# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

AMANDA LORD, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

-against-

FALCON RECOVERY SYSTEMS LLC,

Defendant.

Civil Case Number: 8:18-CV-0475 (FJS/CFH)

### **CIVIL ACTION**

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff AMANDA LORD (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a New York resident, brings this class action complaint by and through the undersigned attorneys, against Defendant FALCON RECOVERY SYSTEMS LLC (hereinafter "Defendant"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

#### INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. Congress enacted the FDCPA in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws . . . [we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).
- 2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt

Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJS-CFH Document 1 Filed 04/18/18 Page 2 of 10 collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." *Id.* § 1692(e). After determining that the existing consumer protection laws were inadequate, *id.* § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. *Id.* § 1692k.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 2201. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

### NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 5. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New York consumers seeking redress for Defendant's actions of using false, deceptive and misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of an alleged debt.
- 6. Defendant's actions violated § 1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA") which prohibits debt collectors from engaging in false, deceptive or misleading practices.
- 7. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

#### **PARTIES**

- 8. Plaintiff is a natural person and a resident of the State of New York, and is a "Consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692(a)(3).
- Defendant Falcon Recovery Systems LLC is a collection agency with its registered office located at 2 Judson Street, Canton, New York 13617.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant is a company that uses the mail, telephone, or facsimile in a business the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or that regularly collects or attempts to collect debts alleged to be due another.

11. Defendant is a "debt collector," as defined under the FDCPA under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

### **ALLEGATIONS OF FACT**

- 12. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 13. Some time prior to May 11, 2017, an obligation was allegedly incurred to NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL.
- 14. The NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL obligation arose out of a residential rent transaction in which money, property, insurance or services, which are the subject of the transaction, are primarily for personal, family or household purposes.
- 15. The alleged NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL obligation is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C.§ 1692a(5).
- 16. NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL is a "creditor" as defined by 15 U.S.C.§ 1692a(4).
- 17. Defendant contends that the NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL debt is past due.
- 18. Defendant is a company that uses mail, telephone or facsimile in a business the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or that regularly collects or attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors.
- 19. NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL directly or through an intermediary contracted the Defendant to collect the alleged debt.
- 20. On or about May 11, 2017, the Defendant caused to be delivered to the Plaintiff a collection letter in an attempt to collect the alleged NORTH COUNTY PRECISION MEDICAL debt. See Exhibit A.

### Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJS-CFH Document 1 Filed 04/18/18 Page 4 of 10

- 21. The May 11, 2017 letter was sent or caused to be sent by persons employed by Defendant as a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(6).
- 22. The May 11, 2017 letter is a "communication" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(2).
- 23. The Plaintiff received and read the Letter sometime after May 11, 2017.
- 24. The Letter sought to collect a total balance due of \$36.00.
- 25. The Letter stated in part:

"Be advised failure to respond to this notice will be considered a willful evasion and may result in legal collection efforts."

- 26. The Plaintiff, as would any least sophisticated consumer, read the above statement and believed that if she did not contact the Defendant or make a payment immediately that she would be evading or even breaking a law or laws.
- 27. The Plaintiff, as would any least sophisticated consumer, read the above statement and believed that if she did not pay, that legal action may be taken against her.
- 28. Upon information and belief, no legal action was intended to be taken in order to collect on the alleged debt.
- 29. The Letter further stated:

"An interest rate may be charged to all accounts outstanding after 30 days."

- 30. The Plaintiff, as would any least sophisticated consumer read the above statement and believed that the Defendant could potentially impose additional charges, even though that would never actually incur. *See e.g., Beauchamp v. Fin. Recovery Servs., Inc.*, No. 10 CIV. 4864 SAS, 2011 WL 891320, at \*3 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 14, 2011) (finding that a letter stating that the debt balance may increase could mislead the least sophisticated debtor into believing that additional charges or interest would accrue).
- 31. By inputting this language, the Defendant caused the Plaintiff a real risk of harm.

- Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJS-CFH Document 1 Filed 04/18/18 Page 5 of 10 Plaintiff, as would the least sophisticated consumer, would believe that they have a financial incentive to pay this debt sooner, or risk owing a higher amount.
- 32. Defendant could have taken the steps necessary to bring its actions within compliance with the FDCPA, but neglected to do so and failed to adequately review its actions to ensure compliance with the law.

#### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

"FRCP") Rule 23, individually and on behalf of the following consumer classes:

Class A consists of: a) All consumers in the State of New York b) who were sent a collection letter from the Defendant c) attempting to collect a consumer debt d) that

33. Plaintiff brings claims, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (hereinafter

and may result in legal collection efforts"(e) which letter was sent on or after a date one year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date 21 days after the filing of

this action.

states "Be advised failure to respond to this notice will be considered a willful evasion

Class B consists of: a) All consumers in the State of New York b) who were sent a collection letter from the Defendant c) attempting to collect a consumer debt, d) that states "An interest rate may be charged to all accounts outstanding after 30 days" (e) which letter was sent on or after a date one year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date 21 days after the filing of this action.

- 34. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of Defendant and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collect and/or have purchased debts.
- 35. Excluded from the Plaintiff Classes are the Defendant and all officers, members, partners, managers, directors, and employees of the Defendant and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action and all members of

- 36. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Classes, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendant's written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as *Exhibit A*, violate 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 37. The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories.
- 38. The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff Classes defined in this complaint. The Plaintiffs have retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiffs nor their attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.
- 39. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:
  - (a) <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that the Plaintiff Classes defined above are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
  - (b) <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff Classes and those questions predominate over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendant's written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as *Exhibit A*, violate 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
  - (c) <u>Typicality:</u> The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the class members.
    The Plaintiffs and all members of the Plaintiff Classes have claims arising out of the Defendant's common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.

#### Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJS-CFH Document 1 Filed 04/18/18 Page 7 of 10

- Adequacy: The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiffs have no interests that are averse to the absent class members. The Plaintiffs are committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiffs have also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiffs nor their counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
- (e) <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.
- 40. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff Classes predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- 41. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiffs may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

#### **COUNT I**

# VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692e et seq.

42. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs

- Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJS-CFH Document 1 Filed 04/18/18 Page 8 of 10 above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 43. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 44. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e, a debt collector may not use any false, misleading and/or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt or to obtain information concerning a consumer.
- 45. The Defendant's violated said section in its letter to the Plaintiff by:
  - a. Using a false, deceptive, and misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of a debt;
  - b. Falsely representing the amount of the alleged debt in violation of 1692e(2)(A);
  - c. Threatening to take action that cannot legally be taken or that is not intended to be taken in violation of 1692e(5)
  - d. Falsely representing that the consumer is committing a crime or any other conduct to disgrace the consumer in violation of 1692e(7)
  - e. Making a false representation or using deceptive means to collect a debt in violation of 1692e(10).
- 46. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692e *et seq*. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

#### **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**·

47. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby request a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

# Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJS-CFH Document 1 Filed 04/18/18 Page 9 of 10 PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant as follows:

- (a) Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative and Plaintiff's Counsel, as Class Counsel;
  - (b) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;
  - (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;
- (d) Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;
  - (e) Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and
- (f) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as thisCourt may deem just and proper.

