BARSHAY SANDERS, PLLC

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Attorneys for Plaintiff Our File No.: 112537

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Brendalin Iesha Lugo, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

VS.

Midland Credit Management, Inc.,

Defendant.

Docket No:

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Brendalin Iesha Lugo, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated (hereinafter referred to as "*Plaintiff*"), by and through the undersigned counsel, complains, states and alleges against Midland Credit Management, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "*Defendant*"), as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This action seeks to recover for violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, *et seq.*, ("FDCPA").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. This Court has federal subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d).
- 3. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this Judicial District.

4. At all relevant times, Defendant conducted business within the State of New York.

PARTIES

- 5. Plaintiff Brendalin Iesha Lugo is an individual who is a citizen of the State of New York residing in Suffolk County, New York.
 - 6. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3).
- 7. On information and belief, Defendant Midland Credit Management, Inc., is a California Corporation with a principal place of business in San Diego County, California.
- 8. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.
 - 9. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

ALLEGATIONS

- 10. Defendant alleges Plaintiff owes a debt ("the Debt").
- 11. The Debt was primarily for personal, family or household purposes and is therefore a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).
- 12. Sometime after the incurrence of the Debt, Plaintiff fell behind on payments owed.
- 13. Thereafter, at an exact time known only to Defendant, the Debt was assigned or otherwise transferred to Defendant for collection.
- 14. In its efforts to collect the debt, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by letter ("the Letter") dated July 6, 2016. ("Exhibit 1.")
 - 15. The Letter is a "communication" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(2).
- 16. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e prohibits a debt collector from using any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.
- 17. While § 1692e specifically prohibits certain practices, the list is non-exhaustive, and does not preclude a claim of falsity or deception based on any non-enumerated practice.
- 18. The question of whether a collection letter is deceptive is determined from the perspective of the "least sophisticated consumer."
- 19. A collection letter is deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e if it can reasonably be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings, one of which is

inaccurate.

- 20. A collection letter is also deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e if it is reasonably susceptible to an inaccurate reading by the least sophisticated consumer.
- 21. A debt collector has the obligation not just to convey the amount of the debt, but to convey such clearly.
- 22. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e requires debt collectors, when they notify consumers of their account balance, to disclose whether the balance may increase due to interest and fees.
 - 23. The amount of the debt is a material piece of information to a consumer.
- 24. Knowing the amount of the debt affects how a consumer responds to a debt collector's attempts to collect the debt.
- 25. A statement as to the amount of the debt must convey the amount of the debt clearly from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer.
- 26. A statement as to the amount of the debt must convey the amount of the debt accurately from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer.
- 27. A statement as to the amount of the debt must convey the amount of the debt without ambiguity from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer.
- 28. A statement as to the amount of the debt must allow the least sophisticated consumer to determine the minimum amount she owes at the time of the notice.
- 29. A statement as to the amount of the debt must allow the least sophisticated consumer to determine what she will need to pay to resolve the debt at any given moment in the future.
- 30. A statement as to the amount of the debt must contain an explanation, understandable by the least sophisticated consumer, of any fees or interest that may cause the balance to increase at any time in the future.
- 31. The failure to include the foregoing information renders an otherwise accurate statement of the "amount of the debt," deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 32. Even if a debt collector accurately conveys the foregoing information, the written notice nevertheless violates 15 U.S.C. § 1692e if the least sophisticated consumer could inaccurately interpret the message.
 - 33. The Debt was incurred on a credit card issued by Chase Bank USA, N.A.
 - 34. At all relevant times herein, the Debt accrued, and was subject to, interest.

