UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN MILWAUKEE DIVISION

JUMOKA JOHNSON, Individually and on Behalf)	Case No.: 19-cv-133
of All Others Similarly Situated,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,	
v.	
)	Jury Trial Demanded
CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION SERVICES,)	
INC., d/b/a CBCS,	
Defendant.	

INTRODUCTION

1. This class action seeks redress for collection practices that violate the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq*. (the "FDCPA"), and the Wisconsin Consumer Act, Chs. 421-427, Wis. Stats. (the "WCA").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. The court has jurisdiction to grant the relief sought by the Plaintiffs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that Defendant directed its collection efforts into the District.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Jumoka Johnson is an individual who resides in the Eastern District of Wisconsin (Milwaukee County).
- 4. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined in the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3), in that Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff a debt allegedly incurred for personal, family, or household purposes, namely a personal credit card debt.

- 5. Defendant Credit Bureau Collection Services, Inc. d/b/a CBCS ("CBCS") is a foreign limited liability company with its primary offices located at 55 Beattie Place, Greenville, SC 29601.
- 6. CBCS does substantial business in Wisconsin and has designated its registered agent in Wisconsin for the service of process as Corporation Service Company, 8040 Excelsior Drive, Suite 400, Madison, WI 53717.
- 7. CBCS is engaged in the business of a collection agency, using the mails and telephone to collect consumer debts originally owed to others.
- 8. CBCS is engaged in the business of collecting debts owed to others and incurred for personal, family, or household purposes.
 - 9. CBCS is a debt collector as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a.

FACTS

- 10. On or around December 18, 2018, CBCS mailed a debt collection letter to Plaintiff regarding an alleged debt owed to "WE ENERGIES." A copy of this letter is attached to this complaint as Exhibit A.
- 11. Upon information and belief, the alleged debt identified in <u>Exhibit A</u> was incurred by use of a credit card account, which was used only for personal, family, or household purposes.
- 12. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form letter, generated by a computer, and with the information specific to Plaintiff inserted by the computer.
- 13. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form debt collection letter, used by Defendant to attempt to collect alleged debts.
 - 14. <u>Exhibit A</u> includes the following representation:

According to our records, your account(s) remains unpaid. If you have already made payment on your account(s), please send us proof of payment or send payment using the coupon below, online at www.cbcspayments.com with the access code to log in of: 8.27350544.516 or by calling us at: 800-947-2987.

- 15. By demanding that the Plaintiff "send us proof of payment" "[i]f you have already made payment on your account(s)," Exhibit A indicates that, where the consumer has previously tendered payment on the debt in at issue, the only way a consumer can dispute their such debt would be provide "proof of payment."
- 16. Under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(8), however, debt collectors are specifically prohibits from "[c]ommunicating or threatening to communicate to any person credit information which is known or which should be known to be false, including the failure to communicate that a disputed debt is disputed." *See also Evans v. Portfolio Recovery Assocs.*, *LLC*, 889 F.3d 337 (7th Cir. 2018).
- 17. The requirement that a debt is reported as "disputed" under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(8) is triggered whether or not the consumer has provided "proof of payment;" in fact, "§ 1692e(8) 'requires no notification by the consumer and instead, depends solely on the debt collector's knowledge that a debt is disputed, regardless of how that knowledge is acquired." *Evans*, 889 F.3d at 347 (quoting *Brady v. Credit Recovery Co., Inc.*, 160 F.3d 64, 67 (1st Cir. 1998)).
- 18. <u>Exhibit A</u> thus includes representations which false, deceptive, and misleading as to a consumers right to dispute their alleged debt for the purposes of credit reporting.
 - 19. Plaintiff was confused and misled by Exhibit A.
 - 20. The unsophisticated consumer would be confused and misled by Exhibit A.
- 21. Plaintiff had to spend time and money investigating <u>Exhibit A</u>, and the consequences of any potential responses to <u>Exhibit A</u>.

