

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

MICHELLE PETREY, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

VISIONS FEDERAL CREDIT UNION,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 3:20-CV-1147 (MAD/ML)

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, Michelle Petrey (“Plaintiff” or “Ms. Petrey”, by her undersigned counsel, on behalf of herself and all persons similarly situated, for her Class Action Complaint (“Complaint”) against Defendant, Visions Federal Credit Union (“Visions” or “Credit Union”), alleges the following:

INTRODUCTION

1. When consumers open a checking account with their Credit Union, they have to enter into a standard contract written by the Credit Union and its lawyers. All the Credit Union has to do is honor the contract it wrote and comply with the terms it dictated.

2. Visions promises its customers that if their account balance drops too low to cover a particular item, such as a check, withdrawal, or service charge, Visions will charge the customer a single \$25 insufficient funds fee (“NSF Fee”) per item. But as Ms. Petrey and consumers all over the country have discovered, Visions doesn’t abide by this promise. Instead, Visions routinely charges its customers multiple NSF Fees for the same item, thereby driving their account balances deeper into negative territory.

3. Visions' customers have been injured by the Credit Union's improper practices to the tune of millions of dollars taken from their accounts in violation of Visions' clear contractual commitments.

4. Ms. Petrey, on behalf of herself and two Classes of similarly situated consumers – a “National Class” and a “New York Class,” as defined in Paragraph 37 of this Complaint –seeks to end Visions’s abusive and predatory practices and force it to refund all of these improper charges. Plaintiff asserts claims against Defendant for breach of contract; breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing; violations of state consumer protection law; and/or unjust enrichment, and seeks damages, restitution, and injunctive relief, as alleged in this Complaint.

PARTIES

5. Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Binghamton, Broome County, New York, and holds a Visions FCU checking account.

6. Visions is engaged in the business of providing retail Credit Union services to consumers, including Plaintiff and the members of the proposed Class(es). Visions maintains its corporate headquarters at 24 McKinley Avenue, Endicott, Broome County, New York. In addition to branches located in the State of New York, Visions also has twelve branches located in the State of New Jersey and ten branches located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2) & (6), this Court has jurisdiction because (a) the proposed Class is comprised of at least 100 members; (b) at least one member of the proposed Class resides outside of the State of New York; and (3) the aggregate claims of the members of the proposed Class exceed \$5 million, exclusive of interest and costs.

8. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Visions is subject to personal jurisdiction here and regularly conducts business in this District, and because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims in this Complaint occurred in this District.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND AND GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

I. VISIONS CHARGES MORE THAN ONE NSF FEE ON THE SAME ITEM

9. Visions' Account Documents allow it to charge a *single* \$25 NSF Fee or a *single* \$25 Overdraft Fee ("OD Fee") when an item is returned for insufficient funds or paid despite insufficient funds.

10. Visions breaches its contract by charging more than one \$25 NSF Fee on the same item because the contract explicitly states—and reasonable consumers understand—that the same item can only incur a single NSF or OD Fee.

11. Visions' abusive and unlawful practices are not standard within the financial services industry. Indeed, major banks like JP Morgan Chase—the largest consumer bank in the country—charge one NSF Fee per item, even if that item is resubmitted for payment multiple times. Although some other banks or credit unions engage in the same practices as Visions, they clearly disclose those charges in the deposit agreements with their customers.

12. Visions' Deposit Agreement does not say that Visions repeatedly charges customers multiple NSF fees on a single item. To the contrary, the Deposit Agreement indicates Visions will only charge a single NSF Fee or OD Fee on an item.

A. Plaintiff's Experience As A Visions Account Holder

13. In support of her claims, Plaintiff offers examples of fees that should not have been assessed against her checking account. As alleged below, Visions (a) reprocessed

previously declined items and (b) charged an additional fee upon reprocessing, for a total assessment of \$50 in fees on each item.

