UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

DANTE JONES, individually and in behalf of all other persons similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

-against-

17 CV 3120

MILK RIVER CAFE, LLC, d/b/a MILK RIVER CAFE; BRUCE LYEW; and LANIECE LYEW; jointly and severally,

Defendants.

COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

- 1. The plaintiff, in behalf of other similarly situated current and former employees of the defendants who consent to become party plaintiffs, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), alleges that the defendants violated the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, *et seq.*, and the defendants are liable to the plaintiff and party plaintiffs for unpaid or underpaid overtime compensation, and such other relief available by law.
- 2. The plaintiff further alleges, pursuant to N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 198(1-a) and 663(1), that the defendants violated the Minimum Wage Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 650, *et seq.*, and section 191 of the New York Labor Law, and the defendants are liable to the plaintiff for unpaid or underpaid (1) overtime compensation, (2) spread-of-hours wages, and such other relief available by law.
- 3. The plaintiff further alleges, pursuant to the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-b)–(1-d), that the defendants violated the same, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(1)–(3), and that the plaintiff should be awarded of the defendants statutory damages, injunctive relief, and such other relief available by law.

1

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. Jurisdiction of this action is conferred upon the Court by the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), and further by 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337.
- 5. Jurisdiction over all other claims is within the supplemental jurisdiction of the Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 6. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391. The parties reside where set forth herein. A substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims alleged herein occurred in the judicial district of this Court.

PARTIES

- 7. The plaintiff Dante Jones is and was at all relevant times an adult residing in Kings County, New York.
- 8. The defendant Milk River Cafe, LLC, is and was at all relevant times a New York business corporation with its office in King County.
- 9. Upon information and belief, the defendant Bruce Lyew is and was at all relevant times an adult.
- 10. Upon information and belief, the defendant La-Niece Lyew is and was at all relevant times an adult.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

11. Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), the plaintiff commences this action as to the plaintiff's claims arising under the Fair Labor Standards Act as a collective action in behalf of all similarly situated current and former employees of the defendants at any time since three years before the date of this complaint to the entry of judgment in this action who consent to become party plaintiffs.

12. The plaintiff and the putative party plaintiffs have had substantially similar jobs and compensation and have been subject to the defendants' common policies and practices of willfully violating the Fair Labor Standards Act as set forth in this complaint. The claims of the plaintiff stated herein are similar to those of the putative party plaintiffs.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 13. At all relevant times, the defendants' business is a full-service restaurant doing business as Milk River Cafe and located at 960 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.
- 14. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the defendant Bruce Lyew was an owner, shareholder, officer, or manager of the defendants' business.
- 15. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the defendant Bruce Lyew was an individual who actively participated in the business of the defendants, exercised substantial control over the functions of the employees of the defendants, including the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, and acted directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer.
- 16. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the defendant Bruce Lyew had the capacity on behalf of the defendants to establish the wages and hours of the employees of the defendants.
- 17. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the defendant La-Niece Lyew was an owner, shareholder, officer, or manager of the defendants' business.
- 18. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the defendant La-Niece Lyew was an individual who actively participated in the business of the defendants, exercised substantial control over the functions of the employees of the defendants, including the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, and acted directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer.

3

- 19. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the defendant La-Niece Lyew had the capacity on behalf of the defendants to establish the wages and hours of the employees of the defendants.
- 20. The defendants are associated and are joint employers, act in the interest of each other with respect to the employees of the defendants, have common policies and practices as to wages and hours, and share control over the defendants' employees.
 - 21. The defendants employed the plaintiff approximately from 2015 until April 2017.
 - 22. The defendants employed the plaintiff as a dishwasher.
- 23. The plaintiff worked for the defendants approximately between twenty and ninety hours per week. The plaintiff worked sixty hours during the workweek ending on September 26, 2015.
- 24. The defendants paid the plaintiff approximately between \$9.00 and \$11.00 per hour.
- 25. The plaintiff and party plaintiffs worked more than forty hours each workweek, yet the defendants willfully failed to pay the plaintiff and party plaintiffs overtime compensation of one and one-half times their regular rate of pay.
- 26. The plaintiff worked a spread of hours more than ten each day, yet the defendants willfully failed to pay the plaintiff spread-of-hours compensation.
- 27. The defendants failed to provide the plaintiff with a notice and acknowledgment at the time of hiring.
- 28. The defendants failed to provide the plaintiff with a statement with each payment of wages.

