UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SAMUEL & STEIN

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino, on behalf of themselves and all other persons similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

- vs. -

82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin,

Defendants.

DOCKET NO. 17-cv-1467

COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino, by and through their undersigned attorneys, for their complaint against defendants 82 Food Corp., PS Food Corp., Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin, alleges as follows, on behalf of themselves and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Plaintiffs Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino allege on behalf of themselves and on behalf of other similarly situated current and former employees of defendants 82 Food Corp., PS Food Corp., Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin, who elect to opt into this action pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), that they are entitled to: (i) compensation for wages paid at less than the statutory minimum wage, (ii) unpaid wages from defendants for overtime work for which they did not receive overtime premium pay as required by law, and (iii) liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq., because defendants' violations lacked a good faith basis.

2. Mr. Ortega and Mr. Vasquez Paulino further complain on behalf of themselves and on behalf of a class of other similarly situated current and former employees of defendants, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, that they are entitled to (i) compensation for wages paid at less than the statutory minimum wage; (ii) back wages for overtime work for which defendants willfully failed to pay overtime premium pay as required by the New York Labor Law §§ 650 et seq. and the supporting New York State Department of Labor regulations; (iii) liquidated damages pursuant to New York

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Labor Law for these violations; and (iv) statutory damages for defendants' violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act.

THE PARTIES

3. Plaintiffs Mr. Ortega and Mr. Vasquez Paulino are adult individuals residing in Brooklyn, New York.

4. Plaintiffs consent in writing to be parties to this action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b); their written consents are attached hereto and incorporated by reference.

5. Upon information and belief, defendant 82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food ("82 Food") is a New York corporation with a principal place of business at 800 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

6. Upon information and belief, defendant PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food is a New York corporation with a principal place of business at 320 Pennsylvania Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

7. At all relevant times, defendants 82 Food and PS Food (collectively, the "Key Food defendants") have been, and continue to be, employers engaged in interstate commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 207(a).

8. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the Key Food defendants have had gross annual revenues in excess of \$500,000.00.

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9. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times herein, the Key Food defendants have used goods and materials produced in interstate commerce, and have employed at least two individuals who handled such goods and materials.

10. At all relevant times, the Key Food defendants shared common ownership and management, common personnel, and operated for a common business purpose.

11. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the Key Food defendants have constituted a single "enterprise" as defined in the FLSA.

12. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the Key Food defendants constituted "joint employers" within the meaning of the FLSA and New York Labor Law.

13. Upon information and belief, defendant Ahmed Hakim is an owner or part owner and principal of the Key Food defendants, who has the power to hire and fire employees, set wages and schedules, and maintain their records.

14. Defendant Ahmed Hakim was involved in the day-today operations of the Key Food defendants and played an active role in managing the businesses.

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15. Upon information and belief, defendant Jaynal Abdin is an owner or part owner and principal of the Key Food defendants, who has the power to hire and fire employees, set wages and schedules, and maintain their records.

16. Defendant Jaynal Abdin was involved in the dayto-day operations of the Key Food defendants and played an active role in managing the businesses.

17. Defendants constituted "employers" of plaintiffs as that term is used in the Fair Labor Standards Act and New York Labor Law.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

18. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337 and supplemental jurisdiction over plaintiffs' state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367. In addition, the Court has jurisdiction over plaintiffs' claims under the FLSA pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

19. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because defendants' business is located in this district.

COLLECTIVE ACTION AND CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

20. Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 206 and § 207, plaintiffs seek to prosecute their FLSA claims as a collective action

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on behalf of a collective group of persons defined as follows:

All persons who are or were formerly employed by defendants in the United States at any time since March 15, 2014, to the entry of judgment in this case (the "Collective Action Period"), who were retail supermarket employees, and who were not paid statutory minimum wages and/or overtime compensation at rates at least one-and-one-half times the regular rate of pay for hours worked in excess of forty hours per workweek (the "Collective Action Members").

21. Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a), (b)(2), and (b)(3), plaintiffs seek to prosecute their New York Labor Law claims on behalf of themselves and a class defined as follows:

All persons who are or were employed by defendants in the United States at any time since March 15, 2011, to the entry of judgment in this case (the "Class Period"), who were retail supermarket employees, and who were not properly paid statutory minimum wages and/or overtime compensation, and/or who were not provided with appropriate wage notices or weekly wage statements (the "Class Members").