14. On October 6, 2014, Plaintiff attempted to make an ACH payment.

15. Visions rejected payment of that item due to insufficient funds in Plaintiff's account and charged her a \$25 NSF Fee for doing so. Plaintiff does not dispute this initial fee because it is allowed by Visions' Deposit Agreement.

16. Unbeknownst to Plaintiff, however, and without her request to Visions to reprocess the item, on the next day (October 10, 2014), Visions processed the same item yet again. Once again, Visions returned the item unpaid and charged Plaintiff *another* \$25 NSF Fee for doing so.

17. In sum, Visions assessed Plaintiff \$50 in fees in its failed effort to process a single payment.

18. The same pattern occurred on October 20, 2014, and October 24, 2014, with respect to an attempted payment made on each occasion by the Plaintiff.

B. The Imposition Of Multiple NSF Fees On A Single Item Violates Visions' Express Promises And Representations

19. Visions' Account Documents state that the Credit Union will assess a single fee of \$25 for an item that is returned due to insufficient funds.

20. According to Visions Service Charge Schedule, at most a *single* fee will be assessed when an item is returned or paid into overdraft:

Non-sufficient Funds on ACH.....\$25

See Visions Service Charge Schedule, "Overdraft/Negative Balance/Returned Check Charges" (May 2013) – Exhibit A to this Complaint.

21. The same check, automatic bill payment, or other electronic payment on an account is not a new item each time it is rejected for payment then reprocessed, especially when—as here—Plaintiff took no action to resubmit the item.

22. The disclosures never discuss a circumstance where Visions may assess multiple fees for an item that was returned for insufficient funds and later reprocessed one or more times and returned again.

23. Even if Visions reprocesses an instruction for payment, it is still the same item. The Credit Union’s reprocessing is simply another attempt to effectuate an account holder’s original order or instruction.

24. As alleged herein, Plaintiff took only a single action to make a single payment; thus, she created only one item and may be charged only a single fee.

25. Taken together, the representations and omissions identified above convey to customers that all submissions for payment of the same transaction will be treated as the same item, which the Credit Union will either pay (resulting in an overdraft item) or return (resulting in a returned item) when it decides there are insufficient funds in the account. Nowhere does Visions disclose to Plaintiff and Class members that it will treat each reprocessing of a check or ACH payment as a separate item, subject to additional fees; nor do Visions customers ever agree to such fees.

26. Customers reasonably understand, based on the language of the Account Documents, that the Credit Union’s reprocessing of checks or ACH payments are simply additional attempts to complete the original order or instruction for payment and, as such, will not trigger additional NSF Fees. In other words, it is always the same item.

27. Banks and credit unions like Visions that employ this abusive multiple fee practice know how to plainly and clearly disclose it. Indeed, other banks and credit unions that do engage in this abusive practice disclose it expressly to their account holders—something that Visions never did.

28. For example, First Hawaiian Bank engages in the same abusive practices as Visions, but at least currently discloses it in its online Banking agreement, in all capital letters, as follows:

YOU AGREE THAT MULTIPLE ATTEMPTS MAY BE MADE TO SUBMIT A RETURNED ITEM FOR PAYMENT AND THAT MULTIPLE FEES MAY BE CHARGED TO YOU AS A RESULT OF A RETURNED ITEM AND RESUBMISSION.

Terms and Conditions of FHB Online Services, First Hawaiian Bank 40, https://www.fhb.com/en/assets/File/Home_Banking/FHB_Online/Terms_and_Conditions_of_FHB_Online_Services_RXP1.pdf (last accessed September 25, 2019) (emphasis added).

29. Klein Bank similarly states in its online banking agreement:

[W]e will charge you an NSF/Overdraft Fee each time: (1) a Bill Payment (electronic or check) is submitted to us for payment from your Bill Payment Account when, at the time of posting, your Bill Payment Account is overdrawn, would be overdrawn if we paid the item (whether or not we in fact pay it) or does not have sufficient available funds; or (2) we return, reverse, or decline to pay an item for any other reason authorized by the terms and conditions governing your Bill Payment Account. **We will charge an NSF/Overdraft Fee as provided in this section regardless of the number of times an item is submitted or resubmitted to us for payment, and regardless of whether we pay the item or return, reverse, or decline to pay the bill payment.**

Consumer and Small Business Online Access Agreement, Klein Bank ¶ H, <https://www.kleinbankonline.com/bridge/disclosures/ib/disclosed.html> (last accessed September 25, 2019) (emphasis added).

