Exhibit 1

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNI COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

MAR 0.4 2013

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk Kuntung

20 Kevin C. Brazill

BC502049

Case No.:

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

- (1)Strict Liability
- (2) Negligence
- (3) Breach of Express Warranty
- (4) Breach of Implied Warranty
- (5) Fraud
- (6) Fraudulent Concealment (7) Loss of Consortium

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Defendants.

For their Complaint against the defendants, Plaintiffs allege:

PARTIES AND JURISDICTION

- Plaintiff Gloria Herrera is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the state of California. Plaintiff Gloria Herrera brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Gloria Herrera was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II
- 2. Plaintiff Verlez Ward is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of Georgia. Plaintiff Verlez Ward brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the us of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Verlez Ward was diagnosed with necrotizing myopathy
- Plaintiff Aaron Ardoin is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of Texas. Plaintiff Aaron Ardoin brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Aaron Ardoin was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- Plaintiff Ramona Bodden is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of Texas. Plaintiff Ramona Bodden brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Ramona Bodden was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- Plaintiff Joan Byerley is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of 5. Arkansas. Plaintiff Joan Byerley brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed

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and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Joan Byerley was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II..

- 6. Plaintiff Patricia Doyle is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of Ohio. Plaintiff Patricia Doyle brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Patricia Doyle was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- Plaintiff Dorothy Jackson is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of Arkansas. Plaintiff **Dorothy Jackson** brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Dorothy Jackson was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II
- Plaintiff John Melvin is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident of the State of 8. North Carolina. Plaintiff John Melvin brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff John Melvin was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- Plaintiff Kent P. Molnau is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident to the State of Minnesota. Plaintiff Kent P. Molnau brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Kent P. Molnau was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- 10. Plaintiff Nancy Pendleton is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident to the State of Alabama. Plaintiff Nancy Pendleton brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Nancy Pendleton was diagnosed with Diabetes

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Mellitus Type II.

- Plaintiff Cheryl A. Petry is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident to the State 11. of Texas. Plaintiff Cheryl A. Petry brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Cheryl A. Petry was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- Plaintiff Robert L. Wilson is and at all relevant times a citizen and resident to the State 12. of Texas. Plaintiff Robert L. Wilson brings this action for personal injuries sustained by the use of CRESTOR® (rosuvastatin calcium), and as a direct and proximate result of being prescribed and ingesting Crestor, Plaintiff Robert L. Wilson was diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- The Defendants are ASTRAZENECA LP, ASTRAZENECA PHARMACEUTICALS 13. LP, who is the general partner of AstraZeneca LP, ASTRAZENECA LP, who is the general partner of AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, and ASTRAZENECA PLC, (hereafter collectively referred to as "ASTRAZENECA") are corporations or business entities, domiciled in the State of Delaware, with their principal place of business in Wilmington, Delaware.
- At all relevant times, Defendant ASTRAZENECA transacted business in the State of 14. California, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee and derive substantial income from doing business in those states.
- Defendant MCKESSON CORPORATION was and is a corporation organized and 15. existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business at One Post Street, San Francisco, California 94104. MCKESSON CORPORATION touts itself as, among other things: (1) the largest pharmaceutical distributor in North America distributing one-third of the medications used daily in North America, (2) the nation's leading health care

information technology company, and (3) a provider of "decision support" software to help physicians determine the best possible clinical diagnosis and treatment plans for patients.

- 16. At all relevant times, Defendant MCKESSON CORPORATION conducted regular and sustained business in California, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee by selling and distributing its products and services in California, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee and engaged in substantial commerce and business activities all counties in California.
- 17. The true names or capacities, whether individual, corporate, or otherwise, of Defendants Does 1-50, are unknown to Plaintiffs who therefore sue said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs believe and allege that each of the Defendants designated herein by fictitious names is in some manner legally responsible for the events and happenings herein referred to and proximately caused foreseeable damages to Plaintiffs as alleged herein.
- 18. All Defendants are authorized to do business in California, Kentucky, Louisiana, Tennessee and derive substantial income from doing business in those states.
- 19. As used herein, "Defendants" includes all named Defendants as well as Does 1-50.
- 20. Upon information and belief, Defendants did act together to design, sell, advertise, manufacture and /or distribute CRESTOR®, with full knowledge of its dangerous and defective nature.
- 21. This court has personal jurisdiction over the Defendants named herein because said Defendants have sufficient minimum contacts with the forum state upon which to predicate personal jurisdiction.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

22. This is a civil action brought on behalf of Plaintiffs regarding damages which were proximately caused by the ingestions of CRESTOR® by Plaintiffs. Those individuals_ape 0006

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collectively referred to herein as "Plaintiff' or "Plaintiffs" as the context indicates.