22. Prosecution of this matter as a class is necessary because the persons in the putative Class identified above are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

23. Although the precise number of such persons is unknown, their identities are readily ascertainable from records within the sole control of defendants, and upon

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information and belief there are more than 40 members of the putative class during the Class Period, most of whom would not be likely to file individual suits because they lack adequate financial resources, access to attorneys, or knowledge of their claims.

24. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of both the putative Class Members and the Collective Action Members and have retained counsel that is experienced and competent in the fields of employment law and class action litigation.

25. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the putative Class and Collective Action Members, and plaintiffs have no interests that are contrary to, or in conflict with, those of the putative members of this class action or collective action.

26. Furthermore, inasmuch as the damages suffered by individual putative Class Members and Collective Action Members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation make it virtually impossible for the members of the putative class and collective actions to individually seek redress for the wrongs done to them.

27. Questions of law and fact common to the members of the putative class and collective actions predominate over questions that may affect only individual members

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because defendants have acted on grounds generally applicable to all members.

28. Among the common questions of law and fact under the FLSA and New York wage and hour laws common to plaintiffs and other putative Class/Collective Action Members are the following:

- a. Whether defendants failed and/or refused to pay plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members at a rate at least equal to the statutory minimum wage, in violation of the FLSA and the regulations promulgated thereunder;
- b. Whether defendants failed and/or refused to pay plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members premium pay for hours worked in excess of forty per workweek, in violation of the FLSA and the regulations promulgated thereunder;
- c. Whether defendants failed and/or refused to pay plaintiffs and the putative Class Members at a rate at least equal to the statutory minimum wage, in violation of New York wage and hour laws and the regulations promulgated thereunder;
- d. Whether defendants failed and/or refused to pay plaintiffs and the putative Class Members premium pay for hours worked in excess of forty

per workweek, in violation of New York wage and hour laws and the regulations promulgated thereunder;

- e. Whether defendants failed and/or refused to provide plaintiffs and the putative Class Members with the wage notices and weekly pay statements required by New York Labor Law §§ 195.1, 195.3, and the Wage Theft Prevention Act;
- f. Whether defendants' violations of the FLSA were willful, or not made in good faith, as those terms are used within the context of the FLSA; and
- g. Whether defendants' violations of New York Labor Law were willful, or not made in good faith, as those terms are used within the context of New York Labor Law.

29. Plaintiffs know of no difficulty that will be encountered in the management of this litigation that will preclude its maintenance as a collective action or class action.

30. The Collective Action Members are similarly situated to plaintiffs in that they were employed by defendants as non-exempt retail supermarket employees, and were denied payment at the statutory minimum wage and/or

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were denied premium overtime pay for hours worked beyond forty hours in a week.

31. They are further similarly situated in that defendants had a policy and practice of knowingly and willfully refusing to pay them the minimum wage or overtime.

32. Plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members perform or performed the same or similar primary duties, and were subjected to the same policies and practices by defendants.

33. The exact number of such individuals is presently unknown, but is known by defendants and can be ascertained through appropriate discovery.

FACTS

34. At all relevant times herein, defendants owned and operated supermarkets in New York under the name Key Food, including ones in Brooklyn located at 800 Rockaway Ave. and one located at 340 Pennsylvania Ave.

35. Plaintiff Mr. Ortega was employed by the Key Food defendants from approximately October 21, 2012 through January 8, 2017.

36. Mr. Ortega was employed at the Rockaway Avenue supermarket until August 2, 2014, and was then transferred by defendants to the Pennsylvania Avenue location.

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37. Plaintiff Mr. Vasquez Paulino was employed by the Key Food defendants from approximately October 15, 2012 through January 7, 2017.

38. Mr. Vasquez Paulino was employed at the Pennsylvania Avenue supermarket for one week, and was then transferred by defendants to the Rockaway Avenue location.

39. Plaintiffs were employed as stockers at the supermarkets, although they occasionally made local deliveries, on foot, when necessary.

40. Plaintiffs' work was performed in the normal course of defendants' business and was integrated into the business of defendants, and did not involve executive or administrative responsibilities.

