

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN
MILWAUKEE DIVISION**

ANNE O'BOYLE, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,)	Case No.: 17-cv-1397
)	
Plaintiff,)	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
)	
v.)	
)	Jury Trial Demanded
GENPACT SERVICES LLC,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

INTRODUCTION

1. This class action seeks redress for collection practices that violate the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* (the “FDCPA”) and the Wisconsin Consumer Act, ch. 421-427, Wis. Stats. (the “WCA”).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. The court has jurisdiction to grant the relief sought by Plaintiff pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337 and 1367. Venue in this District is proper in that Defendants directed their collection efforts into the District.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiff Anne O'Boyle is an individual who resides in the Eastern District of Wisconsin (Milwaukee County).

4. Plaintiff is a “consumer” as defined in the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3), in that Defendant sought to collect from her debts allegedly incurred for personal, family, or household purposes, namely a personal credit card.

5. Plaintiff is also a “customer” as defined in the Wisconsin Consumer Act, Wis. Stat. § 421.301(17), in that she allegedly engaged in consumer credit transactions – purchases of household goods and clothing with a personal credit card.

6. Defendant Genpact Services LLC (“Genpact”) is a foreign limited liability company with its principal offices located at 1155 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036.

7. Genpact is engaged in the business of a collection agency, using the mails and telephone to collect consumer debts originally owed to others.

8. Genpact is engaged in the business of collecting debts owed to others and incurred for personal, family, or household purposes.

9. Genpact is a debt collector as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a and Wis. Stat. § 427.103(3).

FACTS

10. Sometime prior to November 17, 2016, Plaintiff obtained an American Eagle Outfitters, Inc. (“American Eagle”) credit card, used solely for personal, family, or household purposes, namely purchases of household goods and clothing.

11. On or about November 17, 2016, American Eagle mailed an account statement to Plaintiff. A copy of this account statement is attached to this complaint as Exhibit A.

12. Exhibit A contains the following:

Statement date: 11/17/16	Days in billing cycle: 30	Account number: [REDACTED] 7022		
Transaction Summary (Continued)				
Trans Date	Post Date	Reference Number	Description of Transaction or Credit	Amount
			TOTAL INTEREST FOR THIS PERIOD	\$3.65
2016 Totals Year-To-Date				
			Total Fees Charged in 2016	\$95.00
			Total Interest Charged in 2016	\$8.85
			Total Interest Paid in 2016	\$0.00

13. Exhibit A also contains the following:

AE Credit Card		ANNE OBOYLE Account Number [REDACTED] 7022	ae.com Mobile Service: ae.mycardcreditcard.mobi Customer Service: 1-800-945-6596
Summary of Account Activity		Payment Information	
Previous Balance	\$164.96	New Balance	\$203.61
+ Fees Charged	\$35.00	Amount Past Due	\$94.00
+ Interest Charges	\$3.65	Total Minimum Payment Due	\$135.00
New Balance	\$203.61	Payment Due Date	12/10/2016
Credit Limit	\$170.00	Late Payment Warning: If we do not receive your Total Minimum Payment Due by the Payment Due Date listed above, you may have to pay a late fee up to \$35.00.	
Available Credit	\$0.00	Minimum Payment Warning: If you make only the minimum payment each period, you will pay more in interest and it will take you longer to pay off your balance. For example:	
Statement Closing Date	11/17/2016		
Days in Billing Cycle	30		

14. Exhibit A states that, as of November 17, 2016, the balance of Plaintiff's American Eagle credit card account with an account number ending 7022 was \$203.61.

15. On or about November 19, 2016, Genpact mailed a debt collection letter to Plaintiff regarding an alleged debt, allegedly owed to "Synchrony Bank" for Plaintiff's "AEO, Inc. Credit Card Account" with an account number ending in 7022. A copy of this letter is attached to this complaint as Exhibit B.

16. Upon information and belief, Exhibit B is a form letter, generated by computer, and with the information specific to Plaintiff inserted by computer.

17. Upon information and belief, Exhibit B is a form debt collection letter, generated by computer, and with the information specific to Plaintiff inserted by computer.

18. Upon information and belief, Exhibit B was the first debt collection letter Defendant mailed to Plaintiff.

19. Exhibit B contains the statutorily required validation notice, advising Plaintiff of her rights to dispute the debt:

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion of this debt, this office will assume that this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute this debt or any portion of this debt, this office will obtain verification of this debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and will mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

20. Exhibit B also contains the following:

November 19, 2016

Account Information

Creditor: Synchrony Bank

Reference: AEO, Inc. Credit Card Account

Account: XXXXXXXXXXXX7022

Reference: [REDACTED] 252

Balance Due: \$203.00

21. Exhibit B states that, as of November 19, 2016, the balance of Plaintiff's American Eagle credit card account with an account number ending in 7022 had a balance of \$203.00.