- The State of California has a substantial interest in assuring that the acts of these 23. Defendants who have been given the privilege of doing business in its borders act in conformity with all laws applicable to the acts as set forth in this Complaint.
- At all times relevant herein, Defendants were in the business of designing, testing, 24. manufacturing, labeling, advertising, marketing, testing, promoting, selling and distributing pharmaceuticals, including CRESTOR®, and other products for use by the mainstream public, including Plaintiffs.
- CRESTOR® was designed, manufactured, marketed, distributed and sold to the 25. Plaintiffs by one or more Defendants, and more specifically, upon information and belief, Defendant McKesson did distribute the CRESTOR® Plaintiffs ingested, which gives rise to the causes of action and the injuries sustained as a direct and proximate result of such ingestion.
- The US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved CRESTOR® as a cholesterol 26. lowering drug in August 2003. In 2010, the FDA approved CRESTOR® to be prescribed to "healthy" individuals, or those patients who do not have elevated cholesterol. Recent news has come to light that casts a shadow on the safety of using CRESTOR® and the early results of studies designed to come to a conclusion regarding the risks that result from using this pill are not encouraging. Generally, CRESTOR® has been linked to such serious side effects as cardiomyopathy, myocardial infarctions, heart muscle deterioration, sudden cardiac death, rhabdomyolysis (muscle deterioration), kidney damage, and diabetes.
- Defendants did business in the State of California; made contracts to be performed in 27. whole or in part in California and/or manufactured, tested, sold, offered for sale, supplied or placed in the stream of commerce, or in the course of business materially participated with

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others in so doing, CRESTOR®, which Defendants knew to be defective, unreasonably dangerous and hazardous, and which Defendants knew would be substantially certain to cause injury to persons within the State of California thereby negligently and intentionally causing injury to persons within California, and as described herein, committed and continues to commit tortious and other unlawful acts in the State of California.

- 28. Defendants sold or aided and abetted in the sale of CRESTOR® which was and is defective and unreasonably dangerous. At all pertinent times, Defendants knew, or should have known, that CRESTOR® was and is hazardous to human health.
- 29. Defendants, through its funding and control of certain studies concerning the effects of CRESTOR® on human health, their control over trade publications, promoting, marketing, and/or through other agreements, understandings and joint undertakings and enterprises, conspired with, cooperated with and/or assisted in the wrongful suppression, active concealment and/or misrepresentation of the true relationship between CRESTOR® and various diseases, all to the detriment of the public health, safety and welfare and thereby causing harm to the State.
- Specifically, and in addition to the allegations above, Defendants knew of the hazards 30. associated with CRESTOR®; affirmatively and actively concealed information which clearly demonstrated the dangers of CRESTOR® and affirmatively misled the public and prescribing physicians with regard to the material and clear risks of CRESTOR® with the intent that prescribing physicians would continue to prescribe CRESTOR®. Defendants well knew that prescribing physicians would not be in a position to know the true risks of CRESTOR® and Defendants knew that prescribing physicians would rely upon the misleading information that they promulgated.

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- At all pertinent times, Defendants purposefully and intentionally engaged in these 31. activities, and continues to do so, knowing full well that when the general public, including Plaintiffs, use CRESTOR® as Defendants intended, that Plaintiffs would be substantially certain to suffer disease, injury and sickness.
- The statements, representations and promotional schemes publicized by Defendants 32. were deceptive, false, incomplete, misleading and untrue. Defendants knew, or should have known, that its statements, representations and advertisements were deceptive, false, incomplete, misleading and untrue at the time of making such statements. Defendants had an economic interest in making such statements. Neither the Plaintiffs nor the physicians who prescribed CRESTOR® to them had knowledge of the falsity or untruth of Defendants' statements, representations and advertisements when prescriptions for CRESTOR® were written. Moreover, Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' physicians had a right to rely on Defendants' statements, representations and advertisements. Each of the statements, representations and advertisements were material to the Plaintiffs' purchase of CRESTOR® in that the Plaintiffs would not have purchased CRESTOR® if Plaintiffs had known that Defendants' statements, representations and advertisements were deceptive, false, incomplete, misleading and untrue. These acts were designed to and did in fact allow Defendants to earn substantial income from the sale of CRESTOR®.
- Plaintiffs had a right to rely upon the representations of Defendants and were directly 33. and proximately injured by such reliance, all as described above.
- Had Plaintiffs been adequately warned of the increased risk of injuries and life 34. threatening side effects, he/she would have chosen to request other prescription medications and avoided CRESTOR's injuries and potential life threatening side effects.
- Plaintiffs were prescribed CRESTOR® by physicians authorized to prescribe 35.