- 29. Upon information and belief, while the defendants employed the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, the defendants failed to post or keep posted notices explaining the minimum wage rights of employees under the Fair Labor Standards Act and the New York Labor Law, and the plaintiff and party plaintiffs were uninformed of their rights during such times.
- 30. Upon information and belief, while the defendants employed the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, the defendants failed to maintain accurate and sufficient records.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF: FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

- 31. The plaintiff, on behalf of the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 30 as if they were set forth again herein.
- 32. At all relevant times, the defendants, employers, employed the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, employees, within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), (e)(1), and (g).
- 33. The business activities of the defendants are related and performed through unified operation or common control for a common business purpose and constitute an enterprise, within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(r).
- 34. The enterprise of the defendants employs employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or in handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce, within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1)(A)(i).
- 35. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the enterprise of the defendants has had an annual gross volume of sales made or business done not less than of \$500,000, exclusive of separate retail excise taxes, within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1)(A)(ii).

- 36. Therefore, upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the plaintiff and party plaintiffs have been employed in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1)(A).
- 37. The defendants in many workweeks willfully and repeatedly violated the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 207 and 215(a)(2), by failing to pay the plaintiff and party plaintiffs at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for work performed more than forty hours in a workweek.
- 38. By 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), the defendants are liable to the plaintiff and party plaintiffs for unpaid or underpaid overtime compensation.
- 39. The defendants failed to post notices of the defendants' employees' rights under the law, required by 29 C.F.R. § 516.4.
- 40. Because of the defendants' failure to post notices of the defendants' employees' rights under the law, the plaintiff and party plaintiffs are entitled to the equitable tolling of their claims during the time that the defendants failed to post such notices.
- 41. The foregoing conduct, as alleged, constitutes a willful violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act, within the meaning of the Portal-to-Portal Act, 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 42. The plaintiff and party plaintiffs are further entitled to recover of the defendants an equal amount as liquidated damages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF: MINIMUM WAGE ACT

43. The plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 42 as if they were set forth again herein.

6

- 44. At all relevant times, the defendants, employers, employed the plaintiff, an employee, within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§ 2(5)–(7), 190(2)–(3), and 651(5)–(6), and N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-3.2.
- 45. The defendants violated the plaintiff's rights by failing to pay or underpaying the plaintiff overtime compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the plaintiff's regular rate of pay for the hours the plaintiff worked more than forty per workweek, in violation of N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-1.4.
- 46. The defendants violated the plaintiff's rights by failing to pay or underpaying the plaintiff spread-of-hours compensation, in violation of N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-1.6.
- 47. The defendants' failure to pay the plaintiff the foregoing timely is a violation of section 191 of the New York Labor Law.
- 48. By N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 198(1-a) and 663(1), the defendants are liable to the plaintiff for unpaid or underpaid (1) overtime compensation, (2) spread-of-hours wages.
- 49. The plaintiff is further entitled to recover of the defendants liquidated damages pursuant to the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-a), and the Minimum Wage Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 663(1).
- 50. The defendants failed to post notices of the defendants' employees' rights under the law, required by N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 198(d) and 661 and N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-2.4.
- 51. Because of the defendants' failure to post notices of the defendants' employees' rights under the law, the plaintiff is entitled to the equitable tolling of the plaintiff's claims during the time that the defendants failed to post such notices.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF: WAGE THEFT PREVENTION ACT

- 52. The plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 51 as if they were set forth again herein.
- 53. The defendants failed to furnish to the plaintiff, at the time of hiring, a notice containing the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; any doing business as names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; the telephone number of the employer, and anything otherwise required by law; in violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(1) and N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-2.2.
- 54. Due to the defendants' violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(1) and N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-2.2, the plaintiff should be awarded of the defendants statutory damages of \$50.00 per workweek that the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$2,500.00, until February 26, 2015, and statutory damages of \$50.00 per workday that the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00, thereafter, pursuant to N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-b).
- 55. The defendants failed to furnish to the plaintiff with each wage payment a statement listing the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the number of regular hours worked, and the number of overtime hours worked; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as

part of the minimum wage; and net wages; in violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(3) and N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-2.3.