22. Exhibit B also contains the following:

The total account balance as of the date of this letter is shown above. Your account balance may increase because of interest or other charges, if so provided in your agreement with your creditor.

23. Based on Exhibits A and B, the unsophisticated consumer would have no idea how much was owed on Plaintiff's American Eagle credit card account when Genpact mailed its letter on November 19, 2016.

24. Exhibit A, sent by the creditor, informed Plaintiff that the balance was \$203.61 on November 17, 2016.

25. Exhibit B, sent by a third-party debt collector, informed Plaintiff the balance was \$203.00 two days later, on November 19, 2016.

26. Based on the balances stated, any consumer would be confused as to the amount that was owed on the account at any given time throughout this period.

27. Plaintiff did not make a payment on the account that would account for any reduction in the amount owed.

28. Moreover, Exhibit B expressly states that the “The total account balance as of the date of this letter is [\$203.00]. Your account balance may *increase* because of interest or other charges, if so provided in your agreement with your creditor.” (emphasis added)

29. Upon information and belief, when American Eagle transmitted the account to Genpact for debt collection, American Eagle provided Genpact with Plaintiff's account terms, including Plaintiff's interest rate.

30. Upon information and belief, Genpact miscalculated Plaintiff's account balance, stating Plaintiff's balance was \$203.00 on November 19, 2016 when it was actually \$203.61 or a greater amount.

31. Misstating Plaintiff's account balance is material because it is a false statement directly concerning the character, amount, or legal status of any debt. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(2)(a)

32. Plaintiff was confused by Exhibits A-B.

33. Plaintiff had to spend time and money investigating Exhibits A-B and the consequences of any potential responses to Exhibits A-B.

34. Plaintiff had to take time to obtain and meet with counsel, including travel to counsel's office by car and its related expenses (including but not limited to the cost of gasoline and mileage), to advise Plaintiff on the consequences of Exhibits A-B.

THE FDCPA and WCA

35. The FDCPA states that its purpose, in part, is “to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692(e). It is designed to protect consumers from unscrupulous collectors, whether or not there is a valid debt. *Mace v. Van Ru Credit Corp.*, 109 F.3d 338 (7th Cir. 1997); *Baker v. G.C. Services Corp.*, 677 F.2d 775, 777 (9th Cir. 1982); *McCartney v. First City Bank*, 970 F.2d 45, 47 (5th Cir. 1992). The FDCPA broadly

prohibits unfair or unconscionable collection methods; conduct which harasses, oppresses or abuses any debtor; and any false, deceptive or misleading statements in connection with the collection of a debt; it also requires debt collectors to give debtors certain information. 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692d, 1692e, 1692f and 1692g.

36. The Seventh Circuit has held that whether a debt collector's conduct violates the FDCPA should be judged from the standpoint of an "unsophisticated consumer." *Avila v. Rubin*, 84 F.3d 222, 227 (7th Cir. 1996); *Gammon v. GC Services, LP*, 27 F.3d 1254, 1257 (7th Cir. 1994). The standard is an objective one—whether the plaintiffs or any class members were misled is not an element of a cause of action. *Bartlett v. Heibl*, 128 F.3d 497, 499 (7th Cir. 1997). "The question is not whether these plaintiffs were deceived or misled, but rather whether an unsophisticated consumer would have been misled." *Beattie v. D.M. Collections Inc.*, 754 F. Supp. 383, 392 (D. Del. 1991).

37. Because it is part of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1601 *et seq.*, the FDCPA should be liberally construed in favor of the consumer to effectuate its purposes. *Cirkot v. Diversified Fin. Services, Inc.*, 839 F. Supp. 941, 944 (D. Conn. 1993).

The [Consumer Credit Protection] Act is remedial in nature, designed to remedy what Congressional hearings revealed to be unscrupulous and predatory creditor practices throughout the nation. Since the statute is remedial in nature, its terms must be construed in liberal fashion if the underlying Congressional purpose is to be effectuated.

N.C. Freed Co. v. Board of Governors, 473 F.2d 1210, 1214 (2d Cir. 1973).

