FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS JONESBORO DIVISION

JUL 1 7 2018

JAMES W. McOORMACK, CLERK
By:

DEP CLERK

ROY MAYO, DUANE ROBERTS and PATRICK ROBILIO, Each Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated

PLAINTIFFS

VS.

No. 3:18-cv-128 - DPM

CRITTENDEN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

DEFENDANT

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT—CLASS AND COLLECTIVE ACTION

COMES NOW Plaintiffs Roy Mayo, Duane Roberts and Patrick Robilio

("Plaintiffs"), each individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and
through their attorneys Stacy Gibson, Chris Burks and Josh Sanford of Sanford Law

Firm, PLLC, and for their Original Complaint—Class and Collective Action against

Defendant Crittenden County, Arkansas ("Defendant"), they do hereby state and allege

This case assigned to District Judge Marshall
and to Magistrate Judge Harris

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENTS

- 1. This is a class and collective action brought by Plaintiffs, each individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, against Defendant for violations of the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq. (the "FLSA"), and the Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, et seq. (the "AMWA").
- 2. Plaintiffs, each individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, seek declaratory judgment; monetary damages; liquidated damages; prejudgment

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interest; costs; and a reasonable attorney's fee, as a result of Defendant's policy and

practice of failing to pay Plaintiffs and other similarly situated individuals proper overtime

compensation under the FLSA and under the AMWA within the applicable statutory

limitations period.

. ' .

3. Upon information and belief, for at least three (3) years prior to the filing of

the Complaint, Defendant has willfully and intentionally committed violations of the

FLSA and the AMWA as described, infra.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas has

subject matter jurisdiction over this suit under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1331

because this suit raises federal questions under the FLSA.

5. Plaintiffs' claims under the AMWA form part of the same case or

controversy and arise out of the same facts as the FLSA claims alleged in this

complaint. Therefore, this Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' AMWA

claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

6. A substantial part of the acts complained of herein were committed and

had their principal effect against Plaintiffs within the Jonesboro Division of the Eastern

District of Arkansas: therefore, venue is proper within this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C.

§ 1391.

III. THE PARTIES

Plaintiff Roy Mayo is an individual and resident of Pulaski County.

8. Plaintiff Duane Roberts is an individual and resident of Crittenden County.

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9. Plaintiff Patrick Robilio is an individual and resident of Memphis,

Tennessee.

10. At all times material herein, Plaintiffs have been entitled to the rights,

protections and benefits provided under the FLSA and the AMWA.

11. As employees of Defendant, Plaintiffs were employees of a public agency

employed in law enforcement activities, and therefore entitled to the protections of the

FLSA pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq.

12. Defendant is an "employer" within the meanings set forth in the FLSA and

AMWA, and was, at all times relevant to the allegations in this Complaint, Plaintiffs'

employer.

13. Defendant is an employer subject to the FLSA as a public agency

pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 203.

14. Defendant participated in the management of Plaintiffs' work, including

setting and enforcing the amount of hours worked and the amount and manner of

compensation paid.

15. Defendant dictated, controlled and ratified, both implicitly and explicitly,

the wage and hour practices and all related employee compensation policies that are at

issue in this case.

16. Defendant Crittenden County, Arkansas, operates the Crittenden County

Sheriff's Department where Plaintiffs were employed within the three (3) years prior to

the filing of this Complaint as office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs.

17. Defendant can be served through the Crittenden County Judge, who is

Woody Wheeless, 100 Court Square, Marion, Arkansas 72364.

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18. At all relevant times, Defendant employed five or more employees in law enforcement activities pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 213(b)(20).

IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 19. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.
- 20. During part of the three (3) years prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Plaintiffs were hourly-paid employees of the Crittenden County Sheriff's Department located in West Memphis.
- 21. At all times relevant to the allegations in this Complaint, Plaintiffs have been employed by Defendant as Deputy Sheriffs.
- 22. Upon information and belief, Defendant had an established "work period" for all Deputy Sheriffs, including but not limited to office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs, of 86 hours in a 14-day period pursuant to the FLSA.
- 23. Plaintiffs and other office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs were routinely required to work in excess of forty (40) hours per week and in excess of 86 hours in a 14-day period.
- 24. During the course of their employment, Plaintiffs and other similarly situated did not manage the enterprise or a customarily recognized subdivision of the enterprise.
- 25. Plaintiffs and others similarly situated had no ability to hire and fire any employee.
- 26. Plaintiffs and others similarly situated did not have any control of or authority over any employee's rate of pay or working hours.

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27. Plaintiffs and others similarly situated did not maintain or prepare

production reports or sales records for use in supervision or control in the business.

28. Plaintiffs and others similarly situated did not have responsibility for

planning or controlling budgets.

29. Defendant expected Plaintiffs and others similarly situated to follow

Defendant's policies regarding their employment.

30. Defendant made decisions on what new business to pursue or take

without the input of Plaintiffs and others similarly situated.

31. Plaintiffs and other office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs were not paid

properly for overtime.

32. Defendant knew that Plaintiffs and other office and patrol-based Deputy

Sheriffs worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week and also over 86 hours in a 14-

day period, and Defendant required them to do so.

33. Defendant did not provide Plaintiffs and other office and patrol-based

Deputy Sheriffs with compensatory time off at a rate of one and one-half (1.5) times

their regular rate for their overtime hours.

34. The actual day-to-day job duties and responsibilities of Plaintiffs and other

office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs were not exempt under the FLSA with respect to

payment for time worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week, or alternatively 86

hours in a 14-day period.

35. Defendant knew or showed reckless disregard for whether the way it paid

Plaintiffs and other office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs violated the FLSA and the

AMWA.

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V. REPRESENTATIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

A. FLSA § 216(b) Class

36. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully incorporated in this section.

37. Plaintiffs bring their claims for relief for violation of the FLSA as a collective

action pursuant to Section 16(b) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

38. Plaintiffs bring their FLSA claims on behalf of all office and patrol-based

Deputy Sheriffs employed by Defendant at any time within the applicable statute of

limitations period, who were classified by Defendant as non-exempt from the overtime

requirements of the FLSA and who are entitled to payment of the following types of

damages:

A. Payment for all hours worked, including overtime premiums for all hours

worked for Defendant in excess of forty (40) hours in a workweek or, alternatively, 86

hours in a 14-day work period; and

B. Liquidated damages and attorneys' fees and costs.

39. In conformity with the requirements of FLSA Section 16(b), Plaintiffs have

attached hereto as Exhibit "A" their written Consents to Join this lawsuit.

40. The relevant time period dates back three years from the date on which

Plaintiffs' Original Complaint—Class and Collective Action was filed herein and

continues forward through the date of judgment pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

41. The members of the proposed FLSA Class are similarly situated in that

they share these traits:

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A. They were classified by Defendant as non-exempt from the overtime

requirements of the FLSA;

B. They were paid hourly;

C. They recorded their time in the same manner; and

D. They were subject to Defendant's common policy of not providing

compensatory time off at a rate of one and one-half (1.5) hours of compensatory time

for each hour of overtime work.

42. Plaintiffs are unable to state the exact number of the potential members of

the FLSA Class but believes that the class exceeds 50 persons.

43. In the modern era, most working-class Americans have become

increasingly reliant on email and text messages, and generally use them just as often, if

not more so, than traditional U.S. Mail.

44. Defendant can readily identify the members of the Section 16(b) class.

The names and physical and mailing addresses of the FLSA collective action plaintiffs

are available from Defendant, and a Court-approved Notice should be provided to the

FLSA collective action plaintiffs via first class mail, email and text message to their last

known physical and electronic mailing addresses and cell phone numbers as soon as

possible, together with other documents and information descriptive of Plaintiffs' FLSA

claim.

B. AMWA Rule 23 Class

45. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully incorporated in this section.

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46. Plaintiffs propose to represent the class of office and patrol-based Deputy

Sheriffs are/were employed by Defendant within the relevant time period within the

State of Arkansas.

47. Common questions of law and fact relate to all members of the proposed

class, such as whether Defendant paid the members of the proposed class for all hours

worked, including overtime in accordance with the AMWA.

48. Common questions of law and fact predominate over any questions

affecting only the individually named Plaintiffs, and a class action is superior to other

available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating the claims of the members of the

proposed AMWA class.

49. The class members have no interest in individually controlling the

prosecution of separate actions because the policy of the AMWA provides a bright-line

rule for protecting all non-exempt employees as a class. To wit: "It is declared to be the

public policy of the State of Arkansas to establish minimum wages for workers in order

to safeguard their health, efficiency, and general well-being and to protect them as well

as their employers from the effects of serious and unfair competition resulting from

wage levels detrimental to their health, efficiency, and well-being." Ark. Code Ann. § 11-

4-202.

50. Plaintiffs are unable to state the exact number of the potential members of

the AMWA class but believes that the class exceeds 50 persons. Therefore, the class is

so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

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51. At the time of the filing of this Complaint, neither Plaintiffs nor Plaintiffs'

counsel knows of any litigation already begun by any members of the proposed class

concerning the allegations in this Complaint.

52. Concentrating the litigation in this forum is highly desirable because

Defendant is based in the Eastern District of Arkansas and because Plaintiffs and all

proposed class members work or worked in Arkansas.

53. No difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this class

action.

54. The claims of Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the proposed class in

that Plaintiffs worked as hourly employees for Defendant and experienced the same

violations of the AMWA that all other class members suffered.

55. Plaintiffs and their counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests

of the class.

56. Plaintiffs' counsel is competent to litigate Rule 23 class actions and other

complex litigation matters, including wage and hour cases like this one, and to the

extent, if any, that they find that they are not, they are able and willing to associate

additional counsel.

57. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the proposed

class would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to

individual members of the proposed class that would establish incompatible standards

of conduct for Defendant.

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VI. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Individual Claims for Violation of the FLSA)

58. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully incorporated in this section.

Plaintiffs assert this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to

the FLSA.

59.

60. At all relevant times, Defendant was Plaintiffs' "employer" within the

meaning of the FLSA.

61. 29 U.S.C. § 207 requires any public agency to pay employees engaged in

law enforcement activities one and one-half (1.5) times their regular wages for all hours

worked over forty (40) hours in a week, or over 86 in a 14-day period if such an election

has been made.

62. The FLSA allows a public agency to pay compensatory time off in lieu of

monetary overtime compensation, but it must be at the rate of not less than one and

one-half (1.5) hours for each hour of overtime work.

63. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiffs to lawful compensatory time or

overtime payments under the FLSA, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs a lawful overtime

premium or provide lawful compensatory time.

64. Defendant's conduct and practice, as described above, has been and is

willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

65. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to

Plaintiffs for, and Plaintiffs seek, unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages, and

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costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, for all violations that occurred within the

three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint.

66. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in

failing to pay Plaintiffs as provided by the FLSA, Plaintiffs are entitled to an award of

prejudgment interest at the applicable legal rate.

VII. **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

(Individual Claims for Violation of the AMWA)

67. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully incorporated in this section.

68. Plaintiffs assert this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to

the AMWA, Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 11-4-201, et seg.

69. At all relevant times, Defendant was Plaintiffs' "employer" within the

meaning of the AMWA, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(4).

70. Arkansas Code Annotated § 11-4-211 requires employers to pay all

employees one and one-half times (1.5) times their regular wages for all hours worked

over forty (40) hours in a week, or over 86 in a 14-day period if such an election has

been made.

71. The AMWA allows a public agency to provide compensatory time off in

lieu of monetary overtime compensation, but it must be at a rate of not less than one

and one-half (1.5) hours for each hour of overtime work.

72. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiffs to lawful compensatory time or

overtime payments under the AMWA, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs a lawful

overtime premium or provide lawful compensatory time.

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73. Defendant's conduct and practices, as described above, were willful,

intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

74. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to

Plaintiffs for, and Plaintiffs seek, monetary damages, liquidated damages, and costs,

including reasonable attorneys' fees, for all violations that occurred within the three (3)

years prior to the filing of this Complaint pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated § 11-4-

218.

75. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in

failing to pay Plaintiffs as provided by the AMWA, they are entitled to an award of

prejudgment interest at the applicable legal rate.

VIII. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Collective Action Claims for Violation of the FLSA)

76. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully incorporated in this section.

77. Plaintiffs, each individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

assert this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the FLSA.

78. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and all other similarly

situated employees, former and present, who were and/or are affected by Defendant's

willful and intentional violation of the FLSA.

79. At all relevant times, Defendant has been, and continues to be, an

"employer" of Plaintiffs and all those similarly situated within the meaning of the FLSA,

29 U.S.C. § 203.

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80. 29 U.S.C. § 207 requires any public agency to pay employees engaged in

law enforcement activities one and one-half (1.5) times the employee's regular rate for

all hours that the employee works in excess of forty (40) per week, or over 86 in a 14-

day period if such an election has been made.

81. The FLSA allows a public agency to pay compensatory time off in lieu of

monetary overtime compensation, but it must be at the rate of not less than one and

one-half (1.5) hours for each hour of overtime work.

82. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs and those similarly situated lawful

overtime payments or lawful compensatory time, despite their entitlement thereto.

83. Because these employees are similarly situated to Plaintiffs, and are owed

overtime for the same reasons, the proposed class is properly defined as follows:

All office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs employed by Defendant within the past three years.

84. Defendant's conduct and practice, as described above, has been and is

willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

85. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to

Plaintiffs and all those similarly situated for, and Plaintiffs and all those similarly situated

seek, unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages, and costs, including reasonable

attorney's fees as provided by the FLSA.

86. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in

failing to pay Plaintiffs and all those similarly situated as provided by the FLSA, Plaintiffs

and all those similarly situated are entitled to an award of prejudgment interest at the

applicable legal rate.

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IX. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Class Action Claims for Violation of the AMWA)

87. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully incorporated in this section.

88. Plaintiffs, each individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed

class, assert this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the AMWA.

89. At all relevant times, Defendant has been, and continues to be, an

"employer" of Plaintiffs and the members of the proposed class within the meaning of

the AMWA, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(4).

90. Arkansas Code Annotated § 11-4-211 requires employers to pay all

employees one and one-half (1.5) times their regular wages for all hours worked over

forty (40) hours in a week, or over 86 in a 14-day period if such an election has been

made.

91. The AMWA allows a public agency to pay compensatory time off in lieu of

monetary overtime compensation, but it must be at the rate of not less than one and

one-half (1.5) hours for each hour of overtime work.

92. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiffs and members of the proposed class to

lawful compensatory time or overtime payments under the AMWA, Defendant failed to

pay Plaintiffs a lawful overtime premium or lawful compensatory time.

93. Plaintiffs propose to represent the AMWA liability class of individuals

defined as follows:

All office and patrol-based Deputy Sheriffs employed by Defendant within the past three years.

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94. Defendant's conduct and practices, as described above, were willful,

intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

95. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to

Plaintiffs and the proposed class for monetary damages, liquidated damages, costs,

and a reasonable attorney's fee provided by the AMWA for all violations which occurred

within the three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint, plus periods of equitable

tolling.

96. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in

failing to pay Plaintiffs and members of the proposed class as provided by the AMWA,

Plaintiffs and members of the proposed class are entitled to an award of prejudgment

interest at the applicable legal rate.

X. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, premises considered, Plaintiffs Roy Mayo, Duane Roberts and

Patrick Robilio respectfully pray as follows:

A. That Defendant be summoned to appear and answer this Complaint;

B. That Defendant be required to account to Plaintiffs, the class and

collective members, and the Court for all of the hours worked by Plaintiffs and the class

and collective members and all monies paid to them;

C. For orders regarding certification of and notice to the proposed class and

collective action members:

D. A declaratory judgment that Defendant's practices alleged herein violate

the FLSA and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 et seg.;

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E. A declaratory judgment that Defendant's practices alleged herein violate

the AMWA and the related regulations;

F. Judgment for damages for all unpaid overtime compensation owed to

Plaintiffs and the proposed class and collective members under the FLSA and attendant

regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 et seq.;

G. Judgment for damages for all unpaid overtime compensation under the

AMWA and the related regulations;

H. Judgment for liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA and attendant

regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 et seq., in an amount equal to all unpaid overtime

compensation owed to Plaintiffs and the proposed class and collective members during

the applicable statutory period;

I. Judgment for liquidated damages pursuant to the AMWA and the relating

regulations;

J. For a reasonable attorneys' fee, costs, and pre-judgment interest; and

K. Such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary, just and

proper.

Respectfully submitted,

ROY MAYO, DUANE ROBERTS and PATRICK ROBILIO, Each Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, PLAINTIFFS

SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC ONE FINANCIAL CENTER 650 SOUTH SHACKLEFORD, SUITE 411 LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72211 TELEPHONE: (501) 221-0088 FACSIMILE: (888) 787-2040

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Josh Sanford

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS JONESBORO DIVISION

ROY MAYO, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated

PLAINTIFF

VS.

No. 3:18-cv-

CRITTENDEN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

DEFENDANT

CONSENT TO JOIN COLLECTIVE ACTION

I was employed as an investigator/detective for Defendant Crittenden County, Arkansas ("Defendant"), on or after July 3, 2015. I understand this lawsuit is being brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act for unpaid overtime compensation. I consent to becoming a party-plaintiff in this lawsuit, to be represented by Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and to be bound by any settlement of this action or adjudication by the Court.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signature:

ROY MAYO

Date: July 3, 2018

/s/ Josh Sanford
Josh Sanford, Esq.
SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC
One Financial Center
650 South Shackleford Road, Suite 411
Little Rock, Arkansas 72211
Telephone: (501) 221-0088
Facsimile: (888) 787-2040
josh@sanfordlawfirm.com

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS JONESBORO DIVISION

ROY MAYO and DUANE ROBERTS, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated **PLAINTIFF**

VS.

No. 3:18-cv-____

CRITTENDEN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

DEFENDANT

CONSENT TO JOIN COLLECTIVE ACTION

I was employed as a deputy sheriff for Defendant Crittenden County, Arkansas ("Defendant"), on or after July 3, 2015. I understand this lawsuit is being brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act for unpaid overtime compensation. I consent to becoming a party-plaintiff in this lawsuit, to be represented by Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and to be bound by any settlement of this action or adjudication by the Court.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signature:

DUANE ROBERTS

Date: July 6, 2018

/s/ Josh Sanford
Josh Sanford, Esq.
SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC
One Financial Center
650 South Shackleford Road, Suite 411
Little Rock, Arkansas 72211
Telephone: (501) 221-0088
Facsimile: (888) 787-2040
josh@sanfordlawfirm.com

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS JONESBORO DIVISION

ROY MAYO, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated

PLAINTIFF

VS.

No. 3:18-cv-____

CRITTENDEN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

DEFENDANT

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I was employed as an investigator/detective for Defendant Crittenden County, Arkansas ("Defendant"), on or after July 3, 2015. I understand this lawsuit is being brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act for unpaid overtime compensation. I consent to becoming a party-plaintiff in this lawsuit, to be represented by Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and to be bound by any settlement of this action or adjudication by the Court.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signature:

PATRICK ROBILIO

Date: July 13, 2018

/s/ Josh Sanford
Josh Sanford, Esq.
SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC
One Financial Center
650 South Shackleford Road, Suite 411
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Telephone: (501) 221-0088
Facsimile: (888) 787-2040
josh@sanfordlawfirm.com

The JS 44 (rev. 06/17)

CIVIL COVER SHEET 3:18-cv-128-DPM

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet.

(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PLACE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil do	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCT	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE O	F THIS FO					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS				
ROY MAYO, DUANE ROBERTS and PATRICK ROBILIO, Each Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Pulaski (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Josh Sanford, SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC, One Financial Cente 650 South Shackleford, Suite 411, Little Rock, Arkansas 72211 501-221-0088; josh@sanfordlawfirm.com				CRITTENDEN COUNTY, ARKANSAS County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)				
				Attorneys (If Known)				
				II. BASIS OF JURISDI		ne Box Only)		
☐ 1 U.S. Government	★ 3 Federal Question			(For Diversity Cases Only) P1	F DEF		PTF DEF	
Plaintiff	intiff (U.S. Government Not a Party)		Citizo	en of This State	1 0 1	Incorporated or Pri of Business In T		
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citize	Citizen of Another State 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place 5 5 5 of Business In Another State				
				Citizen or Subject of a 3 3 Foreign Nation 6 6 6 Foreign Country				
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		nly) PRTS	T TRY	DRFEITURE/PENALTY		here for: Nature of	of Suit Code Descriptions. OTHER STATUTES	
☐ 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJUR		5 Drug Related Seizure		al 28 USC 158	☐ 375 False Claims Act	
☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act	☐ 310 Airplane ☐ 315 Airplane Product	☐ 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability		of Property 21 USC 881	☐ 423 With	drawal ISC 157	☐ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))	
☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability	☐ 367 Health Care/	0,	o Other			☐ 400 State Reapportionment	
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	☐ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	Pharmaceutical Personal Injury			PROPE ☐ 820 Copy	rights	☐ 410 Antitrust☐ 430 Banks and Banking	
☐ 151 Medicare Act	330 Federal Employers'	Product Liability	.		☐ 830 Pater	nt	☐ 450 Commerce	
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	Liability 340 Marine	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product	1			nt - Abbreviated Drug Application	☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and	
(Excludes Veterans)	☐ 345 Marine Product	Liability PERSONAL PROPER		LABOR	□ 840 Trade	emark SECURITY	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit	
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	Liability 350 Motor Vehicle	☐ 370 Other Fraud	3 71	0 Fair Labor Standards	□ 861 HIA	(1395ff)	☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV	
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending☐ 380 Other Personal		Act 20 Labor/Management		k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g))	□ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange	
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage		Relations	☐ 864 SSID	Title XVI	☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions ☐ 891 Agricultural Acts	
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability		10 Railway Labor Act 51 Family and Medical	□ 865 RSI ((403(g))	☐ 893 Environmental Matters	
REAL PROPERTY	Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS	-PRISONER PETITIO	NS 0 79	Leave Act O Other Labor Litigation	FEDER	AL TAX SUITS	☐ 895 Freedom of Information Act	
☐ 210 Land Condemnation	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights	Habeas Corpus:		1 Employee Retirement	☐ 870 Taxe	s (U.S. Plaintiff	☐ 896 Arbitration	
☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	☐ 441 Voting ☐ 442 Employment	☐ 463 Alien Detainee ☐ 510 Motions to Vacate	e	Income Security Act		efendant) —Third Party	☐ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of	
240 Torts to Land	☐ 443 Housing/	Sentence				JSC 7609	Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of	
☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 530 General☐ 535 Death Penalty		IMMIGRATION	•		State Statutes	
	Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	Other: 540 Mandamus & Oth		52 Naturalization Application 55 Other Immigration				
	Other	550 Civil Rights		Actions				
	☐ 448 Education	☐ 555 Prison Condition☐ 560 Civil Detainee -						
		Conditions of Confinement						
			☐ 4 Reir Reo		erred from	☐ 6 Multidistr	ı - Litigation -	
-	Cita the U.S. Civil St.	atuta undar urbiah	re filing ((specify) Do not cite jurisdictional state		Transfer	Direct File	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	29 USC 201	•		Do not cite jurisaictional stat	uies uniess ai	versuy).		
THE PROPERTY IN	Unpaid Overtime					WIR CV WIRC		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	N D	EMAND \$		URY DEMAND:	r if demanded in complaint: : ☐ Yes ※No	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKE	ET NUMBER		
DATE 07/16/2018	1	SIGNATURE OF AT	TORNEY	OF RECORD				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY								
RECEIPT # A	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE		MAG. JUI	DGF	

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Deputy Sheriffs File Collective Action Against Crittenden County, AK Over Allegedly Unpaid Overtime</u>