUR FILEDSI
4	115 "D" Coral Street, Santa Cruz, CA 95060	APRIDO
5	Phone: 831-431-7766 alicialL@hotmail.com	NOR HER SUBANY BOE
6		SAN JOSE CALIFORNIA
7		
8		TATES COURT
9	NORTHERN DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA
10	San Jos	e Division
11	DESIEIRE QUINTERO, SANTOS	Case C:V 19 1898
12	MENDEZ, MICHAEL SWEATT, SONNY) LOPEZ, RAFAEL SALDANA, CRYSTAL)	Complaint for Injunctive and
13	OLSSON, VANESSA MONTOYA, JUAN	Declaratory Relief under the NC Eighth and Fourteenth
14	VUDMUSKA and ALL OTHERS)	Amendments to the Constitution of the United States; 42
15	SIMILARLY SITUATED RESIDENTS OF) THE ROSS HOMELESS ENCAMPMENT	U.S.C.Section 1983;
	LOCATED BEHIND ROSS AT THE GATEWAY PLAZA IN SANTA CRUZ,	Declarations of Desiere Quintero, Santos Mendez, Mark
5 5 9720	CALIFORNIA; ROSS CAMP COUNCIL)	Hemerbach, Shannon Vudmuska, Steve Pleich, Keith McHenry,
18	OF THE SANTA CRUZ HOMELESS) UNION, FOOD NOT BOMBS, HOMELESS)	Robert Norse, Alicia Kuhl;
18	UNITED FOR FRIENDSHIP AND FREEDOM ("H.U.F.F."),	Memorandum of Points and Authorities
20		Jury Demand
21	Plaintiffs in Pro Per	
22) VS.)	
23) CITY OF SANTA CRUZ, SANTA CRUZ	
24	CITY COUNCIL, SANTA CRUZ CITY	
25	MANAGER MARTIN BERNAL, SANTA) CRUZ MANAGEMENT ANALYST SUSIE)	
26	O'HARA, SANTA CRUZ CITY MANAGER) TINA SHULL, SANTA CRUZ CHIEF OF)	
27	POLICE ANDREW MILLS, in their	
28	official and individual) capacities; "TAKE BACK SANTA)	
	- 1 -	

	Case 5:19-cv-01898-NC Document 1 Filed 04/09/19 Page 2 of 53		
1	CRUZ" and DOES 1 -100,		
2	Defendants		
3)		
4	JURISDICTION AND VENUE		
5	1. This is an action for injunctive relief pursuant to 42 USC		
6	Section 1983 and F.R.Civ.P. 23(b)(2) based upon ongoing violations		
7			
8	and the imminent harm to residents of the Ross Homeless Camp based		
9	upon the violation of rights secured to the Plaintiffs by		
10	Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United		
11	States Constitution. Jurisdiction exists based on 28 U.S.C.		
12	Section 1331 and 1343 in that this case is brought pursuant to 42		
13	U.S.C. Section 1983 and raises questions of federal constitutional		
14	law under the Fourth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments.		
15 16	Jurisdiction also exists under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28		
17	U.S.C. Sections 2201(a) and 2202.		
18	INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT		
19	2. Because this action arises in Santa County it is assigned to the		
20	San Jose Division.		
21	3. Venue is proper in the Northern District in that the events		
22	and conduct complained of in this action are occurring in the		
23	Northern District.		
24	4. Deseire Quintero, Santos Mendez, Michael Sweatt, Sonny Lopez,		
25	Rafael Saldana, Crystal Olsson, Vanessa Montoya, Juan Macedo, Mark		
26	Hemerbach, Shannon Vudmuska and all others similarly situated		
27	Residents of the Ross Homeless Encampment located behind Ross at		
28	- 2 -		
*1			

the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz, California. ("Plaintiffs") bring 1 this motion for a Preliminary Injunction and Declaratory Judgment 2 against The City Of Santa Cruz, The Santa Cruz City Council, Santa 3 4 Cruz City Manager Martin Bernal, Santa Cruz Management Analyst 5 Susie O' Hara, And Santa Cruz City Manager Tina Shull. 6 (collectively, "Defendants") to enjoin Defendants unlawful closure 7 of the Ross Homeless Encampment on April 17th, 2019 located behind 8 Ross in the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz California. 9 INTRODUCTION 10 Deseire Quintero, Santos Mendez, Michael Sweatt, Sonny Lopez, 5. 11 12 Rafael Saldana, Crystal Olsson, Vanessa Montoya, Juan Macedo, Mark 13 Hemerbach, Shannon Vudmuska and all others similarly situated 14 Residents of the Ross Homeless Encampment located behind Ross at 15 the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz, California. ("Plaintiffs") bring 16 this motion for a Preliminary Injunction against The City Of Santa 17 Cruz, The Santa Cruz City Council, Santa Cruz City Manager Martin 18 Bernal, Santa Cruz Management Analyst Susie O' Hara, Santa Cruz 19 City Manager Tina Shull and "Take Back Santa Cruz" (collectively, 20 "Defendants") to enjoin Defendants unlawful closure of the Ross 21 22 Homeless Encampment on April 17th 2019 located behind Ross in the 23 Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz California. 24

6. The City of Santa Cruz has announced its intention to begin closing a homeless encampment on April 10, 2019 without any provisions to provide shelter consistent with the requirements of Martin v. Boise for the 200 persons who will be displaced. This -3-

announcement was made in an open letter to the public by City 1 Manager Martin Bernal. (Exhibit A) The City has admitted it has 2 inadequate shelter to house the displaced campers, yet it has not 3 4 rescinded the decision to close the camp. The City's original plan 5 was to move displaced campers into two outdoor camps, "1220 River 6 St." and Lot 24. Due to intense anti-homeless pressure from the 7 residents of the Depot Park neighborhood, the City has dropped 8 that plan. 9

10
7. Although there is some disagreement on the City Council 11 concerning the specific process to be used, there is no 12 disagreement that the camp will be closed. The whole City Council 13 is also in agreement that None of the proposals before the City 14 Council includes the provision of indoor shelter as expressly 15 provided by the 9th circuit in *Martin V. Boise*.

8. The City has also announced that it will undertake an 17 immediate "clean up" of the camp which will entail the eviction of 18 all of the residents. No provisions have been announced to provide 19 indoor shelter to the homeless in Ross Camp that will be removed 20 21 for this "clean-up". Plaintiffs residents of Ross Camp reasonably 22 fear that once the clean up begins, most or all of them will be 23 unable or not allowed to return. Instead, they will be scattered 24 around the City and beyond where they will be vulnerable to the 25 elements, police harassment and violent acts by those who don't 26 want the homeless to be in Santa Cruz. 27

Facts and Background

- 4 -

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9. The Ross Encampment started in late November of 2018 out of 1 necessity following the closure of the 1220 River street shelter, 2 and lack of available shelter beds within the City and County of 3 4 Santa Cruz. In order to increase their chances of survival, 5 homeless persons formed a tent community in a City and County 6 where homeless persons regularly perish alone and forgotten. Only 7 18 months ago, four days before Christmas, 2017, the headline read 8 "Homeless Deaths Reach a New High in Santa Cruz County" and the 9 story reported the Annual Homeless Memorial Service for fifty who 10 perished, most of them in the City of Santa Cruz. (See Exhibit A). 11 12 This case concerns over 200 people who for the last five months 13 have been living in tents, and similar structures behind the Ross 14 Store in Gateway Plaza, known as the Ross Camp. In this time the 15 Camp has established a sense of community, and a Council called 16 the Ross Camp Council. This council consists of approximatly 10 17 people that live at the camp, and they meet with the city staff on 18 a weekly basis to keep the city fully informed. For this reason, 19 the City is well aware that closing the encampment without FIRST 20 21 providing indoor shelter will put 200 Ross Camp residents in great 22 peril. 23 10. All of the Plaintiffs in this case have previously been cited 24 by law enforcement agencies numerous times for acts related to 25

26 homelessness. Every single plaintiff has from a few, to several 27 pages worth of citations for sitting in public, setting up a 28 campsite, appearing to set up a camp site, trespassing,

- 5 -

limitations on use of public property tickets, bicycle citations, 1 showing that homeless people have been targets in Santa Cruz both 2 currently, and in the past by law enforcement in attempt to ticket 3 homeless people and make their lives as difficult as possible. 4 5 Residents feel safe and protected being in a group setting at 11. 6 the Ross Encampment especially the females in the encampment, 7 particularly when camping alone several females at the encampment 8 have experienced sexual assault in the past. Many of the camp 9 residents have suffered physical attacks, especially at night 10 while sleeping. 11

12 12. Currently there is a harm reduction team meeting at the 13 encampment up to three times a week providing harm reduction 14 supplies, and a needle exchange, several people, and organizations 15 are providing food, socks, and necessity of life products to the 16 encampment on a weekly basis. 17

On February 12th 2019 the Santa Cruz City Council voted to 13. 18 put a closure date on the encampment as long as they had available 19 shelter beds to accommodate the number of people that they 20 21 estimate to be living at the encampment by March 15th and 22 announced that a closure date for the encampment would be March 23 15th, three days later on February 15th a corresponding closure 24 notice was posted at the encampment, On February 26th the City 25 Council admitted that there are not enough shelter beds to procced 26 with a closure date of March 15th, and put off the March 15th 27 closure date to a further discussion on March 12th. At the City 28 6 -

1 Council meeting on March 12th a new date was set for closure of 2 the encampment on April 17th in addition a proposal was passed 3 requiring the encampment residents be notified just one week 4 before April 17th of the camps closure. Since that time the City 5 Manager has put out a public letter in support of the camp 6 closure, and intent to start moving people out potentially on 7 April 10th.

14. In an effort to try and close the camp a safe sleep location 9 was proposed on March 19th, it was to be located in a parking lot 10 adjacent to depot park, and contain tent spaces for 50 people to 11 12 sleep, at night forcing them to leave during the day. A week 13 following it was proposed to be agendized for the safe sleep 14 location to be recinded on April 9th in the face of massive, 15 hostile public protest, organized by "Take Back Santa Cruz", an 16 organization connected to Santa Cruz Police Chief Andrew Mills 17 which includes members that have perpetrated acts of violence 18 against the homeless in addition to using social media to spread 19 myths and anti-homeless hate. 20

15. The constant changing of the encampment closure dates, outrage from the community, and simultaniously failing to provide adequate shelter space for the encampment residents has caused an enormous amount of fear, post traumatic stress, and anxiety and some irreparable damage has already occured within the camp residents.

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On March 19th at a meeting at the Camp, Ross Camp Council 16. 1 liaison Alicia Kuhl spoke to City of Santa Cruz worker Meghan 2 Bunch who stated that the shelter located at 1220 River street is 3 4 not scheduled to be taken over by the Salvation Army until April 5 17th, and that April 17th is not the opening date of the shelter. 6 That it may take some time after the Salvation Army takes over to 7 actually be open. Currently the safe sleep location is agendized 8 to be repealed on April 9th. Both of those locations are not 9 indoors and thus do not meet criteria to be considered adequate 10 available shelter. This adds a great deal of additional stress to 11 12 the encampment residents as there are not enough shelter beds to 13 accommodate the people at the camp even with the opening of the 14 1220 River Street Shelter and the city council is planning on 15 closing the encampment on April 17th without adequate shelter 16 space for all of the encampment residents. 17

17. In addition to a lack of available shelter beds, there are 18 several barriers to the few that are available in the area of 19 20 Santa Cruz, one specific barrier is that Faith Communities shelter 21 is on a hill and disabled people have trouble with access. At the 22 VFW people are only allowed one bag, and many homeless people 23 carry more than that for survival purposes, not to mention that 24 shelter is consistently full. Another shelter is Rebele, that is 25 only available to families that meet certain criteria, most of 26 these "emergency shelters" are scheduled to be closing at the end 27 of June, and Santa Cruz has very little year round shelters. 28 - 8 -

1 18. In summary the City of Santa Cruz does not have enough 2 shelter beds to accomidate the residents of the Ross encampment, 3 or the rest of the homeless population in Santa Cruz for that 4 matter.

5 Closure of the Ross Encampment on April 17th without 19. 6 providing adequate and available shelter space for every homeless 7 individual is a violation of Martin V. Boise, and also poses a 8 direct risk to the health and safety of the Ross Encampment 9 residents as well as the health and safety of the community of 10 Santa Cruz in the following ways, Closure of the encampment would 11 force the camp residents back out in the community to camp 12 13 elsewhere with a lack of safety and security that they have 14 currently established as a community at the Ross encampment, 15 specifically the encampment is a safe place for females to sleep 16 at night and be free from fear of sexual assult, several of the 17 women at the encampment have been sexually assulted in the past 18 while camping alone. Several of the campers have been previously 19 assaulted by angry citizens. Many of the Campers have in the past 20 21 gotten multiple citations for acts of homelessness and would be 22 subject to that happening again. 23

20. There is regular harm reduction efforts in the encampment that would not be duplicated if residents were out camping on their own, the work to establish the Ross Camp Council, and network supplies for the camp would be lost if the camp were to be closed on April 17th. The regular needle exchanges, food, and -9-

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supply drop off's are helping to control the spread of disease and 1 providing for a safe environment. The city has done very little to 2 provide services, and supplies like water to the camp, which 3 4 appears to be part of its efforts to justify closing it down. It 5 would be extremely detrimental to the health and safety of over 6 200 people to close the current Ross encampment without providing 7 adequate indoor shelter spaces, and the above mentioned services. 8 21. To date the City of Santa Cruz along with Management, and 9 staff have failed to provide or promise that any adequate indoor 10 shelter spaces will be available by April 17th or at all for the 11 Ross Camp residents, or the rest of the homeless population of 12 13 Santa Cruz, therefore the Ross Camp Residents and all others 14 similarly situated pray the Court will grant an immediate 15 injunction against the closure of the Ross Encampment. 16

PARTIES

Plaintiffs:18

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22. Plaintiff Deseire Quintero is a resident of the Ross homeless 19 encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway plaza in Santa Cruz 20 21 California who has lived at the camp for the past several months. 22 She will be put at great risk if she is forced out of the Ross 23 Camp and has to camp alone because she is an older female fearing 24 for safety while camping alone. She has recieved numerous camping 25 citations that she has not been able to pay and should the City 26 close the Ross Camp she fears that she will be cited and fined 27 again when she is forced to camp elsewhere. She has walked down 28 - 10 -

highway 9 and had angry citizens throw frozen water bottles and 1 shoot paintballs at her. At the Ross Camp, she is protected by 2 male friends and campmates and will be at great risk if the Camp 3 4 is closed and she is forced to camp in the woods where she has 5 been physically assaulted and her tent and belongings vandalized 6 by angry citizens who park along the highway and search for 7 homeless camps. If the Ross Camp is closed, she will no longer 8 have a steady supply of food and other necessities provided by 9 charitable institutions. She will not have access to a 24-hour 10 bathroom and handwashing facilities and will be at risk of arrest 11 12 for performance of necessary biological functions.

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23. Plaintiff Mark Hemerbach is a resident of the Ross Encampment 14 located behind Ross in the Gateway Plaza located in Santa Cruz 15 California. He has lived in Santa Cruz for thirty-seven years and 16 17 was a business owner before becoming homeless. He fears for his 18 safety if he is forced to leave the Ross Encampment and camp alone 19 because of fear of getting citations because of non designated 20 camping areas, getting harassed in public, and vigilantiasm from 21 people in the community. He feels safe at the Ross encampment, and 22 believes there is more safety in numbers. Before he came to Ross 23 Camp he recieved multiple citations for acts of homelessness 24 25 including sleeping citations, trespass violations and multiple 26 harassing incidents from the police when camping alone and fears 27 such harassment if the Camp is closed with no indoor shelter 28 - 11 -

provided. He has tried to get into a shelter bed numerous times and been rejected. The salvation army shelter fills up within an hour, especially when the weather is foul.

4 Plaintiff Santos Mendez is a resident of the Ross homeless 24. 5 encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz 6 California. He is a member of the Ross Camp Council and lives next 7 to his female best friend Desiree, also a member of the Ross Camp 8 Council, and helps her and other females be safe from harm. If the 9 Ross Camp closes he will have to camp alone again, because in the 10 past he has been stalked and harassed in the past by angry 11 12 citizens while he tries to sleep. He knows several people that 13 have been physically assaulted while camping alone and homeless in 14 Santa Cruz. A few of them have gone to the hospital and fears that 15 could happen to him if he is forced to leave Ross Camp. 16 In the Ross Camp, he is able to sleep without the fear of harm or 17 persons hostile to the homeless ruining his belongings, some of 18 which are necessary for his survival. He fears that if he must 19 camp alone everyone will be able to steal, or ruin his belongings, 20 21 while at the Ross Encampment he has people to watch my belongings 22 including those necessary to survival. He has been cited several 23 times in the past for camping, sitting in public, and acts of 24 homelessness that he could not avoid for survival. He fears that 25 he will be cited again, which he cannot afford. He has attended 26 meetings with City officials and has volunteered in efforts to 27 maintain, clean, and organize the camp. 28 - 12 -

1 25. Plaintiff Shannon Vudmuska is a resident of the Ross homeless encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway plaza in Santa Cruz who has been both housed and homeless in Santa Cruz while living in Santa Cruz over the past 27 years. She came to Ross Camp as a survivor of domestic violence who suffers from PTSD who struggles to exist and to get stable again.

7 26. Ms. Vudmuska has been repeatedly harassed by the authorities, 8 ordered to pack up her camp and leave with nowhere to go. She fears to 9 leave the Ross Encampment because sexual assault is common against 10 homeless women who camp alone. She fears that she could dehydrate and or 11 starve somewhere in the woods all alone if forced to leave the safety of 12 the Ross Encampment.

13 27. Ms. Vudmuska feels same from such dangers while staying at the Ross 14 Camp whereas if something happened to her while camping alone, something 15 bad could happen or if she died, it would take a long time for others to 16 find her. If something should happen to her while camping alone, she 17 fears reporting to the police, who she says treat the homeless like 18 criminals and might not help her. If she had to leave the Ross Camp, and 19 camp away from the safety and community it provides, she fears violence 20 from community vigilanties, including a local group called "Take Back 21 Santa Cruz" that goes around throwing frozen water bottles at the 22 homeless. She has watched this group shake motorhomes with women inside, 23 stalk the homeless at night and harass and terrorize them with acts of 24 violence. It's very common that this happens while sleeping away from a 25 large group. In the past she has been struck with a jar flying from a 26 vehicle and been shot at with paintballs from people driving past her 27 with Take Back Santa Cruz bumper stickers and has seen the same group 28

- 13 -

raid the smaller camps, destroy tents, hit things with baseball bats and 1 fears being forced out of the Ross Camp for this reason. 2 With regard to the shelter system, she has been made the object of 28. 3 inappropriate comments including being called a "cunt" at least half a 4 dozen times at the Homeless Service Center and she is not allowed to have 5 her registered service dog stay with her at certain shelters. 6 **Defendants:** 7 8 29. Defendant CITY OF SANTA CRUZ is a municipal corporation 9 subject to suit. 10 30. Defendants SANTA CRUZ CITY COUNCIL, SANTA CRUZ CITY MANAGER 11 MARTIN BERNAL, SANTA CRUZ MANAGEMENT ANALYST SUSIE O'HARA, SANTA 12 CRUZ CITY MANAGER TINA SHULL and SANTA CRUZ CHIEF OF POLICE ANDREW 13 MILLS are elected or appointed officials of the City of Santa 14 Cruz. "TAKE BACK SANTA CRUZ" is an organization connected to the 15 Santa Cruz Police Department and Police Chief Andrew Mills which 16 17 includes members that have perpetrated acts of violence against 18 the homeless in addition to using social media to spread myths and 19 anti-homeless hate. 20 Cause of Action 21 Violation of the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution as 22 Applied to the States Through the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. 23 31. As described above, the City's announced intention to close 24 the Ross Camp having admitted that it cannot and will not provide 25 26 any alternative indoor shelter is in direct contradiction to 27 28 - 14 -

Martin v. Boise[quote] and, as such, constitutes a violation of the Eighth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Request for Injunctive Relief and Declaratory Judgment Memorandum of Points and Authorities

6 32. Plaintiffs are entitled to a preliminary injunction where 7 they are able to establish: (1) A likelihood of success on the 8 merits; (2) a likelihood of irreparable harm in the absence of 9 preliminary relief; that the balance of equities tips in the 10 plaintiffs' favor; and (4) preliminary relief is in the public 11 12 interest. Winter v. Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc. 555 13 U.S. 7, 20 (2008)

14 33. In this case the City of Santa Cruz, as has been described 15 above and in the Plaintiffs' declarations, has effectively 16 admitted that it is in violation of the 8th Amendment in as much as 17 it has announced its intention to close the Ross Camp despite its 18 admission that no indoor alternative shelter exists. The City Code 19 is full of prohibitions that they have used repeatedly and would 20 21 use again against those in the Ross Camp who would not or could 22 not leave.

34. On March 25, 2019, Santa Cruz City Manager Martin Bernal posted "An Open Letter to the Santa Cruz Community" on the City's website. In it, Bernal announced that the City will close the Ross Camp beginning one week before a "final close out on April 17th or 18th", i.e., tomorrow, Wednesday, April 10, 2019. (Exhibit A, 28

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Bernal Open Letter.

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35. At the same time, in the same Open Letter, Bernal concedes that under the decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in Martin v. City of Boise, 902 F.3d 1031 (9th Cir. 2018), as amended on denial of rehearing, ---F.3d---, 2019 WL 1434046 5 (Apr. 1, 2019), the City of Santa Cruz "can't simply close down the encampment as we have done in the past" but has to "identify alternatives for those sleeping [there]" before attempting to do 8 Finally, Bernal's Open Letter expressly admits that the CITY so. 9 DOES NOT HAVE AVAILABLE SHELTER. 10

36. Yet, despite these admissions, as of the filing of this 11 complaint and motion, the City of Santa Cruz has not rescinded its 12 decision to begin dismantling the Ross Camp, thus placing 200 13 14 homeless Ross Camp residents at great in imminent legal and 15 physical peril. Should residents remain, they will run afoul of a 16 number of local code sections, for which they may be cited as 17 infractions or misdemeanors including 6.36.010 (setting up 18 campsite with intent to remain overnight); 13.04.011(C)-In Park 19 After Hours); 13.04.010 (limitations on access and use of public 20 property); 9.5.012(D) (Sitting Down - Within 14 feet of 21 22 sidewalk);9.5.0.012(B);(Sitting down on public sidewalk within 14 23 feet of any building window.) 24 37. In this case the City of Santa Cruz will bring irreparable 25 harm to those in the camp should it close Ross Camp. As shown in 26 the Declarations in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion, pushed out of 27 the Camp where at least there is safety in numbers, access to food 28 - 16 -

and sanitary facilities, etc., the homeless-and especially 1 females-will be forced out to isolated areas where they were 2 previously at risk for violence and will once again be in the same 3 4 dangerous position of suffering irreparable harm. We should not 5 have to wait for one of us to be raped or physically assaulted or 6 become ill for lack of food or sanitation facilities or suffer 7 arrest and confiscation of our possessions before the Court 8 intervenes. 9 38. In this case the balance of equities tips strongly in our 10 favor and an Injunction to stop the closing of Ross Camp until 11 everyone is actually provided with indoor shelter is in the public 12 13 interest. We are members of the public, too. We have a right to be 14 protected, too. And right now, the City of Santa Cruz wants to 15 send us back out to the dangerous, isolated circumstances where we 16 are vulnerable to being shot with paintballs, sexually assaulted 17 and to the loss of everything we own and depend upon to survive by 18 violent persons who have been stirred up by the constant fear-19 20 mongering against homeless persons as described in the 21 Declarations supporting this legal action. 22 The City of Santa Cruz Does Not Have Sufficient Available 23 Indoor Beds to Accommodate Ross Camp Residents, Let Alone all Homeless in the Jurisdiction 24 39. It is undisputed that the number of homeless in Santa Cruz 25 far exceeds the number of available shelter beds. (See Declaration 26 of Steve Peich) According to the most recent "point in time" count 27

for which data is available, in 2017 there were over 1,200 - 17-

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unhoused persons within the City and just under 2,250 unhoused 1 persons within the County, and it is likely that the numbers have 2 increased since then. (Also, as the Martin court observed, "it is 3 4 widely recognized that a one-night point in time count will 5 undercount the homeless population " 902 F.3d at 1036.) Yet at 6 present, it appears that there are fewer than 300 shelter beds in 7 the County as a whole, and fewer in the City. Many of these beds 8 are at shelters with some type of restriction, for example only 9 for families or only for people with a mental illness. Moreover, 10 these shelters are all at or near capacity. (See Declaration of 11 12 Steve Pleich). Even if all of these could be counted as truly 13 "available" within the meaning of *Martin* (which they plainly 14 cannot), that would mean that the City has beds available for at 15 most 20% of its unhoused population. 16 40. From City Manager Bernard's March 25, 2019 Open Letter, it 17 appears that the City believes that it would be entitled to close 18 down the Ross camp as soon as it has identified a number of new 19 indoor beds equal to the number of residents of the Ross camp. 20 Martin, however, states that there must be a sufficient number of 21 22 indoor beds throughout the City to accommodate all unhoused 23

persons in the City before closure could take place.

24

25

Conclusion

41. As we file this Complaint and Motion, we homeless residents of Ross Camp are faced with a tragic situation. The City of Santa Cruz, assisted by hostile elements in the community including some -18-

members of the "Take Santa Cruz Back", creating a climate of fear 1 and violence, is simply ignoring the law at our expense. Any day 2 we may face danger in the streets and beyond if we are locked out 3 4 of Ross Camp with no safe place to go. Any day they can kick us 5 out with the excuse of a camp clean up or no excuse at all, with 6 no guarantee most or any of us can come back and no safe indoor 7 place to go where we might escape the elements or a thrown bottle 8 or worse. A dangerous climate of fear is in the City, every day 9 anti-homeless tirades on social media and angry crowds mobbing 10 City Council meetings. We ask that the City be stopped until 11 12 homeless plaintiffs have a chance to put all the facts to the 13 Court.

14

Prayer For Relief

15 42. Wherefore, Plaintiffs pray: That the Court enjoin Defendants 16 from closing Ross Camp unless and until it has provided this Court 17 in advance of any evictions with hard, verifiable evidence that 18 all those who will be displaced are assured safe indoor shelter 19 consistent with the Ninth Circuit decision in Martin v. Boise, 20 21 applicable, as the City itself has admitted, to the situation 22 here; that the Court declare the City's announced policy and plan 23 to close Ross Camp in the admitted absence of existing or planned 24 indoor alternative shelter to provide to those displaced from Ross 25 Camp to be an unconstitutional violation of the Eighth Amendment 26 as applied to the States under the 14th Amendment; and further, 27 that Defendant "Take Back Santa Cruz" be enjoined from dangerous 28 - 19 -

inflammatory hate speech and ordered to publicly alert its members 1 and followers to refrain from performing or inciting acts of 2 physical violence against homeless persons and all other relief 3 4 deemed appropriate by the Court. 5 Demand for Jury Trial 6 Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure No. 38, 43. 7 Plaintiffs demand trial by jury of all issues so triable. 8 Notice to Defendants 9 On April 8, 2019, Per F.R.C.P. Rule 65 "Injunctions and 44. 10 Restraining Orders", Ross Camp Liaison Alicia Kuhl notified Santa 11 12 Cruz City Attorney Tony Condotti via Email that Plaintiffs had 13 initiated a lawsuit and were going to file a motion for 14 preliminary injunction on April 9, 2019 and received a 15 Confirmation that the Email was delivered. Liaison Kuhl's attempts 16 to locate an appropriate officer of "Take Back Santa Cruz" to 17 provide notification were unsuccessful. No officers are identified 18 at the "Take Back Santa Cruz" Website nor otherwise publicly 19 disclosed. (See Declaration of Alicia Kuhl). 20 21 Respectfully Submitted, 22 Deseire Ouinterc 23 24 nhe 25 Mark emersbac 26 27 Santo Mendez 28

- 20 -

1 Shannon Vudmuska 2 Robert M 3 MAN MAN UFF" Robert 4 an 5 Vanessa Montoy 6 Sonny 7 8 Raf al d 9 10 Macedo 'n 11 12 Michael Sweatt 13 Chrystol Olsson, 14 Plaintiffs 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 - 21 -

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Homeless Deaths Reach A New High In Santa Cruz County

By KRISTA ALMANZAN (/PEOPLE/KRISTA-ALMANZAN) • DEC 20, 2017

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- f Share (http://facebook.com/sharer.php? $\underline{u}=http\%3A\%2F\%2Fwww.tinyurl.com\%2Fy4s7y6f4&t=Homeless\%20Deaths\%20Reach\%20A\%20New\%20High\%20Ir$
- Starting Google+ (https://plus.google.com/share?url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.tinyurl.com%2Fy4s7y6f4)
- Email (mailto:?

subject=Homeless%20Deaths%20Reach%20A%20New%20High%20In%20Santa%20Cruz%20County&body=http%3

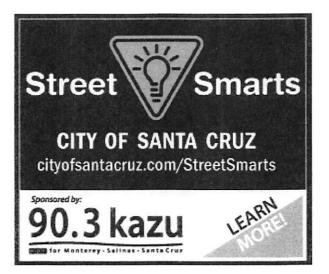
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(https://www.kazu.org/sites/kazu/files/styles/x_large/public/201712/IMG-0173.JPG)

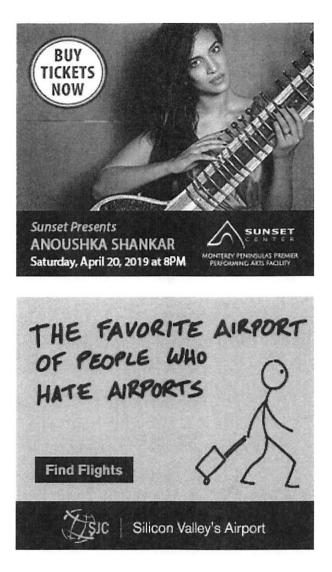
An annual memorial at the Santa Cruz Homeless Services Center honored the local homeless who died in 2017.

KRISTA ALMANZAN



Listen

1:39



The number of homeless deaths in Santa Cruz County has reached a new high. The fifty people who died homeless in 2017 were honored in a memorial service Tuesday.

Annual homeless memorials typically coincide with the Winter Solstice (December 21st) because it's the longest night of the year. About 150 ceremonies will be held across the country, according to Phil Kramer, Executive Director of the Homeless Services Center (http://www.santacruzhsc.org/) in Santa Cruz.

It was standing room only at the ceremony there in Santa Cruz. Community members and homeless advocates listened quietly as the names of the people who died homeless this year in Santa Cruz County were read aloud.

"I have really mixed feelings about today. I'm really glad that we are all here and we are together and we are taking time to reflect, remember and hopefully feel a kinship with each other," Kramer told the group.

"But of course I wish we didn't need to do this at all. I wish we didn't need to have a homeless memorial. Having people die on the streets of our community is nothing less than a failure measured in human tragedy."

On the far wall, brightly colored sheets of paper listed each person's name and age. The oldest among them was Kathryn Cline. At 86 years old, she was living in her car. She died in the hospital. The youngest was Jaime Espinoza. The homeless 26 year old died on the Pajaro River levy in Watsonville.

Matthew Nathanson knew just about everyone on the list. He's a Public Health Nurse with the County's Homeless Persons Health Project. Nathanson also writes the annual report on homeless deaths. The number is up from 37 in 2016 to 50 in 2017.

"Seeing a big jump this year makes me wonder the why of it. I don't think we fully understand it. Some of it is the homeless population in general has increased," said Nathanson.

"I also noted that there was a significant increase in the number of people who were over 60 who died, which either you could say 'well people are living longer', but I think more it also is a marker that more people later in life are becoming homeless."

He said drugs and alcohol were a huge factor in many of the deaths.

"I think there are solutions. I think as a community we just have to decide to put the resources into them. I think a piece would be to really increase the funding and resources for drug and alcohol treatment," said Nathanson.

He said right now when people come to him for help with substance abuse, often he can only offer a spot on the waiting list for existing programs.

Homeless is California is on the rise. According a recent report (https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/2017-AHAR-Part-1.pdf) by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, California had a 13.7% increase in its homeless population between 2016 and 2017.

The number of estimated homeless in the state is 134,278. That accounts for 25% of the

U.S.'s homeless population.

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OPEN LETTER TO THE SANTA CRUZ COMMUNITY— ON HOMELESSNESS

From City Manager Martín Bernal

Post Date:03/25/2019 4:30 PM

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For our residents and visitors to Santa Cruz, the homeless encampment at the Highway 1 and 9 intersection is nearly unmissable. Growing from a handful of scattered tents last fall, by late December the encampment had nearly reached its current size. Our community has shared concerns about the encampment, its effects on nearby residents, local businesses, the environment and the commuters and recreators traveling along the San Lorenzo Riverwalk. In response, homelessness, and specifically how to address this unsanctioned encampment, has been the topic of many recent policy discussions at City Council meetings.

Given the City's rapidly evolving response to the encampment, I understand the confusion about the encampment's current status and what is being done to address the conditions there—as well as impacts on the greater community. We offer this letter to the community to provide a summary of current Council-directed activities, with the intent to provide regular updates on actions and plans with you.

The Gateway Encampment (Camp Ross as described by some) poses significant public health and safety concerns. In addition to ongoing risk of fire and general public safety challenges, the health conditions are very, very poor and the County's Public Health Official has recommended the encampment's immediate closure due to the risk of communicable disease and continued pest infestation. The City recognizes and supports the real urgency to close the encampment for the safety of all.

However, although the health and safety concerns are well documented, the City can't simply close down the encampment as has been done with others in the past. There are new legal rules that require the City to take several steps before the closure of the encampment can occur. The new rules arise from the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals case, Martin v. Boise, which requires a municipality to have low-barrier shelter available for displaced encampment sleepers in order to legally close the encampment.

With this change in the law, the City has to identify alternatives for those sleeping in the encampment. Our current best estimate is that there are 100 or fewer people sleeping there at night—although the daytime population can swell to 150-200. We believe that alternatives for this number of people can be met with the opening of two programs.

The first is a temporary managed homeless camp at 1220 River Street, the site of last year's River Street Camp. Opening on April 17, 2019, operated by the Salvation Army, and funded with State homeless grants, this program will provide shelter for 60 people. The program will be "bus in/out" and will be staffed and managed. Basic hygiene services will be offered. The program will have safety standards, behavioral expectations including no drug use, and security onsite.

With that program in the works, the City needed to find space for 40-50 more sleepers—so that the Gateway Encampment can be legally and effectively closed. After consideration of potential sites at the March 12 and March 19 City Council meetings, the City Council selected the temporary use of Parking Lot 24, which is north of Depot Park and accessed from Washington Street.

This Lot 24 Program will be a "Safe Sleeping and Storage Program"—also called a "dusk to dawn" program, where sleepers are allowed to enter into an enclosed, monitored space at a determined time in the evening to sleep for the night. Each morning, any tents or sleeping equipment will be taken down and the sleepers will vacate the site for the day. There will be storage onsite for the sleeping equipment and the site will have basic hygiene resources (restrooms and handwashing stations). The program will have safety standards, behavioral expectations including no drug use, and security onsite. This program has been authorized by the City Council to operate for 30 days, with the possibility of 30-day extensions approved by the City Council.

The current deadline is April 17 to have both the 1220 River Street and the Lot 24 programs available to open. The Encampment closure process will likely take a week—beginning days before April 17, with the final close out on the 17th or 18th. Thereafter, the City will need weeks to clean and restore the vacated Gateway Encampment site.

While this planning work is going on, the City and County of Santa Cruz staff continue to provide hygiene (restrooms, handwashing stations, public health checks and resources, and public safety (fire and police) response and interventions. Staff are working this week with the encampment sleepers to establish a safer site footprint and tent configurations.

The Gateway Encampment continues to pose a significant challenge for all in our community and we are working as quickly as we can, within the new legal operating environment, to resolve the unsafe conditions.

Thank you for your engagement and understanding as the City works through this challenge. As I stated at the outset, we will provide ongoing updates.

Martín

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Declaration of Deseire Quintero,

1. I am a resident of the Ross homeless encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway plaza in Santa Cruz California. I have lived at the camp for the past several months.

2. I will be put at a greater danger if I leave the Ross Camp and camp alone because I am a female, and being homeless is already dangerous but being a female, especially an older female I have serious fears for my health, and safety while camping alone. I have recieved several citations for acts of being homeless in the past, I have had numerous camping citations that I have not been able to afford to pay off. In the past I struggled to pay citations and I cannot afford for that to happen to me again. The police here will find any reason to give you a ticket if they find you out camping somewhere in the city, it has happened to me so many times, I have a major fear that this will happen to me again. The police here have a reputation to fine the homeless for anything they can possibly come up with.

3. I know several females that have been sexually assaulted, and violently assaulted while camping alone in the Santa Cruz area. I have not been sexually assaulted but I know several people that have, and I have been physically assaulted and threatened by angry citizens in Santa Cruz that hate homeless people.

4. I have walked down highway 9 and had angry citizens throw frozen water bottles at me, and shoot paintballs. I have also been camping in the woods alongside highway 9 and had angry citizens park along the highway and search for homeless camps. When they find a camp they ruin tents, and belongings, and terrorize people, sometimes even assaulting them, this has happened to me while camping there, and I was terrified.

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5. I have witnessed angry citizens shoot paintballs at homeless peoples dogs in Santa Cruz.

6. I have steady supplies to eat and drink at the Ross Camp as well as a bathroom to use, if I leave the Ross Encampment I will lose access to a 24 hour bathroom, and hand washing station. I have a very real fear that I could starve or dehydrate out in the elements somewhere while camping alone if I leave the Ross Camp. I have established a sense of community with the people that donate to the camp, and work with the residents and I don't want to lose that.

7. At the Ross Camp I live in a tent next to my male best friend Santos, he helps keep me safe, he helps keep all of the women in the camp as well as some other people here safe from sexual assault, we all watch out for each other, and if I were forced to leave this camp and camp by myself I would lose that safety, and security. I would be put at a very great risk, and I am very scared. 8. I have witnessed friends die in Santa Cruz from various reasons, some of those reasons are from homelessness and lack of shelter, I have a friend who died because she was disabled and stuck in a tent in the woods, she died of the elements.

9. I am a cancer survivor and I use medical marijuana, I cannot stay in a local shelter because they basically do not allow me to have my medicine that I have to have. They do not allow it on premises, allow me to consume my medicine while living there, and if they found out in many cases I would get kicked out. I lived at the Rebele shelter in 2009 and was nearly kicked out because they suspected I was using marijuana.

10. I feel safe at the Ross Camp because we are here all together, if we were to have to leave here my biggest fear is that I could get cancer from stress again, or slip and fall in the woods, or be sexually assaulted, or die alone.

11. I became homeless and living at the ross camp because my section 8 voucher expired, and I could not find a rental within the time limit they allow. There is a serious lack of affordable housing and shelter bed availability in santa cruz and so living at the ross camp became my only option.

12. Attached hereto is a true and correct copy of a Photograph of myself.

I declare this statement is true under penalty of Date



Exhibit A Deseire Ouintero Declaration of Shannon Vudmuska,

1. I am a resident of the Ross homeless encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway plaza in Santa Cruz. I originally became homeless in 1996. I have been both homeless, and housed while living in Santa Cruz over the past 27 years.

2. People do not become homeless because something great happened to them, its usually from something traumatic. In my case I am a survivor of domestic violence. I have PTSD. There is alot of PTSD and shock involved leading to homelessness, no one just woke up and decided not to live in a house, and its very difficult to just enter back into normalcy. It takes time, we need some place stable to exist and to get stable again.

3. In the past I have been given just twenty four hours and a stay away order to pack up my camp and leave with nowhere else to go, and no shelter available. The rangers and police use selective enforcement in my opinion with how they treat people and enforce laws in Santa Cruz.

4. They selectivly allow people in many of the shelters in Santa Cruz, and it is not on a first come first serve basis.

5. I fear to leave the Ross Encampment and camp alone because sexual assault out here is common. I personally have not been sexually assaulted but I know many people that have, and I have had other attacks happen to me while camping alone. I don't sleep well do to a personal childhood incident in the past, and I feel safe from sexual assault staying at the Ross Camp.

6. I have a dog which is one of the reasons I cannot go into a shelter, he keeps me safe out here.

7. I am worried that if I were out camping alone something bad could happen to me, and if I died alone it could take someone a long amount of time to find me. I also fear that if something happens to me, and I tell the police, the police around here have a known history of treating the homeless like criminals, and they may not help me.

8. If I leave the Ross Camp, and camp away from the safety of the group I fear from community vigilanties, there is a local group called Take Back Santa Cruz that goes around throwing frozen water bottles at the homeless, I have watched this group shake motorhomes with women inside, they stalk the homeless at night and harass and terrorize them with acts of violence. Its very common that this happens while sleeping away from a large group. In the past I was hit with a jar flying from a vehicle. I have been shot at with paintballs from people driving past me with Take Back Santa Cruz bumper stickers. I have been harassed, and followed around in supermarkets, that in itself is a fear.

8. Vigilanties in Santa Cruz have raided small camps, broken tents, hit things with baseball bats its a continuous thing around here, and I am in danger if I leave the Ross encampment and go out into that.

9. The sexual harassment and verbal abuse that happens at the shelters here is another reason that I have isuues with going to a shelter, on several occasions I have had very inappropriate comments made to me by staff members, my most recent experience was just four months ago at the homeless service center some very inapropriate comments about women were made. I feel like I have been treated in a dehumanizing way and humiliated with abusive comments, and experiences while staying at the shelter here. I have fear of this happening again.

10. I have been called a cunt approximatly fifteen times over the past three years while seeking services on the campus of the homeless services center and while living at the shelter in Santa Cruz by the staff. I have fear of the staff at the shelters in Santa Cruz because they hire people with criminal records, and who are on parole. There are three social workers that I am aware of there that started their jobs right out of prison. I do not trust the staff at the shelters, and I have no reason to trust them. The strange thing is that the shelter refuses to hire anyone that is homeless.

11. I cannot take my service dog to the shelter without proving my need for him, regardless of the fact that he is registered as a service dog. I have been told this by a few shelters here. I feel like my health issues have qualified me, yet I have still been denied to have my dog with me at the shelters in Santa Cruz. Most recently I was denied just a year ago at the Paul Lee Loft shelter. I cannot give away my pet that keeps me safe, and sane. The shelter shows extreme favortism sometimes, when it comes to who gets to have their service animals. I have been denied on several occasions.

12. There is a severe shortage in the available resources that are in Santa Cruz, and nearly no available shelter beds, there are also almost no open restrooms in the city of Santa Cruz but the Ross Encampent currently has 10 restrooms including disability restrooms, there is regular water, food, and supply distribution there as well as weekly harm reduction efforts, all of these things would not be available to me if I were to leave the Ross encampment and that would put me at great risk of harm.

13. I fear that I could dehydrate and or starve somewhere in the woods all alone if I were forced to leave the safety of the Ross Encampment, and camp by myself.

14. In the past I have gotten several citations for being homeless, everything from Camping to Tresspass, and I cannot afford to be cited

like that again for acts of survival because I am homeless. I have fear that I could endure this process again if I leave the Ross Camp.

15. I have been to several weekly meeting with the city, and one included the fire chief in which the Ross Camp residents including myself assisted in planning, organization, and clean up efforts to maintain health and safety standards at the camp.

16. Attached hereto is a true and correct Photo of myself. I declare this statement is true under penalty of Perjury.

Signed **9 Underste** Date: <u>4/8/</u>19



Exhibit A.

Shannon Vudmuska Hemers bach Declaration of Mark Hemersbach,

1. I Am a resident of the Ross Encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway Plaza located in Santa Cruz California. I have been homeless twice, this is my second time. I have lived in Santa Cruz for thirty seven years. I was previously a business owner in the Santa Cruz area.

2. I fear for my safety if I leave the Ross Encampment and camp alone because of fear of getting citations because of non designated camping areas, getting harassed in public, and vigilantiasm from people in the community.

3. I feel safe at the Ross encampment, and I believe there is more safety in numbers. I would be so much more open and prone to abuse, and the hazards of being on the street if I were out camping alone. I have recieved multiple citations for acts of homelessness including sleeping citations, trespass violations and multiple harassing incidents from the police when camping alone. I have a fear that I will endure such a thing again if I leave the Ross Camp, I can't afford to live that way and get citation after citation it has made my life extemely difficult on top of the challenges that I already face being homeless. I have a fear that I will go through that cycle of citations again that I still haven't recovered from what I have already gone through.

4. I was almost killed the first six months that I lived in Santa Cruz while camping alone. I also watched my surrogate son get murdered on the levee two years ago. I ended up in intensive care for three weeks and was hospitalized for thirteen weeks because someone snuck up behind me and hit me in the head with a chunk of concrete. I feel scared that this could happen to me again.

5. I feel like its dangerous to be a homeless person.

6. A problem that I have with getting into a shelter is that the Salvation Army shelter only allows one small bag per person which leaves me no way to keep my other personal belongings safe. Every homeless person I know does not live out of one bag. Many homeless including myself have been homeless awhile,we often have several bags. Over time we have accumulated things we need, not luxuries but things we have to have to survive.

7. The safe storage program that is currently offered is great, but only one person is doing it, he's full, and he is busy all the time. I think we need more help in that department.

8. It poses a risk to me to not have clean dry clothes, especially in the winter time and that has to do with having a safe place to keep my things.

9. I have tried to get into a shelter bed numerous times and been rejected. The salvation army shelter fills up within an hour, especially when the weather is foul.

10. There are people that stand in line to get into the shelter, sometimes they get turned away because its full, but sometimes its for having more than one bag. People get turned away from the shelter everyday.

11. I feel sad, and its a sad reality that often the mentally ill and severly disabled are the ones turned away because they don't know all the rules and peramiters and criteria of the program, they are the ones out the latest at night. I have witnessed people on the street late at night cold, and with no shoes on, and thats the result of not being able to get into a shelter.

12. Sometimes the shelter shuttle bus that comes around is only there for thirty seconds, most of the people that make it onto the bus will get shelter but sometimes not. Trying to get into a shelter for a night can turn into a half a day project.

13. There is not enough availability of services here. 14. Attached hereto is a true and correct Photograph of myself. I declare this statement is true under penalty of Perjury,

Signed



Echibit A. Mark Hemersbach

Declaration of Alicia Kuhl,

.

1. I am a homeless advocate with Santa Cruz County Homeless Advocates, I am a resident of Santa Cruz and have been working closely with the residents of the homeless encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz California for the past several months, I live in a recreational vehicle and myself am also homeless.

2. I have made numerous phone calls to the homeless services center on Coral street which is kind of the hub for knowledge of local shelter space, only to be told on numerous occasions that there is either no available shelter bed for the night, an answer of I don't know, or a response telling me that there is an intake process.

3. In the Beginning days of March I requested to know how many people were on the waiting list to stay at the Paul Lee Loft (Not the amount of time it takes to get in) I requested only the current number of people waiting, and I never got a return call from the director.

4. I have heard numerous stories from homeless people in Santa Cruz that there is either no shelter bed available at all for them, or that the few that are available are extremely difficult to get into for various different reasons. One shelter is Ran by Faith Communities and disabled people have trouble accessing it because of a hill. I myself have tried numerous times to get into the Rebele family shelter, and I have been told that it is not a first come first serve basis. Admission to the Rebele shelter is done by a needs assessment basis, and some people can stay on the waiting list indefinitely.

5. Santa Cruz shelters have strict intake procedures, hold harmless agreements, and regulations that make them really high barrier, especially for disabled people. While I was living at the Rebele shelter in 2009 I was drug tested over seven times by my case manager Valerie and forced to leave the bathroom door open while she watched me urinate. She would pull me away from having dinner with my family, or wait for my return home from work late at night and there would be a drug test waiting for me, she would do this randomly in hopes to catch me doing something wrong even though I have never had a drug problem, and passed every single drug test. It made it very uncomfortable to stay there for the 6 months that I lived there in 2009. There was also a curfew of 8pm, as well as a rule that you had to eat 2 out of 3 meals a day there. It was almost impossible to keep working so I lost my job while I lived there.

6. The Rebele family shelter is not First come first serve which makes it open for turning people away, instead someone there decides if you are qualified enough for shelter, and then you are placed on a waiting list. I have inquired about the current legnth of the waiting list but no one will tell me.

7. The City of Santa Cruz is trying to provide band aid shelter remedies that do not meet shelter criteria because they aren't even indoor shelter proposals, and they intend to break up the Ross Encampment and potentially even criminalize the campers based on these newly developed shelter ideas, without actual adequate available accessible shelter spaces available. If they do that it will put the campers at great risk for their health and safety. The City has already announced several closure dates, and plans, and changed them this has already cased fear and anxiety that cannot be repaired. Because of this the campers have no reason to trust that the city has any intention of thinking about what is best for the health and safety of the homeless campers behind Ross. They also do not trust that the city has any plans to provide shelter, as currently there is little to none

8. I have work tirelessly to establish a tight group within the encampment that acts as a hub to work with the city known as the Ross Camp Council many of them are Plaintiffs, we have worked with city staff, the fire chief, we have accomplished setting up weekly meetings and I have worked with the community to set up regular donations of water, and food, as well as clothing and supplies to keep the residents living at the encampment well cared for while they are living there, as much as possible and I have a serious fear that if the camp is closed and they have to go back to camping in the woods and under alcoves again that all of the work I have done to create a better environment for them will be lost, they will not have the resources anymore that they have now if they are forced to leave the encampment, in fact I may not even be able to locate them, and that really scares me.

9. I have observed what I feel is direct and calculated attempts by the shelter staff, and the city staff to avoid answering direct questions about current shelter space and availability. At no time after numerous attemps at calling every single shelter in the area multiple times, over the course of months have I been able to get a straight answer from any one of them, or from the city as to the question of "Can I get a shelter bed tonight" I find this to be a serious issue, and I do specualte that keeping this information unavailable is intentional.

10. I have been harassed while living in my RV while homeless in Santa Cruz, most recently in November of 2018 I was woken up at lam by a vigilante home owner named Jason Burdick, he was on his way home from the bar and on his way home he banged on the side of my Rv and screamed for us to "Get the fuck out" when I came to the window and got out to see what was going on he proceeded to scream that if I didn't move my RV immediatly that he would come back and break all my windows, he proceeded to tell me that he makes a ton of money and doesn't want RV's in his neighborhood. I wasn't even close to his house I was parked on the corner behind the garden center a local business. I called the police for help, and when they showed up they were rude and they mocked me asking if my RV wanted to file a complaint. Then they told me to try and sympathize with why the guy doen't want RV's in his neighborhood. They didn't do anything about it, and let the guy go home to bed. I have very little faith in the police department here to protect the rights and safety of homeless people if something does happen to them.

11. I have witnessed that some of the people at the camp have a substance abuse disorder, but it is my observation that it is less than half of the residents there.

12. I have worked with the city staff, inclusing the fire chief to organize efforts with the camp residents to clean and organize the camp, and in the meetings the residents of the camp were always willing to help and cooperate in the efforts to keep the camp clean, and safe. It is my opinion that the conditions of the camp have been exaggerated in a negative way in order to justify closing of the camp. If the city were concerned to the degree they have cited they could have offered additional harm reduction efforts over the past few months as I have requested them to do, instead of procrastinating to do so, or not at all.

13. I have attended several City Council meeting over the past months and I have witnessed the City Council show an inability to stick to a decision about the Ross Encampment, they proposed a safe sleep location at lot 24 and then a week later agendized to have that repealed. During that time the citizens have become angry and rallied publicly against the homeless, they have flooded city council and made many hateful comments about the homeless. I have seen threats of violence directed at the homeless on social media on multiple occasions, and I am personally aware of a local group called Take Back Santa Cruz (TBSC) that is known to stalk and attack homeless people, especially when fueled by angry feelings over City Council decisions. I have a very serios fear for unprotected homeless people in Santa Cruz especially in solitude or smaller size groups.

14. On April 8, 2019, Per F.R.C.P. Rule 65 "Injunctions and Restraining Orders", Ross Camp Liaison Alicia Kuhl I notified Santa Cruz City Attorney Tony Condotti via Email that Plaintiffs had initiated a lawsuit and were going to file a motion for preliminary injunction on April 9, 2019 and received a Confirmation that the Email was delivered. My attempts to locate an appropriate officer of "Take Back Santa Cruz" to provide notification were unsuccessful. No officers are identified at the "Take Back Santa Cruz" Website nor otherwise publicly disclosed.

I declare this statement is true under penalty of perjury.

Follow up Notice

From: Alicia Kuhl (Alicia1L@hotmail.com)

- To: tcondotti@abc-law.com
- Cc: rnorse3@hotmail.com; princelawoffices@yahoo.com
- Date: Monday, April 8, 2019, 11:48 AM PDT

Dear Santa Cruz City Attorney,

This is a follow up to our original email,

Please be advised that we have initiated a lawsuit, and tomorrow we are filing for a Preliminary Injunction against the closure of the Ross encampment.

Thank you on behalf of the following,

Deseire Quintero, Santos Mendez, Michael Sweatt, Sonny Lopez, Rafael Saldana, Crystal Olsson, Vanessa Montoya, Juan Macedo, Mark Hemerbach, Shannon Vudmuska, and all others similarly situated. Residents of the Ross Homeless Encampment located behind Ross at the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz, California. HUFF, Food Not Bombs, Concience and Action, The Ross Camp Council, The Santa Cruz Chapter of The California Homeless Union.

Alicia Kuhl -Santa Cruz County Homeless Advocates (831) 431-7766 Alicia1L@hotmail.com Declaration of Santos Mendez,

. .

1. I am a resident of the Ross homeless encampment located behind Ross in the Gateway Plaza in Santa Cruz California. I live right next to my female best friend Desiree, and I help keep her safe from harm.

3. I fear for my safety if the Ross Camp were to close and I had to camp alone again, because I have been stalked at night time in the past, and harassed at night by angry citizens while trying to sleep.

4. I have heard numerous stories of sexual assault by the women at the camp who have camped alone, and have been raped and sexually assaulted, here at the Ross Camp I personally help keep the women of the camp safe from things like that. We have safety for the Women here at the Ross Encampment.

5. If I camp alone everyone will be able to steal, or ruin my belongings, here at the Ross Encampment I have people to watch my belongings. Some of my belongings are necessary to survival.

6. I know several people that have been physically assaulted while camping alone homeless in Santa Cruz. A few of them have gone to the hospital. I have a fear that could happen to me.

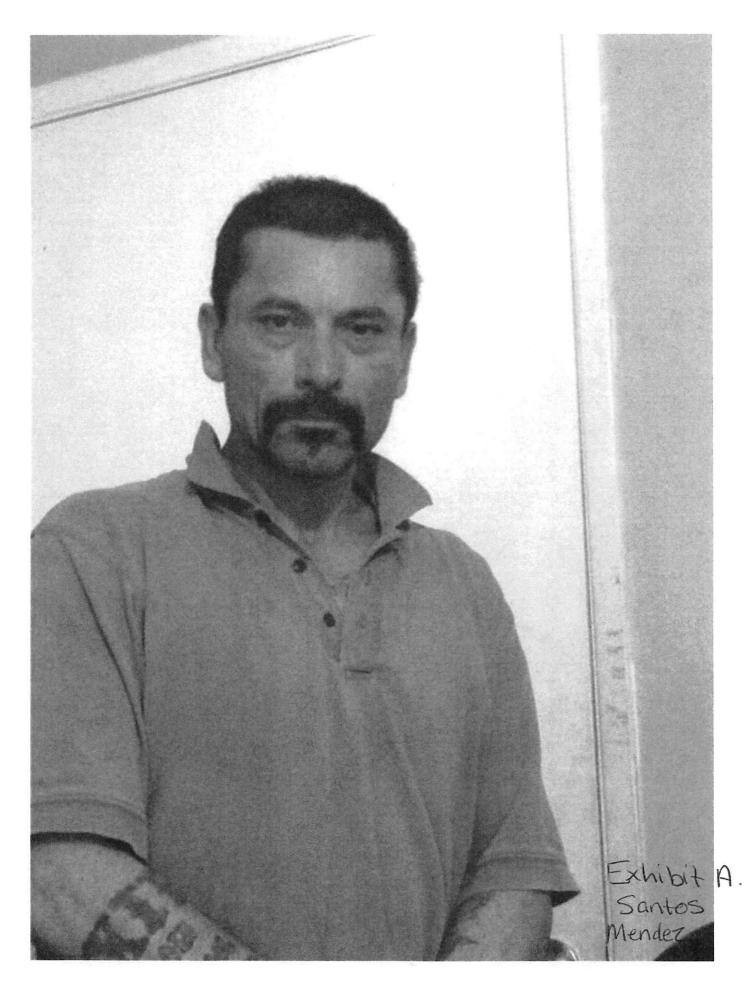
7. I have been cited several times in the past for camping, sitting in public, and acts of homelessness that I could not avoid for survival. I have fear that that could happen to me again, and financially I cannot afford to be cited for acts of survival.

8. I am on the Ross Camp Council as is my best friend Deseire Quintero, and together we, and up to sometimes 10 or more other camp residents at a time have met on a weekly basis with the staff from the city of Santa Cruz including Susi o'Hara and Megan Bunch, and the Fire Chief. In all the meetings I have attended all the camp residents have been willing to work with the city, and have even volunteered in efforts to maintain, clean, and organize the camp.

9. Attached hereto is a true and Correct Photo of myself.

I declare this statement is true under penalty of perjury,

Date: 4-8-1) Signed



Declaration of Keith McHenry, Food Not Bombs, Santa Cruz

My name is Keith McHenry, Founder of Food Not Bombs. If called upon to do so, I would and could competently testify to the following:

- 1. My organization Santa Cruz Food Not Bombs shares meals with more than 400 unhoused people every week. Our volunteers have been sharing food with the community in Santa Cruz since 1992. The number of people depending on our food has increased each month as has the number of people asking us for information on where to find shelter has also increased.
- 2. Santa Cruz Food Not Bombs also shares meal and delivers water and supplies with those living at Ross Camp. The camp has become a vital lifeline for our community.
- 3. The announcement of the imminent eviction has already caused some in tension during our meals with people at time arguing with one another. There was a dramatic increase in fights and outbursts at our meals when it was announced that the Homeless Services Center was closing its emergency shelter in June 2015 and continued for months afterwards. The same was true when the city closed the camp at the San Lorenzo Park in February 2018 and again in November 2018 when the River Street Camp was closed by the city. The closing of Ross Camp and the inadequate offer by the city for alternative accommodations will cause severe harm to our ability to provide adequate support for those without housing in Santa Cruz, California.
- 4. Since Ross Camp has opened many of those who had been seeking shelter in doorways have told us they found security at the camp and as a result have been able to find work. They are also reporting a decrease in tickets for quality of life crimes including trespassing, sitting, smoking and being in a park after hours. However, those who have not found space at Ross Camp or other shelter locations continue to show us their citations.
- 5. If Ross Camp is closed it will have a huge impact on our ability to help those who live at the camp. We are able to provide those at the park direct service in addition to our meals outside the Downtown Post Office on the weekends. Many other community groups are also helping provide meals at the Ross Camp. Closing the camp will also impact their ability to provide food. The closing of Ross Camp will mean an even larger increase in those seeking food during our meals downtown and is likely to increase tension among those coming to eat with us.
- 6. During the first weekend of May 2018 Food Not Bombs volunteer Keith McHenry was approached by a woman who introduced herself as Karen. She told him she had become homeless the day before and had been sexually assaulted on her first night on the streets. She asked if there was a shelter. Mr. McHenry asked if she had been to the Homeless Service Center and she had but they had no space. She also shared she had tried the Walnut Street Women's Center and the Salvation Army but they also did not have space. Desperate to help her Mr McHenry introduced her to a gentleman, Larry, who we trusted and suggested she might want to share a doorway on Front Street. Larry had a history of providing safety in the Front Street doorway for other Linda Lue and a couple of other women we knew.
- 7. Several more woman have come to us during the past year also saying that they had just become homeless and had been sexually abused on their first nights on the streets. They asked if we could direct them to a shelter. Again when volunteers called around for shelter and found that there was no room for them it was suggested they speak with Larry and ask to share his doorway.

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- 8. During the past few months at least two families with children also asked us for directions to a local shelter but found that there was no room for them and many men have also asked us for help and were not able to find space at the Homeless Service Center or the Salvation Army, the Warming Center or the Association of Faith Communities shelter.
- 9. Attached hereto as Exhibit A are true and correct copies of photographs taken of Food Not Bombs providing food to Ross Camp residents.

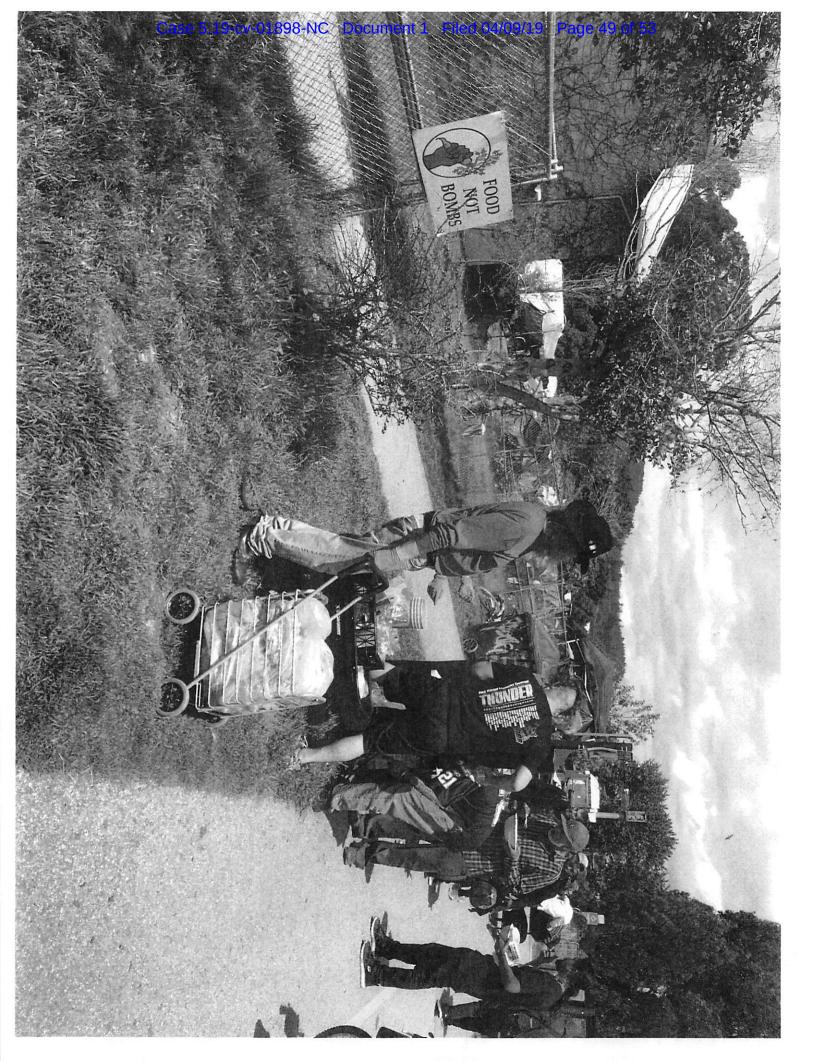
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is a true an and correct statement.

Executed at Santa Cruz

Dated: April 8, 2019

Keith McHenry





Declaration of Steve Pleich

- I, Steve Pleich, declare as follows,
- 1. I am the Program Manager for Faith Community Shelters in Santa Cruz and an advocate for people experiencing homelessness in Santa Cruz and Santa Cruz County.
- 2. I have been qualified by our local courts to testify as an expert witness on homeless issues.
- 3. I am informed and believe that there are currently more than 1000 people who are without shelter every night in the City of Santa Cruz and more than 2000 county wide.
- 4. I am informed and believe that presently existing shelter space has the capacity to shelter less than 15% of that number.
- 5. I am further informed and believe that the following shelter resources are currently available on a nightly basis.
 - Winter Shelter at the VFW with capacity of 60 bed spaces.
 - Winter Shelter (women, children, disabled only) 40 bed spaces.
 - Homeless Services Center Paul Lee Loft 32 bed spaces.
 - Homeless Services Center River Street Program 5 bed spaces.
 - Faith Community Shelter 18 bed spaces.
 - Safe Parking Program 30 bed spaces.
 - Approximately 75 bed spaces in Watsonville shelters including the Pajaro Valley Shelter.

6. Based on the foregoing, I am informed and believe that the total emergency bed spaces available are wholly inadequate to shelter the number of unsheltered persons as determined by the most recent point in time count.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed on April 5, 2019 at Santa Cruz, CA.

Steve Pleich

Declaration of Robert Norse

My name is Robert Norse, also known as Robert Norris Kahn. If called as a witness, I would competently testify to the following:

- I co-founded of HUFF (Homeless United for Friendship & Freedom), a Santa Cruz organization in 1988 to establish and defend civil rights for homeless people. HUFF has a website archiving its activities, writings, and radio broadcasts at huffsantacruz.org.
- 2. Our organization has been working with Ross Camp residents for some months to assist them in getting local governmental agencies to respect their rights. Santa Cruz has a particularly restrictive series of laws designed to discourage homeless people from coming here including bans against Sitting, Sleeping, Sparechanging, and other homeless activities in public. We encourage homeless peopdle to witness, record, document, and publish violations of basic rights that happen regularly here. To do so we meet regularly, encourage others to join our organization and maintain solidarity with each other when confronted with civil rights violations.
- 3. We have organized with the California Homeless Union, with whom we are in coalition, at the Ross Camp on a number of occasions. The presence of the community of homeless people together at the Ross Camp facilitates the abiilty of residents to register to vote, receive our educational materials, respond to our surveys, express their opinions, and pass on those views to the media and city government agencies.
- 4. I am also a broadcaster for Free Radio Santa Cruz, a local radio station. My twice-weekly show has broadcast and streamed reports, events, and concerns of the homeless community nearly 30 years. We have been particularly focused on the Ross Camp, as it is the largest homeless community in the County, and one that has been under constant threat of dispersal since its inception. Part of my task is to communicate to the general public the needs of the Ross Camp through the airwaves and internet. I also help to organize delegations to speak to the City Council on the needs of the camp.

- 5. The dispersal of the Ross Camp would severely impact our ability to serve the residents there. The fact that they are located in one area is one issue. Another is their ability to be contacted through friends and neighbors, when their phones (if they have them) are non-functional. Providing them with educational literature, petitions, and other political material is made much more difficult if a stable community is disrupted.
- 6. Our organization and the Ross Camp residents will suffer significant harm if the camp is dispersed. The rights of our members and the residents to form mutually supportive bonds impacts not only their dignity and spirit, but also their health and welfare.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing statements are true and based on personal observation or otherwise on information and belief.

Executed at Santa Cruz Dated: April 9, 2019

Robow Abisa

Robert Norse

JS-CAND 44 (Rev. 06/17) Case 5:19-cv-01898-Nerver Spice 94/09/19 Page 1 of 1 The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local-rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

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Court Name: U.S. District Court, NDCA Division: 5 Receipt Number: 54611018008 Cashier ID: waltonb Transaction Date: 04/09/2019 Payer Name: Anthony D Prince CIVIL FILING FEE For: Alicia Kuhl Case/Party: D-CAN-5-19-CV-001898-001 Amount: \$400.00 Amt Tendered: \$400.00 Total Due: \$400.00 Total Tendered: \$400.00 Change Amt: \$0.00 MC Checks and drafts are accepted

subject to collections and full credit will only be given when the check or draft has been accepted by the financial institution on which it was drawn.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Controversial Plan to Clear Out Santa Cruz Homeless Camp Sparks Lawsuit</u>