UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA BROWARD DIVISION

CASE NO.:

and those similarly situated,	
Plaintiff,	
v.	
TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation,	
Defendant.	,

COMPLAINT & DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, JENNY HOUTS, ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and other current and former employees similarly situated, by and through undersigned counsel, files this Complaint against Defendant, TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation ("TD"), and states as follows:

NATURE OF THE SUIT

- This action is brought under the FLSA to recover from Defendant minimum wage, overtime compensation, liquidated damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs under the FLSA.
- 2. This action is intended to cover Defendant's wage violations against Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former hourly plus bonus paid employees, who elect to opt into this action, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. §216(b), within the past three (3) years pursuant to the FLSA.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiffs are non-exempt hourly plus bonus paid inside call center employees, and performed related activities for Defendant in Broward County, Florida.
- 4. Plaintiff's job duties involved sitting inside Defendant's call center and making phone calls to persons across the United States to sell travel reservations and trips.
- Defendant, TD, a Florida Profit Corporation, operates in Broward County,
 Florida.

JURISDICTION

- 6. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper as the claims are brought pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended (29 U.S.C. §201, et seq., hereinafter called the "FLSA") to recover unpaid minimum wages, overtime wages, an additional equal amount as liquidated damages, obtain declaratory relief, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- 7. The jurisdiction of the Court over this controversy is based upon 29 U.S.C. §216(b).
- 8. This Court has the authority to grant declaratory relief pursuant to the FLSA and the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act ("DJA"), 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-02.

COVERAGE

- 9. At all times during the last three (3) years, Defendants were a covered enterprise covered by the FLSA and as defined by 29 U.S.C.§§ 203(r) and 203(s).
- 10. At all times material hereto, Defendant was, and continue to be an "enterprise engaged in commerce" or in the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of § 3 (s)(1) of the Act, in that, said enterprise has employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person.

- 11. Based upon information and belief, the annual and gross revenue of Defendant was in excess of \$500,000.00 per annum during the all times relevant.
- 12. At all times material hereto, Defendant had two (2) or more employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that had been moved in or produced for commerce.
- 13. At all times material hereto, Plaintiffs were individually "engaged in commerce" by virtue of the fact they communicated with customers outside the State of Florida, and with foreign customers/tourists as part of their daily duties with Defendant.
- 14. At all times material hereto, the work performed by Plaintiffs was directly essential to the business performed by Defendant in that Defendant could not operate its travel reservation business without call center employees like Plaintiff.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 15. Plaintiff worked for Defendant as non-exempt hourly plus bonus paid employee during the relevant limitations period under the FLSA.
- 16. During her employment, Plaintiff worked anywhere between forty-eight (48) hours each workweek.
- 17. Plaintiff worked for Defendant from April 1, 2018, through April 16, 2018, for a total of 96 hours.
- 18. For her work performed, Plaintiff was paid a total of \$137.00 which amounts to \$1.43 per hour, well below the federally mandated minimum wage.
 - 19. During all times relevant, Plaintiff worked over forty (40) per week.
- 20. During all times relevant, Defendant did not pay Plaintiff the applicable minimum wage rate for regular hours worked.

- 21. During all times relevant, Defendants did not pay Plaintiff the applicable overtime wage for overtime hours worked.
- 22. Moreover, during all times relevant, Defendants willfully engaged in practices that denied Plaintiff applicable minimum and overtime wages under the FLSA, because Defendant was aware that its pay practices were illegal.
- 23. Defendant applied the same illegal practices to all similarly situated hourly plus bonus paid employees of Defendant, making the relief sought in this lawsuit common to all putative class members.
- 24. Prior to filing suit, Plaintiff's counsel notified Defendant that Plaintiff had retained him, and that Plaintiff intended to pursue a collective action claim for minimum wage and overtime damages.
- 25. Defendant's Manger, Dennis Young, responded by saying "Good luck with that," and hung up on Plaintiff's counsel.
- 26. Plaintiff retained the undersigned counsel and agreed to pay a reasonable fee for all services rendered.

COUNT I - RECOVERY OF OVERTIME COMPENSATION (FLSA) (AS TO ALL PLAINTIFFS)

- 27. Plaintiff reincorporates and re-alleges paragraphs 1 through 26 as though set forth fully herein and further alleges as follows:
- 28. Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, are entitled to be paid time and one-half their regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week.
- 29. During Plaintiff's employment with Defendant, Plaintiff worked overtime hours, but was not paid proper time and one-half compensation for same.
 - 30. Plaintiff is not an exempt employee as defined by the FLSA.

- 31. As a result of Defendant's intentional, willful, and unlawful acts in refusing to pay Plaintiff, and those similarly situated to her, time and one half their regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week in one or more work weeks, Plaintiff has suffered damages plus incurring reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.
- 32. As a result of Defendant's willful violation of the FLSA, Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages.
- 33. At all times material hereto, Defendant failed to comply with Title 29 and United States Department of Labor Regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§516.2 and 516.4, with respect to those similarly situated to the named Plaintiff by virtue of the management policy, plan or decision that intentionally provided for inadequate overtime compensation of such employees at a rate less than time and one half the applicable minimum wage for their overtime hours.
- 34. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with a lawyer to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.
- 35. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with an accountant to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.
- 36. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with the DOL to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court render a judgment in her favor for all unpaid overtime due and owing, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, and any and all further relief permitted.