Dated: April 18, 2018

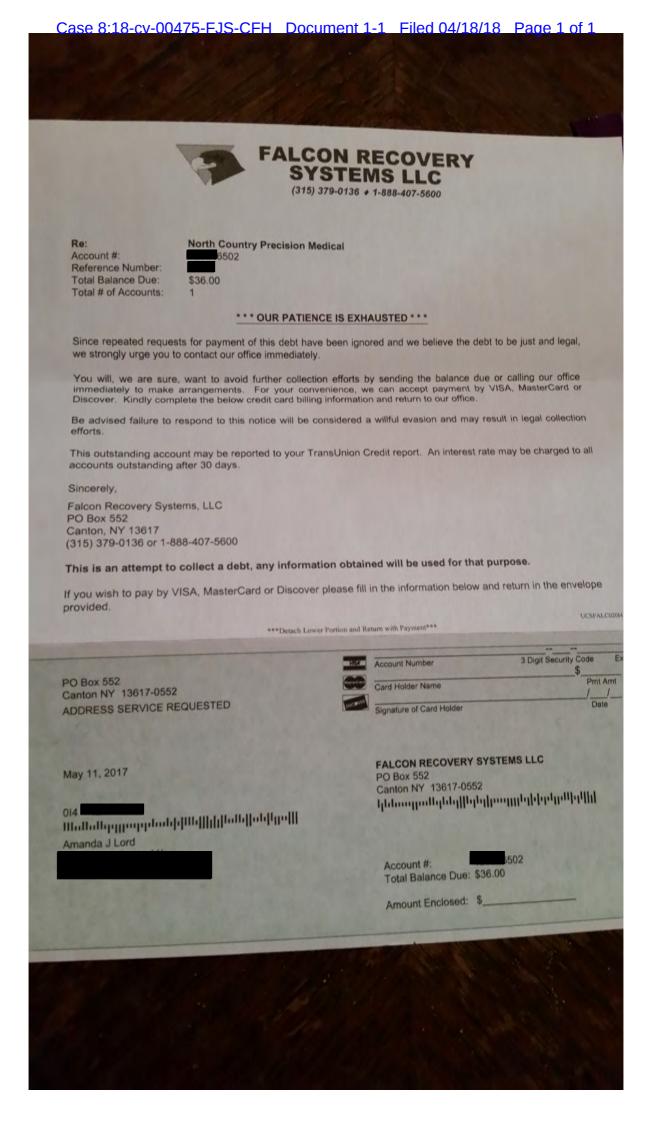
By: /s/ Yitzchak Zelman

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Attorneys for Plaintiff



#### JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

## Case 8:18-cv-00475-FJSTVTL COVER SHEETiled 04/18/18 Page 1 of 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

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I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS			
$\label{eq:amanda} AMANDA LORD, individually and on behalf of all others similarly states a similar of all others of the states of the stat$				FALCON RECOVERY SYSTEMS LLC			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Franklin (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)  (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)  MARCUS & ZELMAN LLC 701 Cookman Ave Ste 300 Asbury Par				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.  Attorneys (If Known)			
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☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	`		III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif (For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant)  PTF DEF  Citizen of This State				
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IV. NATURE OF SUIT			F(	ODERITHDE/DENIAT/TS/		of Suit Code Descriptions.	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise  REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury Medical Malpractice  CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERT  370 Other Fraud  371 Truth in Lending  380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITION  Habeas Corpus:  463 Alien Detainee  510 Motions to Vacate Sentence  530 General  535 Death Penalty Other:  540 Mandamus & Other  550 Civil Rights  555 Prison Condition  560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	74	DRFEITURE/PENALTY 25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 20 Other  LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards Act 10 Labor/Management Relations 10 Railway Labor Act 11 Family and Medical Leave Act 10 Other Labor Litigation 11 Employee Retirement Income Security Act  IMMIGRATION 52 Naturalization Application 55 Other Immigration Actions	BANKRUPTCY  □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157  PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark  SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g))  FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	OTHER STATUTES  □ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC	
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Brief description of ca						
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.			D	DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:  JURY DEMAND: ▼ Yes □ No			
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY  (See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER							
DATE 04/18/2018	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD /s/ Yitzchak Zelman						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY ANYNDC-435855 RECEIPT #	57 MOUNT \$400.00	APPLYING IFP	IIUII	JUDGE	FJS MAG. JUE	oge CFH	

Case No.: 8:18-CV-0475

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
  - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
  - (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)

- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- **V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7.** Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- **VII.** Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

**Date and Attorney Signature.** Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Class Action: Falcon Recovery Systems Sent Debt Collection Letter Containing False Threats</u>