UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN MILWAUKEE DIVISION

MORGAN OTTMAN, Individually and on Behalf)	Case No.: 17-cv-1053
of All Others Similarly Situated,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,	
vs.	
CAVALRY PORTFOLIO SERVICES, LLC,	Jury Trial Demanded
Defendant.	

INTRODUCTION

1. This class action seeks redress for collection practices that violate the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* (the "FDCPA").

JURISDICTION

2. The court has jurisdiction to grant the relief sought by the Plaintiff pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that Defendant directed its collection efforts into the District.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Morgan Ottman is an individual who resides in the Eastern District of Wisconsin (Milwaukee County).
- 4. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined in the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3), in that Defendant sought to collect from her a debt allegedly incurred for personal, family or household purposes.
- 5. Defendant Cavalry Portfolio Services, LLC ("Cavalry") is a debt collection agency with its principal offices at 500 Summit Lake Dr, Ste 400, Valhalla, NY 10595.

6. Cavalry is engaged in the business of collecting debts owed to others and incurred for personal, family or household purposes. Cavalry is a debt collector as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a.

FACTS

- 7. Plaintiff had a Citibank credit card, which she used only for personal, family or household purposes, namely, purchases of household goods and services.
- 8. Prior to October 4, 2016, Plaintiff's Citibank credit card account went into default.
- 9. Prior to October 4, 2016, and after the Citibank credit card account was in default, Citibank sold or otherwise assigned the ownership rights to the account to SPV.
- 10. On or about October 4, 2016, Cavalry mailed a debt collection letter to Plaintiff regarding the Citibank credit card account. A copy of this letter is attached to this Complaint as Exhibit A.
- 11. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form letter, generated by computer, and with the information specific to Plaintiffs inserted by computer.
- 12. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form debt collection letter used by Cavalry to attempt to collect alleged debts.
- 13. <u>Exhibit A</u> was the first letter Plaintiff was sent by Cavalry regarding this alleged debt.
 - 14. Exhibit A contains the following text:

Cavalry is committed to providing you with excellent customer service, which includes treating you in a fair and respectful manner. If at any time you feel that you have not been provided with excellent customer service, please call us at (888) 716-0010.

15. The text in Cavalry's letter to Plaintiff is inconsistent with 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692g(a)(4), which states:

(a) Notice of debt; contents

Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing—

(4) a statement that if the consumer notifies the debt collector *in writing* within the thirty-day period that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, the debt collector will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the consumer and a copy of such verification or judgment will be mailed to the consumer by the debt collector;

(emphasis added).

- 16. The language reproduced in paragraph 23, above, overshadows the FDCPA debt validation notice.
- 17. Exhibit A fails to clearly and unambiguously inform the unsophisticated consumer that, in order to invoke his or her right to require Defendant to cease most collection activities until they provide verification of the debt, the consumer must make the request in writing. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(4).
- 18. Instead, <u>Exhibit A</u> tells the consumer to "please call us" if, for example the consumer feels that she has not been treated fairly.
 - 19. Many complaints about unfair treatment are, by nature, "disputes."
- 20. The practical effect of the request to call Cavalry is to discourage consumers from disputing debts in writing.
- 21. An oral dispute does not trigger the FDCPA verification requirements, which includes a temporary suspension of collection efforts until verification is provided. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(b).
- 22. Cavalry did not effectively convey to the consumers their rights under the FDCPA. *McCabe v. Crawford & Co.*, 272 F. Supp. 2d 736, 743 (N.D. Ill. 2003); *see also*

Desantis v. Computer Credit, Inc., 269 F.3d 159, 161 (2d Cir. 2001) (a "debt collector violates the Act if it fails to convey the information required by the Act.").

- 23. The consumer is not required to rely upon the debt collector to voluntarily comply with the FDCPA. *McCabe*, 272 F. Supp. 2d at 738 ("However, Crawford misses the point of the protection found in § 1692g(a)(4). Although a debt collector may provide verification upon oral notification, the debt collector must provide verification upon written notification. If the debtor gives only oral notification of the dispute, the FDCPA imposes no requirement on the debt collector to obtain verification of the debt.").
- 24. Failure to provide the correct validation notice within five days of the initial communication with Plaintiff and the class is a *per se* violation of the FDCPA. *Janetos v. Fulton Friedman & Gullace, LLP*, 825 F.3d 317, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 6361 *15-16 (7th Cir. Apr. 7, 2016) ("we have not extended the implicit materiality requirement of § 1692e to reach claims under § 1692g(a).).
- 25. For purposes of Plaintiff's claim under 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e and 1692e(10), Defendant's omission is a material violation of the FDCPA. A consumer who attempts to orally exercise verification rights or a request for the identity of the original creditor does not effectively invoke his or her rights under 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(b):

(b) Disputed debts

If the consumer notifies the debt collector *in writing* within the thirty-day period described in subsection (a) of this section that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, or that the consumer requests the name and address of the original creditor, the debt collector shall cease collection of the debt, or any disputed portion thereof, until the debt collector obtains verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment, or the name and address of the original creditor, and a copy of such verification or judgment, or name and address of the original creditor, is mailed to the consumer by the debt collector. Collection activities and communications that do not otherwise violate this subchapter may continue during the 30-day period referred to in subsection (a) unless the consumer has notified the debt

collector *in writing* that the debt, or any portion of the debt, is disputed or that the consumer requests the name and address of the original creditor. Any collection activities and communication during the 30-day period may not overshadow or be inconsistent with the disclosure of the consumer's right to dispute the debt or request the name and address of the original creditor.

(emphasis added).

- 26. Cavalry's statement that the consumer could call at any time for excellent customer service overshadows the validation notice. 16 U.S.C. § 1692g.
 - 27. Plaintiff was confused by Exhibit A.
 - 28. The unsophisticated consumer would be confused by Exhibit A.
 - 29. Plaintiff had to spend time and money investigating Exhibit A.
- 30. Plaintiff had to take time to obtain and meet with counsel, including traveling to counsel's office by car and its related expenses, including but not limited to the cost of gasoline and mileage, to advise Plaintiff on the consequences of Exhibit A.
- 31. The FDCPA creates substantive rights for consumers; violations cause injury to consumers, and such injuries are concrete and particularized. *Bock v. Pressler & Pressler, LLP*, No. 11-7593, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 81058 *21 (D.N.J. May 25, 2017) ("through [s]ection 1692e of the FDCPA, Congress established 'an enforceable right to truthful information concerning' debt collection practices, a decision that 'was undoubtedly influenced by congressional awareness that the intentional provision of misinformation' related to such practices, 'contribute[s] to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy,"); *Quinn v. Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC*, No. 16 C 2021, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 107299 *8-13 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 11, 2016) (rejecting challenge to Plaintiff's standing based upon alleged FDCPA statutory violation); *Lane v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC*, No. 15 C 10446, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89258 *9-10 (N.D. Ill. July 11, 2016)

("When a federal statute is violated, and especially when Congress has created a cause of action for its violation, by definition Congress has created a legally protected interest that it deems important enough for a lawsuit."); *Church v. Accretive Health, Inc.*, No. 15-15708, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 12414 *7-11 (11th Cir. July 6, 2016) (same); *see also Mogg v. Jacobs*, No. 15-CV-1142-JPG-DGW, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33229, 2016 WL 1029396, at *5 (S.D. Ill. Mar. 15, 2016) ("Congress does have the power to enact statutes creating legal rights, the invasion of which creates standing, even though no injury would exist without the statute," (quoting *Sterk v. Redbox Automated Retail, LLC*, 770 F.3d 618, 623 (7th Cir. 2014)). For this reason, and to encourage consumers to bring FDCPA actions, Congress authorized an award of statutory damages for violations. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a).

- 32. Moreover, Congress has explicitly described the FDCPA as regulating "abusive practices" in debt collection. 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(a) 1692(e). Any person who receives a debt collection letter containing a violation of the FDCPA is a victim of abusive practices. *See* 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(e) ("It is the purpose of this subchapter to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses").
- 33. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e generally prohibits "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt."
- 34. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10) specifically prohibits the "use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."

COUNT I – FDCPA

- 35. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 36. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 37. Exhibit A fails to inform the consumer that, in order to invoke his or her right to obtain verification of the debt, the consumer must make the request in writing. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(4).
 - 38. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692g, 1692g(a), 1692g(b) and 1692e(10).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 39. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a Class consisting of (a) all natural persons in the State of Wisconsin, (b) who were sent a collection letter in the form represented by Exhibit A to the complaint in this action, (c) seeking to collect a debt, incurred for personal, family or household purposes (d) between July 31, 2016 and July 31, 2017, inclusive, (e) that was not returned by the postal service.
- 40. The Class is so numerous that joinder is impracticable. Upon information and belief, there are more than 50 members of the Class.
- 41. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the class, which common questions predominate over any questions that affect only individual class members. The predominant common question is whether Exhibit A violates the FDCPA.
- 42. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class members. All are based on the same factual and legal theories.

- 43. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Class members. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in consumer credit and debt collection abuse cases.
- 44. A class action is superior to other alternative methods of adjudicating this dispute. Individual cases are not economically feasible.

JURY DEMAND

45. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the Class and against Defendant for:

- (a) actual damages;
- (b) statutory damages;
- (c) attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and
- (d) such other or further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: July 31, 2017

ADEMI & O'REILLY, LLP

By: /s/ John D. Blythin
Shpetim Ademi (SBN 1026973)
John D. Blythin (SBN 1046105)
Mark A. Eldridge (SBN 1089944)
Denise L. Morris (SBN 1097911)
3620 East Layton Avenue
Cudahy, WI 53110
(414) 482-8000
(414) 482-8001 (fax)
sademi@ademilaw.com
jblythin@ademilaw.com
meldridge@ademilaw.com
dmorris@ademilaw.com

EXHIBIT A

PO Box 520 Valhalla, NY 10595



Phone: (866) 434-2995 • FAX: (914) 747-3673

www.cavps.com

October 4, 2016

RE:Original Institution: Original Account No.: Cavalry Account No.: Outstanding Balance:



|լլվելեկը|լլեիերը||կիրութը||հայելերի Morgan V Ottmann 224 Montana Ave

Apt 4 South Milwaukee, WI 53172-2582

Dear Morgan V Ottmann:

Cavalry SPV I, LLC purchased the Citibank, N.A. account listed above and is now the creditor for the account. Cavalry SPV I, LLC has referred the account to Cavalry Portfolio Services, LLC ("Cavalry") for servicing.

Cavalry is committed to providing you with excellent customer service, which includes treating you in a fair and respectful manner. If at any time you feel that you have not been provided with excellent customer service, please call us at (888) 716-0010.

We understand that all of the account balance may not be repaid at this time. If some of the bill can be repaid, even if it is through a monthly payment plan, we would like to hear from you. We work with our customers to find affordable repayment arrangements. Please call us at (888) 716-0010 to discuss your repayment options.

Unless you notify Cavalry within thirty days after receiving this letter that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, Cavalry will assume this debt is valid. If you notify Cavalry in writing within thirty days from receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, Cavalry will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment, if applicable, and mail you a copy of such verification or judgment. If you request it from Cavalry in writing within thirty days after receiving this notice, Cavalry will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor

If you want Cavalry to stop contacting you, you can write to us requesting that we cease contact. Please be aware that sending such a letter does not make the debt go away. Once we receive your letter, Cavalry will not contact you again except to let you know that there will not be any further contact, or that Cavalry intends to take a specific action on your account.

Sincerely,

Shelly Garrison

Cavalry Portfolio Services, LLC

We may report information about your account to credit reporting agencies.

THIS IS AN ATTEMPT TO COLLECT A DEBT. ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED WILL BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE. THIS COMMUNICATION IS FROM A DEBT COLLECTOR. SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION CONCERNING YOUR RIGHTS.



Notice of Important Rights

We are required by law to notify consumers of the following rights. This list does not include a complete list of rights consumers have under state and federal laws.

In California: The state Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act and the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act require that, except under unusual circumstances, collectors may not contact you before 8 a.m. or after 9 p.m. They may not harass you by using threats of violence or arrest or by using obscene language. Collectors may not use false or misleading statements or call you at work if they know or have reason to know that you may not receive personal calls at work. For the most part, collectors may not tell another person, other than your attorney or spouse, about your debt. Collectors may contact another person to confirm your location or enforce a judgment. For more information about debt collection activities, you may contact the Federal Trade Commission at 1-877-FTC-HELP or www.ftc.gov. As required by law, you are hereby notified that a pegative credit report reflecting on your credit record may be submitted required by law, you are hereby notified that a negative credit report reflecting on your credit record may be submitted to a credit reporting agency if you fail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligations.

IN COLORADO: A consumer has the right to request in writing that a debt collector or collection agency cease further communication with the consumer. A written request to cease communication will not prohibit the debt collector or collection agency from taking any other action authorized by law to collect the debt. FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THE COLORADO FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT, SEE WWW.COAG.GOV/CAR. Our in-state office address and telephone number is 80 Garden Center, Building B, Suite 3 Broomfield, CO 80020, (303) 920-4763.

IN MASSACHUSETTS: Notice of important rights. You have the right to make a written or oral request that telephone calls regarding your debt not be made to you at your place of employment. Any such oral request will be valid for only ten days unless you provide written confirmation of the request postmarked or delivered within seven days of such request. You may terminate this request by writing to the collector. You may contact us by telephone at (866) 483-5139 between 9:00 am and 5:00 pm Eastern Time Monday-Friday or in writing at 500 Summit Lake Drive Suite 400 Valhalla, NY 10595-1340.

IN MINNESOTA: THIS COLLECTION AGENCY IS LICENSED BY THE MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

In New York City: This collection agency is licensed by the New York City Department of Consumer Affairs. The license numbers are 1143718, 1126502, 1126497, and 1126494.

In Tennessee: This collection agency is licensed by the Collection Service Board, State Department of Commerce and Insurance.

In Utah: As required by Utah law, you are hereby notified that a negative credit report reflecting on your credit record may be submitted to a credit reporting agency if you fail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligations.

In North Carolina: This collection agency is licensed by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The license numbers are 3824, 3910, 3911, and 3912. Its true name is Cavalry Portfolio Services, LLC. Its true addresses are: (a) 4050 Cotton Center Boulevard, Building 2, Suite 20, Phoenix, Arizona 85040; (b) 500 Summit Lake Drive Suite 400 Valhalla, NY 10595-1340; (c) 4500 South 129th East Ave, Suite 165, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74134; and (d) 1611 County Rd B W, Suite 306, Roseville, MN 55113.

Privacy Notice

In accordance with federal regulations, Cavalry is giving you this notice to tell you how we may use non-public personal information about you and your account ("Private Information"). This notice applies whether you are a current or a former customer of Cavalry.

COLLECTION AND USE OF PRIVATE INFORMATION

We collect Private Information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you either directly or indirectly, such as information on applications or other forms, which may include your name, address, social security number and income.
- Information about your transactions with us or others, such as your account balance and payment history.
- Information we receive from consumer reporting agencies, such as your credit history and credit worthiness.

DISCLOSURE OF PRIVATE INFORMATION

We only disclose information we collect to affiliated and non-affiliated third parties as permitted by the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act. We may disclose information we collect to:

- Credit bureaus
- The original creditor and entities that have had an ownership interest in your account
- Entities that provide mailing services on our behalf 0
- Entities that provide collection-related services on our behalf
- Others, such as third parties, when you direct us to share information about you
- Affiliated and non-affiliated parties if not prohibited by the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act or by other applicable laws

MAINTENANCE OF ACCURATE INFORMATION

We have established procedures to correct inaccurate information in a timely manner. If you have any reason to believe that our record of your Private Information is incorrect, contact us in writing at 500 Summit Lake Drive Suite 400 Valhalla, NY 10595-1340. We will investigate the situation and, when appropriate, update our records accordingly.

PROTECTION OF INFORMATION

We restrict access to Private Information about you to our employees who need this information to provide products and services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that are consistent with federal standards to guard your Private Information.

For account questions, comments, or general customer service, you may contact us at (866) 434-2995 Monday through Thursday 9am to 9pm Eastern Time, Friday 9am to 5pm Eastern Time, Saturday 9am to 1pm Eastern Time, or you may write us at 500 Summit Lake Drive Suite 400 Valhalla, NY 10595-1340.

By sending your check, please be aware that you are authorizing Cavalry Portfolio Services, LLC to use information on your check to make a one-time electronic debit from your account at the financial institution indicated on your check.

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

Place an X in the appropriate	Box: Green Bay Division	,	2	Milwaukee Division	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS		
MORGAN OTTMAN			CAVALRY PORTFOLIO SERVICES, LLC		
•	e of First Listed Plaintiff Milwaukee		County of Residence o	f First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)	OML V)
(F	EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)		NOTE: IN LAND	CONDEMNATION CASES, US	,
				NVOLVED.	
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name	e, Address, and Telephone Number)		Attorneys (If Known)		
Ademi & O'Reilly, LLP,	3620 E. Layton Ave., Cudahy, WI 53110 ne (414) 482-8001-Facsimile		•		
II. BASIS OF JURISI	OICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
☐ 1 U.S. Government		((For Diversity Cases Only)	TF DEF	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government Not a Party)	Citize	en of This State	_	incipal Place 4 4
2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Iter		en of Another State	2 Incorporated and I of Business In A	
		Citize	en or Subject of a	3 Greign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only) TORTS	FO	PRFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAI	<u> </u>	0 Agriculture	422 Appeal 28 USC 158	400 State Reapportionment
110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Marine 130 Marine 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	□ 310 Airplane □ 362 Persona □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 365 Persona □ 320 Assault, Libel & Product Slander □ 368 Asbesto □ 330 Federal Employers' Liability □ 1340 Marine □ 345 Marine Product Liability □ 370 Other Fi □ 355 Motor Vehicle □ 380 Other Porporty Product Liability □ 385 Property □ 385 Property □ 385 Property □ 385 Property	All Injury -	O Agriculture O Other Food & Drug 5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 O Liquor Laws O R.R. & Truck O Airline Regs. O Occupational Safety/Health O Other LABOR O Fair Labor Standards Act O Labor/Mgmt. Relations O Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act O Railway Labor Act O Other Labor Litigation 1 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act IMMIGRATION 2 Naturalization Application 3 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee 5 Other Immigration Actions	422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal	400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 900Appeal of Fee Determination Act 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
☑ 1 Original ☐ 2 R	an "X" in One Box Only) emoved from	rt Reop	pened another (specific		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTI	Brief description of cause:		Do not cite jurisdiction	al statutes unless diversity):	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	Violation of Fair Debt Collection Practi CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS A UNDER F.R.C.P. 23		EMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CAS	(See instructions): JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER	- -
DATE	_	RE OF ATTORNEY O	OF RECORD	-	
July 31, 2017		hn D. Blyth			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	3, 001				

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example:

U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Wisconsin

MORGAN OTTMAN)			
Plaintiff)			
v.	Civil Action No. 17-cv-1053			
CAVALRY PORTFOLIO SERVICES, LLC,))			
Defendant)			
SUMMONS	IN A CIVIL ACTION			
To: (Defendant's name and address) CAVALRY PORTFOLIC c/o C T CORPORATION 301 SOUTH BEDFORD Madison, WI 53703	N SYSTEM			
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: John D. Blythin Ademi & O'Reilly, LLP 3620 East Layton Avenue Cudahy, WI 53110 (414) 482-8000-Telephone				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
	CLERK OF COURT			
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			
	- · · ·			

Civil Action No. 17-cv-1053

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nan	ne of individual and title, if any)			
was re	ceived by me on (date)	·			
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individual at	t (place)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's residence or us	sual place of abode with (name)		
		, a person of	f suitable age and discretion who resid	des there,	
	on (date)	, and mailed a copy to th	ne individual's last known address; or		
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)		, wh	o is
	designated by law to a	accept service of process on behal	f of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because			; or
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this information i	s true.		
Date:					
			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Save As...

ClassAction.org

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