### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA CASE NO.

MANUEL GONZALEZ, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE REAL ESTATE EMPIRE GROUP, INC.,

Defendant.

### **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff Manuel Gonzalez, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, alleges the following:

### **INTRODUCTION**

1. Plaintiff brings this Class Action Complaint for damages, injunctive relief, and any other available legal or equitable remedies, resulting from the illegal actions of The Real Estate Empire Group, Inc. ("Defendant"), in negligently and/or willfully contacting Plaintiff through SMS or "text" messages on Plaintiff's cellular telephone, in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., ("TCPA"), thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy. Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to his own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorneys.

#### **PARTIES**

2. Plaintiff Manuel Gonzalez is an individual who resides in Miami-Dade County, Florida.

3. Defendant The Real Estate Empire Group, Inc. ("RE Empire"), is a Florida profit corporation, with principal address at 10200 NW 25th Street, Suite A-100. Doral, Florida 33172. It may be served through its registered agent for service, Linda Castanon at 1081 NW 127 Ct., Miami, Florida 33182.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action and the Defendant pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 in that this action arises under a United States federal statute, specifically the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., ("TCPA"). The TCPA specifically authorizes this Court to exercise jurisdiction. Jurisdiction is also proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because Plaintiff seeks up to \$1,500 in damages for each text message in violation of the TCPA, which, when aggregated among a proposed class number of more than five thousand, exceeds the \$5,000,000 threshold for federal court jurisdiction. Further, Plaintiff alleges a national class, which will result in at least one class member belonging to a different state than that of Defendant, providing jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. Section 1332(d)(2)(A).
- 5. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1) and/or (b)(2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in this District, in that the text message at issue was sent to a mobile phone number registered in this District.

#### **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

6. Defendant is a real estate brokerage company based in Doral, Florida. Defendant RE Empire is a fast growing boutique real estate firm that is revolutionizing real estate sales and marketing through its brokers, agents and administrative team.

- 7. Defendant made the deliberate decision to engage in bulk marketing of its business and its recruitment of Florida real estate sales associates (otherwise known as "Realtors") by sending Realtors, including the Plaintiff, advertisements through Short Message Services. The term "Short Message Service" or "SMS" is a messaging system that allows cellular telephone subscribers to use their cellular telephones to send and receive short text messages.
- 8. An "SMS message" is a text message directed to a wireless device through the use of the telephone number assigned to the device. For purposes of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., ("TCPA"), a text message is considered to be a call. *See Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991*, CG Docket No. 02-278, Report and Order, 18 FCC Rcd 14014, 14115, ¶ 165 (2003) ("2003 TCPA Order").
- 9. When an SMS or "text" message call is successfully made, the recipient's cell phone rings or otherwise notifies the recipient of the text message that a text message is being received.
- 10. As cellular telephones are inherently mobile and are carried by their owners at all times, text messages are received by the called party virtually anywhere.
- 11. Unlike standard advertising methods, bulk advertising by use of text messages cost recipients money, because cell phone users typically pay for the text messages they receive, either individually, or in bulk.
- 12. Over the course of an extended period beginning no later than in 2018, Defendant and its agents directed the mass transmission of text messages to the cell phones of persons they hoped would potentially work as real estate agents for Defendant.
  - 13. On or about April 16, 2018, Plaintiff received an unsolicited SMS or "text" message

to his wireless phone in Florida. The text was sent to his wireless phone number with area code 786 (the area code for Miami, Florida and surrounding areas). It stated the following:

Hello GONZALEZ, MANUEL EMILIO, Real Estate Empire Group would like to congratulate you on becoming a Real Estate Agent. The next step is to chose the Real Estate Firm that will prepare you to achieve your full potential. Here are a few tips on picking the right Real Estate Firm.

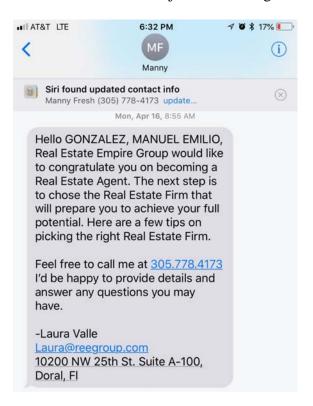
Feel free to call me at 405-778-5173[.] I'd be happy to provide details and answer any questions you may have.