41. At all relevant times herein, plaintiffs were employees engaged in commerce and/or in the production of goods for commerce, as defined in the FLSA and its implementing regulations.

42. From the start of Mr. Ortega's employment with the Key Food defendants through roughly December 2014, he worked a regular schedule of nine hours per day, six days per week, for a total of about 54 hours per week. Commencing in approximately January of 2015, defendants reduced his schedule to eight hours per day, for a total of about 48 hours per week. Commencing in roughly mid-

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November 2016, defendants reduced his schedule still further, to seven hours per day, for a total of about 42 hours per week.

43. Mr. Vasquez Paulino worked a regular schedule of 9 hours per day, six days per week, throughout his employment, for a total of 54 hours per week.

44. Plaintiffs were paid fixed weekly salaries throughout their employment.

45. At the outset of Mr. Ortega's employment, he was paid \$360 per week; at the beginning of 2013 he was given a raise to \$390 per week.

46. Mr. Vasquez Paulino was paid \$325 per week when he was hired, but he was given a raise to \$390 per week after a few weeks. In mid-2014 he was given a further raise, to \$425 per week.

47. The amount of pay that plaintiffs received did not vary based on the precise number of hours that they worked in a day, week, or month.

48. As a result, plaintiffs' effective rate of pay was always below the statutory New York minimum wages in effect at relevant times; in addition, plaintiff Ortega's effective rate of pay was below the federal minimum wage through the end of 2014, and plaintiff Vasquez Paulino's

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effective rate of pay was below the federal minimum wage through the middle of 2014.

49. Defendants' failure to pay plaintiffs amounts at least equal to the federal or New York state minimum wages in effect during relevant time periods was willful, and lacked a good faith basis.

50. Plaintiffs were paid in cash throughout their employment, and they received no paystubs or wage statements of any sort with their pay.

51. In addition, defendants failed to pay plaintiffs any overtime "bonus" for hours worked beyond 40 hours in a workweek, in violation of the FLSA, the New York Labor Law, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor regulations.

52. Defendants' failure to pay plaintiffs the overtime bonus for overtime hours worked was willful, and lacked a good faith basis.

53. Defendants failed to provide plaintiffs with accurate written notices, in their native language of Spanish, providing the information required by the Wage Theft Prevention Act - including, *inter alia*, defendants' contact information, their regular and overtime rates, and intended allowances claimed - and failed to obtain their signature acknowledging the same, upon their hiring or at

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any time thereafter, in violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act in effect at the time.

54. Defendants failed to provide plaintiffs with weekly records of their compensation and hours worked, in violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act.

55. Upon information and belief, throughout the period of plaintiffs' employment, both before that time (throughout the Class and Collective Action Periods) and continuing until today, defendants have likewise employed other individuals like plaintiffs (the Class and Collective Action Members) in positions at defendants' supermarkets that required little skill, no capital investment, and with duties and responsibilities that did not include any managerial responsibilities or the exercise of independent judgment.

56. Defendants applied the same employment policies, practices, and procedures to all Class and Collective Action Members, including policies, practices, and procedures with respect to the payment of minimum wages and overtime.

57. Upon information and belief, defendants have failed to pay these other individuals at a rate at least equal to the minimum wage, in violation of the FLSA and the New York Labor Law.

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58. Upon information and belief, these other individuals have worked in excess of forty hours per week, yet defendants have likewise failed to pay them overtime compensation of one-and-one-half times their regular hourly rate in violation of the FLSA and the New York Labor Law.

59. Upon information and belief, these other individuals were not provided with required compliant wage notices, or weekly wage statements, as specified in New York Labor Law §§ 195.1, 195.3, and the Wage Theft Prevention Act.

60. Upon information and belief, while defendants employed plaintiffs and the Class and Collective Action members, and through all relevant time periods, defendants failed to maintain accurate and sufficient time records or provide accurate records to employees, and failed to post or keep posted notices explaining the minimum wage and overtime pay rights provided by the FLSA or New York Labor Law.

COUNT I

(Fair Labor Standards Act - Minimum Wage)

61. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all Collective Action Members, repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing allegations as if set forth fully and again herein.

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62. At all relevant times, defendants employed plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members within the meaning of the FLSA.

63. Defendants failed to pay a salary greater than the minimum wage to plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members for all hours worked.

