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14 Attorneys for Plaintiff:
15 **FRESHTA Y. NAYAB**

16 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
17 **SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

18 FRESHTA Y. NAYAB, individually and)
19 on behalf of others similarly situated,)

20 Plaintiff,)

21 vs.)

22 CAPITAL ONE BANK, N.A.,)

23 Defendant.)

24 Case No. '16CV3111 CAB NLS

25 **CLASS ACTION**

26 **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES FOR**
27 **VIOLATION OF THE FAIR CREDIT**
28 **REPORTING ACT 15 U.S.C. § 1681,**
ET SEQ.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

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1 Plaintiff FRESHTA Y. NAYAB alleges as follows:

2 **INTRODUCTION**

3 1. Plaintiff FRESHTA Y. NAYAB (hereinafter referred to as “Plaintiff”),
4 brings this lawsuit against Defendant CAPITAL ONE BANK, N.A. (hereinafter
5 “Defendant”) with regard to Defendant’s unauthorized and unlawful credit inquiry in
6 violation of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (“FCRA”).

7 2. Plaintiff brings this action to seek actual damages, statutory damages,
8 injunctive relief, attorneys’ fees and costs, and other relief the Court deems
9 appropriate.

10 3. Plaintiff alleges as follows, upon personal knowledge as to herself and
11 her own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and
12 belief, including investigation conducted by her attorneys.

13 4. Plaintiff makes these allegations on information and belief, with the
14 exception of those allegations that pertain to Plaintiff, or to a Plaintiff’s counsel,
15 which Plaintiff alleges on personal knowledge.

16 5. While many violations are described below with specificity, this
17 Complaint alleges violations of the statutes cited in their entirety.

18 6. Unless otherwise stated, Plaintiff alleges that any violations by
19 Defendant were knowing and intentional, and that Defendant did not maintain
20 procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such violations.

21 7. Unless otherwise indicated, the use of Defendant in this Complaint
22 includes all agents, employees, officers, members, directors, heirs, successors,
23 assigns, principals, trustees, sureties, subrogees, representatives, and insurers of
24 Defendant.

25 **PARTIES**

26 8. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, an individual, residing
27 in the County of San Diego, State of California.
28

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1 9. Plaintiff is a natural person who resides in San Diego, in the state of
2 California whose credit report was affected by an unauthorized inquiry. In addition,
3 Plaintiff is a “consumer” as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. section 1681a(c).

4 10. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Defendant
5 is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a bank conducting and engaging in business
6 in the County of San Diego, State of California.

7 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Defendant
8 acquired Plaintiff’s credit information through an unauthorized inquiry of Plaintiff’s
9 “consumer report” as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. section 1681a(d)(1).

10 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

11 12. This Court has federal question jurisdiction because this case arises out
12 of violations of federal law. 15 U.S.C. § 1681 *et. seq.*

13 13. This action arises out of Defendant’s violations of the FCRA. Because
14 Defendant does business within the State of California, County of San Diego,
15 personal jurisdiction is established.

16 14. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1391(b).

17 **RELEVANT FACTS**

18 15. At all times relevant, Plaintiff is and was an individual residing within
19 the State of California.

20 16. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all times
21 relevant, Defendant conducted business in the State of California.

22 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant is
23 a “person” as the term is defined by 15 U.S.C. section 1681a(b).

24 18. Plaintiff does not have a pre-existing business relationship with
25 Defendant.

26 19. On June 20, 2016, upon review of her Experian credit report, Plaintiff
27 discovered that Defendant submitted numerous unauthorized credit report inquiries to
28 Experian, a credit reporting agency.

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1 20. Plaintiff never conducted any business nor incurred any additional
2 financial obligations to Defendant.

3 21. 15 U.S.C. section 1681b delineates the only permissible uses of, or
4 access to, consumer reports, including “to use the information in connection with a
5 credit transaction involving the consumer on whom the information is to be furnished
6 and involving the extension of credit to, or review or collection of an account of, the
7 consumer.” 15 U.S.C. § 1681b(a)(3)(A).

8 22. Defendant’s inquiry for Plaintiff’s consumer report information, without
9 Plaintiff’s consent, falls outside the scope of any permissible use or access included in
10 15 U.S.C. section 1681b.

11 23. Therefore, Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. section 1681b by using
12 Plaintiff’s consumer report for an impermissible use that falls outside the scope of 15
13 U.S.C. section 1681b.

14 24. Defendant’s actions were willful under 15 U.S.C. section 1681n because
15 Defendant was aware of the FCRA’s prohibitions on impermissibly pulling
16 consumers’ credit reports. *See Doe v. Sentech Employment Services, Inc.*, (2016 WL
17 2851427, *6 (E.D. Mich. May 16, 2016) citing *Singleton v. Domino’s Pizza, LLC*,
18 2012 WL 245965, *4 (D. Md. Jan. 25, 2012) [“Assertions that a defendant is aware of
19 the FCRA, but failed to comply with its requirements, are sufficient to support an
20 allegation of willfulness and to avoid dismissal.”].