38. Statutory damages are recoverable for violations, whether or not the consumer proves actual damages. *Baker*, 677 F.2d at 780-1; *Woolfolk v. Van Ru Credit Corp.*, 783 F. Supp. 724, 727 and n. 3 (D. Conn. 1990); *Riveria v. MAB Collections, Inc.*, 682 F. Supp. 174, 177 (W.D.N.Y. 1988); *Kuhn v. Account Control Tech.*, 865 F. Supp. 1443, 1450 (D. Nev. 1994); *In*

re Scrimpsheer, 17 B.R. 999, 1016-7 (Bankr. N.D.N.Y. 1982); *In re Littles*, 90 B.R. 669, 680 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1988), *aff'd as modified sub nom. Crossley v. Lieberman*, 90 B.R. 682 (E.D. Pa. 1988), *aff'd*, 868 F.2d 566 (3d Cir. 1989)

39. The FDCPA creates substantive rights for consumers; violations cause injury to consumers, and such injuries are concrete and particularized. *Bock v. Pressler & Pressler, LLP*, No. 11-7593, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 81058 *21 (D.N.J. May 25, 2017) (“through [s]ection 1692e of the FDCPA, Congress established ‘an enforceable right to truthful information concerning’ debt collection practices, a decision that ‘was undoubtedly influenced by congressional awareness that the intentional provision of misinformation’ related to such practices, ‘contribute[s] to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy,’”); *Quinn v. Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC*, No. 16 C 2021, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 107299 *8-13 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 11, 2016) (rejecting challenge to Plaintiff’s standing based upon alleged FDCPA statutory violation); *Lane v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC*, No. 15 C 10446, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89258 *9-10 (N.D. Ill. July 11, 2016) (“When a federal statute is violated, and especially when Congress has created a cause of action for its violation, by definition Congress has created a legally protected interest that it deems important enough for a lawsuit.”); *Church v. Accretive Health, Inc.*, No. 15-15708, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 12414 *7-11 (11th Cir. July 6, 2016) (same); *see also Mogg v. Jacobs*, No. 15-CV-1142-JPG-DGW, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33229, 2016 WL 1029396, at *5 (S.D. Ill. Mar. 15, 2016) (“Congress does have the power to enact statutes creating legal rights, the invasion of which creates standing, even though no injury would exist without the statute,” (quoting *Sterk v. Redbox Automated Retail, LLC*, 770 F.3d 618, 623 (7th Cir. 2014))). For this reason, and to

encourage consumers to bring FDCPA actions, Congress authorized an award of statutory damages for violations. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a).

40. The FDCPA creates substantive rights for consumers; violations cause injury to consumers, and such injuries are concrete and particularized. *Bock v. Pressler & Pressler, LLP*, No. 11-7593, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 81058 *21 (D.N.J. May 25, 2017) (“through [s]ection 1692e of the FDCPA, Congress established ‘an enforceable right to truthful information concerning’ debt collection practices, a decision that ‘was undoubtedly influenced by congressional awareness that the intentional provision of misinformation’ related to such practices, ‘contribute[s] to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy,’”); *Quinn v. Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC*, No. 16 C 2021, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 107299 *8-13 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 11, 2016) (rejecting challenge to Plaintiff’s standing based upon alleged FDCPA statutory violation); *Lane v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC*, No. 15 C 10446, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89258 *9-10 (N.D. Ill. July 11, 2016) (“When a federal statute is violated, and especially when Congress has created a cause of action for its violation, by definition Congress has created a legally protected interest that it deems important enough for a lawsuit.”); *Church v. Accretive Health, Inc.*, No. 15-15708, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 12414 *7-11 (11th Cir. July 6, 2016) (same); *see also Mogg v. Jacobs*, No. 15-CV-1142-JPG-DGW, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33229, 2016 WL 1029396, at *5 (S.D. Ill. Mar. 15, 2016) (“Congress does have the power to enact statutes creating legal rights, the invasion of which creates standing, even though no injury would exist without the statute,” (quoting *Sterk v. Redbox Automated Retail, LLC*, 770 F.3d 618, 623 (7th Cir. 2014))). For this reason, and to encourage consumers to bring FDCPA actions, Congress authorized an award of statutory damages for violations. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a).

41. Moreover, Congress has explicitly described the FDCPA as regulating “abusive practices” in debt collection. 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(a) – 1692(e). Any person who receives a debt collection letter containing a violation of the FDCPA is a victim of abusive practices. *See* 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(e) (“It is the purpose of this subchapter to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses”).

42. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e generally prohibits “any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.”

43. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(2)(a) specifically prohibits: “The false representation of—the character, amount, or legal status of any debt.”

44. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10) specifically prohibits the “use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt.”

45. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g states:

a) Notice of debt; contents

Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing—

(1) the amount of the debt;

46. The Seventh Circuit has held that a debt collector must state the correct amount of the debt on the date a letter is sent to a consumer. *Miller v. McCalla, Raymer, Padrick, Cobb, Nichols, & Clark, L.L.C.*, 214 F.3d 872, 875 (7th Cir. 2000):

It is no excuse that it was “impossible” for the defendants to comply when as in this case the amount of the debt changes daily. What would or might

be impossible for the defendants to do would be to determine what the amount of the debt might be at some future date if for example the interest rate in the loan agreement was variable. What they certainly could do was to state the total amount due--interest and other charges as well as principal--on the date the dunning letter was sent. We think the statute required this.