64. As a result of defendants' willful failure to compensate plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members at a rate at least equal to the federal minimum wage for each hour worked, defendants have violated, and continue to violate, the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq., including 29 U.S.C. §§ 206.

65. The foregoing conduct, as alleged, constituted a willful violation of the FLSA within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a), and lacked a good faith basis within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 260.

66. Due to defendants' FLSA violations, plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members are entitled to recover from defendants their unpaid compensation plus liquidated damages, interest, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

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COUNT II

(New York Labor Law - Minimum Wage)

67. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and the members of the Class, repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing allegations as if set forth fully and again herein.

68. At all relevant times, plaintiffs and the members of the Class were employed by defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§ 2 and 651.

69. Defendants willfully violated the rights of plaintiffs and the members of the Class rights by failing to pay them compensation in excess of the statutory minimum wage in violation of the New York Labor Law §§ 190-199, 652 and their regulations.

70. Defendants' failure to pay compensation in excess of the statutory minimum wage was willful, and lacked a good faith basis, within the meaning of New York Labor Law § 198, § 663 and supporting regulations.

71. Due to defendants' New York Labor Law violations, plaintiffs and the members of the Class are entitled to recover from defendants their unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, interest, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of the action, pursuant to New York Labor Law § 198, and § 663(1).

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COUNT III

(Fair Labor Standards Act - Overtime)

72. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all Collective Action Members, repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing allegations as if set forth fully and again herein.

73. At all relevant times, defendants employed plaintiffs and each of the Collective Action Members within the meaning of the FLSA.

74. At all relevant times, defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay overtime compensation to their employees for hours they worked in excess of forty hours per workweek.

75. As a result of defendants' willful failure to compensate their employees, including plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members, at a rate at least one-and-onehalf times the regular rate of pay for work performed in excess of forty hours per workweek, defendants have violated, and continue to violate, the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq., including 29 U.S.C. §§ 207(a)(1) and 215(a).

76. The foregoing conduct, as alleged, constituted a willful violation of the FLSA within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a), and lacked a good faith basis within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 260.

77. Due to defendants' FLSA violations, plaintiffs and the Collective Action Members are entitled to recover from defendants their unpaid overtime compensation, liquidated damages, interest, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

COUNT IV

(New York Labor Law - Overtime)

78. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and the members of the Class, repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing allegations as if set forth fully and again herein.

79. At all relevant times, plaintiffs and the members of the Class were employed by defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§ 2 and 651.

80. Defendants willfully violated the rights of plaintiffs and the members of the Class by failing to pay them overtime compensation at rates at least one-and-onehalf times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours per workweek in violation of the New York Labor Law §§ 650 et seq. and its supporting regulations in 12 N.Y.C.R.R. § 142.

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81. Defendants' failure to pay overtime was willful, and lacked a good faith basis, within the meaning of New York Labor Law § 198, § 663 and supporting regulations.

82. Due to defendants' New York Labor Law violations, plaintiffs and the members of the Class are entitled to recover from defendants their unpaid overtime compensation, liquidated damages, interest, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of the action, pursuant to New York Labor Law § 198, and § 663(1).

COUNT V

(New York Labor Law - Wage Theft Prevention Act)

83. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and the members of the Class repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing allegations as if set forth fully and again herein.

84. At all relevant times, plaintiffs and the members of the Class were employed by defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§ 2 and 651.

85. Defendants willfully violated the rights of plaintiffs and the members of the Class by failing to provide them with valid wage notices required by the Wage Theft Prevention Act when they were hired, or at any time thereafter.

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86. Defendants willfully violated the rights of plaintiffs and the me

87. mbers of the Class by failing to provide them with weekly wage statements required by the Wage Theft Prevention Act at any time during their employment.

88. Due to defendants' New York Labor Law violations relating to the failure to provide paystubs, plaintiffs and the members of the Class are entitled to recover from the defendants statutory damages of \$100 per week through February 26, 2015, and \$250 per day from February 27, 2015 through the end of their employment, up to the maximum statutory damages.