30. Central Pacific Bank, a leading bank in Hawai'i, states in its Fee Schedule under the “MULTIPLE NSF FEES” subsection: “Items and transactions (such as, for example, checks and electronic transactions/payments) returned unpaid due to insufficient/non-sufficient (“NSF”) funds in your account, may be resubmitted one or more times for payment, and a \$25 fee will be imposed on you each time an item and transaction resubmitted for payment is returned due to insufficient/nonsufficient funds.” *Miscellaneous Fee Schedule*, Central Pacific Bank 1 (Feb. 15, 2019), <https://www.centralpacificbank.com/PDFs/Miscellaneous-Fee-Schedule.aspx>.

31. BP Credit Union likewise states: “We may charge a fee each time an item is submitted or resubmitted for payment; therefore, you may be assessed more than one fee as a result of a returned item and resubmission(s) of the returned item.”

32. Visions provides no such disclosure and, in so doing, breaches its contracts with account holders, engages in bad faith conduct, and deceives its account holders.

C. The Imposition Of Multiple NSF Fees On A Single Item Breaches Visions’s Duty Of Good Faith And Fair Dealing

33. Parties to a contract are required not only to adhere to the express conditions in the contract, but also to act in good faith when they are vested with a discretionary power over the other contracting party. In such circumstances, the party with discretion is required to exercise that power and discretion in good faith. This creates an implied promise to act in accordance with the parties’ reasonable expectations and means that the Credit Union is prohibited from exercising its discretion to enrich itself and gouge its customers. Indeed, the Credit Union has a duty to honor transaction requests in a way that is fair to Plaintiff and its other customers and is prohibited from exercising its discretion to pile on ever greater penalties. Here—in the adhesion agreements Visions foisted on Plaintiff and its other customers—Visions has provided itself numerous discretionary powers affecting customers’ Credit Union accounts.

But instead of exercising that discretion in good faith and consistent with consumers' reasonable expectations, the Credit Union abuses that discretion to take money out of consumers' accounts without their permission and contrary to their reasonable expectations that they will not be charged multiple fees for the same transaction.

34. Visions exercises its discretion in its own favor—and to the prejudice of Plaintiff and its other customers—when it abuses the power it has over customers and their Credit Union accounts and acts contrary to their reasonable expectations under the Deposit Agreement. This is a breach of the Credit Union's implied covenant to engage in fair dealing and act in good faith.

35. By exercising its discretion in its own favor—and to the prejudice of Plaintiff and other customers—by charging more than one NSF Fee on a single item, Visions breaches the reasonable expectation of Plaintiff and other customers and in doing so violates the implied covenant to act in good faith.

36. It constituted bad faith and totally outside Plaintiff's reasonable expectations for Visions to use its discretion to assess two or three NSF Fees for a single attempted payment.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

37. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and on behalf of all others similarly situated pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The proposed Class(es) include:

All persons who, within the applicable statute of limitations period, were charged multiple fees on the same item in a Visions account (the "National Class"); and

All persons in the state of New York who, within the applicable statute of limitations period, were charged multiple fees on the same item in a Visions account (the "New York Class").

38. Excluded from the Class(es) are Visions and its subsidiaries, affiliates, and any entities in which it has a controlling interest, and each of the officers, directors, immediate family

members, legal representatives, heirs, successors, or assigns of any such excluded party, the judicial officer(s) to whom this action is assigned, and the members of their immediate families.

39. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed Class(es) and/or to add subclass(es) if necessary before this Court determines whether certification is appropriate under Rule 23.