47. While *Miller* addressed a debt collector's obligation to provide the amount of the debt under 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(1), the Seventh Circuit has held that the standards for claims under § 1692e and § 1692g are the same. *McMillan v. Collection Professionals, Inc.*, 455 F.3d 754, 759 (7th Cir. 2006).

We cannot accept the district court's view that claims brought under § 1692e or § 1692f are different from claims brought under § 1692g for purposes of Rule 12(b)(6) analysis. Whether or not a letter is 'false, deceptive, or misleading' (in violation of § 1692e) or 'unfair or unconscionable' (in violation of § 1692f) are inquiries similar to whether a letter is confusing in violation of § 1692g. After all, as our cases reflect, the inquiry under §§ 1692e, 1692g and 1692f is basically the same: it requires a fact-bound determination of how an unsophisticated consumer would perceive the letter.")

48. Exhibit A misstates the amount of the debt on the date that the letter was sent to the consumer.

49. Misstatement of Plaintiff's debt is a *per se* violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(1). There is no materiality inquiry required where a debt collector fails to make a disclosure required under § 1692g. *Janetos v. Fulton Friedman & Gullace, LLP*, 825 F.3d 317, 324 ("for good reason, we have not extended the implicit materiality requirement of § 1692e to reach claims under §1692g(a).").

50. Moreover, misstatement of Plaintiff's debt is a material false statement (*see Hahn v. Triumph P'ships LLC*, 557 F.3d 755, 757-58 (7th Cir. 2009)) because it misleads the unsophisticated consumer about the amount of the debt. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(2)(a).

**THE WISCONSIN CONSUMER ACT,
CH. 421-427 WIS. STATS.**

51. The Wisconsin Consumer Act (“WCA”) was enacted to protect consumers against unfair, deceptive, and unconscionable business practices and to encourage development of fair and economically sound practices in consumer transactions. Wis. Stat. § 421.102(2).

52. The Wisconsin Supreme Court has favorably cited authority finding that the WCA “goes further to protect consumer interests than any other such legislation in the country,” and is “probably the most sweeping consumer credit legislation yet enacted in any state.” *Kett v. Community Credit Plan, Inc.*, 228 Wis. 2d 1, 18 n.15, 596 N.W.2d 786 (1999) (citations omitted).

53. To further these goals, the Act’s protections must be “liberally construed and applied.” Wis. Stat. § 421.102(1); *see also* § 425.301.

54. “The basic purpose of the remedies set forth in Chapter 425, Stats., is to induce compliance with the WCA and thereby promote its underlying objectives.” *First Wisconsin Nat’l Bank v. Nicolaou*, 113 Wis. 2d 524, 533, 335 N.W.2d 390 (1983). Thus, private actions under the WCA are designed to both benefit consumers whose rights have been violated and also competitors of the violators, whose competitive advantage should not be diminished because of their compliance with the law.

55. To carry out this intent, the WCA provides Wisconsin consumers with an array of protections and legal remedies. The Act contains significant and sweeping restrictions on the activities of those attempting to collect debts. *See* Wis. Stats. § 427.104.

56. The Act limits the amounts and types of additional fees that may be charged to consumers in conjunction with transactions. Wis. Stats. § 422.202(1). The Act also provides injured consumers with causes of action for class-wide statutory and actual damages and

injunctive remedies against defendants on behalf of all customers who suffer similar injuries. *See* Wis. Stats. §§ 426.110(1); § 426.110(4)(e). Finally, “a customer may not waive or agree to forego rights or benefits under [the Act].” Wis. Stat. § 421.106(1).

57. Consumers’ WCA claims under Wis. Stat. § 427.104(1) are analyzed using the same methods as claims under the FDCPA. Indeed, the WCA itself requires that the court analyze the WCA “in accordance with the policies underlying a federal consumer credit protection act,” including the FDCPA. Wis. Stat. § 421.102(1).

58. Further, the Wisconsin Supreme Court has held that WCA claims relating to debt collection are to be analyzed under the “unsophisticated consumer” standard. *Brunton v. Nuwell Credit Corp.*, 785 N.W.2d 302, 314-15. In *Brunton*, the Wisconsin Supreme Court explicitly adopted and followed the “unsophisticated consumer” standard, citing and discussing *Gammon v. GC Servs. Ltd. P’ship*, 27 F.3d 1254, 1257 (7th Cir. 1994). *Id.*

59. Wis. Stat. § 427.104(1)(h) states that a debt collector may not: “Engage in other conduct which can reasonably be expected to threaten or harass the customer or a person related to the customer.”

COUNT I – FDCPA

60. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.

61. Exhibit B does not state the balance of Plaintiff’s account on the day the letter was sent in a non-confusing manner. Exhibit B understates the amount of the debt and misleads the unsophisticated consumer.