89. Due to defendants' New York Labor Law violations relating to the failure to provide accurate, compliant wage notices, plaintiffs and the members of the Class are entitled to recover from the defendants statutory damages of \$50 per week through February 26, 2015, and \$50 per day from February 27, 2015 to the termination of their employment, up to the maximum statutory damages

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs respectfully request that this Court grant the following relief:

- a. Certification of this action as a class action pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 23(b)(2) and (3) on behalf of members of the Class and appointing plaintiffs and their counsel to represent the Class;
- b. Designation of this action as a collective action on behalf of the Collective Action Members and prompt issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all similarly situated members of an FLSA Opt-In Class, apprising them of the pendency of this action, permitting them to assert timely FLSA claims in this action by filing individual Consents to Sue pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), and appointing plaintiffs and their counsel to represent the Collective Action members;
- c. A declaratory judgment that the practices complained of herein are unlawful under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- d. An injunction against defendants and their officers, agents, successors, employees, representatives, and any and all persons acting in concert with them, as provided by law, from

engaging in each of the unlawful practices, policies, and patterns set forth herein;

- e. A compensatory award of unpaid compensation, at the statutory overtime rate, due under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- f. Compensatory damages for failure to pay the minimum wage pursuant to the FLSA and New York Labor Law;
- g. An award of liquidated damages as a result of defendants' willful failure to pay the statutory minimum wage and overtime compensation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216;
- h. Liquidated damages for defendants' New York
 Labor Law violations;
- i. Statutory damages for defendants' violation of the New York Wage Theft Prevention Act;
- j. Back pay;
- k. Punitive damages;
- An award of prejudgment and postjudgment interest;

- m. An award of costs and expenses of this action together with reasonable attorneys' and expert fees; and
- n. Such other, further, and different relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: March 15, 2017

Olto

David Stein SAMUEL & STEIN 38 West 32nd Street Suite 1110 New York, New York 10001 (212) 563-9884 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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EXHIBIT A

CONSENT TO SUE

By my signature below, I hereby authorize the filing and prosecution of claims in my name and on my behalf to contest the failure of Key Food Supermarket and its owners and affiliates to pay me, *inter alia*, minimum wage and overtime wages as required under state and/or federal law and also authorize the filing of this consent in the lawsuit challenging such conduct, and consent to being named as a representative plaintiff in this action to make decisions on behalf of all other plaintiffs concerning all aspects of this lawsuit. I have been provided with a copy of a retainer agreement with the law firm of Samuel & Stein, and I agree to be bound by its terms.

Con mi firma abajo, autorizo la presentación y tramitación de reclamaciones en mi nombre y de mi parte para impugnar el fallo de Key Food Supermarke y sus propietarios y afiliados a me pagan, entre otras cosas, el salario mínimo y pago de horas extras, requerida en el estado y / o la ley federal y también autorizan la presentación de este consentimiento en la demanda contra ese tipo de conducta, y el consentimiento para ser nombrado como demandante representante en esta acción para tomar decisiones en nombre de todos los demás demandantes en relación con todos aspectos de esta demanda. Se me ha proporcionado una copia de un acuerdo de retención con la firma de abogados de Samuel y Stein, y estoy de acuerdo en estar obligado por sus términos..

Franciso Domingo Ortega Ovalles

Date: January 19, 2017

CONSENT TO SUE

By my signature below, I hereby authorize the filing and prosecution of claims in my name and on my behalf to contest the failure of Key Food Supermarket and its owners and affiliates to pay me, *inter alia*, minimum wage and overtime wages as required under state and/or federal law and also authorize the filing of this consent in the lawsuit challenging such conduct, and consent to being named as a representative plaintiff in this action to make decisions on behalf of all other plaintiffs concerning all aspects of this lawsuit. I have been provided with a copy of a retainer agreement with the law firm of Samuel & Stein, and I agree to be bound by its terms.

Con mi firma abajo, autorizo la presentación y tramitación de reclamaciones en mi nombre y de mi parte para impugnar el fallo de Key Food Supermarke y sus propietarios y afiliados a me pagan, entre otras cosas, el salario mínimo y pago de horas extras, requerida en el estado y / o la ley federal y también autorizan la presentación de este consentimiento en la demanda contra ese tipo de conducta, y el consentimiento para ser nombrado como demandante representante en esta acción para tomar decisiones en nombre de todos los demás demandantes en relación con todos aspectos de esta demanda. Se me ha proporcionado una copia de un acuerdo de retención con la firma de abogados de Samuel y Stein, y estoy de acuerdo en estar obligado por sus términos..