22. Plaintiff had to take time to obtain and meet with counsel, including traveling to counsel's office by car and its related expenses, including but not limited to the cost of gasoline and mileage, to obtain counsel on the consequences of Exhibit A.

The FDCPA

23. The FDCPA creates substantive rights for consumers; violations cause injury to consumers, and such injuries are concrete and particularized. Pogorzelski v. Patenaude & Felix APC, No. 16-C-1330, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89678 *9 (E.D. Wis. June 12, 2017) ("A plaintiff who receives misinformation from a debt collector has suffered the type of injury the FDCPA was intended to protect against."); Spuhler v. State Collection Servs., No. 16-CV-1149, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 177631 (E.D. Wis. Oct. 26, 2017) ("As in Pogorzelski, the Spuhlers' allegations that the debt collection letters sent by State Collection contained false representations of the character, amount, or legal status of a debt in violation of their rights under the FDCPA sufficiently pleads a concrete injury-in-fact for purposes of standing."); Lorang v. Ditech Fin. LLC, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 169286, at *6 (W.D. Wis. Oct. 13, 2017) ("the weight of authority in this circuit is that a misrepresentation about a debt is a sufficient injury for standing because a primary purpose of the FDCPA is to protect consumers from receiving false and misleading information."); Qualls v. T-H Prof'l & Med. Collections, Ltd., 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 113037, at *8 (C.D. Ill. July 20, 2017) ("Courts in this Circuit, both before and after Spokeo, have rejected similar challenges to standing in FDCPA cases.") (citing "Hayes v. Convergent Healthcare Recoveries, Inc., 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 139743 (C.D. Ill. 2016)); Long v. Fenton & McGarvey Law Firm P.S.C., 223 F. Supp. 3d 773, 777 (S.D. Ind. Dec. 9, 2016) ("While courts have found that violations of other statutes . . . do not create concrete injuries in fact, violations of the FDCPA are distinguishable from these other statutes and have been repeatedly found to establish concrete injuries."); Quinn v. Specialized

Loan Servicing, LLC, No. 16 C 2021, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 107299 *8-13 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 11, 2016) (rejecting challenge to Plaintiff's standing based upon alleged FDCPA statutory violation); Lane v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC, No. 15 C 10446, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89258 *9-10 (N.D. Ill. July 11, 2016) ("When a federal statute is violated, and especially when Congress has created a cause of action for its violation, by definition Congress has created a legally protected interest that it deems important enough for a lawsuit."); Church v. Accretive Health, Inc., No. 15-15708, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 12414 *7-11 (11th Cir. July 6, 2016) (same); see also Mogg v. Jacobs, No. 15-CV-1142-JPG-DGW, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33229, 2016 WL 1029396, at *5 (S.D. Ill. Mar. 15, 2016) ("Congress does have the power to enact statutes creating legal rights, the invasion of which creates standing, even though no injury would exist without the statute," (quoting Sterk v. Redbox Automated Retail, LLC, 770 F.3d 618, 623 (7th Cir. 2014)). For this reason, and to encourage consumers to bring FDCPA actions, Congress authorized an award of statutory damages for violations. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a).

- 24. Moreover, Congress has explicitly described the FDCPA as regulating "abusive practices" in debt collection. 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(a) 1692(e). Any person who receives a debt collection letter containing a violation of the FDCPA is a victim of abusive practices. *See* 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(e) ("It is the purpose of this subchapter to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses").
- 25. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e generally prohibits a debt collector from using "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt."

- 26. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(8) specifically prohibits "[c]ommunicating or threatening to communicate to any person credit information which is known or which should be known to be false, including the failure to communicate that a disputed debt is disputed."
- 27. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10) specifically prohibits the "use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."