-Laura Valle

Laura@reegroup.com

10200 NW 25th St. Suite A-100, Doral, FL

14. A true and correct screenshot of the subject text message is set forth below:



- 15. Plaintiff provided no consent to receive this text message, which was sent by Defendant in an effort to promote its recruitment of Realtors to work for Defendant.
  - 16. The unsolicited text message placed to Plaintiff's cellular telephone was placed via

an "automatic telephone dialing system," ("ATDS") as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (a)(1).

- 17. "The term 'unsolicited advertisement' means any material advertising the commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services which is transmitted to any person without that person's prior express invitation or permission, in writing or otherwise." 47 U.S.C. § 227 (a)(5).
- 18. "The term 'telephone solicitation' means the initiation of a . . . message for the purpose of encouraging the purchase . . . of . . . services, which is transmitted to any person, but such term does not include a call or message (A) to any person with that person's prior express invitation or permission, (B) to any person with whom the caller has an established business relationship, or (C) by a tax exempt nonprofit organization." 47 U.S.C. § 227 (a)(4).
- 19. The telephone numbers that the Defendant, or its agents, sent the text messages to were assigned to cellular telephone services pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).
- 20. These telephone text messages constituted "calls" under the TCPA that were not for emergency purposes as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1)(A)(i) and applicable regulations which make clear that texts are included within the TCPA.
- 21. Plaintiff did not provide Defendant or its agents prior express consent to receive unsolicited text messages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1)(B).
- 22. The text message by Defendant or its agents therefore violated 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).
- 23. Plaintiff has standing to bring these claims because Defendant's violation of the TCPA resulted in a concrete and particularized injury to him, in the form of invasion of privacy, an unwanted and unauthorized text message received by his cell phone, which caused wasted time

addressing an unwanted text message, unwarranted distraction from his work activities, aggravation and distress, unavailability of his cell phone when it was receiving the unauthorized text message, depletion of his cell phone's battery and the resulting cost to recharge the phone, and potential financial loss in the form of increased charges from his cell phone carrier.

24. Upon information and belief, Defendant obtained Plaintiff's cell phone number through the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation ("DBPR"). DBPR maintains information regarding licensed Florida Realtors (often including their cell phone numbers) and makes it available to the public and not for purposes of allowing marketers to send unsolicited text messages to Realtors.

### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

- 25. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and on behalf of all others similarly situated ("the Class").
- 26. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of the Class, consisting of: all persons within the United States who received an unsolicited SMS or text message from Defendant, or an agent of Defendant, on a paging service, cellular phone service, or other service, through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system as set forth in 47 U.S.C. Section 227(B)(1)(A)(3) or artificial or prerecorded voice, which SMS or text messages by Defendant (or agent of Defendant) was not made for emergency purposes or with the recipients' prior express consent, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint.
  - 27. Defendant and its employees or agents are excluded from the Class.
- 28. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Class, but believes the Class members number in the thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class

action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.

- 29. Plaintiff and members of the Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the particularized and concrete ways set forth above.
- 30. This suit seeks only statutory damages and injunctive relief on behalf of the Class, and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto.
- 31. The joinder of the Class members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the court.
- 32. The Class can be identified through Defendant's records or Defendant's agents' records.
- 33. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting the parties to be represented.
- 34. The questions of law and fact to the Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members, including the following:
  - a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant or its agents placed cellular telephone SMS or text messages for purposes of soliciting new customers without the recipients' prior express consent;
  - b. What systems and methodologies were used to collect the cell phone numbers, and send the text messages at issue in this case;
  - c. Whether the systems used to place the cellular telephone SMS or text messages constituted automatic telephone dialing systems under the TCPA;
  - d. Whether Defendant's violation of the TCPA was willful or knowing, such that the

award should be increased up to three times pursuant to 47 USC §227(b)(3)(c); and

- e. Whether Defendant and its agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
- 35. As a person who received at least one unsolicited telephone SMS or text message without his prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Class.
- 36. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class in that Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to any member of the Class.
- 37. Plaintiff and the members of the Class have all suffered irreparable harm as a result of the Defendant's unlawful and wrongful conduct.
- 38. Absent a class action, the Class will continue to face the potential for irreparable harm. In addition, these violations of law will be allowed to proceed without remedy and Defendant will likely continue such illegal conduct.
- 39. Because of the size of the individual Class member's claims, few, if any, Class members could not afford to individually seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein.
- 40. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims of this nature.
- 41. A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy.
  - 42. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with federal law.
- 43. The interest of Class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum statutory damages in an individual action for violation of the TCPA are minimal. Management of these claims is likely to

present significantly fewer difficulties than those presented in many individual claims.