Juan Andres Vasquez Paulino

Date: January 19, 2017

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)*

JS 44 (Rev. 07/16)

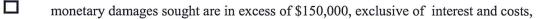
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I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS	5					
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(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Kings County, NY				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Kings Co			Kings County,	County, NY		
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(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, .	· -			Attorneys (If Known)						
Samuel & Stein / 38 We NY 10001 / (212) 563-		1110 / New York,								
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in C)ne Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF P	PRINCIPA	L PARTIES				
1 U.S. Government	3 Federal Question	0	8	(For Diversity Cases Only) P	TF DEF		and One Box for I I	Defenda PTF	ant) DEF	
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IV. NATURE OF SUIT							077777		70	
CONTRACT	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJUR		DRFEITURE/PENALTY 5 Drug Related Seizure		KRUPTCY al 28 USC 158	OTHER ST		ES	
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& Enforcement of Judgment		Personal Injury			□ 820 Copy		□ 430 Banks and		ng	
 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted 	330 Federal Employers' Liability	Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal			 830 Paten 840 Trade 		□ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation			
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(Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment	345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPER	TY 71	LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards	SOCIAL 861 HIA	SECURITY (1395ff)	Corrupt Or 480 Consumer		tions	
of Veteran's Benefits	350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Fraud		Act	D 862 Black	Lung (923)	490 Cable/Sat	TV	a	
 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 	355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal 	0 72	0 Labor/Management Relations	□ 863 DIW □ 864 SSID	C/DIWW (405(g)) Title XVI	850 Securities/ Exchange		odities/	
195 Contract Product Liability	□ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage	0 74	0 Railway Labor Act	🗇 865 RSI (□ 890 Other State		ctions	
196 Franchise	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	385 Property Damage Product Liability	0 75	 Family and Medical Leave Act 			891 Agricultur 893 Environme			
	Medical Malpractice	Floduct Elability	0 79	0 Other Labor Litigation			□ 895 Environmed □ 895 Freedom o			
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION	NS 🗆 79	1 Employee Retirement		L TAX SUITS	Act			
 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 	 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee		Income Security Act		s (U.S. Plaintiff efendant)	 896 Arbitration 899 Administration 		ocedure	
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	442 Employment	510 Motions to Vacate			🗇 871 IRS-	-Third Party	Act/Review	w or Ap		
 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 	443 Housing/ Accommodations	Sentence 530 General			26 U	SC 7609	Agency Do		of	
290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities -			IMMIGRATION			State Statu		51	
	Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	Other: 540 Mandamus & Other		2 Naturalization Application 5 Other Immigration	1					
	Other	□ 550 Civil Rights		Actions						
	448 Education	 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - 								
		Conditions of								
		Confinement								
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in										
		Remanded from Appellate Court	J 4 Reins Reop	, I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	er District	6 Multidistr Litigation Transfer	- Li	lultidis itigatio irect Fi	n -	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	29 U.S.C. § 201,	et seq.		Do not cite jurisdictional sta	tutes unless div	versity):				
	Failure to pay mil	use: himum wage and ov	vertime							
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	i Di	EMAND \$		HECK YES only U RY DEMAND :	if demanded in co	omplair D No	nt:	
VIII. RELATED CASH	E(S)									
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE	0	00	DOCKE	T NUMBER				
DATE March 15, 2017		SIGNATURE OF ATT	IORNEY C	OFRECORD						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		pur		ang -						
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE		MAG. JUI	DGE			
		ALL DI HOIT		JODGE		MAG. 101	COL			

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-1 Filed 03/16/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 29

CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

, counsel for plaintiffs _____, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is I, ineligible for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):



- the complaint seeks injunctive relief.
- the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1

Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:

None

RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)

Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court."

NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)

- Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk County: NO 1.)
- 2.) If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? NO

b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District?

If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County?

(Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).

BAR ADMISSION

I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and cu	rrently a member in good standing of the bar of this court.
Yes	No
Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this c	or any other state or federal court?
Yes (If yes, please explain)	No
I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.	

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-2 Filed 03/16/17 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 30

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

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Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

Eastern District of New York

Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino, on behalf of themselves and all other persons similarly situated

Plaintiff(s)

v.