62. Exhibit B also states that the balance “may increase because of interest or other charges,” when it has actually decreased since Exhibit A was sent to Plaintiff.

63. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(2)(a), 1692e(10), and 1692g(a)(1).

COUNT II - WCA

64. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.

65. Exhibit B does not state the balance of Plaintiff's account on the day the letter was sent in a non-confusing manner. Exhibit B understates the amount of the debt and misleads the unsophisticated consumer.

66. Miscalculating Plaintiff's debt could reasonably be expected to harass the consumer. If Plaintiff tendered a \$261.00 payment to Defendant, Defendant and the creditor could continue to attempt to collect an additional balance from Plaintiff. Even if Plaintiff called Defendant to obtain the most up-to-date information regarding the balance of the account, there would be no way to tell whether Defendant was properly calculating the balance.

67. Defendant violated Wis. Stat. § 427.104(1)(h).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

68. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a Class, consisting of (a) all natural persons in the State of Wisconsin (b) who were a sent collection letter in the form represented by Exhibit A to the complaint in this action, (c) seeking to collect a debt, incurred for personal, family or household purposes (d) between October 12, 2016 and October 12, 2017, inclusive, (e) that were not returned by the postal service.

69. The Class is so numerous that joinder is impracticable. Upon information and belief, there are more than 50 members of each class.

70. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the each class, which common questions predominate over any questions that affect only individual class

members. The predominant common question is whether the Defendant complied with the FDCPA and the WCA.

71. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of each class. All are based on the same factual and legal theories.

72. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the members of each class. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in consumer credit and debt collection abuse cases.

73. A class action is superior to other alternative methods of adjudicating this dispute. Individual cases are not economically feasible.

JURY DEMAND

74. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the Class and against Defendants for:

- (a) actual damages;
- (b) statutory damages;
- (c) attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and
- (d) such other or further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: October 12, 2017

ADEMI & O'REILLY, LLP

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EXHIBIT A

**AMERICAN
EAGLE
OUTFITTERS®**

SHOP AE.COM®

AE® Credit Card

ANNE OBOYLE ae.com
Account Number [REDACTED] 7022 Mobile Service: ae.mycard.mobi
Customer Service: 1-800-945-6595

Summary of Account Activity	
Previous Balance	\$164.96
+ Fees Charged	\$35.00
+ Interest Charges	\$3.85
New Balance	\$203.61
Credit Limit	\$170.00
Available Credit	\$0.00
Statement Closing Date	11/17/2016
Days in Billing Cycle	30

Payment Information	
New Balance	\$203.61
Amount Past Due	\$94.00
Total Minimum Payment Due	\$135.00
Payment Due Date	12/10/2016

Late Payment Warning: If we do not receive your Total Minimum Payment Due by the Payment Due Date listed above, you may have to pay a late fee up to \$35.00.

Minimum Payment Warning: If you make only the minimum payment each period, you will pay more in interest and it will take you longer to pay off your balance. For example:

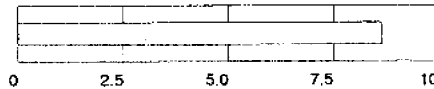
If you make no additional charges using this card and each month you pay ...	You will pay off the balance shown on this statement in about ...	And you will end up paying an estimated total of ...
Only the Minimum payment	4 months	\$210.00

If you would like information about credit counseling services, call 1-877-302-8775.

Extra Savings Point Summary	
Beginning point balance	8.64
Extra Savings points earned with us	0.00
Extra Savings coupons sent	0.00
New points balance	8.64

Earn \$10 Extra Savings Coupons

You are close to earning your next \$10 Extra Savings coupon. Every time you reach 10 Extra Savings points you will receive a coupon for \$10 off your next purchase.



Transaction Summary			Description of Transaction or Credit	Amount
Trans Date	Post Date	Reference Number		
			FEES	
11/10	11/10		LATE FEE	\$35.00
			TOTAL FEES FOR THIS PERIOD	\$35.00
			INTEREST CHARGED	
11/17	11/17		INTEREST CHARGE ON PURCHASES	\$3.65

(Continued on next page)

PAYMENT DUE BY 5 P.M. (ET) ON THE DUE DATE.

NOTICE: We may convert your payment into an electronic debit. See reverse for details, Billing Rights and other important information.

Detach and mail this portion with your check made to AEO/Synchrony Bank. Do not include any correspondence with your check.

**AMERICAN
EAGLE
OUTFITTERS®**

SHOP AE.COM®

We currently do not accept payments in our stores. Pay on-line at ae.com

Account Number: [REDACTED] 7022

Total Minimum Payment Due	Amount Past Due	Payment Due Date	Overlimit Amount	New Balance
\$135.00	\$94.00	12/10/2016	\$33.61	\$203.61

Payment Enclosed: \$
Please use blue or black ink. New address or email? Print Changes on back.