21 25. Plaintiff suffered an invasion of a legally protected interest when
22 Defendant accessed her highly confidential personal information on her credit report
23 at a time when Defendant had not right to do so, an invasion of Plaintiff’s right to
24 privacy. The FCRA, through 15 U.S.C. section 1681b, protects consumers like
25 Plaintiff from this precise behavior.

26 26. The FCRA expressly provides that Congress made the following finding:
27 “There is a need to insure that consumer reporting agencies exercise their grave
28 responsibilities with fairness, impartiality and a respect for the consumer’s right to

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1 privacy.” 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(4) (emphasis added).

2 27. Plaintiff was affected personally because when she realized the behavior
3 of Defendant described above (pulling her credit report without any authorization),
4 Plaintiff felt that her privacy had been invaded and that her personal and private
5 information had been disclosed to Defendant, who had no right to Plaintiff’s
6 information.

7 28. The injury suffered by Plaintiff is concrete because, on information and
8 belief, Defendant’s violation of 15 U.S.C. section 1681b caused Plaintiff’s credit
9 score to drop directly impacting Plaintiff’s credit availability and finances. Plaintiff
10 also suffered from Defendant’s invasion of Plaintiff’s privacy. In enacting 15 U.S.C.
11 section 1681b, Congress specifically sought to protect consumers from invasions of
12 privacy and created restrictions on access to consumers’ sensitive financial
13 information in their credit reports.

14 29. Further, Defendant increased the risk that Plaintiff and the class members
15 will be injured if there is a data breach on Defendant’s computer systems by acquiring
16 additional highly sensitive information about Plaintiff and the class members and
17 saving that information onto its computer system. Data breaches are increasingly
18 common¹ and financial institutions like Defendant are frequent targets of
19 cybercriminals.²

20 30. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to the remedies available under 15 U.S.C.
21 section 1681n and 15 U.S.C. section 1681o.

22 **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

23 31. Plaintiff brings this action on her own behalf, and on behalf of all others
24 similarly situated.

25 32. Plaintiff defines the FCRA Class as follows:

26 _____
27 ¹ See Data Breaches, Kerbs, available at <http://krebsonsecurity.com/category/data-breaches/>

28 ² See <http://www.esecurityplanet.com/network-security/capital-one-acknowledges-insider-breach.html>; Also see http://ago.vermont.gov/assets/files/Consumer/Security_Breach/2013-12-30%20Capital%20One%20Security%20Breach%20Notice%20Ltr%20to%20Consumer.pdf.

CLASS ONE

All persons with addresses within the United States whose consumer credit report from any of these three major credit agencies (Experian, TransUnion, and Equifax) reflects an unauthorized consumer credit report inquiry by Defendant within the past 2 years.

CLASS TWO

All persons with addresses within the United States whose consumer credit report from any of these three major credit agencies (Experian, TransUnion, and Equifax) reflects an unauthorized consumer credit report inquiry by Defendant within the past 5 years.

33. Defendant and its employees or agents are excluded from the Classes. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Classes, but believes the number is in the hundred, if not more. This matter should therefore be certified as a Class action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.

34. Plaintiff and members of the Classes were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant, either directly or through its agents, engaged in illegal and deceptive practices, when it submitted an unauthorized consumer report inquiry under 15 U.S.C. section 1681 et seq. Plaintiff and the Classes' members were damaged thereby.

35. This suit seeks only recovery of actual and statutory damages on behalf of the Classes, and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand the Classes' definitions to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.

36. The joinder of the Classes' members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the court. The Classes can be identified through Defendant's records or Defendant's agents' records.

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1 37. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and
2 fact involved affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to
3 the Classes predominate over questions which may affect individual members of the
4 Classes, including the following:

5 a) Whether, within the class period, Defendant or its agents submitted any
6 consumer credit report inquiries; and

7 b) Whether Plaintiff and the members of the Classes were damaged thereby,
8 and the extent of damages for such violations.

9 38. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interest of the Classes.

10 39. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in consumer class action
11 litigation and in handling claims involving violations of the Fair Credit Reporting
12 Act.

13 40. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Classes, which all arise
14 from the same operative facts involving unlawful collection practices.

15 41. A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication
16 of this controversy.

17 42. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with
18 the Federal and State laws alleged in the Complaint.

19 43. The interests of class members in individually controlling the
20 prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum
21 statutory damages in an individual action under the FCRA is minimal. Management
22 of these claims is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than those presented
23 in many class claims, *e.g.* securities fraud.

24 44. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Classes,
25 thereby making appropriate final declaratory relief with respect to each class as a
26 whole.

27 45. Plaintiff contemplates providing notice to the putative class members by
28 direct mail in the form of a postcard and via Internet website.

1 46. Plaintiff requests certification of a hybrid class combining the elements
2 of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3) for monetary damages and Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2) for
3 equitable relief.

4 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**
5 **(Violation of the FCRA)**

6 47. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this
7 Complaint as though fully stated herein.

8 48. The foregoing acts and omissions constitute numerous and multiple
9 violations of the FCRA.

