IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

Quentin Cody Lee, Individually and on	§	
Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,	§	
-	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
V.	§	
	§	Civil Action No. 3:18-cv-1910
Megatel Homes, Inc.,	§	
	§	JURY DEMANDED
Defendant.	§	
	§	
	§	
	§	
	§	

PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, Quentin Cody Lee, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, files this Original Complaint under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") against the above-named Defendant and shows as follows:

I. NATURE OF SUIT

1. The Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") was passed by Congress in 1938 to eliminate low wages and long hours and to correct conditions that were detrimental to the health and well-being of workers. To achieve its humanitarian goals, the FLSA establishes standards of minimum wages and "limits to 40 a week the number of hours that an employer may employ any of his employees subject to the Act, unless the employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of 40 hours at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed." *Brooklyn Sav. Bank v. O'Neil*, 324 U.S. 697, 707 (1945) (discussing the FLSA's minimum wage and maximum hour protections generally); *Walling v. Helmerich & Payne*, 323 U.S. 37, 40 (1944) (discussing the requirements of 29 U.S.C. § 207 (a)).

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2. Defendant violated the FLSA by failing to pay its workers for all hours of work at the rates required by the FLSA. Plaintiff routinely worked more than 40 hours per week but was not paid overtime for doing this excessive work. Instead, Defendant misclassified its employees ("Plaintiff" and "Class Members," as defined below) as exempt from the protections of the FLSA and failed to pay Plaintiff one-and-a-half times his regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours per workweek. Rather, Defendant paid Plaintiff and the class members a salary plus bonuses for nonexempt work and failed to pay them overtime pay for overtime work. Plaintiff brings this action as a collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

II. PARTIES

3. Plaintiff Quentin Cody Lee is an individual who was employed by Defendant within the meaning of the FLSA within the three-year period preceding the filing of this Complaint. His consent to be a party in this action is attached as Exhibit A.

4. Plaintiff and "Class Members" are Defendant's current and former workers who were misclassified as exempt from overtime, paid primarily on a salary plus bonus basis, and were not paid overtime pay for overtime work as required by the FLSA.

5. Defendant Megatel Homes, Inc. ("Megatel") is a corporation authorized to do business and that does business in the state of Texas. It can be served with process through its registered agent, Armin Afzalipour, at 1800 Valley View Lane, Suite 400, Dallas, Texas 75234-8923, or wherever he may be found.

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. This Court has jurisdiction over this lawsuit because the suit arises under 29 U.S.C.§ 216(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

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7. Venue is proper in the Northern District of Texas because the events forming the basis of the suit occurred in this District and one or more of the parties reside in this district.

IV. COVERAGE

8. At all material times, Defendant has acted, directly or indirectly, in the interest of an employer or joint employer with respect to Plaintiff and Class Members.

9. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant has been an employer within the meaning of section 3(d) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d).

10. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant has been an enterprise within the meaning of section 3(r) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(r).

11. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant has been an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of section 3(s) the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1), in that said enterprise has had employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person and in that said enterprise has had and has an annual gross volume of sales made or business done of not less than \$500,000.00 (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are separately stated).

12. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Plaintiff and Class Members were individual employees who were engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce as required by 29 U.S.C. §§ 206–207.

V. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

13. Defendant Megatel Homes, Inc. is a new home builder that builds homes in Texas and elsewhere. It conducts business throughout the United States and does more than \$500,000.00 per year in business.

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14. Plaintiff was employed by Defendant during the three years prior to the filing of this suit, from approximately March 2016 to May 2017 as a salaried, overtime-exempt employee.

15. At all times, Plaintiff was misclassified by Defendant as an exempt employee. However, Plaintiff's duties made him a non-exempt employee under the FLSA because Plaintiff:

- a. did not exercise discretion or independent judgment with respect to matters of significance or in performing his primary duties;
- b. did not have the authority to formulate, affect, interpret, or implement management policies or operating practices;
- c. did not carry out major assignments in conducting the operations of the business;
- d. did not perform work that affects business operations to a substantial degree;
- e. did not have the authority to commit the employer in matters that have significant financial impact;
- f. did not have the authority to waive or deviate from established policies and procedures without prior approval;
- g. did not have the authority to negotiate and bind the company on significant matters;
- h. did not provide consultation or expert advice to management;
- i. was not involved in planning long- or short-term business objectives;
- j. did not investigate or resolve matters of significance on behalf of management; and
- k. did not represent the employer in handling complaints, arbitrating disputes, or resolving grievances.

16. Plaintiff was primarily responsible for contacting homeowners after receiving warranty requests, following the guidelines in the warranty manual with respect to requests, following up

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with homeowners to ensure prompt service, informing the Warranty Manager of problems as necessary, and monitoring and responding to email daily.

17. Plaintiff regularly worked 40 or more hours in a workweek at one of Defendant's places of business and during the last three years—the period covered by this lawsuit. In fact, Plaintiff often worked 55 hours or more in a given week. However, Plaintiff was not paid lawfully for doing this excess work. Defendant knew that Plaintiff worked more than 40 hours per week and it allowed and directed him to do so without providing proper payment for these excess hours. Instead, Plaintiff was paid under a pay scheme that paid him a flat salary plus nondiscretionary bonuses, without regard to the amount of overtime hours he actually worked and without paying him overtime pay for overtime work.