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CRESTOR®, ingested CRESTOR® as prescribed, and as a result suffered damages and injury. Defendants negligently, recklessly and wantonly failed to warn Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs' 36.

physicians and the general public, of the risks associated with taking CRESTOR®. Defendants failed to do so even after various studies, including their own, showed that there were problems concerning the risks of cardiomyopathy, myocardial infarctions, sudden cardiac death, rhabdomyolysis (muscle deterioration), kidney damage, and diabetes associated with CRESTOR®.

- Defendants endeavored to deceive Plaintiffs, and the general public, by not disclosing 37. the findings of the various studies, including its own that revealed problems concerning the dangers of CRESTOR®.
- Further, Defendants did not provide warnings and instructions that would have put 38. Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' physicians, and the general public, on notice of the dangers and adverse effects caused by CRESTOR®.
- Defendants designed, manufactured, distributed, sold and/or supplied CRESTOR® and 39. placed CRESTOR® into the stream of commerce in a defective and unreasonably dangerous condition, taking into consideration the utility of the drug and the risk to Plaintiffs and the general public.
- CRESTOR® as designed, manufactured, distributed, sold and/or supplied by 40. Defendants was defective as marketed due to inadequate warnings, instructions and/or labeling.
- CRESTOR® as designed, manufactured, distributed, sold and/or supplied by 41. Defendants was defective due to inadequate testing before and after Defendants' knowledge of the various studies, including their own, evidencing the rightful concerns over the risks of diabetes and diabetes-related injuries associated with CRESTOR®
- CRESTOR® has also been linked to such serious side effects as cardiomyopathy, 42.

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myocardial infarctions, sudden cardiac death, rhabdomyolysis (muscle deterioration), kidney damage, and diabetes.

- 43. On February 28, 2012, the FDA announced safety changes in labeling for some cholesterol-lowering drugs, including CRESTOR®. Specifically on February 28, 2012, the FDA announced that the use of statins was associated with an increased risk of blood sugar levels and of being diagnosed with Diabetes Mellitus Type II.
- 44. The nature of the Plaintiffs' injuries and their relationship to CRESTOR® use were inherently undiscoverable; and, consequently, the discovery rule should be applied to toll the running of the statute of limitations until Plaintiffs knew or through the exercise of reasonable care and diligence should have known of the existence of their claims against Defendants. Plaintiffs did not discover, and through the exercise of reasonable care and due diligence, could not have discovered, their injuries earlier.
- Further, Plaintiffs did not have knowledge of facts that would lead a reasonable, prudent 45. person to make inquiry to discover Defendants' tortious conduct. Under appropriate application of the discovery rule, Plaintiffs' suit was filed well within the applicable statutory limitations period.
- Defendants are estopped from asserting a statute of limitations defense because they 46. fraudulently concealed from Plaintiffs the nature of Plaintiffs' injuries and the connection between the injury and CRESTOR®.
- 47. Defendants have overpromoted CRESTOR®, thus eliminating a defense of learned intermediary.
- 48. CRESTOR® fails to meet reasonable consumer expectations, thus eliminating the defense of learned intermediary.
- Defendants failed to properly disclose to the FDA and the public, information necessary 49.

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	to allow an informed decision to be made with regard to the contents of the label and/or the
	approved uses of CRESTOR®. 50. For each Count hereinafter alleged and averred, the above and following Paragraphs
	should be considered realleged as if fully rewritten.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Strict Liability)

- 51. Defendants defectively designed and manufactured CRESTOR®, which was marketed to physicians and the general public, including Plaintiffs.
- 52. Plaintiffs ingested CRESTOR® for the treatment and control of high cholesterol, which was the foreseeable and intended use of CRESTOR®.
- 53. CRESTOR® failed to perform as safely as an ordinary consumer would expect, as the use of CRESTOR® was associated with an increased risk of severe, physical injury, or death, resulting from rhabdomyolysis, diabetes, myocardial infarctions or renal failure.
- 54. The design of CRESTOR® was defective in that the risks associated with using CRESTOR® outweighed any benefits of the design. Any benefits associated with the use of CRESTOR® were relatively minor and could have been obtained by the use of other, alternative treatments and products that could equally or more effectively reach similar results.
- 55. The defect in design existed when the product left Defendants' possession.
- 56. At the time CRESTOR® left the control of Defendants, Defendants knew or should have known of the risks associated with ingesting CRESTOR®.
- 57. At all times material hereto, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs the warnings or instructions a manufacturer exercising reasonable care would have provided concerning the risk

which ultimately caused Plaintiffs' injury.

- 58. At all times material hereto, Defendants failed to provide post-marketing warnings or instructions to Plaintiffs or Plaintiffs' physicians sufficient to convey the true risks associated with the use of CRESTOR®.
- 59. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiffs were injured as described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in such an amount of compensatory and punitive damages as a jury deems reasonable, plus costs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligence)

- 60. Plaintiffs reallege all prior paragraphs of the Complaint as if set out here in full.
- 61. Defendants had a duty to exercise reasonable care in designing, developing, testing, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, marketing, advertising, selling and/or distributing CRESTOR®.
- 62. Defendants failed to exercise ordinary care in designing, developing, testing, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, marketing, advertising, selling, and/or distributing of CRESTOR®.
- 63. Defendants knew or should have known that CRESTOR® created an unreasonable risk of bodily harm.
- 64. Despite the fact Defendants knew or should have known that CRESTOR® caused unreasonable, dangerous side effects which many users would be unable to remedy by any

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means,	they	continued	to	market	CRESTOR®	to	physicians,	including	Plaintiffs'
physicia	ns, and	d consumers,	, inc	cluding Pl	laintiffs, when	the	re were safer	alternative t	nethods of
treatmen	ıt.								

- Defendants knew or should have known that consumers such as Plaintiffs would suffer 65. injury or death as a result of Defendants' failure to exercise ordinary care as described above.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence and wrongful conduct, 66. Plaintiffs were injured as described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in such an amount of compensatory and punitive damages as a jury deems reasonable, plus costs.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Express Warranty)

- Plaintiffs reallege all prior paragraphs of the Complaint as if set out here in full. 67.
- Before Plaintiffs were first prescribed CRESTOR® and during the period in which 68. he/she used CRESTOR®, Defendants expressly warranted that CRESTOR® was safe.
- CRESTOR® did not conform to these express representations because CRESTOR® 69. was not safe and had an increased risk of serious side effects, including rhabdomyolosis, myocardial infarctions, renal failure, and diabetes, whether taken individually or in conjunction with other therapies.
- As a direct and proximate result of this wrongful conduct, Plaintiffs were injured as 70. described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in such an amount

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of compensatory and punitive damages as a jury deems reasonable, plus costs.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Implied Warranty)

- 71. Plaintiffs reallege all prior paragraphs of the Complaint as if set out here in full.
- At the time Defendants packaged, labeled, promoted, marketed, advertised, sold, and/or 72. distributed CRESTOR® for use by Plaintiff, they knew of the use for which CRESTOR® was intended and impliedly warranted the product to be of merchantable quality and safe and fit for such use.
- Plaintiffs reasonably relied upon the skill and judgment of Defendants as to whether 73. CRESTOR® was of merchantable quality and safe and fit for its intended use.
- Contrary to such implied warranty, CRESTOR® was not of merchantable quality or safe 74. or fit for its intended use, because the product was and is unreasonably dangerous and unfit for the ordinary purpose for which it was used as described above.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiffs were 75. injured as described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in such an amount of compensatory and punitive damages as a jury deems reasonable, plus costs.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraud)

Plaintiffs reallege all prior paragraphs of the Complaint as if set out here in full. 76.

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<i>7</i> 7.	Before Plaintiffs were prescribed CRESTOR® and during the period in which he/she
took C	RESTOR®, Defendants made false representations regarding the safety and efficacy of
CREST	TOR®. Defendants knew that its representations regarding the safety of CRESTOR®
were f	alse.

- Defendants' representations regarding the safety and efficacy of CRESTOR® were 78. made with the intent of misleading Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' physicians in relying upon those representations, and Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' physicians were justified in relying, and did in fact rely, upon such misrepresentations.
- Defendants' misrepresentations regarding the safety and efficacy of CRESTOR® were 79. material. Plaintiffs would not have ingested CRESTOR® for treatment and control of high cholesterol had he/she been made aware of the true risks associated with using CRESTOR®, including but not limited to rhabdomyolysis, myocardial infarctions, renal failure, diabetes, and death.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' misrepresentations, Plaintiffs were 80. injured as described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in such an amount of compensatory and punitive damages as a jury deems reasonable, plus costs.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraudulent Concealment)

- Plaintiffs reallege all allegations of the Complaint as if set out here in full. 81.
- Before Plaintiffs were prescribed CRESTOR® and during the period in which he/she 82.

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took CRESTOR®, Defendants concealed material facts regarding the safety and efficacy of
CRESTOR®, more specifically, that CRESTOR® caused rhabdomyolysis, myocardia
infarctions, renal failure, diabetes, and death. Defendant had a duty to disclose this
information to prescribing physicians and the general public, including Plaintiffs.

- 83. Defendants' concealment of material information regarding CRESTOR® was done with the intent to mislead Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' physicians, and Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' physicians were justified in reliance on Defendants' concealment.
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' concealment of material facts, 84. Plaintiffs were injured as described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demand judgment against Defendants in such an amount of compensatory and punitive damages as a jury deems reasonable, plus costs.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

[Loss of Consortium]

- Plaintiffs reallege each and every allegation of this Complaint in each of the foregoing 85. paragraphs inclusive, with the same force and effect as if more fully set forth herein.
- Plaintiffs' spouses are entitled to the comfort, enjoyment, society and services of their 86. spouses.
- As a direct and proximate result of the foregoing, Plaintiffs spouses were deprived of 87. the comfort and enjoyment of the services and society, and have suffered and will continue to suffer economic loss, and have otherwise been emotionally and economically injured. Plaintiffs' injuries and damages are permanent and will continue into the future. Plaintiffs seek actual and punitive damages from the Defendants as alleged herein.

88.	For the reas	ons set forth herein, Plai	ntiffs' spouses will continue to suffer the loss of
loved	one's suppor	t, companionship, servic	es, society, love and affection.
	WHEREFO	RE, Plaintiff demands j	udgment against Defendants in such an amount of
comp	ensatory and	punitive damages as a ju	ry deems reasonable, plus costs.
	WHEREF	ORE, Plaintiffs pray for j	judgment against Defendants as hereinafter set
	forth.		
		PRAYE	R FOR RELIEF
	WHER	·	and judgment against the Defendants as follows:
	1.	For general (non-econo	omic) damages according to proof at the time of
		trial;	
	2.	For special (economic)	damages according to proof at the time of trial;
	3.	For prejudgment intere	st as permitted by law;
	4.	For cost of suit incurred	d herein as permitted by law;
	5.	For such other and furt	her relief as this Court may deem proper.
Date	d: March 4, 20	013	Respectfully submitted,
			PHILLIPS LAW FIRM
			Ву
			Lowell W. Firson 2101 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 3290
			El Segundo, CA 90245
			Tel: (877) 480-9142 / Fax: (213) 330-0346
			lowell@justiceforyou.com
			J. Paul Sizemore (SBN 254981)
			SIZEMORE LAW FIRM, PLC
			2101 Rosecrans Ave. Suite 3290 El Segundo, CA 90245
			Telephone: (310) 322-8800