40. The questions presented here are ones of common or general interest such that there is a well-defined community of interest among the members of the Class(es). These questions predominate over questions that may affect only individual Class members because Visions has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class(es). Such common legal or factual questions include, but are not limited to:

- a) Whether Visions improperly charged multiple fees on the same item;
- b) Whether any of the conduct alleged in this Complaint violates the contract;
- c) Whether any of the conduct alleged in this Complaint violates the covenant of good faith and fair dealing;
- d) Whether any of the conduct alleged in this Complaint constitutes unjust enrichment; and
- e) The appropriate measure of damages or other remedies available to Plaintiff and the members of the Class(es).

41. The parties are numerous such that joinder is impracticable. Upon information and belief, and subject to discovery, the Class(es) consist of thousands of members or more, the identities of whom are within the exclusive knowledge of and can be ascertained only by resort to Visions' records. Visions has the administrative capability through its computer systems and other records to identify all members of the Class(es), and such specific information is not otherwise available to Plaintiff.

42. It is impracticable to bring Class members' individual claims before the Court. Class action treatment permits a large number of similarly situated persons or entities to prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently, and without the unnecessary duplication of evidence, effort, expense, or the possibility of inconsistent or contradictory judgments that numerous individual actions would engender. The benefits of the class action mechanism, including providing injured persons or entities with a method for obtaining redress on claims that might not be practicable to pursue individually, substantially outweigh any difficulties that may arise in the management of this class action.

43. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class(es) because such claims arise out of the same wrongful business practices engaged in by Visions, as described in this Complaint.

44. Plaintiff is more than an adequate representative of the Class(es) because she has a Visions checking account and has suffered damages as a result of Visions' contract violations, Visions' violations of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, and Visions' unjust enrichment. In addition:

- a) Plaintiff is committed to the vigorous prosecution of this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated and has retained competent counsel experienced in the prosecution of class actions and, in particular, class actions on behalf of consumers against financial institutions;
- b) There is no conflict of interest between Plaintiff and the unnamed members of the Class(es);
- c) Plaintiff anticipates no difficulty in the management of this litigation as a class action; and
- d) Plaintiff's legal counsel has the financial and legal resources to meet the substantial costs and legal issues associated with this type of litigation.

45. Plaintiff knows of no difficulty to be encountered in the maintenance of this action that would preclude its treatment as a class action.

46. Visions has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to each of the Class(es), thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to each of the Class(es) as a whole.

47. All conditions precedent to bringing this action have been satisfied and/or waived.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I
BREACH OF CONTRACT
(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class(es))

48. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference each of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

49. Plaintiff and Visions contracted for checking account services, as embodied in the Deposit Agreement and Fee Schedule.

50. Defendant mischaracterized in the Account Documents its true NSF Fee practices and breached the express terms of the Account Documents.

51. No contract provision authorizes Defendant to charge more than one NSF Fee on the same item.

52. Defendant has breached its contracts with Plaintiff and the Class(es) through its NSF fee policies and practices as alleged herein.

53. Plaintiff and the members of the Class(es) have performed all of the obligations on them pursuant to the Credit Union's agreements.

54. Plaintiff and members of the Class(es) have sustained monetary damages as a result of each of Visions' breaches of contract.

COUNT II
BREACH OF THE COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING
(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class(es))

55. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference each of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

56. Plaintiff and Visions contracted for checking account services, as embodied in the Deposit Agreement and Fee Schedule.

57. Under the laws of the State of New York, and the laws of the other states wherein Visions does business, a covenant of good faith and fair dealing is implied in every contract. The covenant of good faith and fair dealing constrains Defendant's discretion to abuse self-granted contractual powers.

58. This good faith requirement extends to the manner in which a party employs discretion conferred by a contract.

59. Good faith and fair dealing, in connection with executing contracts and discharging performance and other duties according to their terms, means preserving the spirit—not merely the letter—of the bargain. Put differently, the parties to a contract are mutually obligated to comply with the substance of their contract in addition to its form. Evading the spirit of the bargain and abusing the power to specify terms constitute examples of bad faith in the performance of contracts.

