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 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	NORTHERN DIS' SAN FRAN KATHLEEN INFANTE , individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, Plaintiff, v. LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA , an Ohio corporation d/b/a	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA ICISCO DIVISION
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	NORTHERN DIS' SAN FRAN KATHLEEN INFANTE , individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, Plaintiff, v. LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA , an Ohio corporation d/b/a LensCrafters,	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA ICISCO DIVISION
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 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	NORTHERN DIS' SAN FRAN KATHLEEN INFANTE, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, Plaintiff, v. LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA, an Ohio corporation d/b/a LensCrafters, Defendant.	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA ICISCO DIVISION

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff Kathleen Infante, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, hereby files suit against the Defendant listed above and alleges the following:

INTRODUCTION

6 1. Plaintiff and class members purchased prescription eyeglasses from LensCrafters 7 after being measured using the Accufit® Digital Measurement System ("Accufit") offered at 8 LensCrafters. LensCrafters touts its Accufit system as providing uniquely accurate measurements of 9 the pupillary distance ("PD")¹ between the customer's eyes to locate the optical centers of the 10 eyeglass lenses. LensCrafters advertises that its Accufit system "measures your eyes five times more 11 12 precisely than traditional methods, down to a tenth of a millimeter" - roughly the width of a human 13 hair.² LensCrafters claims that this allows the company to manufacture prescription eyeglasses 14 "which provides a lens fit with five times greater precision than traditional methods."³ Thus, 15 LensCrafters promises better prescription eyeglasses that allow customers "to see your world more 16 clearly," as "[y]our lenses are crafted based on exactly how glasses sit on your face, where your eyes 17 line up in the frame, and the distance between your eyes-putting the prescription exactly where you 18 need it to see your best."⁴ 19

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2. However, LensCrafters cannot and does not deliver what it promises. Even assuming its Accufit system can provide PD measurements down to a tenth of a millimeter, when it manufactures prescription eyeglasses, LensCrafters uses decades-old technology that still involves

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 ¹ Pupillary distance ("PD") or interpupillary distance ("IPD") is the distance between the centers of the pupils in each eye. The industry standard is to measure in millimeters. This measurement is used when manufacturing prescription eyeglasses.

² https://www.lenscrafters.com/lc-us/accufit (accessed August 28, 2017).

²⁷ ³ http://www.luxottica.com/en/retail-brands/lenscrafters (accessed August 28, 2017).

^{28 4} https://www.lenscrafters.com/lc-us/accufit (accessed August 28, 2017).

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1 manual measurements that must be rounded up to a full millimeter. Indeed, Lenscrafters' Accufit
2 system provides no more accuracy in manufacturing prescription eyeglasses than when measuring
3 PD with a standard ruler.

3. This fact is known among LensCrafters' employees. When customers arrive at a 5 LensCrafters store, employees are trained to push the Accufit system as a selling point, telling 6 customers that Accufit ensures more accurate prescription eyeglasses and emphasizing to customers 7 that they can only use Accufit measurements at LensCrafters. When customers ask about the 8 9 Accufit system and whether it will really make their prescription eyeglasses more accurate, 10 LensCrafters trains its employees to avoid answering the question, and to reiterate that Accufit 11 provides PD measurements that are "five times more accurate." 12 Because LensCrafters' manufacturing process uses the same decades-old traditional 4. 13 methods, the end-product sold to customers cannot and does not have PD measurements that are 14 "five times" more accurate than traditional methods. 15 Customers are therefore induced to purchase prescription eyeglasses from 16 5. 17 LensCrafters when they otherwise would not have and/or overpay for prescription eyeglasses from 18 LensCrafters based on false and misleading statements, and suffer damages. 19 PARTIES 206. Plaintiff Kathleen Infante is a citizen and resident of California, over the age of 21 eighteen years. Plaintiff purchased prescription eyeglasses from LensCrafters for approximately 22 \$360 after being measured by Accufit in or about November 2015. 23 24 Defendant Luxottica Retail North America d/b/a LensCrafters ("LensCrafters") is a 7. 25 citizen and resident of Ohio which regularly does business in California and all over the United 26 States. LensCrafters is headquartered at 4000 Luxottica Place, Mason, OH 45040. 27 28