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1	88. For the reasons set forth herein, Plair	ntiffs' spouses will continue to suffer the loss of				
2	loved one's support, companionship, service	es, society, love and affection.				
3	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands ju	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants in such an amount of				
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5	Compensatory and puritive damages as a jui	y deems reasonable, plus costs.				
6	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for j	udgment against Defendants as hereinafter set				
7	forth.					
8						
9	PRAYEF	R FOR RELIEF				
10	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs demar	nd judgment against the Defendants as follows:				
11	1. For general (non-economic	nic) damages according to proof at the time of				
12	trial;					
13	- ∦	damages according to proof at the time of trial;				
14						
15	3. For prejudgment interes	t as permitted by law;				
16	4. For cost of suit incurred	herein as permitted by law;				
17	5. For such other and furth	er relief as this Court may deem proper.				
18	Dated: March 4, 2013	Respectfully submitted,				
19		PHILLIPS LAW FIRM				
20		Ву				
21		Lowell W. Finson 2101 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 3290				
22	2	El Segundo, CA 90245				
23	3	Tel: (877) 480-9142 / Fax: (213) 330-0346 lowell@justiceforyou.com				
24	!	J. Paul Sizemore (SBN 254981)				
25	;	SIZEMORE LAW FIRM, PLC 2101 Rosecrans Ave. Suite 3290				
26	5	El Segundo, CA 90245				
27	,	Telephone: (310) 322-8800				

Attorneys	for	Plaintiffs	
ALLOI NEVS	101	I CHILLIAN I	

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: March 4, 2013

Respectfully submitted,

PHILLIPS LAW FIRM

Lowell W. Finson

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El Segundo, CA 90245

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lowell@justiceforyou.com

J. Paul Sizemore, Bar #254981 Jeffrey C. Bogert, Bar #132778 Jaime E. Moss, Bar #285761 SIZEMORE LAW FIRM, PLC. 2101 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 3290 El Segundo, CA 90245 Telephone (310) 322-8800 Facsimile (310) 322-8811 paul@sizemorelawfirm.com moss@sizemorelawfirm.com bogert@sizemorelawfirm.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Attorneys for Plaintiff

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

ASTRAZENECA PHARMACEUTICALS LP; ASTRAZENECA, LP; MCKESSON CORPORATION, and DOES 1-50

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Gloria Herrera, a single individual; Verlez Ward, a single individual; Aaron Ardoin, a single individual; (continued)

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTEL
CONFORMED COPY
ORIGINAL FILED
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

MAR 0 4 2013

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk

BY Deputy

Deputy

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attomey right away. If you do not know an attomey, you may want to call an attomey referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifomia.org), the Califomia Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10.000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. [AVISOI Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 dias, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le de un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitlo web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California. (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO. Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es): Los Angeles Superior Court

111 North Hill Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

CASE NUMBER: (Número del B) C 5 0 2 0 4 9

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Lowell W. Finson, Esq. 2101 Rosecrans Ave, Suite 3290 El Segundo, CA 90245 / 310-923-9918

DATE: March 4, 2013 (Fecha)	John A. Clarke	Clerk, by (Secretario) _	Ishaylia Chambers	Deputy (Adjunto)
	mmons, use Proof of Service of Sum sta citation use el formulario Proof of			
[SEAL]	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SER' 1. as an individual defenda 2. as the person sued under	int. Or the fictitious n	ame of (specify):	
Elm	3. on behalf of (specify):	Kesson	Cosporation.	
MAR DA 2013	under: CCP 416.10 (cc CCP 416.20 (de CCP 416.40 (as	efunct corporatio	,	,
	other (specify): 4. by personal delivery on	(date):	, 	Page 1 of
				- 1 4 2 5 1 01

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 [Rev. July 1, 2009] SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465 www.courtinfo.ca.gov

<u> </u>	SUM-200(A
SHORT TITLE: Gloria Herrera, et al. v. ASTRAZENECA, et al.	CASE NUMBER:
INSTRUCTIONS F	
 This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space d If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintif Attachment form is attached." 	loes not permit the listing of all parties on the summons. If or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties
List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for e	each type of party.):
Plaintiff Defendant Cross-Comptainant	Cross-Defendant
Ramona Bodden, a single individual; Joan Byerley, a single Dorothy Jackson, a single individual; John Melvin, a single Nancy Pendleton, a single individual; Cheryl A. Petry, a si individual;	le individual; Kent P. Molnau, a single individual;
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Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-200(A) [Rev. Jenuary 1, 2007]

ADDITIONAL PARTIES ATTACHMENT
Attachment to Summons

American LegalNet, Inc. www.FormsWorkflow.com

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

ASTRAZENECA PHARMACEUTICALS LP; ASTRAZENECA, LP; MCKESSON CORPORATION, and DOES 1-50

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Gloria Herrera, a single individual; Verlez Ward, a single individual; Aaron Ardoin, a single individual; (continued)

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTEL
CONFORMED COPY
ORIGINAL FILED
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

MAR 0 4 2013

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

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The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es): Los Angeles Superior Court

111 North Hill Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

CASE NUMBER: (Número del B)C 5 0 2 0 4 9

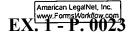
The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Lowell W. Finson, Esq. 2101 Rosecrans Ave, Suite 3290 El Segundo, CA 90245 / 310-923-9918

DATE: March 4, 2013 (Fecha)	John A. Clarke	Clerk, by (Secretario)	Ishaylia Chambers	, Deputy (Adjunto)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta	nons, use Proof of Service of Sun citatión use el formulario Proof of NOTICE TO THE PERSON SER	f Service of Summons, (F		
[SEAL]	as an individual defenda as the person sued under	ant. er the fictitious name of ((specify):	
2013	3. on behalf of (specify):	ASTRAZER	(specify): neca Pharmaceu	ticals
MAR OA 2013	under: CCP 416.10 (cc	orporation) efunct corporation)	CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservate	e)
40.	CCP 416.40 (as other (specify): 4 by personal delivery on	ssociation or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized	person)
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use	CLIA	MANONIC	Code of Civil Procedu	re 66 412 20 465

Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 [Rev. July 1, 2009]

SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465 www.courlinfo.ca.gov



	SUM-200(A)			
SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:			
Gloria Herrera, et al. v. ASTRAZENECA, et al.				
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE				
 → This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space does not permit the listing of all parties on the summons. → If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties Attachment form is attached." 				
List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party	v.):			
Plaintiff Defendant Cross-Complainant Cross-Defer	ndant .			
Ramona Bodden, a single individual; Joan Byerley, a single individual; F Dorothy Jackson, a single individual; John Melvin, a single individual; F Nancy Pendleton, a single individual; Cheryl A. Petry, a single individual individual;	Kent P. Molnau, a single individual;			

Page 2 of 2

Page 1 of 1

Form Adopted for Mondatory Use Judicial Council of Celifornia SUA# 200(A) [Rev. January 1, 2007]

ADDITIONAL PARTIES ATTACHMENT Attachment to Summons

American LegalNat, Inc., www.FormsWarkflow.com

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVIȘO AL DEMANDADO):

ASTRAZENECA PHARMACEUTICALS LP; ASTRAZENECA, LP; MCKESSON CORPORATION, and DOES 1-50

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Gloria Herrera, a single individual; Verlez Ward, a single individual; Aaron Ardoin, a single individual; (continued)

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTEL CONFORMED COPY ORIGINAL FILED SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

MAR 0 4 2013

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk
BY Deputy ulia Chambers

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below

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111 North Hill Street Los Angeles, CA 90012

Judicial Council of California

SUM-100 [Rev. July 1, 2009]

(Número del 180) C 5 0 2 0 4 9

www.courlinfo.ca.gov

Amarican LegalNet, Inc.

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Lowell W. Finson, Esq. 2101 Rosecrans Ave, Suite 3290 El Segundo, CA 90245 / 310-923-9918

DATE: March 4, 2013 (Fecha)	John A. Clarke	Clerk, by (Secretario)	Ishaylia Chambers	, Deputy (Adjunto)
	nons, use Proof of Service of Sum citatión use el formulario Proof of	Service of Summons,		
[SEAL]	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SER' as an individual defenda as the person sued under	int.	f (specify):	
Elno	3. on behalf of (specify):	ASTRAZEN	eca, LP	
MAR 04 2013	under: CCP 416.10 (cc CCP 416.20 (de		CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservate	
	other (specify): 4. by personal delivery on	(date):		Page 1 of 1
.Form Adopted for Mandatory Use	SUA	MONS	Code of Civil Proceds	re §§ 412.20, 465

SUMMONS

	SUM-200(A)
SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER:
Gloria Herrera, et al. v. ASTRAZENECA, et al.	
INSTRUCTIONS FOR	USE
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Page 2 of 2

Page 1 of 1

Form Adopted for Mondatory Use Judicial Copnell of Colifornia SUM-200(A) [Rev. January 1, 2007]

ADDITIONAL PARTIES ATTACHMENT
Attachment to Summons

American Legel Nat, Inc.