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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

BONIFACIO PEREZ-RAMOS and LUCIANA FLORES, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

-against-

COLLECTIVE ACTION UNDER 29 U.S.C. § 216(b)

COMPLAINT

ST. GEORGE HOLDING CORP. (D/B/A EL BASURERO), RITMOS 60'S INC. (D/B/A RITMOS 60'S), JORGE A. MORALES, and RAMON BADILLO,

ECF Case



Plaintiffs Bonifacio Perez-Ramos and Luciana Flores, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), by and through their attorneys, Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C., upon their knowledge and belief, and as against St. George Holding Corp. (d/b/a El Basurero), Ritmos 60's Inc. (d/b/a Ritmos 60's), ("Defendant Corporations"), Jorge A. Morales and Ramon Badillo, ("Individual Defendants"), (collectively, "Defendants"), allege as follows:

NATURE OF ACTION

1. Plaintiffs are former employees of Defendants St. George Holding Corp. (d/b/a El Basurero), Ritmos 60's Inc. (d/b/a Ritmos 60's), Jorge A. Morales, and Ramon Badillo.

- 2. Defendants own, operate, or control two bars/restaurants, located at 32-17 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103 under the name "El Basurero" and at 32-23 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103 under the name "Ritmos 60's".
- 3. Upon information and belief, individual Defendants Jorge A. Morales and Ramon Badillo, serve or served as owners, managers, principals, or agents of Defendant Corporations and, through these corporate entities, operate or operated the bars/restaurants as a joint or unified enterprise.
 - 4. Plaintiffs were employees of Defendants.
- 5. Plaintiffs were employed as a cook and a salad preparer at the bars/restaurants located at 32-17 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103 and 32-23 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103.
- 6. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiffs worked for Defendants in excess of 40 hours per week, without appropriate minimum wage, overtime, and spread of hours compensation for the hours that they worked.
- 7. Rather, Defendants failed to maintain accurate recordkeeping of the hours worked, failed to pay Plaintiffs appropriately for any hours worked, either at the straight rate of pay or for any additional overtime premium.
- 8. Further, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs the required "spread of hours" pay for any day in which they had to work over 10 hours a day.
 - 9. Furthermore, Defendants repeatedly failed to pay Plaintiffs wages on a timely basis.
- 10. Defendants' conduct extended beyond Plaintiffs to all other similarly situated employees.
- 11. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of requiring Plaintiffs and other employees to work in excess of forty (40) hours per week without

providing the minimum wage and overtime compensation required by federal and state law and

regulations.

12. Plaintiffs now bring this action on behalf of themselves, and other similarly situated

individuals, for unpaid minimum and overtime wages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act of

1938, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq. ("FLSA"), and for violations of the N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 et seq.

and 650 et seq. (the "NYLL"), and the "spread of hours" and overtime wage orders of the New

York Commissioner of Labor codified at N.Y. COMP. CODES R. & REGS. tit. 12, § 146-1.6 (herein

the "Spread of Hours Wage Order"), including applicable liquidated damages, interest, attorneys'

fees and costs.

13. Plaintiffs seek certification of this action as a collective action on behalf of

themselves, individually, and all other similarly situated employees and former employees of

Defendants pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

14. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question)

and the FLSA, and supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' state law claims under 28 U.S.C. §

1367(a).

15. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c) because all, or a

substantial portion of, the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district,

Defendants maintain their corporate headquarters and offices within this district, and Defendants

operate two bars/restaurants located in this district. Further, Plaintiffs were employed by

Defendants in this district.

PARTIES

Plaintiffs

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- 16. Plaintiff Bonifacio Perez-Ramos ("Plaintiff Perez-Ramos" or "Mr. Perez-Ramos") is an adult individual residing in Queens County, New York.
- 17. Plaintiff Perez-Ramos was employed by Defendants at El Basurero and at Ritmos 60's from approximately January 25, 2005 until on or about November 14, 2017.
- 18. Plaintiff Luciana Flores ("Plaintiff Flores" or "Ms. Flores") is an adult individual residing in Queens County, New York.
- 19. Plaintiff Flores was employed by Defendants at El Basurero and at Ritmos 60's from approximately June 2012 until on or about November 14, 2017.