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. This Court has jurisdiction for this case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d), as it is a class action for damages that exceed \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs. Named Plaintiff is 4 a resident of California, and many other members of the class are from states different from 5 Defendant, which is headquartered in Ohio. 6 This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because of its continuous and 9. 7 systematic business contacts with the State of California, including the fact that LensCrafters has 8 9 over 140 stores in California and derives substantial revenue from sales of its products in California, 10 with knowledge that its products are being marketed and sold for use in this State. 11 10. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because a substantial part 12 of the events or omissions giving rise to these claims occurred in this district. 13 FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS 14 The Eyeglass Industry and Manufacturing Process for Prescription Lenses A. 15 16 11. LensCrafters is a national eye care provider and prescription eyeglass manufacturer 17 maintaining over 950 locations in the United States.⁵ The company was founded in 1983 and began 18 to operate as a subsidiary of Luxottica Retail North America, Inc. in approximately 1995. 19 LensCrafters is one of the largest companies in the \$28 billion worldwide ophthalmic industry.⁶ In 20 2013, LensCrafters was estimated to serve more than four million customers each year and described 21 itself as the "single most powerful player in the optical category . . . "7 Its sales exceeded \$1.8 billion 22 23 24 25 ⁵ See http://local.lenscrafters.com/ (accessed August 28, 2017). ⁶ https://www.forbes.com/sites/anaswanson/2014/09/10/meet-the-four-eved-eight-tentacled-26 monopoly-that-is-making-your-glasses-so-expensive/#1ebf22bb6b66 (accessed August 28, 2017). 27 ⁷ http://www.luxottica.com/sites/luxottica.com/files/2013_10_08_-_luxottica_investor_day_transcript.pdf (accessed August 28, 2017). 28 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

in 2013.⁸ 1

> 12. The process for fabricating prescription eyeglasses typically begins with lens "blanks," which are thick, clear blocks made of either glass or polymers. After receiving a prescription order, a laboratory technician will select lens blanks that correspond to the prescription for each lens.

13. A protective layer of adhesive tape is then applied to each lens blank to protect it 7 from damage during the manufacturing process. 8

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14. The laboratory technician then attaches what is known as a "block" to the front of 10 each lens blank. Each lens, still attached to the block, is then placed in a machine called a blocker, 11 which can be manual or digital.

15. The blockers contain a heated metal alloy that melds each blocker to the front of each 13 lens blank. This process ensures that lenses are securely mounted and correctly positioned for the 14 machining process, which includes surfacing, polishing and engraving. The blocking process is 15 16 critical because it is "not only the start, but also the cornerstone of the entire lens production 17 process."⁹ Improper blocking results in inaccurate lenses "as the accuracy of the lens block directly 18 influences the machining accuracy . . . "¹⁰

19 16. After securing the lens blanks to the blocks, the laboratory technician locates and 20 marks the optical center of each lens blank. The optical center is the point at which vision is best in 21 the lens, and is centered over the customer's pupil. 22

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Laboratory technicians use the customer's pupillary distance measurement(s) to 17.

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 8 Id.

http://www.satisloh.com/fileadmin/contents/brochures/Ophthalmic/Blocking and deblocking/Block 26 ing_Overview_2016_EN.pdf; https://www.google.ch/patents/US7946325?hl=de (accessed August 27 28, 2017). ¹⁰ *Id*.

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1	locate the optical center of each lens.				
2	18.	After blocking, the lens blanks (still attached to the blocks) are attached to a lens			
3	generator and aligned. The lenses are ground until attaining the desired thickness and curves based				
4	on the individ	dual's prescription.			
5	19.	The lenses are then placed in a surfacing machine to remove any marks left by the			
6		ough a process called "fining" or "edging." When fining is complete, lenses are			
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8	polished by a	nother machine.			
9	20.	The technician then removes the lens block before conducting any final inspections or			
10	lens enhancer	ments such as an anti-reflective enhancement or scratch resistance.			
11	21.	Finally, the lenses are placed in the frame and delivered to the customer.			
12 13	B.	LensCrafters and Its "Accufit" System			
13	22.	LensCrafters initially marketed itself as unique among prescription eyeglass			
15	manufacturer	rs for its ability to manufacture glasses within one hour. ¹¹ However, LensCrafters has			
16	not been able	to fulfill its one-hour promise and has shifted its advertising away from that			
17	campaign. ¹²				
18	23.	In or about 2011, LensCrafters introduced its Accufit Digital Measurement System. ¹³			
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20					
21	¹¹ https:// US-112413 (4	/www.lenscrafters.com/lc-us/about-lenscrafters?sid=OurVisionDD-LeftLink-AboutLC- accessed August 28, 2017).			
22	¹² LensC	rafters' website now states that "[i]n select locations, we may be able to make your			
23	glasses same-day or in about an hour. The ability to do so depends upon your particular prescription, the frame you choose, the lenses and options you select, and whether the store you visit				
24	has an onsite lab. If you are looking for same-day service, please let our store associates know so				
25	they can direct you toward options that they may be able to complete in-house. To accommodate the many product enhancements that are now available, special processing is sometimes required. These				
26	orders are typically processed within 7-14 business days " http://www.lenscrafters.com/lc-				
27	¹³ Confid	dential Witness 1, Former LensCrafters Licensed Laboratory Manager ("CW 1");			
28	Confidential	Witness 2, Former LensCrafters Licensed Laboratory Manager and Former General W 2."); https://www.lenscrafters.ca/lc-ca/about-lenscrafters (accessed August 28,			
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1 According to LensCrafters, Accufit is "5 times more precise" than manual PD 24. 2 measurements and "measures the exact location of your pupils, the spacing of your eyes, and the 3 shape of your glasses so [LensCrafters] can place your prescription in your lenses exactly where you 4 need it to see your best."¹⁴ 5