60. Subterfuge and evasion violate the obligation of good faith in performance even when an actor believes her conduct to be justified. A lack of good faith may be overt or may consist of inaction, and fair dealing may require more than honesty. Other examples of violations of good faith and fair dealing are willful rendering of imperfect performance, abuse of

a power to specify terms, and interference with or failure to cooperate in the other party's performance.

61. Visions breached the covenant of good faith and fair dealing through its NSF fee policies and practices, as alleged in this Complaint.

62. Each of Defendant's actions was done in bad faith and was arbitrary and capricious.

63. Plaintiff and members of the Class(es) have performed all of the obligations imposed on them pursuant to the Deposit Agreement.

64. Plaintiff and members of the Class(es) have sustained monetary damages as a result of each of Defendant's breaches of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

COUNT III
UNJUST ENRICHMENT
(In the Alternative to COUNT I and COUNT II)
(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class(es))

65. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference each of the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

66. This claim for unjust enrichment is brought solely in the alternative to Plaintiff's claims for breach of contract and breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing claims (Counts I and II of this Complaint). Plaintiff acknowledges that her breach of contract claim cannot be prosecuted along with her claim for unjust enrichment.

67. To the detriment of Plaintiff and the Class(es), Defendant has been, and continues to be, unjustly enriched as a result of its wrongful conduct alleged in this Complaint.

68. Plaintiff and the Class(es) conferred a benefit on Defendant when they paid Defendant the fees that were not disclosed or allowed for in the Account Documents.

69. Defendant unfairly, deceptively, unjustly, and/or unlawfully accepted said benefits, which under the circumstances, would be unjust to allow Defendant to retain.

70. Defendant's unjust enrichment is traceable to, and resulted directly and proximately from, the wrongful conduct alleged in this Complaint.

71. Plaintiff and the members of the Class(es) seek disgorgement of all wrongfully obtained fees received by Defendant as a result of its inequitable conduct, as more fully stated in this Complaint.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class(es), demands a jury trial on all claims so triable and judgment as follows:

A. Certifying the proposed Class(es) pursuant to Rule 23(a)(1)-(4) & (b)(3), appointing the Plaintiff as representative of the Class(es), and appointing counsel for Plaintiff as lead counsel for the Class(es);

B. Declaring that Visions' policies and practices, as described in this Complaint, constitute a breach of contract and a breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing or unjust enrichment;

C. Enjoining Visions from the wrongful conduct as described herein;

D. Awarding restitution of all fees at issue paid to Visions by Plaintiff and the members of the Class(es) as a result of the wrongs alleged herein in an amount to be determined at trial;

E. Compelling disgorgement of the ill-gotten gains derived by Visions from its misconduct;

F. Awarding actual and/or compensatory damages in an amount according to proof;

- G. Awarding pre-judgment interest at the maximum rate permitted by applicable law;
- H. Reimbursing all costs, expenses, and disbursements accrued by Plaintiff in connection with the prosecution of this action, including reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses, pursuant to applicable law and any other basis; and
- I. Awarding such other relief as this Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff and all others similarly situated hereby demand trial by jury on all issues in this Complaint that are so triable.

Dated: September 21, 2020

WILENTZ, GOLDMAN & SPITZER, P.A.

By: /s/ Kevin P. Roddy
KEVIN P. RODDY (NYSBA #652585)
90 Woodbridge Center Drive, Suite 900
Woodbridge, NJ 07095
Telephone: (732) 636-8000
E-mail: kroddy@wilentz.com

THE KICK LAW FIRM, APC
TARAS KICK* (CA Bar # 143379)
JEFFREY C. BILS* (CA Bar # 301629)
815 Moraga Drive
Los Angeles, CA 90049
Telephone: (310) 395-2988
E-mail: taras@kicklawfirm.com
jeff@kicklawfirm.com

KALIEL PLLC
JEFFREY KALIEL*
SOPHIA GOLD*
1875 Connecticut Avenue, N.A., 10th Floor
Washington, DC 20009
Telephone: (202) 320-4783
E-mail: jkaliel@kalielpllc.com
sgold@kalielpllc.com

**Pro Hac Vice* Motions to be filed

Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Proposed Class(es)

Exhibit A

- * See Checking brochure for full description of the E-Relationship qualifications.
- † Account closed within 12 months of opening or after giving member prior notification to close.
- ★ Change from previous year.