COUNT I - FDCPA

- 28. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 29. By demanding that the Plaintiff "send us proof of payment" "[i]f you have already made payment on your account(s)," <u>Exhibit A</u> includes representations which false, deceptive, and misleading as to Plaintiff's right to dispute Plaintiff's alleged debt.
 - 30. Defendant has violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(8), and 1692e(10).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 31. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a Class, consisting of (a) all natural persons in the State of Wisconsin (b) who were sent a collection letter in the form represented by Exhibit A to the complaint in this action, (c) seeking to collect a debt for personal, family, or household purposes, (d) between January 24, 2018 and January 24, 2019, inclusive, (e) that was not returned by the postal service.
- 32. The Class is so numerous that joinder is impracticable. Upon information and belief, there are more than 50 members of the Class.
- 33. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the class, which common questions predominate over any questions that affect only individual class members. The predominant common question is whether the Defendant complied with the FDCPA.

- 34. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class members. All are based on the same factual and legal theories.
- 35. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Class members. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in consumer credit and debt collection abuse cases.
- 36. A class action is superior to other alternative methods of adjudicating this dispute. Individual cases are not economically feasible.

JURY DEMAND

37. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the Class and against Defendant for:

- (a) actual damages;
- (b) statutory damages;
- (c) attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and
- (d) such other or further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: January 24, 2019

ADEMI & O'REILLY, LLP

By: /s/ John D. Blythin
John D. Blythin (SBN 1046105)
Mark A. Eldridge (SBN 1089944)
Jesse Fruchter (SBN 1097673)
Ben J. Slatky (SBN 1106892)
3620 East Layton Avenue
Cudahy, WI 53110
(414) 482-8000 | (414) 482-8001 (fax)
jblythin@ademilaw.com
meldridge@ademilaw.com
jfruchter@ademilaw.com
bslatky@ademilaw.com

EXHIBIT A



800-947-2987

Consumer Name: JUMOKA JOHNSON

CBCS Account #: 9279
Total Due for 1 account(s): \$ 218.34

Creditor Name	Creditor Account#	Balance
WE ENERGIES	5035	218.34

According to our records, your account(s) remains unpaid. If you have already made payment on your account(s), please send us proof of payment or send payment using the coupon below, online at www.cbcspayments.com with the access code to log in of: 8.27350544.516 or by calling us at: 800-947-2987.

When you provide a check as payment, you authorize CBCS either to use information from your check to make a one-time electronic fund transfer from your account or to process the payment as a check transaction. When we use information from your check to make an electronic fund transfer, funds may be withdrawn from your account as soon as the same day we receive your payment, and you will not receive your check back from your financial institution.

This communication from a debt collector is an attempt to collect a debt, and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION

DETACH LOWER PORTION AND RETURN WITH PAYMENT

137ONCBCS222506_149541938

137ONCBCS222506

Dept. 3 PO Box 1280 Oaks PA 19456-1280 CHANGE SERVICE REQUESTED

800-947-2987	AMOUNT PAID	\$
9279		\$ 218.34
CBCS ACCOUNT NUMBER		BALANCE

See reverse side to pay by credit card →

December 18, 2018

CBCS PO BOX 2589 COLUMBUS OH 43216

When you contact us, please include the following account number in your communication: 9279

Wisconsin: This collection agency is licensed by the Division of Banking in the Wisconsin Department of Financial Institutions, www.wdfi.org.

If you			ASTERCARD AND DISCOVER	return in the enclosed envelope
	pomo nekalisti e e e		Debit Card or ☐ Credit Card	
CIRCLE	Account Number			Payment Amount Expiration Date
ONE				\$ /
UISA:				
MagnerCard	Cardholder Name		Signature of Cardholder	Date
DIJC NET	Cardholder Street Address		City	State Zip
	Phone number for verificati	ion of information if neces	sary: (