- 35. At all relevant times herein, the Debt accrued, and was subject to, late fees.
- 36. The Letter sets forth a "Current Balance."
- 37. The Letter fails to state what part of the amount stated is principal.
- 38. The Letter fails to state what part of the amount stated is interest.
- 39. The Letter fails to state what part of the amount stated is late fees.
- 40. The Letter fails to disclose whether the amount stated may increase due to additional interest.
- 41. The Letter fails to disclose whether the amount stated may increase due to additional late fees.
- 42. The Letter fails to indicate whether payment of the amount stated would satisfy the debt.
- 43. The Letter fails to indicate whether payment of the amount stated by any date certain would satisfy the debt.
 - 44. The Letter includes a settlement offer.
- 45. The Letter fails to indicate whether the amount stated may increase due to additional interest if the settlement is not accepted.
- 46. The Letter fails to indicate whether the amount stated may increase due to additional late fees if the settlement is not accepted.
- 47. The Letter fails to indicate the minimum amount Plaintiff owed at the time of the Letter.
- 48. The Letter fails to provide any information that would allow Plaintiff to determine what Plaintiff will need to pay to resolve the debt at any given moment in the future.
- 49. The Letter fails to include any "safe harbor" language concerning the accrual of interest.
- 50. The Letter fails to include any "safe harbor" language concerning the accrual of late fees.
- 51. The Letter, because of the aforementioned failures, and especially because of the use of the word "Current," would render the least sophisticated consumer unable to determine the minimum amount owed at the time of the Letter.
- 52. The Letter, because of the aforementioned failures, and especially because of the use of the word "Current," would render the least sophisticated consumer unable to determine

what she will need to pay to resolve the debt at any given moment in the future.

- 53. The Letter, because of the aforementioned failures, and especially because of the use of the word "Current," would render the least sophisticated consumer unable to determine the amount of his or her debt.
- 54. The Letter, because of the aforementioned failures, and especially because of the use of the word "Current," would render the least sophisticated consumer unable to determine the amount of her debt because the consumer would not know whether interest and fees would continue to accrue, or whether the amount of the debt was static.
- 55. The Letter, because of the aforementioned failures, and especially because of the use of the word "Current," would render the least sophisticated consumer unable to determine the value of Defendant's settlement offer because the consumer would not know whether interest and fees would continue to accrue, or whether the amount of the debt was static, if the settlement was not accepted.
- 56. The least sophisticated consumer, because of the aforementioned failures, could reasonably believe that the debt could be satisfied by remitting the amount stated at any time after receipt of the Letter.
- 57. The least sophisticated consumer, because of the aforementioned failures, could also reasonably believe that the amount stated was accurate only on the date of the Letter because of the continued accumulation of interest.
- 58. The least sophisticated consumer, because of the aforementioned failures, could also reasonably believe that the amount stated was accurate only on the date of the Letter because of the continued accumulation of late fees.
- 59. If interest is continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to indicate the applicable interest rate.
- 60. If interest is continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to indicate the date of accrual of interest.
- 61. If interest is continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to provide the amount of interest during any measurable period.
- 62. If interest is continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to provide any information that would

enable to consumer to determine what she will need to pay to resolve on any date after the date of the Letter.

- 63. If interest is continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to provide any information that would enable to consumer to determine what she will need to pay to resolve the debt in the future.
- 64. If late fees are continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to indicate the amount of late fees.
- 65. If late fees are continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to indicate the date such fees will be added.
- 66. If late fees are continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to provide the amount of late fees during any measurable period.
- 67. If late fees are continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to provide any information that would enable to consumer to determine what she will need to pay to resolve on any date after the date of the Letter.
- 68. If late fees are continuing to accrue, the least sophisticated consumer would not know how to satisfy the debt because the Letter fails to provide any information that would enable to consumer to determine what she will need to pay to resolve the debt in the future.
- 69. The failure to include the foregoing information could lead the least sophisticated consumer to inaccurately interpret the message.
- 70. The failure to include the foregoing information renders the Letter's statement of the amount of the debt, even if otherwise accurate, incomplete.
- 71. The failure to include the foregoing information renders the Letter susceptible to an inaccurate reading by the least sophisticated consumer.
- 72. The failure to include the foregoing information allows the Letter to be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings, one of which is inaccurate.
- 73. The failure to include the foregoing information renders the Letter's statement of the amount of the debt, even if otherwise accurate, insufficient.
- 74. The failure to include the foregoing information renders the Letter's statement of the amount of the debt, even if otherwise accurate, deceptive under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.