25. The Accufit system is a process that involves attaching a "fit sensor" to the frames 6 selected by customers and using cameras and lasers to take measurements, including PD (the 7 8 distance between the pupils).

9 26. LensCrafters claims that the Accufit system measures down to the tenth of a 10 millimeter – which is roughly the width of a human hair – and that these measurements allow 11 LensCrafters to manufacture prescription eyeglass that are far more accurate than prescription 12 eyeglasses manufactured based on traditional PD measurements. According to LensCrafters, its 13 Accufit technology "is fully integrated with [its] lens manufacturing system, so that [LensCrafters] 14 can collect all the data and [it] can provide manufacturing of perfect customized lenses."¹⁵ 15

16 27. Accufit became a central component of LensCrafters' marketing strategy. Indeed, 17 through television commercials, online advertising,¹⁶ in-store marketing, and in-store employee sales 18 pitches, Accufit is touted as the differentiating feature for LensCrafters and the reason why 19 customers should purchase their prescription eyeglasses from LensCrafters.

28. For example, on its website, LensCrafters tells customers and potential customers that 21 the difference between traditional measurements and its Accufit system is "massive:" 22

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2017). 25

¹⁴ https://www.lenscrafters.com/AccuFit (accessed August 28, 2017).

¹⁵ http://www.luxottica.com/sites/luxottica.com/files/2013_10_08_-_luxottica_investor_day_-27 transcript.pdf (accessed August 28, 2017). 28

¹⁶ See, e.g., https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4irrLTuPfXQ.



5	EINSCRAFTERS
6	[Text reads: "WHY A TENTH OF A MILLIMETER IS MASSIVE" and "Accufit® is our
7	exclusive digital scanning system that measures your eyes five times more precisely than
8 9	traditional methods, down to a tenth of a millimeter. This means we can craft lenses more
10	accurately and help you see the world more clearly."] ¹⁷
11	29. LensCrafters' website goes on to state that:
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13	The old way will never measure up.
14	Goodbye rulers, hello super hi-tech future machines. The
15	LensCrafters AccuFit system replaces old-fashioned hand-held measuring tools with a state-of-the-art digital system that is 5 times
16	more precise.
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18	Accufit digitally measures the exact location of your pupils, the spacing of your eyes, and the shape of your glasses so we can place
19	your prescription in your lenses exactly where you need it to see your best.
20	It's time to see what you're missing. ¹⁸
20	30. LensCrafters' parent company's corporate website states that the Accufit system
22	results in more accurate lenses: "LensCrafters has made significant investments in technology
23	including AccuFit Digital Measurement [™] , which provides a lens fit with five times greater precision
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27	¹⁷ http://www.businesswire.com/news/home/20140130005961/en/LensCrafters-Takes-Stand-Quality-Vision-Care-Global (accessed August 28, 2017).
28	¹⁸ https://www.lenscrafters.com/AccuFit (accessed August 28, 2017).
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	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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than traditional methods."¹⁹

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31. LensCrafters makes similar representations in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission: The "Accufit Digital MeasurementTM . . . provides a lens fit with five times greater precision than traditional methods . . ."²⁰

32. LensCrafters also touts its Accufit system in its stores, prominently displaying
advertisements for Accufit, including its purported "5X" greater accuracy in measuring pupillary
distance and its supposed benefits in making a customers' prescription eyeglasses more accurate:



- ¹⁹ http://www.luxottica.com/en/retail-brands/lenscrafters) (accessed August 28, 2017).
- ²⁵ ²⁰ http://sec.edgar-online.com/luxottica-group-spa/20-f-annual-and-transition-report-foreign-private-issuer/2014/04/29/section6.aspx;
- 27 https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/857471/000104746917003023/a2231810z20-f.htm (accessed August 28, 2017).

²¹ http://www.tuttleeye.com/files/2014/01/photo.jpg (accessed August 28, 2017).