- 44. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.
- 45. The members of the Class are capable of being readily ascertained from the information and records in the possession or control of Defendant.
- 46. The Class members are so numerous that individual joinder of all members is impractical.
- 47. Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of the Class and are based on the same legal and factual theories.
- 48. Plaintiff and his counsel will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class. Plaintiff has been subject to the same unlawful acts as the rest of the Class members and is ready, willing and able to serve as a Class representative. Moreover, Plaintiff's counsel are experienced in handling complex litigation, and have extensive class action experience and a long track record of successful prosecution of class action cases. Neither Plaintiff nor his counsel has any interest that might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.
- 49. Certification of a Class under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3) is appropriate in that Plaintiff and the Class members seek liquidated statutory monetary damages, common questions predominate over any individual questions, and a class action is superior for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. A class action will cause an orderly and expeditious administration of the Class members' claims and economies of time, effort and expense will be fostered and uniformity of decisions will be ensured. Moreover, the individual Class members are

unlikely to be aware of their rights and not in a position (either through experience or financially) to commence individual litigation against Defendant.

- 50. Alternatively, certification of a class is appropriate under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(1), in that inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class would establish incompatible standards of conduct for Defendant or adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class as a practical matter would be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the adjudications or would substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests.
- 51. Alternatively, certification of a class is appropriate under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2) because the parties opposing the Class have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief appropriate respecting the Class as a whole.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ

- 52. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 53. Each such text message call was made using equipment that, upon information and belief, had the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator, or a system that otherwise qualified as an automatic telephone dialing system under the TCPA. By using such equipment, Defendant was able to effectively send thousands of text messages simultaneously to lists of thousands of wireless phone numbers of consumers without human intervention. These text messages were sent without the prior express consent of the Plaintiff and the other members of the Class to receive such text messages.

54. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant and its agents constitute numerous and multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. As a result of Defendant's, and Defendant's agents', negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to an award of \$500.00 each in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B). Plaintiff and the Class are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff and the Class members the following relief against Defendant:

- a. As a result of Defendant's, and Defendant's agents', negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for himself and each Class member \$500.00 in statutory damages, per violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- b. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.
- c. As a result of Defendant's, and Defendant's agents', willful and/or knowing violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for himself and each Class member increased damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00 per violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- d. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.
- e. Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION KNOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- 55. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 56. Upon information and belief, Defendant's violations of the TCPA were willful and/or knowing. Accordingly, Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to have their awards increased to an amount not more than three times the \$500 liquidated damages amount, or \$1,500.00 per violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B and C).

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff and the Class members the following relief against Defendant: As a result of Defendant's, and Defendant's agents', willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for himself and each Class member \$1,500.00 in statutory damages, per violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).

- a. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.
- b. As a result of Defendant's, and Defendant's agents', willful and/or knowing violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for himself and each Class member increased damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00 per violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- c. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.
- d. Reasonable and necessary attorneys' fees and expenses.
- e. Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.

### **JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: May 31, 2018 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Seth M. Lehrman
Seth M. Lehrman (FBN 132896)
E-mail: seth@epllc.com
EDWARDS POTTINGER LLC
425 North Andrews Avenue, Suite 2
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301
Telephone: 954-524-2820

Telephone: 954-524-2820 Facsimile: 954-524-2822

Justin H. Jaffe (FBN 103328) lowercase, pllc E-mail: justin@lowercaselaw.com 3250 NE 1st Ave., Suite 305 Miami, FL 33137