75. For these reasons, Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 76. Plaintiff brings this action individually and as a class action on behalf of all persons similarly situated in the State of New York from whom Defendant attempted to collect a consumer debt without disclosing in their collection letter whether interest and late fees were continuing to accrue, from one year before the date of this Complaint to the present.
- 77. This action seeks a finding that Defendant's conduct violates the FDCPA, and asks that the Court award damages as authorized by 15 U.S.C. § 1692k.
 - 78. Defendant regularly engages in debt collection.
- 79. The Class consists of more than 35 persons from whom Defendant attempted to collect delinquent consumer debts without disclosing in their collection letter whether interest and late fees were continuing to accrue.
- 80. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class. Common questions of law or fact raised by this class action complaint affect all members of the Class and predominate over any individual issues. Common relief is therefore sought on behalf of all members of the Class. This class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy.
- 81. The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to the individual members of the Class, and a risk that any adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class would, as a practical matter, either be dispositive of the interests of other members of the Class not party to the adjudication, or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests. Defendant has acted in a manner applicable to the Class as a whole such that declaratory relief is warranted.
- 82. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect and represent the interests of the Class. The management of the class action proposed is not extraordinarily difficult, and the factual and legal issues raised by this class action complaint will not require extended contact with the members of the Class, because Defendant's conduct was perpetrated on all members of the Class and will be established by common proof. Moreover, Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in actions brought under consumer protection laws.

JURY DEMAND

83. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial of this action by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests judgment as follows:

- a. Certify this action as a class action; and
- b. Appoint Plaintiff as Class Representative of the Class, and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel; and
- c. Find that Defendant's actions violate the FDCPA; and
- d. Grant damages against Defendant pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k; and
- e. Grant Plaintiff's attorneys' fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k; and
- f. Grant Plaintiff's costs; together with
- g. Such other relief that the Court determines is just and proper.

DATED: May 6, 2017

BARSHAY SANDERS, PLLC

By: <u>/s/ Craig B. Sanders</u>

Craig B. Sanders, Esq. 100 Garden City Plaza, Suite 500 Garden City, New York 11530

Tel: (516) 203-7600 Fax: (516) 706-5055

csanders@barshaysanders.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Our File No.: 112537

Midland Credit Management, Inc.

2365 Northside Drive, Suite 300, San Diego, CA **9**2108

07-06-2016

001 Brendalin I Lugo P41T1335 32 Sand Ln Islandia, NY 11749-1731

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Case 2:17-cv-02877 Document 1-1 File Original Creditor CHASE BANK USA, N.A. **Original Account Number** 1989 MCM Account Number 1284 **Current Balance** \$630.09 **Current Owner** MIDLAND FUNDING LLC

You are pre-approved for a 40% discount! Call now: (800) 282-2644

Choose The Option That Works For You.

RE: Chase Bank USA, N.A.

Dear Brendalin,

Congratulations! You have been <u>pre-approved</u> for a discount program designed to save you money. Act now to maximize your savings and put this debt behind you by calling (800) 282-2644. Pay online today at www.midlandcreditonline.com.

Option 1: 40% OFF

Payment Due Date: 08-05-2016

You Pay Only

\$378.05

Option 2: 20% OFF

First Payment Due Date: 08-05-2016

6 Monthly Payments of Only \$84.01

Option 3: Monthly Payments As Low As:

\$50 per month[†]

Call today to discuss your options and get more details.

Your current balance is \$630.09

The law limits how long you may be sued on a debt. Because of the age of your debt, we will not sue you for it. If you do not pay the debt, we may continue to report it to the credit reporting agencies as unpaid.

WE ARE REQUIRED BY LAW AND NEW YORK STATE REGULATIONS TO GIVE YOU THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ABOUT THIS DEBT. THIS INFORMATION IS NOT LEGAL ADVICE:

The legal time limit (statute of limitations) for suing you to collect this debt has expired. It is a violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §1692 et seq., to sue to collect on a debt for which the statute of limitations has expired. However, if somebody sues you anyway to try to make you pay this debt, court rules REQUIRE YOU to tell the court that the statute of limitations has expired to prevent the creditor from obtaining a judgment. Even though the statute of limitations has expired, you may CHOOSE to make payments. However, BE AWARE: if you make a payment on the debt, admit to owing the debt, promise to pay the debt, or waive the statute of limitations on the debt, the creditor's right to sue you to make you pay the entire debt may START AGAIN.