ANNE OBOYLE
4320 S 71ST ST APT 3
GREENFIELD WI 53220-3452

298946
C311



AEO/SYNCHRONY BANK
PO BOX 530942
ATLANTA, GA 30353-0942

Credits To Your Account: An amount shown in parentheses or preceded by a minus (-) sign is a credit or credit balance unless otherwise indicated. Credits will be applied to your previous balance immediately upon receipt, but will not satisfy any required payment that may be due. **Bankruptcy Notice:** If you file bankruptcy you must send us notice, including account number and all information related to the proceeding to the following address: Synchrony Bank, Attn: Bankruptcy Dept., P.O. Box 965060, Orlando, FL 32896-5060. Your account is owned and serviced by Synchrony Bank.

Customer Service: For account information, call the number on the front of this statement. For Hearing or Speech disabilities, use a TTS. Unless your name is listed on this statement, your access to information on the account may be limited. You may also mail questions (but not payments) to P.O. Box 965004, Orlando, FL 32896-5004. Please include your account number on any correspondence you send to us. **Payments:** Send payments to the address listed on the remittance portion of this statement or pay online. **Notice:** See below for your Billing Rights and other important information. Telephoning about billing errors will not preserve your rights under federal law. To preserve your rights, please write to our Billing Inquiries Address, P.O. Box 965003, Orlando, FL 32896-5003. Purchases, returns, and payments made just prior to billing date may not appear until next month's statement. When you provide a check as payment, you authorize us either to use information from your check to make a one-time electronic fund transfer from your account or to process the payment as a check transaction. When we use information from your check to make an electronic fund transfer, funds may be withdrawn from your account as soon as the same day we receive your payment, and you will not receive your check back from your financial institution. You may choose not to have your payment collected electronically by sending your payment (with the payment stub), in your own envelope - not the enclosed window envelope, addressed to: P.O. Box 960097, Orlando, FL 32896-0097 and not the Payment Address.

What To Do If You Think You Find A Mistake On Your Statement

If you think there is an error on your statement, write to us at the Billing Inquiries address of Synchrony Bank

P.O. Box 965003, Orlando, FL 32896-5003

In your letter, give us the following information:

- **Account information:** Your name and account number.
- **Dollar amount:** The dollar amount of the suspected error
- **Description of Problem:** If you think there is an error on your bill, describe what you believe is wrong and why you believe it is a mistake

You must contact us within 60 days after the error appeared on your statement.

You must notify us of any potential errors in writing. You may call us, but if you do we are not required to investigate any potential errors and you may have to pay the amount in question

While we investigate whether or not there has been an error, the following are true:

- We cannot try to collect the amount in question, or report you as delinquent on that amount

- The charge in question may remain on your statement, and we may continue to charge you interest on that amount. But, if we determine that we made a mistake, you will not have to pay the amount in question or any interest or other fees related to that amount.

- While you do not have to pay the amount in question, you are responsible for the remainder of your balance.
- We can apply any unpaid amount against your credit limit.

Your Rights If You Are Dissatisfied With Your Credit Card Purchases

If you are dissatisfied with the goods or services that you have purchased with your credit card, and you have tried in good faith to contest the problem with the merchant, you may have the right not to pay the remaining amount due on the purchase

To use this right, all of the following must be true:

1. The purchase must have been made in your home state or within 100 miles of your current mailing address, and the purchase price must have been more than \$50. (Note: Neither of these are necessary if your purchase was based on an advertisement we mailed to you, or if we own the company that sold you the goods or services.)
2. You must have used your credit card for the purchase. Purchases made with cash advances from an ATM or with a check that accesses your credit card account do not qualify.
3. You must not yet have fully paid for the purchase

If all of the criteria above are met and you are still dissatisfied with the purchase, contact us in writing at:

Synchrony Bank
P.O. Box 965003, Orlando, FL 32896-5003

While we investigate, the same rules apply to the disputed amount as discussed above. After we finish our investigation, we will tell you our decision. At that point, if we think you owe an amount and you do not pay we may report you as delinquent.

Information About Payments: You may at any time pay, in whole or in part, the total unpaid balance without any additional charge for prepayment. Payments received after 5:00 p.m. (ET) on any day will be credited as of the next day. Credit to your Account

may be delayed up to five days if payment (a) is not received at the Payment Address, (b) is not made in U.S. dollars drawn on a U.S. financial institution located in the U.S., (c) is not accompanied by the remittance coupon attached to your statement, (d) contains more than one payment or remittance coupon, (e) is not received in the remittance envelope provided or (f) includes staples, paper clips, tape, a folded check, or correspondence of any type. **Conditional Payments:** All written communications concerning disputed amounts, including any check or other payment instrument that (i) indicates that the payment constitutes "payment in full" or is tendered as full satisfaction of a disputed amount; or (ii) is tendered with other conditions or limitations ("Disputed Payments"), must be mailed or delivered to us at P.O. Box 965003, Orlando, FL 32896-5003

Credit Reports And Account Information: If you believe that we have reported inaccurate information about you to a consumer reporting agency, please contact us at P.O. Box 965006, Orlando, FL 32896-5006. In doing so, please identify the inaccurate information and tell us why you believe it is incorrect. If you have a copy of the credit report that includes the inaccurate information, please include a copy of that report. We may report information about your account to credit bureaus. Late payments, missed payments, or other defaults on your account may be reflected in your credit report.