82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin

Defendant(s)

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food 800 Rockaway Ave. Brooklyn, New York 11212

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

David Stein, Esq. Samuel & Stein 38 West 32nd Street, Suite 1110 New York, NY 10001

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

> DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-2 Filed 03/16/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 31

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nam	ne of individual and title, if any)						
vas re	ceived by me on (date)	·						
	□ I personally served	the summons on the individual	at (place)					
	on (<i>date</i>) ; o							
	\Box I left the summons	at the individual's residence or u	usual place of abode with (name)					
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides							
	on <i>(date)</i> , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	□ I served the summo	ns on (name of individual)		, who	is			
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)							
			on (date)	; or				
	\Box I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because		; (or			
	□ Other (<i>specify</i>):							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0				
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this information	is true.					
Date:								
Jaic.			Server's signature					
			Printed name and title					

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-3 Filed 03/16/17 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 32

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

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Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

Eastern District of New York

Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino, on behalf of themselves and all other persons similarly situated

Plaintiff(s)

v.

82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin

Defendant(s)

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food 340 Pennsylvania Ave. Brooklyn, New York 11207

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

David Stein, Esq. Samuel & Stein 38 West 32nd Street, Suite 1110 New York, NY 10001

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

> DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-3 Filed 03/16/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 33

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nam	ne of individual and title, if any)							
was re	ceived by me on (date)								
	\Box I personally served	the summons on the individua	1 at (place)						
	on (date) ; or								
	□ I left the summons	_							
	□ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (<i>name</i>) , a person of suitable age and discretion who resides the								
	on <i>(date)</i> , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or								
				who is					
	□ I served the summons on (<i>name of individual</i>) designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (<i>name of organization</i>)								
	C I	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)on (date)							
		nons unexecuted because							
	Other <i>(specify):</i>								
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0					
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.								
Date:									
			Server's signature						
			Printed name and title						

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-4 Filed 03/16/17 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 34

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

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Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

Eastern District of New York

Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino, on behalf of themselves and all other persons similarly situated

Plaintiff(s)

v.

82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin

Defendant(s)

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

Ahmed Hakim % 82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food 800 Rockaway Ave. Brooklyn, New York 11212

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

David Stein, Esq. Samuel & Stein 38 West 32nd Street, Suite 1110 New York, NY 10001

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

> DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-4 Filed 03/16/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 35

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nam	ne of individual and title, if any)							
was re	ceived by me on (date)								
	\Box I personally served	the summons on the individua	1 at (place)						
	on (date) ; or								
	□ I left the summons	_							
	□ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (<i>name</i>) , a person of suitable age and discretion who resides the								
	on <i>(date)</i> , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or								
				who is					
	□ I served the summons on (<i>name of individual</i>) designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (<i>name of organization</i>)								
	C I	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)on (date)							
		nons unexecuted because							
	□ Other (<i>specify</i>):								
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0					
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.								
Date:									
			Server's signature						
			Printed name and title						

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-5 Filed 03/16/17 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 36

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

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Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

Eastern District of New York

Francisco Ortega and Juan Vasquez Paulino, on behalf of themselves and all other persons similarly situated

Plaintiff(s)

v.

82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, PS Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food, Ahmed Hakim, and Jaynal Abdin

Defendant(s)

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

Jaynal Abdin % 82 Food Corp. d/b/a Key Food 800 Rockaway Ave. Brooklyn, New York 11212

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

David Stein, Esq. Samuel & Stein 38 West 32nd Street, Suite 1110 New York, NY 10001

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

> DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Case 1:17-cv-01467 Document 1-5 Filed 03/16/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 37

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 17-cv-1467

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nam	ne of individual and title, if any)						
was re	ceived by me on (date)							
	□ I personally served	the summons on the individua	al at (place)					
	on (date) ;							
	□ I left the summons	left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)						
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides							
	on <i>(date)</i> , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	\Box I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)				, who is		
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)							
			on	(date)	; or			
	\Box I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because				; or		
	□ Other <i>(specify)</i> :							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$		for services, for a total of \$		0		
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this information	on is true.					
Date:								
Date.				Server's signature				
				Printed name and title				

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>FLSA Lawsuit Filed Against New York Supermarket Key Food</u>