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

Place an X in the appropriate	Box: Green Bay Division	<u> </u>	✓ Milwaukee Division	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		DEFENDANTS		
JUMOKA JC	OHNSON	CREDIT BU	REAU COLLECTIO	N SERVICES, INC.
	e of First Listed Plaintiff Milwaukee EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)	NOTE: IN LAN	of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES OF CONDEMNATION CASES, USINVOLVED.	
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name	e, Address, and Telephone Number)	Attorneys (If Known)		
	3620 E. Layton Ave., Cudahy, WI 53110 ne (414) 482-8001-Facsimile			
II. BASIS OF JURISI	OICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	
U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		PTF DEF 1 Incorporated or Prin of Business In This	–
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item		2 Incorporated and Proof Business In A	· –
		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Foreign Nation	
	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only)			
CONTRACT 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL	FORFEITURE/PENALTY INJURY ☐ 610 Agriculture	BANKRUPTCY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	OTHER STATUTES 400 State Reapportionment
120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	□ 310 Airplane □ 362 Personal □ 315 Airplane Product □ Liability □ 365 Personal □ 320 Assault, Libel & Product I □ Slander □ 368 Asbestos □ Injury Pr □ Liability □ 340 Marine □ 370 Other Fra □ Liability □ 371 Truth in I □ 350 Motor Vehicle □ 375 Motor Vehicle □ Product Liability □ 385 Property I	Injury - 620 Other Food & Drug Ipractice 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other	□ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIW W (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 440 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 895 Freedom of Information Act 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
☑ 1 Original ☐ 2 R	an "X" in One Box Only) emoved from			Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment
VI. CAUSE OF ACTI	15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq		nai statutes uniess diversity):	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:			CHECK YES only i	if demanded in complaint: Yes No
VIII. RELATED CAS	SE(S) (See instructions): JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE	SIGNATURE	OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD		
January 24, 201 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	9 /s/ Ma	ark A. Eldridge		

– ^{AMOUNT} Case 2:19-cv-00133-LA Filed 01/24/19 - Page 1 of 2 - Document 1-2

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example:

U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the Eastern District of Wisconsin

))
JUMOKA JO	HNSON)
Plaintiff	<i>(s)</i>)
v.		Civil Action No. 19-cv-133
)
CDEDIT DUDEAU COLLEG	VEION GEDVICEG INC))
CREDIT BUREAU COLLEC	<u> </u>)
Dejendar	u(s))
	SUMMONS II	N A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	CREDIT BUREAU COLLE c/o CORPORATION SERV 8040 EXCELSIOR DRIVE, MADISON, WI 53717	VICE COMPANY
A lawsuit has been file	ed against you.	
the United States or a United 12(a)(2) or (3) – you must se	States agency, or an office rve on the plaintiff an answ	you (not counting the day you receive it) – or 60 days if you are r or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. wer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the must be served on the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, whose
If you fail to respond, You also must file your answe	• •	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
		STEPHEN C. DRIES, CLERK OF COURT
Date:		
		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. 19-cv-133

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(l))

ceived by me on (date)	·		
☐ I personally served	the summons and the attached con	applaint on the individual at (place):	
		On (date)	; or
☐ I left the summons	and the attached complaint at the i	ndividual's residence or usual place of a	bode with
	, a <u>r</u>	erson of suitable age and discretion wh	o resides th
on (date)	, and mailed a copy	to the individual's last known address;	or
☐ I served the summo	ons and the attached complaint on (name of individual)	
who is designated by la	aw to accept service of process on l	behalf of (name of organization)	
		on (1 ()	·or
		OII (aate)	; or
☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because	on (date)	
	mons unexecuted because		
Other (specify):			;
Other (specify): My fees are \$		for services, for a total of \$;
Other (specify): My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$;
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☐ Other (specify): My fees are \$ I declare under penalty	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$rue.	;
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☐ Other (specify): My fees are \$ I declare under penalty	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$ rue. Server's signature	;
☐ Other (specify): My fees are \$ I declare under penalty	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$ rue. Server's signature	;

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Class Action Claims CBCS Misled Wisconsin Consumer Regarding Debt Dispute Rights</u>