Balance Subject To Interest Charge Calculation

Method 2D (Daily Balance method): We figure the interest charge on your account by applying the periodic rate to the "daily balance" of your account for each day in the billing cycle. We then add the interest to the daily balance. To get the "daily balance" we take the beginning balance of your account each day (which includes unpaid interest), add any new charges and applicable fees, and subtract any payments or credits. This gives us the daily balance. Any daily balance of less than zero will be treated as zero. A separate daily balance will be calculated for each balance type on your account. The balance(s) shown in the Interest Charges section of this statement is the sum of the daily balances for each day in the billing cycle divided by the number of days in the billing cycle.

Method 2M (Average Daily Balance including current transactions): We figure the interest charge on your account by applying the periodic rate to the "average daily balance" of your account. To get the "average daily balance" we take the beginning balance of your account each day, which includes any unpaid interest charges from the previous billing cycle, add any new charges and applicable fees, and subtract any payments or credits. This gives us the daily balance. Then, we add up all the daily balances for the billing cycle and divide the total by the number of days in the billing cycle. This gives us the "average daily balance," which is the balance shown in the Interest Charges section of this statement. Any average daily balance of less than zero will be treated as zero. A separate average daily balance will be calculated for each balance type on your account.

Method 6 (Average Daily Balance including current transactions and excluding unpaid interest charges): We figure the interest charge on your account by applying the periodic rate to the "average daily balance" of your account. To get the "average daily balance" we take the beginning balance of your account each day, add any new charges and applicable fees, and subtract any payments, credits and unpaid interest charges from the previous billing cycle. This gives us the daily balance. Then, we add up all the daily balances for the billing cycle and divide the total by the number of days in the billing cycle. This gives us the "average daily balance," which is the balance shown in the Interest Charges section of this statement. Any average daily balance of less than zero will be treated as zero. A separate average daily balance will be calculated for each balance type on your account.

0:11H5484 - 1 - 05/01/14

This is an attempt to collect a debt and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

*By providing a telephone number on your account, you consent to Synchrony Bank and any other owner or servicer of your account contacting you about your account, including using any contact information or cell phone numbers you provide, and you consent to the use of any automatic telephone dialing system and/or an artificial or prerecorded voice when contacting you, even if you are charged for the call under your phone plan.

For changes of address, phone number and/or email, please check the box and print the changes below.

<input type="checkbox"/> Street <input type="checkbox"/> Address <input type="checkbox"/> City, State <input type="checkbox"/> ZIP <input type="checkbox"/> Phone # <input type="checkbox"/> Email				
	Home Phone #	Business Phone #	*Cell # or other phone # we can use to contact you	Email Address

By providing your email address, you agree to receive email communications about your account and also give permission for us to share your email address with the named retailer on this account.

**AMERICAN
EAGLE
OUTFITTERS**

SNBP AE.COM

Statement date: 11/17/16 Days in billing cycle: 30 Account number: [REDACTED] 7022

Transaction Summary (Continued)

Trans Date	Post Date	Reference Number	Description of Transaction or Credit	Amount
TOTAL INTEREST FOR THIS PERIOD				\$3.65

2016 Totals Year-To-Date	
Total Fees Charged in 2016	\$95.00
Total Interest Charged in 2016	\$8.85
Total Interest Paid in 2016	\$0.00

Interest Charge Calculation

Your Annual Percentage Rate (APR) is the annual interest rate on your account.

Type of Balance	Expiration Date	Annual Percentage Rate	Balance Subject to Interest Rate	Interest Charge	Balance Method
Regular Purchase (v) = Variable Rate	N/A	25.24% (v)	\$175.98	\$3.65	2D

Cardholder News and Information

YOUR ACCOUNT IS PAST DUE. PLEASE PAY THE MINIMUM PAYMENT DUE OR CONTACT THIS OFFICE AT THE PHONE NUMBER LISTED ON YOUR STATEMENT.

Exhibit B

November 19, 2016



Anne Oboyle
4320 S 71st St Apt 3
Greenfield, WI 53220

Account Information

Creditor: Synchrony Bank
Reference: AEO, Inc. Credit Card Account
Account: XXXXXXXXXXXXX7022
Reference: [REDACTED] 2252
Balance Due: \$203.00

Dear Anne Oboyle,

Your account has been referred to our office for collections by Synchrony Bank.