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33. This type of visual advertising is particularly important to LensCrafters' business
 model, as "[m]ost LensCrafters stores are located in high-traffic commercial malls and shopping
 centers."²²

34. In addition, LensCrafters' store employees were instructed to push the Accufit system
by telling customers that its measurements were five times more accurate and that they should buy
their prescription eyeglasses from LensCrafters because Accufit would make their prescription
eyeglasses more accurate.

9 35. Store employees understood the emphasis on Accufit to be the result of LensCrafters'
10 inability to manufacture prescription eyeglasses in one hour, its previous key sales pitch.²³

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 36. Contrary to LensCrafters' representations, however, the Accufit system does not lead
 to more accurate prescription eyeglasses.

37. Even assuming the Accufit technology is, as advertised, five times more accurate than
 manual measurements,²⁴ LensCrafters cannot and does not translate the measurements taken
 from the Accufit system into its manufacturing process. Without the ability to translate
 supposedly more accurate measurements into the manufacturing process, LensCrafters' Accufit
 system is no more effective in making prescription eyeglasses accurate than using the standard ruler
 to measure PD.

38. Indeed, it was common knowledge among LensCrafters' employees that the Accufit
 system provided no benefit in making prescription eyeglasses more accurate because LensCrafters'
 manufacturing equipment cannot measure beyond one millimeter, which is the same measuring

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²⁵ ²²http://www.luxottica.com/en/retail-brands/lenscrafters (accessed August 28, 2017).

26 || ²³ CW 1; CW 2.

27 ²⁴ This claim is dubious given the fact that skilled opticians use "their professional experience to evaluate your fitting needs based on many parameters that a machine cannot discern, such as your posture." https://www.specsoptical.com/lab/ (accessed August 28, 2017).

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capability as a standard ruler.²⁵

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2 For example, Confidential Witness 1, a former LensCrafters Licensed Laboratory 39. 3 Manager, who worked at the company for approximately 16 years, states that: "Despite hyping the 4 Accufit measuring system and its more accurately crafted glasses, the LensCrafters stores never 5 changed their equipment for manufacturing the glasses." In 2011, this former Laboratory Manager 6 asked the LensCrafters store's General Manager "when LensCrafters would update its laboratory 7 equipment so that our glasses could be manufactured to one-tenth of a millimeter." The Laboratory 8 9 Manager responded that "LensCrafters had no such plans."

40. Rather than updating its laboratory equipment to more expensive, state-of-the-art
 machines that can use digital measurements, LensCrafters continued to use decades-old equipment
 that is only capable of making use of manual measurements.

41. According to confidential witnesses, in particular, many of LensCrafters' laboratories, 14 including its large, regional laboratories, use Coburn CS7 blockers, which were first sold in the 15 16 1970s and are no longer manufactured. The Coburn CS7 blockers require the laboratory technician 17 to lay out manually the lenses on a one-millimeter grid for the finished layout process. This is the 18 step used for the pupillary distance measurement. Therefore, even if Accufit provided a 19 measurement of one-tenth of a millimeter, LensCrafters employees could not position the lenses to 20one-tenth of a millimeter. 21

42. Even though Accufit provides no benefit in the manufacturing of prescription
 eyeglasses, according to confidential witnesses, LensCrafters employees were instructed to use
 Accufit as a selling point by touting its supposed accuracy in measuring pupillary distance, that it
 would make customers' prescription glasses more accurate, and that customers could only use the
 Accufit measurements at LensCrafters.

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²⁵ CW 1; CW 2.

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43. Further, according to confidential witnesses, LensCrafters also instructed employees
to avoid discussing the manufacturing process when customers asked questions about Accufit.
Instead, LensCrafters trained employees to keep emphasizing that Accufit was "five times more
accurate" in determining PD measurements.

44. Notwithstanding these directives, LensCrafters knows that Accufit provides no 6 benefits and cannot be translated into the actual manufacturing process. For example, according to 7 confidential witnesses, frequently after showing a customer his or her Accufit measurement, the 8 9 LensCrafter associate doing the Accufit measurement will simply round the result to a whole 10 millimeter before sending the results to the laboratory. And, even if the full tenth-of-a-millimeter 11 measurements are sent to the laboratory, a technician in the laboratory will round the number before 12 placing the lenses on a blocker, because LensCrafters equipment can only measure to a whole 13 millimeter, not to a tenth of a millimeter. 14