Benefits of Paying!

- Save up to \$252.03
- Offer Expiration date: 08-05-2016
- After receiving your final payment, we will consider the account paid.*

CALL US TODAY! (800) 282-2644

Sincerely,

Tim Bolin, Division Manager

If these options don't work for you, call one of our Account Managers to help you set up a payment plan that does.

*If you pay your full balance, we will report your account as Paid in Full. If you pay less than your full balance, we will report your account as Paid in Full for less than the full balance.

8

Sun:

We are not obligated to renew this offer.

Hours of Operation: M—Th: 5:00am—9:00pm PST Fri: 5:00am—4:30pm PST Sat: 5:00am—4:30pm PST

5:00am - 9:00pm PST



Call:

(800) 282-2644



Click:

www.midlandcreditonline.com



Mail:

Payment coupon below

PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

PAYMENT COUPON

MCM Account No.: Original Account No.: **Current Balance:**

1284

1989

\$630.09

Payment Due Date: 08-05-2016

Payment Options:

1) Mail in this coupon with your payment

2) Pay by phone (800) 282-2644

Make Check Payable to: Midland Credit Management, Inc.

mcm

Case 2:17-cv-02877 Document 1-1 Filed 05/11/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 10 Important Disclosure Information:

Please understand this is a communication from a debt collector. This is an attempt to collect a debt. Any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

PLEASE SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

Calls to and/or from this company may be monitored or recorded.

The offer to resolve this account for the discount(s) offered in this letter remains open until 08-05-2016. For further information, please call one of our Account Managers at (800) 282-2644.

MAIL PAYMENTS TO: P.O. Box 6578, Los Angeles, CA 96578

MAIL CORRESPONDENCE BUT NO PAYMENTS TO: MCM's business address at 2365 Northside Drive, Suite 300, San Diego, CA 92108

We are required under state law to notify consumers of the following rights. This list does not contain a complete list of the rights consumers have under state and federal law:

IF YOU LIVE IN NEW YORK CITY, THIS APPLIES TO YOU: New York City Department of Consumer Affairs License Number 1140603, 1207829, 1207820, 1227728, 2022587, 2023151, 2023152, 2027429, 2027430, 2027431

ADDITIONAL ACCOUNT INFORMATION:

Original Creditor:

...

CHASE BANK USA, N.A.

Original Account Number:

1989

Charge-Off Date:

11-30-2011

Last Payment Date: Current Owner:

03-21-2011 MIDLAND FUNDING LLC

Current Servicer:

Midland Credit

MCM Account Number:

Management Inc. 1284

provided by local rules of court.	This form, approved by the cket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	ne Judicial Conference of the CTIONS ON NEXT PAGE (ne United States in Sep OF THIS FORM.)	tember 19	74, is required for the use of	the Clerk of Court for the		
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		DEFENDANTS						
BRENDALIN IE	SHA LUGO		MIDLAND CREDIT MANAGEMENT, INC.					
(b) County of Residence of 1	SUFFOLK ASES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant SAN DIEGO (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.						
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A BARSHAY SAND 100 Garden City P (516) 203-7600	•		Attorneys (A	If Known)				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	II. CITIZENSHII	P OF PR	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff		
O 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	D 1 U.S. Government ● 3 Federal Question		(For Diversity Cases Only) PTF DEF PIF DEF Citizen of This State O 1 O 1 Incorporated or Principal Place O 4 O 4 of Business In This State					
O 2 U.S. Government Defendant	O 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another Stat	te O 2	O 2 Incorporated and of Business In .	=		
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	0 3	O 3 Foreign Nation	0 6 06		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT CONTRACT		ly) ORTS	FORFEITURE/PE	NALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES		
Enforcement of Judgment O 151 Medicare Act O 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) O 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits O 160 Stockholders' Suits O 190 Other Contract O 195 Contract Product Liability O 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY O 210 Land Condemnation O 220 Foreclosure O 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment O 240 Torts to Land O 245 Tort Product Liability O 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY O 310 Airplane O 315 Airplane Product Liability O 320 Assault, Libel & Slander O 330 Federal Employers' Liability O 340 Marine O 345 Marine Product Liability O 350 Motor Vehicle O 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability O 360 Other Personal Injury O 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS O 440 Other Civil Rights O 441 Voting O 442 Employment O 443 Housing/ Accommodations O 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment O 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other O 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY O 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability O 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability O 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY O 370 Other Fraud O 371 Truth in Lending O 380 Other Personal Property Damage O 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: O 463 Alien Detainee O 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence O 530 General O 535 Death Penalty Other: O 540 Mandamus & Other O 550 Civil Rights O 555 Prison Condition O 560 Civil Detainee Conditions of Confinement	O 625 Drug Related Se Property 21 US O 690 Other	lards ent Act ical igation ement Act pplication	O 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 O 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS O 820 Copyrights O 830 Patent O 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY O 861 HIA (1395ff) O 862 Black Lung (923) O 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) O 864 SSID Title XVI O 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS O 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) O 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	O 375 False Claims Act O 400 State Reapportionment O 410 Antitrust O 430 Banks and Banking O 450 Commerce O 460 Deportation O 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations ● 480 Consumer Credit O 490 Cable/Sat TV O 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange O 890 Other Statutory Actions O 891 Agricultural Acts O 893 Environmental Matters O 895 Freedom of Information Act O 896 Arbitration O 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision O 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in 1 Original Proceeding O 2 Remo Cou	oved from State O 3 Ren	urt	Reopened	Transferred Another Di (specify)	istrict Litigation – Transfer	O 8 Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO		use:	filing (Do not cite jurisdi		utes unless diversity): 15 USC Violation	\$ \$1092		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.			DEMAND \$	DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: • Yes ○ No				
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	G(S)	(See Instructions) JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER_			
DATE May 11, 2017		SIGNATURE OF ATTO	RNEY OF RECORD Ig B. Sanders					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		/5 C1d1	E D. Danders					
RECEIPT #AM	IOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JU	JDGE		

Case 2:17-cv-02877 Document 1-2 Filed 05/11/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 12 CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I, <u>Craig B. Sanders</u> , counsel for <u>Plaintiff</u> , do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ineligible for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):
☐ monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
☐ the complaint seeks injunctive relief,
☐ the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1
Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:
RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)
Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court."
NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)
 Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk County: NO
 If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County?YES
b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? YES
If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County?
(Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).
BAR ADMISSION
I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. Yes No
Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court? ☐ Yes (If yes, please explain) ■ No
I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.

Signature: <u>/s Craig B. Sanders</u>

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York								
Brendalin lesha Lugo, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated))))							
Plaintiff(s))							
v.	Civil Action No.							
Midland Credit Management, Inc.))))							
Defendant(s))							
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION								
To: (Defendant's name and address) Midland Credit Managem Corporation Service Com 80 State St. Albany, NY 12207-2543								
A lawsuit has been filed against you.								
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Craig B. Sanders, Esq. 100 Garden City Plaza Suite 500 Garden City, New York 11530								
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.							
	CLERK OF COURT							
Date:								
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk							

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (name ceived by me on (date)	ne of individual and title, if an	ny)								
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the ind	<u> </u>								
			on (date)	; or							
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's reside									
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,										
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or										
	☐ I served the summo		, who is								
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)										
			on (date)	; or							
	☐ I returned the summ	urned the summons unexecuted because									
	☐ Other (specify):										
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.0	<u>0</u> .						
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.										
Date:		_									
			Server's signature								
		·-	Printed name and title								
		_	Server's address								

Print Save As... Reset

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Consumer Claims Midland Credit Sends Ambiguous Collection Letters</u>