Please mail the balance in full to the payment address listed below. If you are experiencing financial difficulties, please call our office and a representative will assist you in negotiating a suitable payment arrangement.

The total account balance as of the date of this letter is shown above. Your account balance may increase because of interest or other charges, if so provided in your agreement with your creditor.

Telephone: 1-877-704-2256
08:00 AM ET to 12:00 AM ET Monday - Friday
08:00 AM ET to 05:00 PM ET Saturday - Sunday

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion of this debt, this office will assume that this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute this debt or any portion of this debt, this office will obtain verification of this debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and will mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

This communication is from a debt collector. This communication is an attempt to collect a debt and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

DETACH PAYMENT COUPON AND MAIL IN RETURN ENVELOPE PROVIDED TO ENSURE PROPER CREDIT TO YOUR ACCOUNT

Please select form of payment:

Personal Check Cashier's Check Money Order

Balance Due: \$203.00

Amount Paid: \$ _____

You can also pay online at: www.ae.com

Check here if your address or phone number has changed
& provide the new information below

Address _____
City _____
State _____ Zip _____
Tel Home _____
Tel Work _____
Cell Phone _____

GEN001

Account Information

Creditor: Synchrony Bank
Reference: AEO, Inc. Credit Card Account
Account: XXXXXXXXXXXXX7022
Reference: [REDACTED] 2252

Make Payment To:



Synchrony Bank/AEO, Inc.
PO Box 530942
Atlanta, GA 30353-0942

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

Place an X in the appropriate Box: Green Bay Division Milwaukee Division

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Anne O'Boyle

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Milwaukee

(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Ademi & O'Reilly, LLP, 3620 E. Layton Ave., Cudahy, WI 53110
(414) 482-8000-Telephone (414) 482-8001-Facsimile

DEFENDANTS

Genpact Services, LLC

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant _____

(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
- 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
- 2 U.S. Government Defendant
- 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | PTF | DEF | | PTF | DEF |
| Citizen of This State | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated <i>or</i> Principal Place of Business In This State | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Citizen of Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated <i>and</i> Principal Place of Business In Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment
<input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane	<input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug	<input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	<input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust
<input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	PROPERTY RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking
<input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument	<input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	<input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws	<input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights	<input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce
<input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	<input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck	<input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent	<input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation
<input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs.	<input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark	<input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
<input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	<input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health	SOCIAL SECURITY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit
<input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	<input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle	<input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff)	<input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV
<input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	LABOR	<input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923)	<input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service
<input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange
<input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud	<input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations & Disclosure Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI	<input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410
<input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending	<input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions
REAL PROPERTY	PRISONER PETITIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation	<input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	<input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation	<input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act
<input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure	Habeas Corpus:	<input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters
<input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	<input type="checkbox"/> 530 General	IMMIGRATION		<input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act
<input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land	<input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty	<input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application		<input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act
<input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 463 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee		<input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice
<input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions		<input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
	<input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition			

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 Original Proceeding
- 2 Removed from State Court
- 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
- 4 Reinstated or Reopened
- 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
- 6 Multidistrict Litigation
- 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq

Brief description of cause:
Violation of Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$ _____

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions):

JUDGE _____

DOCKET NUMBER _____

DATE

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

October 12, 2017

s/ John D. Blythin

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # _____

AMOUNT _____

APPLYING IFP _____

JUDGE _____

MAG. JUDGE _____

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.

(b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)

(c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.

IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.

V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
Eastern District of Wisconsin

ANNE O'BOYLE
Plaintiff(s)
v.
GENPACT SERVICES LLC
Defendant(s)
Civil Action No. 17-cv-1397

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)
GENPACT SERVICES LLC
c/o COGENCY GLOBAL INC.
DANE COUNTY TITLE COMPANY INC
901 S WHITNEY WAY
MADISON, WI 53711

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you receive it) – or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(a)(2) or (3) – you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

John D. Blythin
Ademi & O'Reilly, LLP
3620 East Layton Avenue
Cudahy, WI 53110

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

STEPHEN C. DRIES, CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(l))

This summons and the attached complaint for *(name of individual and title, if any)*:

_____ were received by me on *(date)* _____.

I personally served the summons and the attached complaint on the individual at *(place)*:

_____ on *(date)* _____ ; or

I left the summons and the attached complaint at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)*

_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there, on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons and the attached complaint on *(name of individual)* _____

who is designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____ on *(date)* _____ ; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____ ; or

Other *(specify)*: _____

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____ 0.00

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: [Consumer Claims Genpact Services Misstated Debt Amount](#)