These service charges are subject to change upon thirty (30) days prior notice, unless there is a supplier price change or a longer notice is required by law.

SERVICE CHARGE SCHEDULE

May 2013

So that Visions may continue providing our members with competitive savings and loan rates, users of specific services below will incur the following charges:

Service Charges

Abandoned Property Charge	\$25
Address Correction (when mail is returned for incorrect address)	\$2.50 per Correction
Bad address service charge.....	\$10 Annually
Bond Coupon Redemption.....	\$5
Check Withdrawal:	
From PAT/VisionLine	Free
From Phone or Branch Teller.....	\$3
Close Membership Charge	\$25!
Coin Redemption Service	
Members	3% of Redemption Total
Business Members.....	5% of Redemption Total
Copy of:	
Check (available online at no charge)	\$2★
Deposit/Withdrawal Receipt	\$2
Official Check or Money Order.....	\$2
Fax	\$2 per Page
Foreign Item Deposited for Collection	Collection or Exchange Charge Plus \$20
Gift Card Activation	\$3.75
Inactive Account (no activity in 12 Months)	\$15 per Quarter★
IRA Transfer.....	\$20 Minimum
Loan Advance	Free
Loan Payment Coupon Book	\$8
Lost Credit/ATM Card or PIN Replacement	\$5
Minimum Balance	\$25!
Money Orders	\$2
Notary Public (NYS only).....	\$2
Origination Fee for Lifetime Membership.....	\$1

VISIONS

FEDERAL CREDIT UNION



We do business in accordance with the Federal Fair Housing Law and the Equal Credit Opportunity Act.



Your savings federally insured to at least \$250,000 and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

CC 21486 5M 5/13

(SERVICE CHARGES ...Con't. from page 1)

Overnight Express Delivery	Overnight Cost Plus \$5
Phone Access Teller Bill Payment	10¢ per Bill Payment
Protest Letter	\$15
Record Searches or Special Services	\$25★
Safe Deposit Box Annual Rental (available at University Center, JC Pavilion, and Owego branches only):	
3 x 5	\$24 + Tax
5 x 5	\$28 + Tax
3 x 10	\$44 + Tax
5 x 10	\$62 + Tax
Second Chance Checking Administrative Fee	\$20
Share Certificate Dividend Check Mailed	\$3
Share or Checking Account Reconciliation Assistance	\$20 per Hr.
Short Term Micro Loans Application Fee	\$10
Signature Guarantee Service	\$5
Statements:	
E-statement	Free
Monthly/Quarterly Mailed	Free
Replacement Copy	\$3 per Page
Special Interim	\$4 per Page
Stop Payments:	
Lost Official Check	\$20
Money Order	\$20
Check/ACH Revoke	\$20
Subpoena/Restraining Notice	\$50 Each
Travelers Cheques:	
From Teller Line (where available)	1% of Amount Purchased
Wire Transfer:	
Funds to FRB Via Telephone \$5,000 or Greater	\$25 per transfer
All Other Funds to FRB	\$20 per Transfer
All Other Funds from FRB	\$15 per Transfer
Funds to Non-FRB/Overseas	\$30 per Transfer

ATM & Debit Card Transaction Service Charges

ATM Missing Endorsement Charge	\$1
Debit Card (Credit/Non-PIN) Transaction Charge	Free
Debit Card Inactivity (when not used at least once per month at POS)	\$1 per Month
Proprietary Credit Union-owned ATMs	Free
Non-proprietary Network ATMs	
First Five per Month	Free
Sixth and subsequent ATM transactions and PIN-based debit card merchant transactions will be charged to the prime share account based on the member's relationship with the credit union. Fee structure according to monthly average balances as follows:	