45. LensCrafters employees know that laboratory equipment does not have the capability 15 16 to craft eyeglasses with pupillary distance measurements that are accurate down to one-tenth of a 17 millimeter, and that the use of the Accufit measurement system is not beneficial. And, many of them 18 are frustrated by the company's false and misleading statements regarding the Accufit system. For 19 example, during a training session conducted by Confidential Witness 1, a new laboratory technician 20 observed that LensCrafters does not have laboratory equipment to craft lenses with pupillary 21 distance measurements that are accurate down to one-tenth of a millimeter. The trainee reacted by 22 saying, "so it's all a big lie." 23

46. On information and belief, all customers who purchased prescription eyeglasses from
LensCrafters during the proposed Class Period (defined below) were measured using Accufit.
46. On information and belief, all customers who purchased prescription eyeglasses from
LensCrafters during the proposed Class Period (defined below) were measured using Accufit.
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47. Plaintiff Kathleen Infante purchased prescription glasses after being measured with Accufit in Menlo Park, California in or about November 2015.

48. Prior to her purchase, a LensCrafters employee told Ms. Infante about Accufit, which was material to her purchasing decision. The employee's description of Accufit made Ms. Infante believe that she was getting a better product than she would have elsewhere.

8 49. Ms. Infante would not have purchased her prescription glasses from LensCrafters
9 and/or would not have paid as much as she did had she known that LensCrafters' claims that Accufit
10 is "five times more accurate" were not translated into the manufacture of her lenses.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

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50. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein all of the allegations
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150. Contained in paragraphs 1 through 49.

15 51. Pursuant to the Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2) and (b)(3), Plaintiff seeks a statewide class
16 consisting of all residents of California who purchased prescription eyeglasses from LensCrafters
17 from September 5, 2011 to present (the "Class" and the "Class Period," respectively).

18 52. Excluded from the Class are the Defendant, any entity in which Defendant has a
19 controlling interest, and Defendant's officers, directors, legal representatives, successors,
20 subsidiaries, and assigns. Also excluded from the Class is any judge, justice, or judicial officer
22 presiding over this matter and the members of their immediate families and judicial staff.

53. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained as a class action as it
 satisfies the numerosity, commonality, typicality, adequacy, and superiority requirements. Plaintiff
 seeks to represent an ascertainable Class, as determining inclusion in the class can be done through
 the Defendant's own records.

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Plaintiff reserves the right to amend the Class definition if discovery and further

1 investigation reveal that the Class should be expanded, divided into subclasses, or modified in any
2 other way.

3 55. Although the precise number of Class members is unknown and can only be 4 determined through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes, and on that basis alleges, that the 5 proposed Class is so numerous that joinder of all members would be impracticable as Defendant has 6 sold thousands of prescription eyeglasses measured using Accufit in California during the proposed 7 Class Period. 8 9 56. Questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Class exist that predominate over 10 questions affecting only individual members, including inter alia: 11 Whether Defendant misrepresented material facts about its manufacturing a. 12 process, including the fact that Accufit measurements could not be converted into the 13 manufactured lenses: 14 b. Whether Defendant omitted material facts about its manufacturing process, 15 16 including the fact that Accufit measurements could not be converted into the 17 manufactured lenses; 18 Whether Defendant engaged in deceptive acts or practices, including c. 19 misrepresenting and/or omitting the fact that Accufit measurements could not be 20converted into the manufactured lenses; and 21 d. Whether Defendant falsely advertised its manufacturing process at the time of 22 sale, including statements that supposedly more accurate Accufit measurements could be 23 24 converted into the manufactured lenses. 25 57. Plaintiff is a member of the putative Class. The claims asserted by the Plaintiff in this 26 action are typical of the claims of the members of the putative Class, as the claims arise from the 27 same course of conduct by the Defendant, and the relief sought is common. 28 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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58. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the members
 of the putative Class, as her interests coincide with, and are not antagonistic to, the other Class
 members. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in both consumer protection and
 class action litigation.

59. Certification of the Class is appropriate pursuant to Fed. R. C. P. 23(b)(2) and (b)(3) 6 because questions of law or fact common to the respective members of the Class predominate over 7 questions of law or fact affecting only individual members. This predominance makes class litigation 8 9 superior to any other method available for the fair and efficient adjudication of these claims 10 including consistency of adjudications. Absent a class action it would be highly unlikely that the 11 members of the Class would be able to protect their own interests because the cost of litigation 12 through individual lawsuits might exceed the expected recovery. 13

60. A class action is a superior method for the adjudication of the controversy in that it
 will permit a large number of claims to be resolved in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently, and
 without the unnecessary hardship that would result from the prosecution of numerous individual
 actions and the duplication of discovery, effort, expense, and the burden of the courts that individual
 actions would create.

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61. The benefits of proceeding as a class action, including providing a method for
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CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200, et seq.
 62. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein all of the allegations
 contained in paragraphs 1 through 61.