- 56. Due to the defendants' violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(3) and N.Y. Comp. Codes R. & Regs. tit. 12, § 146-2.3, the plaintiff should be awarded of the defendants statutory damages of \$100.00 per workweek that the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$2,500.00, until February 26, 2015, and statutory damages of \$250.00 per workday that the violation occurred, up to a maximum of \$5,000.00, thereafter, pursuant to N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-d).
- 57. Further, the defendants, including the defendants' officers, agents, employees, and those persons in active concert or participation with the defendants, should be permanently enjoined from violating the Wage Theft Prevention Act, § 195(1)–(3), pursuant to the same, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-b)–(1-d).

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF: DECLARATORY RELIEF

- 58. The plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 57 as if they were set forth again herein.
- 59. Pursuant to the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201–02, and Rule 57 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the plaintiff may obtain declaratory relief.
- 60. The defendants violated the Fair Labor Standards Act, Minimum Wage Act, section 191 of the New York Labor Law, and the Wage Theft Prevention Act.
 - 61. It is in the public interest to have these declarations of rights recorded.
- 62. A declaratory judgment serves the useful purpose of clarifying and settling the legal issues in this action.

63. A declaratory judgment would terminate and afford relief from uncertainty, insecurity, and controversy giving rise to this action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 64. Wherefore, the plaintiff, on behalf of the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, prays this Court grant as relief:
 - a. designation of this action as a collective action in behalf of the party plaintiffs and prompt issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all similarly situated putative party plaintiffs, apprising them of the pendency of this action, permitting them to assert timely claims under the Fair Labor Standards Act in this action by filing individual consents to become party plaintiffs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and appointing the plaintiff and the plaintiff's attorneys to represent the party plaintiffs;
 - b. a declaratory judgment that the practices complained of herein are unlawful under the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Minimum Wage Act, section 191 of the New York Labor Law, and the Wage Theft Prevention Act;
 - c. an award of unpaid or underpaid overtime compensation due under the Fair Labor Standards Act;
 - d. an award of liquidated damages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);
 - e. an award of unpaid or underpaid (1) overtime compensation and (2) spreadof-hours wages due under the Minimum Wage Act and section 191 of the New York Labor Law;

- f. an award of liquidated damages pursuant to the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-a), and the Minimum Wage Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 663(1);
- g. an award of statutory damages for the defendants' violation of the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(1)–(3), pursuant to the same, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-b)–(1-d);
- h. a permanent injunction restraining the defendants, including the defendants' officers, agents, employees, and those persons in active concert or participation with the defendants, from violating the Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 195(1)–(3), pursuant to the same, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-b)–(1-d);
- i. if liquidated damages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §
 216(b), are not awarded, an award of prejudgment interest pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §
 1961;
- j. an award of prejudgment interest pursuant to the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules, §§ 5001–02;
- k. an award of postjudgment interest pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1961 and/or the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules, § 5003;
- 1. an award of the attorney's fees, costs, and further expenses up to fifty dollars, of this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), and N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 198(1)—(2) and 663(1); and
 - m. such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the plaintiff, on behalf of the plaintiff and party plaintiffs, demands a trial by jury on all questions of fact raised by the complaint.

LAW OFFICE OF JUSTIN A. ZELLER, P.C.

By:

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Facsimile: (212) 229-2246

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

Dated: New York, New York May 23, 2017

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

DANTE JONES, individually and in behalf of all other persons similarly situated)))		
Plaintiff(s))		
v.) Ci	ivil Action No. 17 CV 3120	
MILK RIVER CAFE, LLC, d/b/a MILK RIVER CAFE; BRUCE LYEW; and LA-NIECE LYEW; jointly and severally))))		
Defendant(s))		
	SUMMONS	IN A CIVIL	ACTION	
To: (Defendant's name and address)	La-Niece Lyew			
	c/o Law Office of Ju	stin A. Zelle	er, P.C.	
	277 BROADWAY S			
	NEW YORK NY 10	007-2036		
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must sthe Federal Rules of Civil Process whose name and address are:	rvice of this summons of d States agency, or an of serve on the plaintiff an	fficer or emplanswer to the otion must be A. Zeller, P. FE 408	ounting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you loyee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. e attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of e served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, C.	
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
			CLERK OF COURT	
Date:				
			Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 17 CV 3120

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

was re	ceived by me on (date)	·			
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individual	at (place)		
			on (date)		
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's residence or	usual place of abode with (name)		
		, a perso	on of suitable age and discretion who re	sides the	ere,
	on (date)	, and mailed a copy to	the individual's last known address; or		
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)			, who is
	designated by law to a	accept service of process on beh			
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the summons unexecuted because				; or
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$		
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this information	ı is true.		
Date:					
2			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

DANTE JONES, individually and in behalf of all other persons similarly situated)))		
Plaintiff(s))		
V.) Ci	ivil Action No. 17 CV 3120	
MILK RIVER CAFE, LLC, d/b/a MILK RIVER CAFE; BRUCE LYEW; and LA-NIECE LYEW; jointly and severally))))		
Defendant(s	*))		
	SUMMONS I	IN A CIVIL	ACTION	
To: (Defendant's name and address)	Bruce Lyew			
,	c/o Law Office of Jus	ctin A 7elle	or D C	
	277 BROADWAY S		1,1.0.	
	NEW YORK NY 100			
A lawsuit has been filed	d against you.			
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must s	d States agency, or an of serve on the plaintiff an	ficer or emplanswer to the	ounting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you loyee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. e attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of e served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,	
whose name and address are:	Law Office of Justin A	A. Zeller, P.	C.	
	277 BROADWAY ST	ΓE 408		
	NEW YORK NY 100	07-2036		
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
			CLERK OF COURT	
D				
Date:			Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 17 CV 3120

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

		ame of individual and title, if an	(y)		
was rec	ceived by me on (date)		·		
	☐ I personally serve	d the summons on the ind	ividual at (place)		
			on (date)	; or	
			ence or usual place of abode with (name)		
		,	a person of suitable age and discretion who	resides the	re,
	on (date)	, and mailed a d	copy to the individual's last known address;	or	
	☐ I served the summ	nons on (name of individual)			, who is
	designated by law to	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted because	2		; or
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of	\$	·
	I declare under penal	lty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.		
Date:					
			Server's signature		
		_	Printed name and title		
		_	Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

JS 44 (Rev. 07/16)

Case 1:17-cv-03120 Document 1-3 Filed 05/23/17 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 17

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil do	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE O	F THIS FO	RM.)	, 1		
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS DANTE JONES, individually and in behalf of all other persons similar situated (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Kings (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				DEFENDANTS MILK RIVER CAFE, LLC, d/b/a MILK RIVER CAFE; BRUCE LYEW; and LA-NIECE LYEW; jointly and severally County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	★ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)			TF DEF 1 □ 1 Incorporated <i>or</i> Prof Business In □		
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citize	en of Another State	2		
IV NATUDE OF SUIT	F. D			en or Subject of a reign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		nly) DRTS	FC	ORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJUR 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 370 Other Fraud 370 Other Fraud 370 Other Fraud 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIO Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Oth 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	Y	5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 0 Other LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards Act 0 Labor/Management Relations 0 Railway Labor Act 1 Family and Medical Leave Act 0 Other Labor Litigation 1 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION 2 Naturalization Application 5 Other Immigration Actions	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC □ 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and □ Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	Cite the U.S. Civil Star 29 U.S.C. § 201 Brief description of care Fair labor standa CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	Appellate Court atute under which you aret seq. ause: rds I S A CLASS ACTION	re filing (1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	er District Litigation Transfer (utes unless diversity):	Litigation - Direct File vif demanded in complaint:	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE	TORNEV	OF RECORD	DOCKET NUMBER		
05/23/2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		SIGNATURE OF AT	IOMNÉI (A RECORD			
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE	

Case 1:17-cv-03120 Document 1-3 Filed 05/23/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 18

CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

John M. Gurrieri	, counsel for plaintiff , do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is
ineligible for c	ompulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):
	monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
\boxtimes	the complaint seeks injunctive relief,
X	the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason seeks declaratory judgment
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1
	Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:
	RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)
provides that "A c because the cases same judge and m case: (A) involves	es that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) eivil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the agistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power remine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the
	NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)
1.) Is the conty	ivil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk
	answered "no" above: the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk ? No
b) Did t District	the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern to Yes
Suffolk County, or Suffolk Coun	
(N	Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).
	BAR ADMISSION
l am currently ac	dmitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. Yes No
Are you currentl	ly the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court? Yes (If yes, please explain) No
I certify the accu	uracy of all information provided above.

Signature:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Former Employee Claims Milk River Café Violates Labor Laws