10 49. As a result of each and every negligent violation of the FCRA, Plaintiff
11 is entitled to actual damages, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. section 1681o(a)(1); and
12 reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. section 1681o(a)(2), from
13 Defendant.

14 50. As a result of each and every willful violation of the FCRA, Plaintiff is
15 entitled to actual damages or damages of not less than \$100 and not more than \$1,000
16 and such amount as the court may allow for all other class members, pursuant to 15
17 U.S.C. section 1681n(a)(1)(A); punitive damages as the court may allow, pursuant to
18 15 U.S.C. section 1681n(a)(2); and reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to
19 15 U.S.C. section 1681n(a)(3) from Defendant.

20 **REQUEST FOR PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE**

21 1. Preserve all forms of electronic data, regardless of where the data exists,
22 without modification to or deletion of any potentially discoverable data;

23 2. Suspend all procedures that may alter or delete computer data;

24 3. Prevent deleting, overwriting, defragmenting, or compressing the data;

25 4. Preserve all archived back-up tapes and ensure that (a) if archive tapes
26 are rotated, the relevant tapes are removed from the rotation; (b) if backups are made
27 to hard drives, preserve the hard drive as well;

28 5. Preserve the contents of all hard drives, network drives, tape drives,

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1 optical drives, floppy disks, CD and DVD drives, and all other types of drives or
2 storage media that are within the possession, custody or control of all people who
3 have knowledge of relevant facts and those who work with them, such as assistants;

4 6. Preserve the contents of all information on portable computers—such as
5 laptops and palmtops—used by those people as well as home computers, if these are
6 used for work purposed;

7 7. Preserve the contents of all data on computers that were used since the
8 limitations period on the lawsuit began (for example; five years prior to filing) but
9 that are no longer in use; and

10 8. Disclose electronic information in the Rule 26 initial disclosures.

11 **REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL**

12 As declared by the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States
13 of America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

14 **PRAYER FOR DAMAGES AND OTHER REMEDIES**

15 1. An order certifying the Class as requested herein;
16 2. An order appointing the Plaintiff as the representative of the Class;
17 3. An order certifying Plaintiff’s counsel as Class Counsel;
18 4. An order requiring Defendant, at its own cost, to notify all members of
19 the Classes of the unlawful acts discussed herein;

20 5. Injunctive relief requiring Defendant to refrain from further
21 impermissible consumer credit pulls in compliance with 15 U.S.C. section 1681b;

22 6. Actual damages suffered by Plaintiff and each Class member, pursuant
23 to 15 U.S.C. § 1681o(a)(1), against Defendant;

24 7. Statutory damages of not less than \$100 and not more than \$1,000 to
25 Plaintiff and each Class member, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(1), against
26 Defendant;

27 8. An award of costs of litigation and reasonable attorney’s fees, pursuant
28 to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681n(a)(3) and 1681o(a)(2); and

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1 9. Any and all other relief that this Court deems just and proper.

2 Respectfully Submitted,

3 DATED: December 30, 2016

MASHIRI LAW FIRM

A Professional Corporation

By: /s/ Alex Asil Mashiri

Alex Asil Mashiri

Attorney for Plaintiff

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CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS
FRESHTA Y. NAYAB

DEFENDANTS
CAPITAL ONE BANK, N.A.,

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff San Diego, California
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)
MASHIRI LAW FIRM, A Professional Corporation
11251 Rancho Carmel Dr. # 500694, San Diego, CA 92150
Tel: 858 348-4938

Attorneys (If Known)
'16CV3111 CAB NLS

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
2 U.S. Government Defendant
3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

Table with columns for Plaintiff (PTF) and Defendant (DEF) citizenship: Citizen of This State, Citizen of Another State, Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country, Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State, Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State, Foreign Nation.

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Large table with categories: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, TORTS, CIVIL RIGHTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, FORFEITURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES.

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 Original Proceeding
2 Removed from State Court
3 Remanded from Appellate Court
4 Reinstated or Reopened
5 Transferred from Another District
6 Multidistrict Litigation

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):
15 U.S.C. section 1681 et. seq.,
Brief description of cause:
Violation of the Fair Credit Reporting Act

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. DEMAND \$ 5,000,000.00 CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER

DATE 12/30/2016 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD s/ Alex Asil Mashiri

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # AMOUNT APPLYING IFP JUDGE MAG. JUDGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

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- I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
 - (b) County of Residence.** For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
 - (c) Attorneys.** Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.
 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.
 United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.
 Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.
 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.
 Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.
 Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
 Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.
 Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.
 Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
 Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.
- VI. Cause of Action.** Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint.** Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.
 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.
 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases.** This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

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CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. DEMAND \$ 5,000,000.00 CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No

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(See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER

DATE 12/30/2016 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD s/ Alex Asil Mashiri

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- (b) County of Residence.** For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys.** Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.
 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.
 United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.
 Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.
 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.
 Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.
 Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
 Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.
 Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.
 Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
 Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.
- VI. Cause of Action.** Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint.** Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.
 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.
 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases.** This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.
- Date and Attorney Signature.** Date and sign the civil cover sheet.