Defendants

- 20. At all relevant times, Defendants owned, operated, or controlled two bars/restaurants, located at 32-17 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103 under the name "El Basurero" and at 32-23 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103 under the name "Ritmos 60's".
- 21. Upon information and belief, St. George Holding Corp. (d/b/a El Basurero) is a domestic corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. Upon information and belief, it maintains its principal place of business at 32-17 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103.
- 22. Upon information and belief, Ritmos 60's Inc. (d/b/a Ritmos 60's) is a domestic corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. Upon information and belief, it maintains its principal place of business at 32-23 Steinway Street, Astoria, NY 11103.
- 23. Defendant Jorge A. Morales is an individual engaging (or who was engaged) in business in this judicial district during the relevant time period. Defendant Jorge A. Morales is sued individually in his capacity as owner, officer and/or agent of Defendant Corporations. Defendant Jorge A. Morales possesses operational control over Defendant Corporations, an

ownership interest in Defendant Corporations, and controls significant functions of Defendant Corporations. He determines the wages and compensation of the employees of Defendants, including Plaintiffs, establishes the schedules of the employees, maintains employee records, and has the authority to hire and fire employees.

24. Defendant Ramon Badillo is an individual engaging (or who was engaged) in business in this judicial district during the relevant time period. Defendant Ramon Badillo is sued individually in his capacity as officer and/or agent of Defendant Corporations. Defendant Ramon Badillo possesses operational control over Defendant Corporations and controls significant functions of Defendant Corporations. He determines the wages and compensation of the employees of Defendants, including Plaintiffs, establishes the schedules of the employees, maintains employee records, and has the authority to hire and fire employees.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

Defendants Constitute Joint Employers

- 25. Defendants operate two bars/restaurants located in the Astoria neighborhood of Queens in New York City.
- 26. Individual Defendants, Jorge A. Morales and Ramon Badillo, possess operational control over Defendant Corporations and control significant functions of Defendant Corporations. Further, Individual Defendant Jorge A. Morales possesses ownership interests in Defendant Corporations,
- 27. Defendants are associated and joint employers, act in the interest of each other with respect to employees, pay employees by the same method, and share control over the employees.
- 28. Each Defendant possessed substantial control over Plaintiffs' (and other similarly situated employees') working conditions, and over the policies and practices with respect to the

employment and compensation of Plaintiffs, and all similarly situated individuals, referred to herein.

- 29. Defendants jointly employed Plaintiffs (and all similarly situated employees) and are Plaintiffs' (and all similarly situated employees') employers within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. 201 *et seq.* and the NYLL.
- 30. In the alternative, Defendants constitute a single employer of Plaintiffs and/or similarly situated individuals.
- 31. Upon information and belief, Individual Defendant Jorge A. Morales operates

 Defendant Corporations as either alter egos of himself and/or fails to operate Defendant

 Corporations as entities legally separate and apart from himself, by among other things:
 - a) failing to adhere to the corporate formalities necessary to operate Defendant Corporations as Corporations,
 - b) defectively forming or maintaining the corporate entities of Defendant Corporations, by, amongst other things, failing to hold annual meetings or maintaining appropriate corporate records,
 - c) transferring assets and debts freely as between all Defendants,
 - d) operating Defendant Corporations for his own benefit as the sole or majority shareholder,
 - e) operating Defendant Corporations for his own benefit and maintaining control over these corporations as closed Corporations,
 - f) intermingling assets and debts of his own with Defendant Corporations,
 - g) diminishing and/or transferring assets of Defendant Corporations to avoid full liability as necessary to protect his own interests, and

- h) Other actions evincing a failure to adhere to the corporate form.
- 32. At all relevant times, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the FLSA and New York Labor Law. Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiffs, controlled the terms and conditions of employment, and determined the rate and method of any compensation in exchange for Plaintiffs' services.
- 33. In each year from 2012 to 2017, Defendants, both separately and jointly, had a gross annual volume of sales of not less than \$500,000 (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated).
- 34. In addition, upon information and belief, Defendants and/or their enterprise were directly engaged in interstate commerce. As an example, numerous items that were used in the bars/restaurants on a daily basis are goods produced outside of the State of New York.

Individual Plaintiffs

- 35. Plaintiffs are former employees of Defendants who were employed as a cook and a salad preparer.
- 36. Plaintiffs seek to represent a class of similarly situated individuals under 29 U.S.C. 216(b).

Plaintiff Bonifacio Perez-Ramos

- 37. Plaintiff Perez-Ramos was employed by Defendants from approximately January 25, 2005 until on or about November 14, 2017.
 - 38. Defendants employed Plaintiff Perez-Ramos as a cook.
- 39. Plaintiff Perez-Ramos regularly handled goods in interstate commerce, such as food and other supplies produced outside the State of New York.

- 40. Plaintiff Perez-Ramos's work duties required neither discretion nor independent judgment.
- 41. Throughout his employment with Defendants, Plaintiff Perez-Ramos regularly worked in excess of 40 hours per week.
- 42. From approximately March 2012 until on or about November 14, 2017, Plaintiff Perez-Ramos worked as a cook from approximately 3:00 p.m. until on or about 1:00 a.m., Mondays and Thursdays, from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 1:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m., Tuesdays, from approximately 1:00 p.m. until on or about 3:00 a.m., Fridays and Saturdays, and from approximately 12:00 p.m. until on or about 3:00 a.m., Sundays (typically 80 to 81 hours per week).
- 43. Throughout his employment, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez-Ramos his wages in a combination of check and cash.
- 44. From approximately March 2012 until on or about December 2013, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez-Ramos \$7.25 per hour.
- 45. From approximately January 2014 until on or about December 2014, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez-Ramos \$8.00 per hour.
- 46. From approximately January 2015 until on or about December 2015, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez-Ramos \$8.75 per hour.
- 47. From approximately January 2016 until on or about December 2016, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez-Ramos \$9.00 per hour.
- 48. From approximately January 2017 until on or about November 14, 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez-Ramos \$11.00 per hour.
- 49. For approximately his last week of employment, Defendants did not pay Plaintiff Perez-Ramos any wages for his work over 40.

- 50. Plaintiff Perez-Ramos's pay did not vary even when he was required to stay later or work a longer day than his usual schedule.
- 51. For example, Defendants required Plaintiff Perez-Ramos to work an additional 1 hour past his scheduled departure time three days a week preparing food for Ritmos 60's, and did not pay him for the additional time he worked.
- 52. Defendants never granted Plaintiff Perez-Ramos any breaks or meal periods of any kind.
- 53. Nevertheless, Defendants deducted one hour of his wages per day from Plaintiff Perez-Ramos's weekly paycheck for meals he never ate and breaks he never took.
- 54. In addition, in order to get paid, Plaintiff Perez-Ramos was required to sign a document falsely stating the hours that he worked per week.
- 55. No notification, either in the form of posted notices or other means, was ever given to Plaintiff Perez-Ramos regarding overtime and wages under the FLSA and NYLL.
- 56. Defendants did not provide Plaintiff Perez-Ramos an accurate statement of wages, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 57. Defendants did not give any notice to Plaintiff Perez-Ramos, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiff Perez-Ramos's primary language), of his rate of pay, employer's regular pay day, and such other information as required by NYLL §195(1).
- 58. However, Defendants required Plaintiff Perez-Ramos to sign a notice each year falsely stating the overtime rate at which he was supposedly paid for his hours worked over 40 per week. Further, Defendants did not allow him to keep a copy neither gave him a copy of such notice in Spanish nor explained him the content of such document.

59. Defendants required Plaintiff Perez-Ramos to purchase "tools of the trade" with his own funds—including four pairs of kitchen shoes per year, five pairs of boots per year, and two pants per week.

Plaintiff Luciana Flores

- 60. Plaintiff Flores was employed by Defendants from approximately June 2012 until on or about November 14, 2017.
 - 61. Defendants employed Plaintiff Flores as a salad preparer.
- 62. Plaintiff Flores regularly handled goods in interstate commerce, such as food and other supplies produced outside the State of New York.
 - 63. Plaintiff Flores's work duties required neither discretion nor independent judgment.
- 64. Throughout her employment with Defendants, Plaintiff Flores regularly worked in excess of 40 hours per week.
- 65. From approximately June 2012 until on or about June 2014, Plaintiff Flores worked as a salad preparer from approximately 8:00 a.m. until on or about 8:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m., Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays and from approximately 9:00 a.m. until on or about 6:00 p.m., Mondays and Tuesdays (typically 54 to 57 hours per week).
- 66. From approximately June 2014 until on or about November 14, 2017, Plaintiff Flores worked as a salad preparer from approximately 9:00 a.m. (or 8:00 a.m. during soccer season) until on or about 7:00 a.m. (or 9:00 p.m. to 9:30 p.m. during soccer season), Saturdays and Sundays and from approximately 9:00 a.m. until on or about 6:00 p.m., Mondays and Tuesdays (typically 38 to 44 or 45 hours per week).
 - 67. Throughout her employment, Defendants paid Plaintiff Flores her wages in cash.

- 68. From approximately June 2012 until on or about December 2013, Defendants paid Plaintiff Flores \$7.25 per hour.
- 69. From approximately January 2014 until on or about December 2014, Defendants paid Plaintiff Flores \$8.00 per hour.
- 70. From approximately January 2015 until on or about December 2015, Defendants paid Plaintiff Flores \$8.75 per hour.
- 71. From approximately January 2016 until on or about December 2016, Defendants paid Plaintiff Flores \$9.00 per hour.
- 72. From approximately January 2017 until on or about November 14, 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Flores \$11.00 per hour.
- 73. Plaintiff Flores's pay did not vary even when she was required to stay later or work a longer day than her usual schedule.
- 74. For example, Defendants required Plaintiff Flores to work an additional 1 hour past her scheduled departure time two days over summertime or to prepare food for Ritmos 60's, and did not pay her for the additional time she worked.
- 75. Defendants never granted Plaintiff Flores any breaks or meal periods of any kind, but she occasionally took a 20-minutes break.
- 76. Nevertheless, Defendants deducted an hour of her wages per day from Plaintiff Flores's weekly paycheck for meals she seldom every ate and breaks she seldom ever took.
- 77. In addition, in order to get paid, Plaintiff Flores was required to sign a document falsely stating the hours that she worked per week.
- 78. No notification, either in the form of posted notices or other means, was ever given to Plaintiff Flores regarding overtime and wages under the FLSA and NYLL.

- 79. Defendants did not provide Plaintiff Flores an accurate statement of wages, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 80. Defendants did not give any notice to Plaintiff Flores, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiff Flores's primary language), of her rate of pay, employer's regular pay day, and such other information as required by NYLL §195(1).
- 81. However, Defendants required Plaintiff Flores to sign a notice each year falsely stating the overtime rate at which she was supposedly paid for her hours worked over 40 per week which, prior to June 2014, was not the rate at which she was paid. Further, Defendants did not allow her to keep a copy neither gave her a copy of such notice in Spanish nor explained her the content of such document.
- 82. Defendants required Plaintiff Flores to purchase "tools of the trade" with her own funds—including four pairs of kitchen shoes per year, eight pants per month, and medicines.

Defendants' General Employment Practices

- 83. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of requiring Plaintiffs (and all similarly situated employees) to work in excess of 40 hours a week without paying them appropriate minimum wage, spread of hours pay, and overtime compensation as required by federal and state laws.
- 84. Plaintiffs were victims of Defendants' common policy and practices which violate their rights under the FLSA and New York Labor Law by, *inter alia*, not paying them the wages they were owed for the hours they worked.
- 85. Defendants' pay practices resulted in Plaintiffs not receiving payment for all their hours worked, and resulting in Plaintiffs' effective rate of pay falling below the required minimum wage rate.

- 86. Defendants habitually required Plaintiffs to work additional hours beyond their regular shifts but did not provide them with any additional compensation.
- 87. Defendants required Plaintiffs to sign a document that reflected inaccurate or false hours worked.
 - 88. Plaintiffs were paid their wages in cash and in a combination of check and cash.
- 89. Defendants failed to post at the workplace, or otherwise provide to employees, the required postings or notices to employees regarding the applicable wage and hour requirements of the FLSA and NYLL.
- 90. Upon information and belief, these practices by Defendants were done willfully to disguise the actual number of hours Plaintiffs (and similarly situated individuals) worked, and to avoid paying Plaintiffs properly for their full hours worked.
- 91. Defendants engaged in their unlawful conduct pursuant to a corporate policy of minimizing labor costs and denying employees compensation by knowingly violating the FLSA and NYLL.
- 92. Defendants' unlawful conduct was intentional, willful, in bad faith, and caused significant damages to Plaintiffs and other similarly situated former workers.
- 93. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs and other employees with accurate wage statements at the time of their payment of wages, containing: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the

number of regular hours worked; and the number of overtime hours worked, as required by NYLL \$195(3).

94. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs and other employees, at the time of hiring and on or before February 1 of each subsequent year, a statement in English and the employees' primary language, containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and the telephone number of the employer, as required by New York Labor Law \$195(1).

FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION CLAIMS

- 95. Plaintiffs bring their FLSA minimum wage, overtime compensation, and liquidated damages claims as a collective action pursuant to FLSA Section 16(b), 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of all similarly situated persons (the "FLSA Class members"), i.e., persons who are or were employed by Defendants or any of them, on or after the date that is three years before the filing of the complaint in this case (the "FLSA Class Period").
- 96. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and other members of the FLSA Class were similarly situated in that they had substantially similar job requirements and pay provisions, and have been subject to Defendants' common practices, policies, programs, procedures, protocols and plans including willfully failing and refusing to pay them the required minimum wage, overtime pay at a one and one-half their regular rates for work in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek under the FLSA, and willfully failing to keep records required by the FLSA.

97. The claims of Plaintiffs stated herein are similar to those of the other employees.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE MINIMUM WAGE PROVISIONS OF THE FLSA

- 98. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 99. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d). Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class Members), controlled the terms and conditions of their employment, and determined the rate and method of any compensation in exchange for their employment.
- 100. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were engaged in commerce or in an industry or activity affecting commerce.
- 101. Defendants constitute an enterprise within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203 (r-s).
- 102. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class members) at the applicable minimum hourly rate, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 206(a).
- 103. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class members) at the applicable minimum hourly rate was willful within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 104. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE OVERTIME PROVISIONS OF THE FLSA

105. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.

- 106. Defendants, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1), failed to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class members) overtime compensation at a rate of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a work week.
- 107. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class members), overtime compensation was willful within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 108. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA Class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK MINIMUM WAGE ACT

- 109. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 110. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 2 and 651. Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiffs, controlled the terms and conditions of their employment, and determined the rates and methods of any compensation in exchange for their employment.
- 111. Defendants, in violation of NYLL § 652(1) and the supporting regulations of the New York State Department of Labor, paid Plaintiffs less than the minimum wage.
- 112. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs the minimum wage was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
 - 113. Plaintiffs were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE OVERTIME PROVISIONS

OF THE NEW YORK STATE LABOR LAW

114. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.

- 115. Defendants, in violation of N.Y. Lab. Law § 190 *et seq.*, and supporting regulations of the New York State Department of Labor, failed to pay Plaintiffs overtime compensation at rates of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a work week.
- 116. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs overtime compensation was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
 - 117. Plaintiffs were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE SPREAD OF HOURS WAGE ORDER OF THE NEW YORK COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

- 118. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 119. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs one additional hour's pay at the basic minimum wage rate before allowances for each day Plaintiffs' spread of hours exceeded ten hours in violation of NYLL §§ 650 *et seq.* and 12 N.Y.C.R.R. §§ 146-1.6.
- 120. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs an additional hour's pay for each day Plaintiffs' spread of hours exceeded ten hours was willful within the meaning of NYLL § 663.
 - 121. Plaintiffs were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE NOTICE AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 122. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 123. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs with a written notice, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiffs' primary language), containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid

by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and the telephone number of the employer, as required by NYLL §195(1).

124. Defendants are liable to each Plaintiff in the amount of \$5,000, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE WAGE STATEMENT PROVISIONS

OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 125. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 126. With each payment of wages, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs with an accurate statement listing each of the following: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the number of regular hours worked; and the number of overtime hours worked, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 127. Defendants are liable to each Plaintiff in the amount of \$5,000, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

RECOVERY OF EQUIPMENT COSTS

- 128. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 129. Defendants required Plaintiffs to pay, without reimbursement, the costs and expenses for purchasing and maintaining equipment and "tools of the trade" required to perform their jobs, further reducing their wages in violation of the FLSA and NYLL. 29 U.S.C. § 206(a); 29 C.F.R. § 531.35; N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 193 and 198-b.
 - 130. Plaintiffs were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

UNLAWFUL DEDUCTIONS FROM WAGES IN VIOLATION

OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 131. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 132. At all relevant times, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 2 and 651.
- 133. Defendants made unlawful deductions from wages of Plaintiffs (and the FLSA class) including, but not limited to, deductions for meal breaks Plaintiffs were not permitted to and did not take.
- 134. The deductions made from wages of Plaintiffs' and the members of the FLSA class were not authorized or required by law.
- 135. Through their knowing and intentional efforts to take unauthorized deductions from the wages of Plaintiffs' and the members of the FLSA class, Defendants willfully violated NYLL, Article 6, §§ 190 *et seq.*, and supporting New York State regulations.
 - 136. Plaintiffs were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE TIMELY PAYMENT PROVISIONS

OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 137. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though set forth fully herein.
- 138. Defendants did not pay Plaintiffs on a regular weekly basis, in violation of NYLL §191.
 - 139. Defendants are liable to each Plaintiff in an amount to be determined at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request that this Court enter judgment against Defendants by:

- (a) Designating this action as a collective action and authorizing prompt issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all putative class members apprising them of the pendency of this action, and permitting them to promptly file consents to be Plaintiffs in the FLSA claims in this action;
- (b) Declaring that Defendants violated the minimum wage provisions of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA as to Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members;
- (c) Declaring that Defendants violated the overtime wage provisions of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA as to Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members;
- (d) Declaring that Defendants violated the recordkeeping requirements of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA with respect to Plaintiffs' and the FLSA Class members' compensation, hours, wages, and any deductions or credits taken against wages;
- (e) Declaring that Defendants' violations of the provisions of the FLSA were willful as to Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members;

- (f) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage, overtime compensation, and damages for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages under the FLSA as applicable;
- (g) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members liquidated damages in an amount equal to 100% of their damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage and overtime compensation, and damages for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages under the FLSA as applicable pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);
- (h) Declaring that Defendants violated the minimum wage provisions of, and rules and orders promulgated under, the NYLL as to Plaintiffs;
- (i) Declaring that Defendants violated the overtime wage provisions of, and rules and orders promulgated under, the NYLL as to Plaintiffs;
- (j) Declaring that Defendants violated the spread-of-hours requirements of the NYLL and supporting regulations as to Plaintiffs;
- (k) Declaring that Defendants violated the timely payment provisions of the NYLL as to Plaintiffs;
- (l) Declaring that Defendants violated the notice and recordkeeping requirements of the NYLL with respect to Plaintiffs' compensation, hours, wages and any deductions or credits taken against wages;
- (m) Declaring that Defendants' violations of the provisions of the NYLL and the spread of hours wage order were willful as to Plaintiffs;
- (n) Awarding Plaintiffs damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage and overtime compensation, and for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages, as well as awarding spread of hours pay under the NYLL as applicable

(o) Awarding Plaintiffs damages for Defendants' violation of the NYLL notice and

recordkeeping provisions, pursuant to NYLL §§198(1-b), 198(1-d);

(p) Awarding Plaintiffs liquidated damages in an amount equal to one hundred percent

(100%) of the total amount of minimum wage, overtime compensation, and spread of hours pay

shown to be owed pursuant to NYLL § 663 as applicable; and liquidated damages pursuant to

NYLL § 198(3);

(q) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members pre-judgment and post-judgment

interest as applicable;

(r) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA Class members the expenses incurred in this

action, including costs and attorneys' fees;

(s) Providing that if any amounts remain unpaid upon the expiration of ninety days

following issuance of judgment, or ninety days after expiration of the time to appeal and no appeal

is then pending, whichever is later, the total amount of judgment shall automatically increase by

fifteen percent, as required by NYLL § 198(4); and

(t) All such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all issues triable by a jury.

Dated: New York, New York

March 29, 2018

MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

By: /s/ Michael Faillace

Michael Faillace [MF-8436]

60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165

Telephone: (212) 317-1200

Facsimile: (212) 317-1620

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

- 22 -

MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Employment and Litigation Attorneys

One Grand Central Place 60 E 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165 Telephone: (212) 317-1200 Facsimile: (212) 317-1620 Email: Faillace@employmentcompliance.com

March 23, 2018

By HAND

To: Clerk of Court,

I hereby consent to join this lawsuit as a party plaintiff. (Yo, por medio de este documento, doy mi consentimiento para formar parte de la demanda como uno de los demandantes).

Name / Nombre: Luciana Flores

Legal Representative / Abogado: Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.

Signature / Firma:

Date / Fecha: March 23, 2018

MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Employment and Litigation Attorneys

One Grand Central Place 60 E 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165 Telephone: (212) 317-1200 Facsimile: (212) 317-1620 Email: Faillace@employmentcompliance.com

March 23, 2018

By Hand

To: Clerk of Court,

I hereby consent to join this lawsuit as a party plaintiff. (Yo, por medio de este documento, doy mi consentimiento para formar parte de la demanda como uno de los demandantes).

Name / Nombre:

Bonifacio Perez-Ramos

Legal Representative / Abogado:

Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.

Bonifacio Perez

Signature / Firma:

March 23, 2018

Date / Fecha:

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m JS~44~(Rev.~1/2013)}$ Case 1:18-cv-01929 Document 1 VEIR 03/29/18 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 25