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1	63. By engaging in the acts and practices described above, Defendant committed one or
2	more acts of "unfair competition" within the meaning of California Business & Professions Code §
3	17200. "Unfair competition" is defined to include any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act
4	or practice and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising and any act prohibited by
6	[Business & Professions Code §§ 17500, et seq.]"
7	64. Throughout the Class Period, Defendant engaged in "unlawful" business acts and/or
8	practices by, among other things, violating California Business & Professions Code § 17500.
9	65. Throughout the Class Period, Defendant engaged in "unfair" business acts and/or
10	practices by, among other things:
11	a. Engaging in conduct where the utility of such conduct, if any, is outweighed
12 13	by the gravity of the consequences to Plaintiff and members of the Class;
14	b. Engaging in conduct that is immoral, oppressive, unscrupulous, or
15	substantially injurious to Plaintiff and members of the Class; and
16	c. Engaging in conduct that undermines or violates the spirit or intent of the
17	consumer protection laws alleged in this Complaint.
18	66. Defendant committed unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent business acts or practices
19 20	by, among other things, engaging in conduct Defendant knew or should have known was likely to
20	and did deceive the public, including Plaintiff and other members of the Class.
22	67. As detailed above, Defendant's unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent practices include
23	making false and/or misleading representations that its prescription eyeglasses were "five times more
24	accurate."
25	68. Defendant's unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent practices also include omitting the
26	material information that its prescription eyeglasses were not "five times more accurate."
27 28	69. Plaintiff would not have purchased prescription eyeglasses from LensCrafters or
20	
	16 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1 would not have paid as much for them, but for Defendant's misleading statements about the 2 prescription eyeglasses being "five times more accurate."

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70. Plaintiff was injured in fact and lost money as a result of Defendant's conduct of improperly describing its prescription eveglasses as "five times more accurate." Plaintiff paid for a 5 product that was "five times more accurate," but did not receive a product that was "five times more 6 accurate." Even assuming Accufit's measurements were "five times more accurate," these 7 measurements could not be converted into LensCrafters' manufacturing process, meaning the 8 9 eyeglasses Plaintiff purchased were not "five times more accurate."

10 71. Plaintiff and members of the Class seek restitution for monies wrongfully obtained, 11 disgorgement of ill-gotten revenues and/or profits, injunctive relief, and other relief allowable under 12 California Business & Professions Code § 17203, including, but not limited to, enjoining Defendant 13 from continuing to engage in its unfair, unlawful, and/or fraudulent conduct as alleged. 14

COUNT II

16 VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17500, et seq.

17 72. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein all of the allegations 18 contained in paragraphs 1 through 61.

19 73. Throughout the Class Period, Defendant engaged in unlawful and/or fraudulent 20 conduct under California Business & Professions Code § 17500, et seq. ("the False Advertising 21 Law") by engaging in the sale of prescription eyeglasses, and disseminating to the public various 22 advertisements that Defendant knew or reasonably should have known were untrue and misleading. 23 24 Defendant committed such violations of the False Advertising Law with actual knowledge or 25 knowledge fairly implied on the basis of objective circumstances.

26 74. Defendant's advertisements and representations, as described herein, were designed 27 to, and did, result in the purchase and use of the prescription eyeglasses. Defendant profited from its 28

sales of these products to unwary consumers.

2 75. Plaintiff believed Defendant's representations that its prescription eyeglasses were 3 "five times more accurate." Plaintiff would not have purchased prescription eyeglasses from 4 LensCrafters and/or would not have paid as much for them had she known the prescription 5 eyeglasses were not "five times more accurate." 6 76. Plaintiff was injured in fact and lost money as a result of Defendant's conduct of 7 improperly describing its prescription eyeglasses as "five times more accurate." Plaintiff paid for 8 9 prescription eyeglasses that were "five times more accurate," but did not receive such a product. 10 The product Plaintiff received was worth less than the product for which she paid. 11 77. Plaintiff and members of the Class seek restitution for monies wrongfully obtained, 12 disgorgement of ill-gotten revenues and/or profits, injunctive relief enjoining Defendant from 13 continuing to disseminate its untrue and misleading statements, and other relief allowable under 14 California Business & Professions Code § 17535. 15 16 COUNT III 17 **QUASI-CONTRACT (UNJUST ENRICHMENT)** 18 78. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein all of the allegations 19 contained in paragraphs 1 through 61. 20 79. Plaintiff purchased prescription lenses from Defendant as a direct result of 21 Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions about its ability to convert Accufit measurement 22 system results into eyeglasses that are "five times more accurate." 23 24 80. Defendant generated profits from its misconduct. 25 81. Defendant has knowingly and unjustly enriched itself at the expense and to the 26 detriment of the Plaintiff and each member of the Class by collecting money to which it is not 27 entitled. 28 **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT**

