# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

TOBA GLICK, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Civil Action No.:

Plaintiffs,

-against-

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT** 

CLIENT SERVICES, INC.,

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 

Defendant.	

Plaintiff, TOBA GLICK (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a New York resident, brings this Class Action Complaint by and through her attorneys, Marcus & Zelman, LLC, against Defendant CLIENT SERVICES, INC. (hereinafter "Defendant" or "CSI") and JOHN DOES 1-25, individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

#### INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Congress enacted the FDCPA in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws... [we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts"

- does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).
- 2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." *Id.* § 1692(e). After determining that the existing consumer protection laws were inadequate, *id.* § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. *Id.* § 1692k.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 2201. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

### **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

- Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New York consumers under § 1692
   et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt
   Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA"), and
- 6. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

#### **PARTIES**

- 7. Plaintiff is a natural person and a resident of Brooklyn, New York, and is a "Consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692(a)(3).
- 8. Defendant is a collection agency with its principal office located at 3451 Harry S. Truman

- Blvd., Saint Charles, Missouri 63301.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Defendant is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 10. Defendant is a "debt collector," as defined under the FDCPA under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
- 11. John Does 1-25, are fictitious names of individuals and businesses alleged for the purpose of substituting names of Defendants whose identities will be disclosed in discovery and should be made parties to this action.

#### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

- 12. Plaintiffs bring this claim on behalf of the following case, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and 23(b)(3).
- 13. The Class consists of (a) all individuals with addresses in the State of New York (b) to whom CSI sent an initial collection letter attempting to collect a consumer debt (c) without clearly identifying the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed (d) which letter was sent on or after a date one year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date 21 days after the filing of this action.
- 14. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of Defendants and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collects and/or have purchased debts.
- 15. Excluded from the Plaintiff Classes are the Defendants and all officers, members, partners, managers, directors, and employees of the Defendants and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action and all members of their immediate families.

- 16. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Classes, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as *Exhibits A*, violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e and 1692g.
- 17. The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories.
- 18. The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff Classes defined in this complaint. The Plaintiffs have retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiffs nor their attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.
- 19. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:
  - (a) <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that the Plaintiff Classes defined above are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
  - (b) <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff Classes and those questions predominate over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as *Exhibit A*, violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e and 1692g.
  - (c) **Typicality:** The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the class members.

- The Plaintiffs and all members of the Plaintiff Classes have claims arising out of the Defendants' common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
- (d) Adequacy: The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiffs have no interests that are adverse to the absent class members. The Plaintiffs are committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiffs have also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiffs nor their counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
- (e) <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.
- 20. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff Classes predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- 21. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiffs may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

**ALLEGATIONS OF FACT** 

22. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs

numbered above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length

herein.

23. Some time prior to December 08, 2016, an obligation was allegedly incurred to Chase

Bank, USA ("CHASE").

24. The CHASE obligation arose out of a transaction in which money, property, insurance or

services, which are the subject of the transaction, are primarily for personal, family or

household purposes.

25. The alleged CHASE obligation is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C.\( \} 1692a(5).

26. CHASE is a "creditor" as defined by 15 U.S.C.\( \) 1692a(4).

27. CHASE or subsequent owner of the CHASE debt contracted the Defendant to collect the

alleged debt.

28. Defendant collects and attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred

for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors using the United States

Postal Services, telephone and internet.

29. On or about December 08, 2016, Defendant sent the Plaintiff a collection letter (the

"Letter") regarding the alleged debt owed to CHASE. See Exhibit A.

30. Upon information and belief, the Letter was the first communication from CSI to the

Plaintiff with regards to the alleged debt.

31. Plaintiff received the letter and read it.

32. The Letter states:

- 33. Although the Letter states who the debt originated with, it does not clearly convey who the current creditor to whom the debt is owed.
- 34. The Plaintiff, as would any least sophisticated consumer, was left unsure as to what creditor CSI was attempting to collect for.
- 35. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692g, a debt collector is required in the initial communication with a consumer, to identify the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed.
- 36. The obligation is not only to identify the name of the creditor, but to convey the name of the creditor clearly and explicitly.
- 37. In *Datiz v. Int'l Recovery Assocs., Inc.*, the Court held that an initial letter that merely states "Re: John T. Mather Hospital", is not without more sufficient to satisfy the requirements under 1692g. *See, Datiz v. Int'l Recovery Assocs., Inc.*, No. 15CV3549ADSAKT, 2016 WL 4148330, at \*11 (E.D.N.Y. Aug. 4, 2016), motion for relief from judgment denied, No. 15CV3549ADSAKT, 2017 WL 59085 (E.D.N.Y. Jan. 4, 2017).
- 38. Congress adopted the debt validation provisions of section 1692g to guarantee that consumers would receive adequate notice of their rights under the FDCPA. *Wilson*, 225 F.3d at 354, citing *Miller v. Payco–General Am. Credits, Inc.*, 943 F.2d 482, 484 (4th Cir.1991).
- 39. Congress further desired to "eliminate the recurring problem of debt collectors dunning the wrong person or attempting to collect debts which the consumer has already paid." S.Rep. No. 95–382, at 4 (1977), reprinted in 1977 U.S.C.C.A.N. 1695, 1699.
- 40. The FDCPA gives consumers a statutory right to receive certain information, including the name of the creditor to whom the debt collector is attempting to collect for, which the Plaintiff was deprived of in this case.
- 41. As a result of the Defendant's violations of the FDCPA, the Plaintiff was harmed.

42. Defendant's actions as described herein are part of a pattern and practice used to collect consumer debts.

### **COUNT I**

# VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692e et seq.

- 43. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 44. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 45. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, a debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.
- 46. Defendant violated said section by:
  - Making a false and misleading representation in violation of §1692e(10).
- 47. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692e *et seq*. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

### **COUNT II**

# VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692g et seq.

- 48. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 49. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692g.

- 50. Pursuant to 15 USC §1692g, a debt collector:
  - (a) Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing
    - (1) The amount of the debt;
    - (2) The name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed;
    - (3) A statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debt-collector;
    - (4) A statement that the consumer notifies the debt collector in writing within thirty-day period that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, the debt collector will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the consumer and a copy of such verification or judgment will be mailed to the consumer by the debt collector; and
    - (5) A statement that, upon the consumer's written request within the thirty-day period, the debt collector will provide the consumer with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.
- 51. The Defendant violated 1692g(a)(2) by failing to name the creditor to whom the debt is owed.
- 52. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692*g et seq.* of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

#### **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

 (a) Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative, and Ari Marcus, Esq., and Yitzchak Zelman, Esq. as Class Counsel;

- (b) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;
- (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;
- (d) Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;
- (e) Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and
- (f) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: June 7, 2017

/s/ Yitzchak Zelman

Yitzchak Zelman, Esq. MARCUS & ZELMAN, LLC 1500 Allaire Avenue, Suite 101 Ocean, New Jersey 07712 (732) 695-3282 telephone (732) 298-6256 facsimile yzelman@marcuszelman.com Attorneys for Plaintiff

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Office Hours (Central Time)

Friday: 7am-5pm Saturday: 7am-11am Sunday: Closed

3451 Harry S Truman Blvd. Saint Charles, MO 63301-4047

RE: CHASE BANK USA, N.A.

ACCOUNT NUMBER: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX8033

BALANCE DUE: \$6,438.00

REFERENCE NUMBER: Redacted

PHONE: 877-288-9903

DATE: 12/08/2016

#### **DEBT VALIDATION NOTICE**

The above account has been placed with our organization for collections.

Balance Due At Charge-Off:

6,438,00

Interest Post-Charge Off:

0.00

Other Charges Post-Charge Off:

0.00

Payments Made Post-Charge-Off:

0.00

**Current Balance:** 

6.438.00

Unless you notify our office within thirty (30) days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within thirty (30) days from receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request of this office in writing within thirty (30) days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

We look forward to working with you in resolving this matter.

Michael Crafts

THIS COMMUNICATION IS FROM A DEBT COLLECTOR. THIS IS AN ATTEMPT TO COLLECT A DEBT. ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED WILL BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

FOR IMPORTANT RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES WHICH MIGHT APPLY TO YOUR STATE OF RESIDENCE, PLEASE SEE BELOW OR REVERSE SIDE (IF FAXED THEN FOLLOWING PAGE).

	Send your payment in the enclosed envelope using the remittance coupon below.	Online: www.csiconsumercenter.com
	Pay-by-Phone: 1-877-552-5905	If you are unable to pay the balance in full, contact our office at 877-288-9903 for payment options, which may be available to you.

Do not send correspondence to this address.

PO Box 1586 Saint Peters, MO 63376 REFERENCE NUMBER Redacte 993 AMOUNT ENCLOSED



Checks Payable To: Client Services, Inc.

REMIT TO:

CLIENT SERVICES, INC. 3451 HARRY S. TRUMAN BLVD ST. CHARLES MO 63301-4047 յչ|Ոլիումեդ||Իգնիլերերիլիկիչիի Ոլուններ ենունիլի

ոկիսիվիիսիիսպիիկիկունելիննկութեուիլունըի **TOBA GLICK** 



336 DAHILL RD **BROOKLYN NY 11218-3462**  JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sneet. (SEE INSTRUC	HONS ON NEXT PAGE OF TH						
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS				
TOBA GLICK, individually	y and on behalf of all o	others similarly situated	d, CLIENT SERVIC	CLIENT SERVICES, INC.				
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Kings (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.					
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	Attorneys (If Known	·)				
Marcus & Zelman, LLC, 07712. (845)367-7146	1500 Allaire Avenue, S	Suite 101, Ocean, NJ						
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in O	ine Box Only)	. CITIZENSHIP OF I		(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif and One Box for Defendant)			
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	■ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)	Not a Party)		PTF DEF  ☐ 1	PTF DEF rincipal Place			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship)	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2				
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	□ 3 □ 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		ely) PRTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	Click here for: Nature  BANKRUPTCY	of Suit Code Descriptions. OTHER STATUTES			
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY  □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY    365 Personal Injury - Product Liability     367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability     368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability     368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability     370 Other Fraud     371 Truth in Lending     380 Other Personal Property Damage     385 Property Damage Product Liability     PRISONER PETITIONS     463 Alien Detainee     510 Motions to Vacate Sentence     530 General     535 Death Penalty Other:     540 Mandamus & Other     550 Civil Rights     555 Prison Condition     560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	□ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 □ 690 Other  LABOR □ 710 Fair Labor Standards Act □ 720 Labor/Management Relations □ 740 Railway Labor Act □ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act □ 790 Other Labor Litigation □ 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act  IMMIGRATION □ 462 Naturalization Application 465 Other Immigration Actions	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157  PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g))  FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC □ 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 470 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes			
	moved from 3	Confinement  Remanded from 4 Appellate Court	Reopened Anotl	ferred from				
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	15 USC 1692	use:	(specij ling ( <b>Do not cite jurisdictional</b> st		Direct File			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	if demanded in complaint:  ∴ Yes □ No			
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER				
DATE 06/07/2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		signature of attor /s/ Yitzchak Zelma						
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE			

## 

## CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I, Yitzchal	zle for o	counsel for Plaintiff , do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ompulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):					
mengn							
	monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,						
		the complaint seeks injunctive relief,					
	X	the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason this action involves questions of law					
	which predominates over and questions of fact, and involves a class action. <u>DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1</u>						
None		Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:					
		RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)					
provides because same jud case: (A)	Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court."						
		NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)					
1.)	Is the county	ivil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk					
2.)	2.) If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? No						
	b) Did t District	the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern					
Suffolk	If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County?						
	(N	lote: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).					
BAR ADMISSION							
I am cu	rrently ac	dmitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court.  No  No					
Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court?  Yes (If yes, please explain) No							

I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.

Signature:\_/s/ Yitzchak Zelman

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

Eastern District of New Tork					
TOBA GLICK, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	) ) )				
DI	)				
Plaintiff(s)	)				
V.	Civil Action No.				
CLIENT SERVICES, INC.					
Defendant(s)					
Dejenaam(s)	)				
To: (Defendant's name and address)  Client Services, Inc. 3451 Harry S. Truman Boul	A CIVIL ACTION				
3451 Harry S. Truman Bou	evard				
Saint Charles, Missouri 633	3U1				
A lawsuit has been filed against you.					
A lawsuit has been fried against you.					
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:  Marcus & Zelman, LLC 1500 Allaire Avenue					
Ocean, New Jersey					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.					
	DOLLOLAC C DALAGO				
	DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT				
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

## PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was re	This summons for (nanceived by me on (date)	ne of individual and title, if any)							
wasic	•	the summons on the indiv							
	r personally served	the summons on the marv	on (date)	; or					
	☐ I left the summons		ce or usual place of abode with (name)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	on (date)	on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual)  designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)								
	designated by law to	accept service of process of	On (date)	; or					
	☐ I returned the sumr	mons unexecuted because		; or					
	☐ Other (specify):								
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00					
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.								
Date:									
			Server's signature						
			Printed name and title						
			Server's address						

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lawsuit Claims Client Services Hides Clients' Identities</u>