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil do	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCT	FIONS ON NEXT PAGE O	OF THIS FC	DRM.)	1974, IS ICQU	fred for the use of	the Clerk of Court for the
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS			
BÒŃIFACIO PEREZ-RAMOS and LUCIANA FLORES, individuall							L BASURERO), RITMOS
on behalf of others simila	rly situated,				RITMOS 6	0'S), JORGE A	A. MORALES, and RAMO
(1) (1 (P) 11 (CE: . I : . I DI : .: CC			BADILLO	CD: .T:	1001	•
(b) County of Residence of		lueens		County of Residence		_	Queens
(E)	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	SES)		NOTE: IN LAND CO		PLAINTIFF CASES O	ONLY) THE LOCATION OF
				THE TRACT	OF LAND IN	VOLVED.	THE EOCATION OF
(-)				A 44 (TOTT			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A Michael A. Faillace. Mich				Attorneys (If Known)			
60 East 42nd Suite 4510		les, r .O.					
New York, NY 10165							
•	CONTON		a		DILICID	T D L D ETTE	
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	.CTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF P (For Diversity Cases Only)	RINCIPA	AL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plains and One Box for Defendant)
☐ 1 U.S. Government	■ 3 Federal Question				TF DEF		PTF DEF
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government N	Not a Party)	Citiz	en of This State	1 0 1	Incorporated or Pr	
						of Business In T	This State
☐ 2 U.S. Government	☐ 4 Diversity		Citiz	en of Another State	1 2 🗖 2	Incorporated and I	Principal Place
Defendant	(Indicate Citizenshi	ip of Parties in Item III)				of Business In	Another State
			Citiz	en or Subject of a	13 🗖 3	Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
				reign Country			_ , _ ,
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box On	ly)	-				
CONTRACT		RTS		ORFEITURE/PENALTY		NKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 310 Airplane	PERSONAL INJUR ☐ 365 Personal Injury -		25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	☐ 422 Appe	eal 28 USC 158	☐ 375 False Claims Act ☐ 400 State Reapportionment
☐ 130 Miller Act	☐ 315 Airplane Product	Product Liability		00 Other		JSC 157	☐ 410 Antitrust
☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability	□ 367 Health Care/					☐ 430 Banks and Banking
150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	☐ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	Pharmaceutical Personal Injury			PROPE ■ 820 Copy	RTY RIGHTS	☐ 450 Commerce ☐ 460 Deportation
☐ 151 Medicare Act	☐ 330 Federal Employers'	Product Liability	İ		□ 830 Pater		☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal	l		□ 840 Trad	emark	Corrupt Organizations
Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)	☐ 340 Marine ☐ 345 Marine Product	Injury Product Liability		LABOR	SOCIAL	SECURITY	☐ 480 Consumer Credit ☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability	PERSONAL PROPER	RTY 🗷 71	0 Fair Labor Standards	□ 861 HIA		☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/
of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	□ 370 Other Fraud		Act		k Lung (923)	Exchange
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending ☐ 380 Other Personal	U 72	20 Labor/Management Relations	☐ 863 DIW	C/DIWW (405(g)) Title XVI	☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions ☐ 891 Agricultural Acts
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage		10 Railway Labor Act	□ 865 RSI		☐ 893 Environmental Matters
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability	□ 75	51 Family and Medical Leave Act			☐ 895 Freedom of Information Act
	Medical Malpractice	1 Toduct Elability	- 79	00 Other Labor Litigation			☐ 896 Arbitration
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION	NS □ 79	1 Employee Retirement		AL TAX SUITS	☐ 899 Administrative Procedure
☐ 210 Land Condemnation☐ 220 Foreclosure	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights ☐ 441 Voting	Habeas Corpus: ☐ 463 Alien Detainee		Income Security Act		es (U.S. Plaintiff Defendant)	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision
☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	☐ 441 Votting ☐ 442 Employment	☐ 510 Motions to Vacate	e			Third Party	☐ 950 Constitutionality of
☐ 240 Torts to Land	□ 443 Housing/	Sentence				JSC 7609	State Statutes
245 Tort Product Liability290 All Other Real Property	Accommodations ☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 530 General ☐ 535 Death Penalty		IMMIGRATION			
270 All Other Real Froperty	Employment	Other:	□ 46	52 Naturalization Application	1		
	☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 540 Mandamus & Oth	ier 🗆 46	55 Other Immigration			
	Other 448 Education	☐ 550 Civil Rights ☐ 555 Prison Condition		Actions			
		560 Civil Detainee -	İ				İ
		Conditions of Confinement					
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is	0 -	Commentent					
		D 1-1 C	7 4 D.:		· 1 C	T (Made diam	
		Remanded from Appellate Court	□ 4 Rein Reo		erred from er District	6 Multidistr Litigation	
		**		(specify	,		
	Plaintiffe each unr			Do not cite jurisdictional sta ant to The Fair Laho			3, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of ca		o parsa	ant to The Fair Labe	or Otanaan	33 7(0) 01 1300	, 20 0.0.0. 3 201 ct 30q.
	unpaid overtime v						
VII. REQUESTED IN	☐ CHECK IF THIS	IS A CLASS ACTION	y D	EMAND \$	C	HECK YES only	if demanded in complaint:
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 23				J	URY DEMAND:	: X Yes □ No
VIII. RELATED CASE	E(S)						
IF ANY	(See instructions):	HIDCE			DOCKE	T NILIMPED	
		JUDGE	mon		DOCKE	ET NUMBER	
DATE		SIGNATURE OF AT		OF RECORD			
03/29/2018		/s/ Michael Fail	nace				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY							
RECEIPT # AN	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		HIDGE		MAG IIII	DGE

CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I Michael	Faiilace counsel for Plaintiffs do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is
ineligibl	Faiilace, counsel for Plaintiffs, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is e for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):
	monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
	the complaint seeks injunctive relief,
	the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1
	Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:
	RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)
provides to because the same judg case: (A)	all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) hat "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the e and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the
	NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)
	Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk County: No
,	If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? No
	b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? Yes
Suffolk (nswer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau k County? NA
	(Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).
	BAR ADMISSION
I am curr	ently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. Yes No
Are you	currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court? Yes (If yes, please explain) No
•	the accuracy of all information provided above.
Signatur	e:_/s/ Michael Faillace

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

BONIFACIO PEREZ-RAMOS and LUCIANA FLORES, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,)))				
Plaintiff(s))				
V.	Civil Action No.				
ST. GEORGE HOLDING CORP. (D/B/A EL BASURERO), RITMOS 60'S INC. (D/B/A RITMOS 60'S), JORGE A. MORALES, and RAMON BADILLO)))				
Defendant(s))				
SUMMONS I	N A CIVIL ACTION				
To: (Defendant's name and address) St. George Holding Corp 32-17 Steinway Street Astoria, NY 11103	D.				
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Michael A. Faillace MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.					
	CLERK OF COURT				
Date:					
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was ra	This summons for (no ceived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if a	ny)	
was re	cerved by the on (aate)		·	
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the inc	lividual at (place)	
			on (date)	; or
	☐ I left the summon	as at the individual's resid	ence or usual place of abode with (name)	
			, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or	
	☐ I served the sumn	nons on (name of individual)		, who is
	designated by law to	o accept service of process	s on behalf of (name of organization)	
			on (date)	; or
	☐ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted becaus	e	; or
	☐ Other (specify):			
	My fees are \$	for travel and	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00
	I declare under penal	lty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.	
Date:				
			Server's signature	
		-	Printed name and title	
		-	Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

BONIFACIO PEREZ-RAMOS and LUCIANA FLORES, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,))))				
Plaintiff(s)	Civil Action No.				
v. ST. GEORGE HOLDING CORP. (D/B/A EL BASURERO), RITMOS 60'S INC. (D/B/A RITMOS 60'S), JORGE A. MORALES, and RAMON BADILLO)				
Defendant(s))				
SUMMONS I	N A CIVIL ACTION				
To: (Defendant's name and address) Ritmos 60's Inc. 32-23 Steinway Street Astoria, NY 11103					
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Michael A. Faillace MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.					
	CLERK OF COURT				
Date:					
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

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			on (date)	; or
	☐ I left the summon	as at the individual's resid	ence or usual place of abode with (name)	
			, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or	
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Date:				
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		-	Server's address	

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

BONIFACIO PEREZ-RAMOS and LUCIANA FLORES, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,)))				
Plaintiff(s))				
v.	Civil Action No.				
ST. GEORGE HOLDING CORP. (D/B/A EL BASURERO), RITMOS 60'S INC. (D/B/A RITMOS 60'S), JORGE A. MORALES, and RAMON BADILLO)))				
Defendant(s))				
SUMMONS I	N A CIVIL ACTION				
To: (Defendant's name and address) Jorge A. Morales 32-17 Steinway Street Astoria, NY 11103					
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Michael A. Faillace MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.					
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Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

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			, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

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Plaintiff(s) V.	Civil Action No.				
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Defendant(s))				
SUMMONS I	N A CIVIL ACTION				
To: (Defendant's name and address) Ramon Badillo 32-17 Steinway Street Astoria, NY 11103					
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Michael A. Faillace MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165					
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Date:					
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

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	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or	
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Date:				
			Server's signature	
		-	Printed name and title	
		-	Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

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ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>El Basurero, Ritmos 60's Operators Accused of Labor Law Violations</u>