Telephone: 833-569-3335

Attorneys for Plaintiff

### JS 44 (Rev. 0 Ca) Sec. 1 is 1 Becomo 22 1 is 1 Becomo 22

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Restiled Cases Below

of initiating the civil docket she	et. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON	NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.	) NOTICE: Attorneys MUS	ST Indicate Al	l Re-filed Cases Below	<mark>√</mark> •	
	MANUEL GONZALEZ and on behalf of all other		DEFENDANT	THE RE	AL ESTATE EMP	PIRE GROUP,	INC.,
(b) County of Residence of (E)  (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A) Edwards Pottinger LLC Lauderdale, Florida 33:	ddress, and Telephone Number)	Avenue, Suite 2, Fort	County of Resident NOTE: Attorneys (If Known	(IN U.S. F IN LAND CO THE TRACT	ed Defendant PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) ONDEMNATION CASES FOF LAND INVOLVED.	, USE THE LOCAT	ION OF
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			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 3	Foreign Nation	□ 6	□ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT			Click here for: Nature of Suit Coo		INDUDTON	OTHER STATIS	FEC
110 Insurance   120 Marine   130 Miller Act   140 Negotiable Instrument   150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment   151 Medicare Act   152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)   153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits   160 Stockholders' Suits   190 Other Contract   195 Contract Product Liability   196 Franchise   REAL PROPERTY   210 Land Condemnation   220 Foreclosure   230 Rent Lease & Ejectment   240 Torts to Land   245 Tort Product Liability   290 All Other Real Property   V. ORIGIN (Place of the Product Liability   290 All Other Real Property   250 CORIGIN (Place of the Product Liability   290 All Other Real Property   250 CORIGIN (Place of the Product Liability   290 All Other Real Property   250 CORIGIN (Place of the Product Liability   290 COR	PERSONAL INJURY    310 Airplane   315 Airplane Product         Liability   320 Assault, Libel &         Slander   330 Federal Employers'         Liability   340 Marine   345 Marine Product         Liability   350 Motor Vehicle   355 Motor Vehicle   355 Motor Vehicle   Product Liability   360 Other Personal         Injury   362 Personal Injury -         Med. Malpractice   CIVIL RIGHTS   440 Other Civil Rights   441 Voting   442 Employment   443 Housing/         Accommodations   445 Amer. w/Disabilities -         Employment   446 Amer. w/Disabilities -         Other   448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERTY  370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Other:  530 General 535 Death Penalty 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	FORFETTURE/PENALTY    625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881     690 Other	422 Appe   423 With	drawal SC 157  CRTY RIGHTS rights at	OTHER STATU 375 False Claims Ac 376 Qui Tam (31 US 3729 (a)) 400 State Reapportic 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Bank 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influe Corrupt Organization 480 Consumer Credi 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Comr Exchange 890 Other Statutory 891 Agricultural Act 893 Environmental N 895 Freedom of Info Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative I Act/Review or Appe Agency Decision 950 Constitutionalit Statutes	t C comment ing need and as t t nodities/ Actions s Autters rmation Procedure al of
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VII. CAUSE OF ACTION	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta	tute under which you are fi mer Protection Act, 47	ling and Write a Brief Staten  7 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., ( for both sides to try entire ca	ment of Cause ("TCPA")		statutes unless dive	rsity):
VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	С	HECK YES only if den	nanded in compla	nt:
ABOVE INFORMATION IS DATE May 31, 2018	TRUE & CORRECT TO		TTORNEY OF RECORD	Seth M. L			

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY
RECEIPT # AMOUNT IFP JUDGE MAG JUDGE

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida						
MANUEL GONZALEZ, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,  Plaintiff(s)  V.  THE REAL ESTATE EMPIRE GROUP, INC.,  Defendant(s)	) ) ) ) (Civil Action No. ) ) ) )					
•	,					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION						
To: (Defendant's name and address)  The Real Estate Empire Through its Registered A 1081 NW 127 Ct. Miami, Florida 33182						
A lawsuit has been filed against you.	you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you					
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:  Seth M. Lehrman Esq.  Edwards Pottinger LLC.  425 North Andrews Avenue, Suite 2  Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301  Telephone: 954-524-2820; Facsimile: 954-524-2822						
·						
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be You also must file your answer or motion with the court	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.					
	CLERK OF COURT					
Date:						
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk					

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nan	ne of individual and title, if an	y)							
was re	ceived by me on (date)		·							
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the indi	ividual at (place)							
			on (date)	; or						
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's reside	nce or usual place of abode with (name)							
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,									
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or									
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)		, who is						
	designated by law to	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)							
			on (date)	; or						
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	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00						
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this info	rmation is true.							
Date:										
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		_	Printed name and title							
		_	Server's address							

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

### **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>TCPA Class Action Filed Against The Real Estate Empire Group</u>