

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
BROWARD DIVISION

CASE NO.:

JENNY HOUTS, on behalf of herself
and those similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit
Corporation,

Defendant.

_____ /

COMPLAINT & DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, JENNY HOUTS, (“Plaintiff”), on behalf of herself and other current and former employees similarly situated, by and through undersigned counsel, files this Complaint against Defendant, TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation (“TD”), and states as follows:

NATURE OF THE SUIT

1. This action is brought under the FLSA to recover from Defendant minimum wage, overtime compensation, liquidated damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs under the FLSA.

2. This action is intended to cover Defendant’s wage violations against Plaintiff and other similarly situated current and former hourly plus bonus paid employees, who elect to opt into this action, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act (“FLSA”), 29 U.S.C. §216(b), within the past three (3) years pursuant to the FLSA.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiffs are non-exempt hourly plus bonus paid inside call center employees, and performed related activities for Defendant in Broward County, Florida.

4. Plaintiff's job duties involved sitting inside Defendant's call center and making phone calls to persons across the United States to sell travel reservations and trips.

5. Defendant, TD, a Florida Profit Corporation, operates in Broward County, Florida.

JURISDICTION

6. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper as the claims are brought pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended (29 U.S.C. §201, et seq., hereinafter called the "FLSA") to recover unpaid minimum wages, overtime wages, an additional equal amount as liquidated damages, obtain declaratory relief, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

7. The jurisdiction of the Court over this controversy is based upon 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

8. This Court has the authority to grant declaratory relief pursuant to the FLSA and the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act ("DJA"), 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-02.

COVERAGE

9. At all times during the last three (3) years, Defendants were a covered enterprise covered by the FLSA and as defined by 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(r) and 203(s).

10. At all times material hereto, Defendant was, and continue to be an "enterprise engaged in commerce" or in the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of § 3 (s)(1) of the Act, in that, said enterprise has employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person.

11. Based upon information and belief, the annual and gross revenue of Defendant was in excess of \$500,000.00 per annum during the all times relevant.

12. At all times material hereto, Defendant had two (2) or more employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that had been moved in or produced for commerce.

13. At all times material hereto, Plaintiffs were individually “engaged in commerce” by virtue of the fact they communicated with customers outside the State of Florida, and with foreign customers/tourists as part of their daily duties with Defendant.

14. At all times material hereto, the work performed by Plaintiffs was directly essential to the business performed by Defendant in that Defendant could not operate its travel reservation business without call center employees like Plaintiff.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

15. Plaintiff worked for Defendant as non-exempt hourly plus bonus paid employee during the relevant limitations period under the FLSA.

16. During her employment, Plaintiff worked anywhere between forty-eight (48) hours each workweek.

17. Plaintiff worked for Defendant from April 1, 2018, through April 16, 2018, for a total of 96 hours.

18. For her work performed, Plaintiff was paid a total of \$137.00 which amounts to \$1.43 per hour, well below the federally mandated minimum wage.

19. During all times relevant, Plaintiff worked over forty (40) per week.

20. During all times relevant, Defendant did not pay Plaintiff the applicable minimum wage rate for regular hours worked.

21. During all times relevant, Defendants did not pay Plaintiff the applicable overtime wage for overtime hours worked.

22. Moreover, during all times relevant, Defendants willfully engaged in practices that denied Plaintiff applicable minimum and overtime wages under the FLSA, because Defendant was aware that its pay practices were illegal.

23. Defendant applied the same illegal practices to all similarly situated hourly plus bonus paid employees of Defendant, making the relief sought in this lawsuit common to all putative class members.

24. Prior to filing suit, Plaintiff's counsel notified Defendant that Plaintiff had retained him, and that Plaintiff intended to pursue a collective action claim for minimum wage and overtime damages.

25. Defendant's Manger, Dennis Young, responded by saying "Good luck with that," and hung up on Plaintiff's counsel.

26. Plaintiff retained the undersigned counsel and agreed to pay a reasonable fee for all services rendered.

COUNT I - RECOVERY OF OVERTIME COMPENSATION (FLSA)
(AS TO ALL PLAINTIFFS)

27. Plaintiff reincorporates and re-alleges paragraphs 1 through 26 as though set forth fully herein and further alleges as follows:

28. Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, are entitled to be paid time and one-half their regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week.

29. During Plaintiff's employment with Defendant, Plaintiff worked overtime hours, but was not paid proper time and one-half compensation for same.

30. Plaintiff is not an exempt employee as defined by the FLSA.

31. As a result of Defendant's intentional, willful, and unlawful acts in refusing to pay Plaintiff, and those similarly situated to her, time and one half their regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week in one or more work weeks, Plaintiff has suffered damages plus incurring reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

32. As a result of Defendant's willful violation of the FLSA, Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages.

33. At all times material hereto, Defendant failed to comply with Title 29 and United States Department of Labor Regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§516.2 and 516.4, with respect to those similarly situated to the named Plaintiff by virtue of the management policy, plan or decision that intentionally provided for inadequate overtime compensation of such employees at a rate less than time and one half the applicable minimum wage for their overtime hours.

34. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with a lawyer to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

35. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with an accountant to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

36. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with the DOL to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court render a judgment in her favor for all unpaid overtime due and owing, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, and any and all further relief permitted.

COUNT II
RECOVERY OF MINIMUM WAGES (FLSA)
(AS TO ALL PLAINTIFFS)

37. Plaintiff reincorporates and readopts all allegations contained within Paragraphs

1-26 above.

38. Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, were entitled to be paid the applicable federal minimum wage for each week Plaintiff worked during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant.

39. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff, and those similarly situated to her, the federal minimum wage for each week Plaintiff worked for Defendant.

40. Plaintiff has demanded proper compensation for one or more weeks of work with Defendant, but Defendant refused and/or failed to compensate Plaintiff for same.

41. As a result of Defendant's actions in this regard, Plaintiff has not been paid the federal minimum wage for each hour worked during one or more weeks of employment with Defendant.

42. Defendant had specific knowledge that it was paying sub-minimum wages to Plaintiff and the putative class, but still failed to pay Plaintiff at least minimum wage as required.

43. Defendants willfully failed to pay Plaintiff the federal minimum wage for one or more weeks of work contrary to 29 U.S.C. § 206.

44. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' deliberate underpayment of wages, Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, has been damaged in the loss of minimum wages for one or more weeks of work with Defendants.

45. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with a lawyer to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

46. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with an accountant to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

47. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with the DOL to determine whether its pay practices were in violation of the FLSA.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court render a judgment in her favor for all unpaid minimum wages due and owing, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, and any and all further relief permitted

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as a matter of right by jury.

DATED this 1st day of May, 2018.

Respectfully Submitted,

RICHARD CELLER LEGAL, P.A.
7450 Griffin Road, Suite 230
Davie, FL 33314
Telephone: (866) 344-9243
Facsimile: (954) 337-2771
Email: Noah@floridaovertimelawyer.com

/s Noah E. Storch
Noah E. Storch, Esq.
FBN: 0085476

Attorneys for Plaintiff

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida

JENNY HOUTS, on behalf of herself
and those similarly situated,

Plaintiff(s)

v.

TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit
Corporation,

Defendant(s)

Civil Action No.

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) TRAVEL DAYS, INC
BETHANY A MOVASSAGHI-REGISTERED AGENT
3601 W. COMMERCIAL BLVD.
SUITE 24
FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33309

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you
are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ.
P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of
the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
whose name and address are:

RICHARD CELLER LEGAL, P.A.
NOAH E. STORCH, ESQUIRE
7450 GRIFFIN ROAD, SUITE 230
DAVIE, FLORIDA 33314
(866) 344-9243
E-mail: noah@floridaovertimelawyer.com

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date: _____

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____ .

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____ ; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____ , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____ , who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____ ; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____ ; or

Other *(specify)*:

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____ 0.00 _____ .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print

Save As...

Reset

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Re-filed Cases Below.

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS JENNY HOUTS, on behalf of herself and those similarly situated, DEFENDANTS TRAVEL DAYS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation,

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Broward County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Broward (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) RICHARD CELLER LEGAL P.A. NOAH E. STORCH, Esq. 7450 GRIFFIN ROAD STE. 230 DAVIE FL. 33314 TEL: 866-344-9743

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)

(d) Check County Where Action Arose: MIAMI-DADE MONROE BROWARD PALM BEACH MARTIN ST. LUCIE INDIAN RIVER OKEECHOBEE HIGHLANDS

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

Grid for Basis of Jurisdiction and Citizenship of Principal Parties with checkboxes for U.S. Government Plaintiff/Defendant, Federal Question, Diversity, Citizen of This State/Another State/Foreign Country, and PTF/DEF boxes for incorporated/principal place of business.

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Large grid for Nature of Suit with categories: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, CIVIL RIGHTS, TORTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, FORFEITURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES.

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only) 1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Re-filed (See VI below) 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Transferred from another district (specify) 6 Multidistrict Litigation 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment 8 Remanded from Appellate Court

VI. RELATED/ RE-FILED CASE(S) (See instructions): a) Re-filed Case YES NO b) Related Cases YES NO JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER

VII. CAUSE OF ACTION FLSA LENGTH OF TRIAL via days estimated (for both sides to try entire case) Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and Write a Brief Statement of Cause (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23 DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No

ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE & CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE DATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

June 1, 2018

Noah E Storch

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # AMOUNT IFP JUDGE MAG JUDGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.

(b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)

(c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.

IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.

V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Refiled (3) Attach copy of Order for Dismissal of Previous case. Also complete VI.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (8) Check this box if remanded from Appellate Court.

VI. Related/Refiled Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases or re-filed cases. Insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judges name for such cases.

VII. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.**

Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VIII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: [Wage and Hour Suit Claims Plaintiff Made \\$1.43 Per Hour Working in Travel Days' Call Center](#)