COUNT II RECOVERY OF MINIMUM WAGES (FLSA) (AS TO ALL PLAINTIFFS)

37. Plaintiff reincorporates and readopts all allegations contained within Paragraphs

1-26 above.

- 38. Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, were entitled to be paid the applicable federal minimum wage for each week Plaintiff worked during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant.
- 39. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff, and those similarly situated to her, the federal minimum wage for each week Plaintiff worked for Defendant.
- 40. Plaintiff has demanded proper compensation for one or more weeks of work with Defendant, but Defendant refused and/or failed to compensate Plaintiff for same.
- 41. As a result of Defendant's actions in this regard, Plaintiff has not been paid the federal minimum wage for each hour worked during one or more weeks of employment with Defendant.
- 42. Defendant had specific knowledge that it was paying sub-minimum wages to Plaintiff and the putative class, but still failed to pay Plaintiff at least minimum wage as required.
- 43. Defendants willfully failed to pay Plaintiff the federal minimum wage for one or more weeks of work contrary to 29 U.S.C. § 206.
- 44. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' deliberate underpayment of wages, Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, has been damaged in the loss of minimum wages for one or more weeks of work with Defendants.
- 45. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with a lawyer to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.
- 46. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with an accountant to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

47. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with the DOL to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court render a judgment in her favor for all unpaid minimum wages due and owing, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, and any and all further relief permitted

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as a matter of right by jury.

DATED this 1st day of May, 2018.

Respectfully Submitted,

RICHARD CELLER LEGAL, P.A. 7450 Griffin Road, Suite 230 Davie, FL 33314 Telephone: (866) 344-9243

Facsimile: (954) 337-2771

Email: Noah@floridaovertimelawyer.com

/s Noah E. Storch

Noah E. Storch, Esq. FBN: 0085476

Attorneys for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida

Southern District of Florida				
JENNY HOUTS,on behalf of herself and those similarly situated,))))			
Plaintiff(s))			
V.	Civil Action No.			
TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation,)			
Corporation,	,)			
-)			
Defendant(s))			
SUMMONS IN A	A CIVIL ACTION			
To: (Defendant's name and address) TRAVEL DAYS, INC BETHANY A MOVASSAGI 3601 W. COMMERCIAL BL SUITE 24 FORT LAUDERDALE, FL	LVD.			
A lawsuit has been filed against you.				
	n must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, ., P.A. IRE TE 230			
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be exponded You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.			
	CLERK OF COURT			
Date:				
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was re	This summons for (name ceived by me on (date)	ne of individual and title, if any	·				
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the indi					
			on (date)	; or			
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)						
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,						
	on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or						
	☐ I served the summo	ns on (name of individual)		, who i	S		
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)						
		on (date)	; or				
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because		; O	r		
	☐ Other (<i>specify</i>):						
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00			
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this infor	mation is true.				
Date:		_			_		
			Server's signature				
			Printed name and title		=		
		_	Server's address		-		

Print Save As... Reset

JS 44 (Rev. 12 GASA) (1.14 (R

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Restiled Cases Below

of initiating the civil docket shee	et. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON	NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.	NOTICE: Attorneys MUST	Indicate All Re-filed Cases	Below.
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS JENNY HOUTS, on behalf of herself and those similarly situated,		DEFENDANTS TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation,			
()	EGAL P.A. NOAH E. STE. 230 DAVIE FL.	STORCH, Esq. 33314	NOTE: Attorneys (If Known)		ONLY) ASES, USE THE LOCATION OF VED.
II. BASIS OF JURISDIC	CTION (Place an "X" in	1 One Box Only)	. CITIZENSHIP OF PI	RINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff)
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff		eral Question	(For Diversity Cases Only)	rf def	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF incipal Place
2 U.S. Government Defendant		ersity ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and F of Business In A	
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	,	V /	EQUEEITUDE/DENALTV	DANIZDUDTCV	OTHER STATUTES
CONTRACT 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury Med. Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education 448 Edu	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee Conditions of Confinement	FORFEITURE/PENALTY 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Application 465 Other Immigration Actions		OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and □ Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ □ Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information □ Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure □ Act/Review or Appeal of □ Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
☐ 1 Original ☐ 2 Rem	nn "X" in One Box Only) oved from 3 Re-file c Court VI bel	d (See	or 5 Transferred from another district (specify)	6 Multidistrict	District Judge from Magistrate Judgment District Remanded from Appellate Court
VI. RELATED/ RE-FILED CASE(S)	(See instructions): JUDGE	iled Case	O b) Related Cases ling and Write a Brief Statemer	DOCKET NUMBER	tional statutes unless diversity)
VII. CAUSE OF ACTIO		•	for both sides to try entire case)	
VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	UNDER F.R.C.P.	IS A CLASS ACTION 23	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: ☐ Yes ☐ No
ABOVE INFORMATION IS TO DATE	TRUE & CORRECT TO		WLEDGE TTORNEY OF RECORD		
June 1, 2018	/	Voah Sto			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT #	AMOUNT	IFP	JUDGE	MAG JUDGE	

Reset

Print

JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 12/12)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Refiled (3) Attach copy of Order for Dismissal of Previous case. Also complete VI.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (8) Check this box if remanded from Appellate Court.

- VI. Related/Refiled Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases or re-filed cases. Insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judges name for such cases.
- VII. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VIII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Wage and Hour Suit Claims Plaintiff Made \$1.43 Per Hour Working in Travel Days' Call Center