18. Plaintiff and Class Members were not lawfully compensated for all hours worked in excess of 40 in a workweek at the rates required by the FLSA because Defendant misclassified them as exempt from the overtime provisions of the FLSA. Plaintiff and Class Members routinely worked more than 40 hours per week but were not paid time-and-one-half their regular rates of pay for all their excessive hours

19. Defendant knowingly, willfully, or with reckless disregard carried out its illegal pattern or practice of failing to pay overtime compensation with respect to Plaintiff and Class Members. Defendant received complaints from Plaintiff or Class Members regarding these excessive hours and the failure to compensate for all hours worked but failed to redress these concerns, necessitating this lawsuit.

VI. COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

20. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

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21. Plaintiff and Class Members performed the same or similar job duties as one another and were/are paid under the same pay policy or practice in that they were paid on a salary basis and received bonuses, regularly worked more than 40 hours per week, and were improperly classified as exempt employees. Application of this policy or practice does not depend on the personal circumstances of Plaintiff or those joining this lawsuit. Rather, the same policy or practice that resulted in the misclassification and non-payment of overtime pay for overtime hours worked that applied to Plaintiff applies/applied to all Class Members. All Class Members, regardless of their precise job title, requirements, or rates of pay, are entitled to overtime compensation for hours worked in excess of 40 hours per week because they were misclassified as exempt employees. Although the issue of damages may be individual in character, there is no detraction from the common nucleus of liability facts. The questions of law and fact are common to Plaintiff and Class Members.

22. Defendant was aware of its obligations to pay overtime to Plaintiff and Class Members and failed to do so. Defendant knowingly, willfully, or with reckless disregard carried out its illegal pattern or practice of failing to pay overtime compensation with respect to Plaintiff and Class Members.

VII. CAUSE OF ACTION: FAILURE TO PAY WAGES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

23. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates the above paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

24. During the relevant period, Defendant has violated and is violating the provisions of Sections 6 and/or 7 of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206, 207, and Section 215(a)(2), by employing employees in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of the FLSA as aforesaid, for workweeks longer than 40 hours without compensating such non-exempt employees for their work in excess of 40 hours per week at rates

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no less than one-and-one-half times the regular rates for which they were employed. Defendant has acted willfully in failing to pay Plaintiff and Class Members in accordance with the law.

VIII. RELIEF SOUGHT

25. WHEREFORE, cause having been shown, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendant as follows:

a. For an Order pursuant to Section 16(b) of the FLSA finding Defendant liable for unpaid back wages due to Plaintiff (and those who may join in the suit) and for liquidated damages equal in amount to the unpaid compensation found due to Plaintiff (and those who may join the suit);

b. For an Order awarding Plaintiff (and those who may join in the suit) the costs of this action;

c. For an Order awarding Plaintiff (and those who may join in the suit) attorneys' fees;

d. For an Order awarding Plaintiff (and those who may join in the suit) pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the highest rates allowed by law; and

e. For an Order granting such other and further relief as may be necessary and appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

s/J. Derek Braziel

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 24th day of July, 2018, I electronically filed the foregoing

document with the Court's ECF system. Service of this Complaint will be made on Defendant with

summons to be issued by the Clerk per the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

s/J. Derek Braziel
J. DEREK BRAZIEL

JS 44 (Rev. 07/16) Case 3:18-cv-01910-S Counter replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS QUENTIN CODY LEE (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) J. Derek Braziel, Lee & Braziel LLP				DEFENDANTS MEGATEL HOMES, INC.			
1801 N. Lamar St., Ste. 3 214.749.1400							
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintifj	
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)			TF DEF 1		
□ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	□ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)			2 2 Incorporated and a of Business In	Another State	
				en or Subject of a 🛛 🗖 reign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					D A STUDI IDMON		
CONTRACT 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	DRTS PERSONAL INJURY		DRFEITURE/PENALTY 5 Drug Related Seizure	BANKRUPTCY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act	
 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted 	 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 	310 Airplane 365 Personal Injury - 315 Airplane Product Product Liability Liability 367 Health Care/ 320 Assault, Libel & Pharmaceutical Slander Personal Injury - 305 Federal Employers' Product Liability Liability 368 Asbestos Personal	- 69	of Property 21 USC 881 0 Other	□ 422 Nppcat 26 006 100 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 ■ ROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark	 375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and 	
 Ctexcludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise 	 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice 	 Injury i Totater Liability PERSONAL PROPER 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability 	□ 72 □ 74 □ 75	LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards Act 0 Labor/Management Relations 0 Railway Labor Act 1 Family and Medical Leave Act 0 Other Labor Litigation	SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g))	 Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information 	
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION		1 Employee Retirement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	Act	
 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property 	 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education 	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Othe 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	□ 46	Income Security Act IMMIGRATION 2 Naturalization Application 5 Other Immigration Actions	 R70 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609 	 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes 	
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in							
	moved from 3 te Court	Remanded from Appellate Court	J 4 Reins Reop		er District Litigation		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Fair Labor Stand	ards Act, 29 U.S.C.	e filing (L Section	Do not cite jurisdictional sta 201, et seq.	tutes unless diversity):		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	D	EMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	r if demanded in complaint: : X Yes □ No	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE 07/24/2018		SIGNATURE OF ATT s/J. Derek Braz		OF RECORD			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT #	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE	

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NOTICE OF CONSENT

I hereby consent to become a party plaintiff in the overtime lawsuit in which this consent is

filed.

DocuSigned by:

Signatou 32 B27484...

6/12/2017

Date

Quentin Cody Lee Printed Name

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Megatel Homes Sued by Former Employee Seeking Allegedly Unpaid Wages</u>