1	82. It would be wrong to permit the Defendant to enrich itself at the expense of the				
2					
3	Plaintiff and the Class. Defendant should be required to disgorge this unjust enrichment.				
4	<u>COUNT IV</u>				
5	FRAUDULENT MISREPRESENTATION				
6	83. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein all of the allegations				
7	contained in paragraphs 1 through 61.				
8	84. The accuracy of the prescription eyeglasses manufactured by Defendant was a				
9	material fact.				
10	85. Defendant misrepresented this material fact by representing that its prescription				
11	eyeglasses were "five times more accurate" because they were measured with the Accufit® Digital				
12 13	Measurement System when, in fact, they were not "five times more accurate."				
13	86. Defendant made these representations in its advertising (online, in-store, and on				
15	television) and on its website.				
16	87. Defendant knew these representations were false and made these representations with				
17	the intention to induce reliance by its customers.				
18	88. Plaintiff and the Class justifiably relied on Defendant's representations.				
19	89. Plaintiff was induced to purchase Defendant's prescription eyeglasses as a result of				
20 21	Defendant's fraudulent misrepresentations when she otherwise would not have purchased or would				
22	not have paid as much for them, and thereby suffered injury.				
23	<u>COUNT V</u>				
24	FRAUDULENT OMISSION				
25	90. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein all of the allegations				
26	contained in paragraphs 1 through 61.				
27	91. The accuracy of the prescription eyeglasses manufactured by Defendant was a				
28	71. The accuracy of the prescription eyegrasses manufactured by Derendant was a				
	19				
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT				
I					

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1	material fact.		
2	92.	Defend	ant omitted this material fact by failing to inform Plaintiff and the Class that
3	its prescription eyeglasses were not, in fact, "five times more accurate."		
4	93.	Defend	ant omitted this material fact with knowledge of its falsity and with the intent
5	to defraud Plai	ntiff an	d the Class.
6 7	94.	Plaintif	ff and the Class justifiably relied on Defendant's omissions.
8			f was induced to purchase Defendant's prescription eyeglasses as a result of
9			
10			t omissions when she otherwise would not have purchased or would not have
11	paid as much f	or them	, and thereby suffered injury.
12			PRAYER FOR RELIEF
13	WHER	REFOR	E, Plaintiff requests judgment against the Defendant for themselves and the
14	membe	rs of th	e class as follows:
15		A.	Certification of the requested Classes pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2);
16		B.	Restitution of all charges paid by Plaintiff and the Class;
17		C.	Disgorgement to Plaintiff and the Class of all monies wrongfully obtained and
18	retained by De	fendant	· · ·
19		D.	Compensatory and actual damages in an amount according to proof at trial;
20		E.	Statutory damages, penalties, treble damages, as provided by law;
21		F.	Prejudgment interest commencing on the date of payment of the charges and
22			e date of entry of judgment in this action;
23	_	-	
24		G.	Costs and fees incurred in connection with this action, including attorney's
25	_		es, and other costs as provided by law;
26		H.	Punitive damages;
27 28		I.	Equitable relief; and
20			
			20 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1 2	J. Granting such other relief as the Court deems proper.			
3	JURY TRIAL DEMAND			
4	Plaintiff hereby requests a jury trial for all issues so triable of right.			
5	DATED this 5th day of September, 2017.			
	Descretfully submitted			
6	Respectfully submitted,			
7				
8	s/ Charles Reichmann			
9	Charles P. Reichmann (SBN 206699) LAW OFFICES OF CHARLES REICHMANN			
10	16 Yale Circle			
11	Kensington, CA 94708 Telephone: (415) 373-8849			
12	Facsimile: (855) 780-6405			
13	Theodore J. Leopold (to file pro hac vice)			
14	COHEN MILSTEIN SELLERS & TOLL PLLC 2925 PGA Boulevard, Suite 200			
15	Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410			
16	Telephone: (561) 515-1400 Facsimile: (561) 515-1401			
17	Geoffrey A. Graber (SBN 211547)			
18	Sally M. Handmaker (SBN 281186)			
19	COHEN MILSTEIN SELLERS & TOLL PLLC 1100 New York Ave. NW			
20	East Tower, 5th Floor Washington, DC 20005			
21	Telephone: (202) 408-4600			
22	Facsimile: (202) 408-4699			
22	Robert Gordon, Esq (to file <i>pro hac vice</i>)			
	Steve Calamusa, Esq. (to file <i>pro hac vice</i>) GORDON & DONER			
24	4114 Northlake Blvd., Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410			
25	Telephone: (561) 799-5070			
26	Facsimile: (561) 799-4050			
27	Attorneys for Plaintiff			
28				
	21			
	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT			