Average Balances (combined share IDs excluding certificates/IRAs)	
\$0 - \$99.99	\$1.50 per Transaction
\$100 - \$2,499.99	\$1.00 per Transaction★
\$2,500 - \$9,999.99	\$.75 per Transaction★
\$10,000 and over	Free

Checking Account Service Charges

VisionsPlus Checking	
with \$1,000 Minimum Balance	Free
If balance Falls Below \$1,000 Minimum Balance	\$8 per Month
VisionsDirect Checking	
With Direct Deposit	Free
After 90 Days without Direct Deposit	\$8 per Month
VisionsSuperior Checking	
With \$1,000 minimum balance in checking OR \$25,000 in combined balances in consumer deposits/loans	Free
If required balances not met in any month	\$12 per Month
Visions "E" Checking	
With E-Relationship*	Free
Without E-Relationship	\$8 per Month
Smart Start Checking	No Monthly Service Charges
Share Draft I (not available - existing accounts grandfathered)	
Monthly Maintenance Fee	\$2
15 Checks Paid Free per Month	
Beyond 15 Paid Checks	\$.15 per check
HSA Checking	
With \$1,000 Minimum Balance	Free
Balance Falls Below \$1,000 Minimum	\$8 per Month
HSA Advantage Checking	\$5 per Month
Checkbook Charges (Cost varies with style and quantity. Ask for current prices.)	

Overdraft/Negative Balance/Returned Check Charges

ACH Incorrect Account Number Charge	\$10 per item
Faulty Check Encoding Charge	\$2 per item
Negative Balance (created by non-sufficient funds, ACH origination or other network withdrawal that exceeds balance)	\$25
No Bounce (for overdrawing a checking account to include overdrawn amounts related to ACH, debit card, ATM and check transactions)	\$25
Non-sufficient Funds on ACH	\$25
Non-sufficient Funds Charge (checks returned for non-sufficient funds, etc.)	\$25
Non-sufficient Funds on Bill Payments	\$25
Overdraft Transfer Charge (per share transfer coverage)	\$3
Returned Check	\$25 per Returned Item

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Michelle Petrey

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Broome County, NY
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Kevin P. Roddy (NYSBA # 652585), Wilentz, Goldman & Spitzer, 90 Woodbridge Ctr. Dr. Ste. 900 Woodbridge, NJ 07095 - (732) 636-8000

DEFENDANTS

Visions Federal Credit Union

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Broome County, NY
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF
THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) |

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- | | PTF | DEF | PTF | DEF | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Citizen of This State | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Citizen of Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	CIVIL RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/ Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education	PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Alien Detainee <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty Other: <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition <input type="checkbox"/> 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	<input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Management Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 751 Family and Medical Leave Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act	SOCIAL SECURITY <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))
				FEDERAL TAX SUITS <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609
				<input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 896 Arbitration <input type="checkbox"/> 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
				<input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 Original Proceeding | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Removed from State Court | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Remanded from Appellate Court | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Reinstated or Reopened | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Transferred from Another District (specify) | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Multidistrict Litigation - Transfer | <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):
28 U.S.C. sec. 1332(d)(2) & (6) (Class Action Fairness Act)**VI. CAUSE OF ACTION**Brief description of cause:
Defendant unlawfully charged overdraft fees and non-sufficient funds fees**VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:** CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. DEMAND \$ 5,000,000.00 CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No**VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY**

(See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE
09/21/2020

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

ANYNDC-5249496

RECEIPT #

AMOUNT

\$400

APPLYING IPP

JUDGE

MAD

MAG. JUDGE

ML

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: [Class Action Alleges Visions Federal Credit Union Charges Multiple Insufficient Funds Fees on Same Transaction](#)