JS-CAND 44 (Rev. 06/17) Case 3:17-CV-05145 Decument 1 Siled 09/05/17 Page 1 of 2

The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS					
KATHLEEN INFANTE, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated			LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA, an Ohio Corporation d/b/a LensCrafters						
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Warren County, OH (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF						
(c)	Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)		Attorneys	THE TRACT (If Known)	I OF LA	ND INVC	DLVED.		
See	attachment								
II.	BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)		FIZENSHI r Diversity Case.		INCI	PAL PA	ARTIES (Place an "X" in One Bo and One Box for Defend		aintiff
1	U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	Citize	en of This State		PTF × ¹	DEF	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	PTF 4	DEF 4
2	U.S. Government Defendant X 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citize	en of Another St	ate	2	2	Incorporated <i>and</i> Principal Place of Business In Another State	5	× 5
	(matche Cutzenship of Farites in them III)		en or Subject of a gn Country	a	3	3	Foreign Nation	6	6

IV. NATURE OF SU	JIT (Place an "X" in One Box (Only)			
CONTRACT	TO	RTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment Of Veteran's Benefits 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 	 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury -Medical Malpractice 	 PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury – Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY X 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability 	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC § 881 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Management Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization	422 Appeal 28 USC § 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC § 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS 820 Copyrights 830 Patent 835 Patent—Abbreviated New Drug Application 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 965 BSU (405(c))	 375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC § 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced & Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions
195 Contract Product Liability	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	Application	865 RSI (405(g))	891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters
196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations	HABEAS CORPUS 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty OTHER 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee– Conditions of Confinement	465 Other Immigration Actions	FEDERAL TAX SUITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS–Third Party 26 USC § 7609	 895 Environmental viaters 895 Freedom of Information Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
V. ORIGIN (Place an × 1 Original 2 Proceeding	Removed from 3 I	Remanded from 4 Reinst Appellate Court Reope	ated or 5 Transferred from ned Another District		8 Multidistrict fer Litigation–Direct File
ACTION 28 Bri	U.S.C 1332(d) ef description of cause:	which vou are filing <i>(Do not ci</i>)		versity):	
VII. REQUESTED I COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A UNDER RULE 23, Fed		and \$ 5,000,000.00	CHECK YES only if dema JURY DEMAND:	anded in complaint: X Yes No
VIII. RELATED CASS IF ANY (See instru			DOCKET NUMBER		
IX. DIVISIONAL A (Place an "X" in One Box O	SSIGNMENT (Civil L nly) × SAN FRA	ocal Rule 3-2) ANCISCO/OAKLAND	SAN JOSI	E EUREKA-	MCKINLEYVILLE

	Case 3:17-cv-05145 Document 1-1 Filed 09/05/17 Page 2 of 2
1	ATTACHMENT TO CIVIL COVER SHEET
2	
3	1C. Attorneys for Plaintiffs:
4	Charles P. Reichmann
5	LAW OFFICES OF CHARLES REICHMANN
6	16 Yale Circle Kensington, CA 94708
7	Telephone: (415) 373-8849 Facsimile: (855) 780-6405
8	
9	Theodore J. Leopold COHEN MILSTEIN SELLERS & TOLL PLLC
10	2925 PGA Boulevard, Suite 200 Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410
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15	East Tower, 5th Floor Washington, DC 20005
16	Telephone: (202) 408-4600
17	Facsimile: (202) 408-4699
18	Robert Gordon, Esq Steve Calamusa, Esq.
19	GORDON & DONER 4114 Northlake Blvd.,
20	Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410
21	Telephone: (561) 799-5070 Facsimile: (561) 799-4050
22	
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24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

	ES DISTRICT COURT for the District of California			
Kathleen Infante, individually, and on behalf of others similarly situated Plaintiff(s) v. LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA, an Ohio Corporation d/b/a LensCrafters))))) Civil Action No.))			
Defendant(s)				
v. LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA, an Ohio Corporation d/b/a LensCrafters <i>Defendant(s)</i>)) Civil Action No.)))) IN A CIVIL ACTION			

To: (Defendant's name and address) LUXOTTICA RETAIL NORTH AMERICA 4000 Luxottica Place Mason, OH 45040

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Charles P. Reichmann LAW OFFICES OF CHARLES REICHMANN 16 Yale Circle Kensington, CA 94708

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk