UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

_____ Case #

FREDERICK FAUST on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated consumers

Plaintiff,

-against-

PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

1. Plaintiff Frederick Faust seeks redress for the illegal practices of PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC. concerning the collection of debts, in violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et *seq*. ("FDCPA").

Parties

- 2. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of New York who resides within this District.
- 3. Plaintiff is a consumer as that term is defined by Section 1692(a)(3) of the FDCPA, in that the alleged debt that Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff is a consumer debt and the Plaintiff is a natural person obligated or allegedly obligated

to pay the debt.

- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant's principal place of business is located in Garden City, NY.
- 5. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.
- 6. Defendant is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6), as the defendant is a person who uses any instrumentality of interstate commerce or the mails in any business the principal purpose of which is the collection of any debts, or who regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another.
- 7. The obligation claimed due by the defendant is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C. \$1692a(5), as it is an obligation or alleged obligation of a consumer to pay money arising out of a transaction in which the money, property, insurance or services which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, whether or not such obligation has been reduced to judgment.
- 8. The FDCPA broadly prohibits conduct which harasses, oppresses or abuses any debtor; any false, deceptive or misleading statements in connection with the collection of a debt; unfair or unconscionable collection methods; and requires certain

disclosures, See: 15 U.S.C. §§1692d, 1692e, 1692f and 1692g.

- 9. The FDCPA is a strict liability statute which provides for actual or statutory damages upon the showing of a single violation. <u>Bentley v Great Lakes Collection</u> <u>Bureau</u>, 6 F.3d 60, 62-3 (2d Cir. 1993)
- 10. In considering whether a collection notice violates Section 1692e, the court applies the "least sophisticated consumer" standard. <u>Clomon v. Jackson</u>, 988 F.2d 1314, 1318 (2d Cir.1993)

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 11. This Court has federal question jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 12. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the acts and transactions that give rise to this action occurred, in substantial part, in this district, and the Defendant does business within this District.

Nature Of The Action

13. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New York consumers seeking redress for Defendant's illegal practices, in connection with the collection of a debt allegedly owed by Plaintiff in violation of the Fair Debt

Collection Practices Act, ("FDCPA"), 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. ("FDCPA").

- 14. Defendant's actions violated § 1692 *et seq*. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA") which prohibits debt collectors from engaging in abusive, deceptive and unfair practices.
- 15. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

Violations Of The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act Allegations Particular to Frederick Faust

- 16. Upon information and belief, on a date better known by Defendant, Defendant began to attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
- 17. On or about November 23, 2016, Defendant sent the Plaintiff a collection letter seeking to collect a balance allegedly incurred for personal purposes.
- 18. Said letter attached as <u>Exhibit A</u> stated in pertinent part as follows:

Prompt Payment is expected when your earliest opportunity allows.

Prompt payment is required to maintain this agreement. This is an

attempt to collect a debt. Any information will be used for that purpose. This communication is from a debt collection agency.

19. Said language impresses a false sense of urgency and is deceptive and misleading and is likely to be misunderstood by the "least sophisticated consumer". The settlement offer mentioned in the letter would surely be available in the future as it involves full payment of the alleged debt. The Defendant also gives the impression and the false sense of urgency that an agreement had been reached between the Defendant and the Plaintiff and that prompt payment is required to maintain this agreement. The settlement offer fails to state the terms of the agreement. The language also falsely implies that the plaintiff had forfeited his legal defenses to defend against said claim, on the false basis that the plaintiff had agreed with the defendant to make payment on this claim, and that the debtor's only option was to pay the debt in full.

20. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e of the FDCPA states:

A debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt. Without limiting the general application of the foregoing, the following conduct is a violation of this section:

- (5) The threat to take any action that cannot legally be taken or that is not intended to be taken.
- (10) The use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt or to obtain information concerning a consumer.
- (11) The failure to disclose in the initial written communication with the consumer and, in addition, if the initial communication with the consumer is oral, in that initial oral communication, that the debt collector is attempting to collect a debt and that any information obtained will be used for that purpose, and the failure to disclose in subsequent communications that the communication is from a debt collector, except that this paragraph shall not apply to a formal pleading made in connection with a legal action.
- 21. The Defendant failed to set forth accurately the language as required under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(11), by having not identifying itself as statutorily required and by failing to state that it is a debt collector attempting to collect a debt.
- 22. Defendant's letter is in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(5), 1692e(10) and 1692e(11).

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act brought by Plaintiff on behalf of himself and the members of a class, as against the Defendant.

- 23. Plaintiff re-states, re-alleges, and incorporates herein by reference, paragraphs one (1) through twenty three (23) as if set forth fully in this cause of action.
- 24. This cause of action is brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of a class.
- 25. The class consists of all persons whom Defendant's records reflect resided in the State of New York and who were sent a collection letter in substantially the same form letter as the letter sent to the Plaintiff on or about one year prior to the date of the collection letter; and (a) the collection letter was sent to a consumer seeking payment of a personal debt purportedly owed to the Defendant; and (b) the collection letter was not returned by the postal service as undelivered; (c) and the Plaintiff asserts that the letter contained violations of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(5), 1692e(10) and 1692e(11).
- 26. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, a class action is appropriate and preferable in this case because:
 - A. Based on the fact that a form collection letter is at the heart of this litigation, the class is so numerous that joinder of all

members is impracticable.

- B. There are questions of law and fact common to the class and these questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members. The principal question presented by this claim is whether the Defendant violated the FDCPA.
- C. The only individual issue is the identification of the consumers who received such collection letters (*i.e.* the class members), a matter capable of ministerial determination from the records of Defendant.
- D. The claims of the Plaintiff are typical of those of the class members. All are based on the same facts and legal theories.
- E. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the class members' interests. The Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in bringing class actions and collection-abuse claims. The Plaintiff's interests are consistent with those of the members of the class.

- 27. A class action is superior for the fair and efficient adjudication of the class members' claims. Congress specifically envisions class actions as a principal means of enforcing the FDCPA. 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k). The members of the class are generally unsophisticated individuals, whose rights will not be vindicated in the absence of a class action. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the classes would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications resulting in the establishment of inconsistent or varying standards for the parties and would not be in the interest of judicial economy.
- 28. If the facts are discovered to be appropriate, the Plaintiff will seek to certify a class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 29. Collection attempts, such as those made by the Defendant are to be evaluated by the objective standard of the hypothetical "least sophisticated consumer."
- 30. The Defendant's actions as set forth above in the within complaint violates the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.
- 31. Because the Defendant violated the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Plaintiff and the members of the class are entitled to damages in

accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

Dated: Nassau, New York October 16, 2017

/s/ Jacob Silver

Jacob Silver
Attorney At Law
237 Club Dr.
Woodmere, NY 11598
(718) 855-3834
(718) 797-4141 – Fax
silverbankruptcy@gmail.com



:17-cv-06036 Document 1-1 Filed 10/16/17 Page 1 of 1 PageID #: 11 **Balance Due**

\$50.00 3843 Creditor: NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL Patient Name: GABRIELLA FAUST

Statement Date: 11/23/2016

PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.

PCB#

NYC Dept of Consumer Affairs License #0811196 "Se Habla Espanol"

Phone: 516-681-1122 or 914-668-1222 Fax: 516-681-1265

Office Hours: Mon - Fri 8:30am - 5pm

Pay Online 24/7/365 www.paypcb.com

E-Mail: info@pcbinc.org

Account Statement

Monthly payment Amt: 50.00 Next Payment Date: 12/07/16 Creditor: NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL

Patient: GABRIELLA FAUST Balance Due: 50.00 Reference #: 1

Payment in full is expected when your earliest opportunity allows. Prompt Payment is required to maintain this agreement.

This is an attempt to collect a debt. Any information obtained will be used for that purpose. This communication is from a debt collection agency.

Due to space constraints, your account information may be truncated. Contact an account representative should you require additional information.



Professional Claims Bureau, Inc. "Debt Collectors Since 1964" A/C REP: L MARCUS EXT 8228

To ensure proper credit to your account, detach this section and return with your payment. Please keep above portion for your records.

625873B (PC2) **Next Due Date:**

PO Box 9060

Hicksville, NY 11802-9060

Professional Claims Bureau, Inc.

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Please check box if address below is incorrect or insurance information has changed, and indicate change(s) on reverse side. Account #: **2**3843 **Patient Name:**

Monthly Payment Amount: 50.00

12/07/16

We accept:

GABRIELLA FAUST

Balance Due:

\$50.00

VISA

card number

Amount Paid

expiration date

signature

print name

☐ Health/Flex Spending Account

Professional Claims Bureau, Inc. (PCB) PO BOX 9060 HICKSVILLE, NY 11802-9060

005671

FREDERICK FAUST 1219 FAIRLAKE TRCE APT 910 WESTON, FL 33326-2868 ՈրիրվիվուինինիգՈՒորֆիկՈՈրիլիունյևուսըՈ

Please note your credit card statement will reflect a charge from

Case 2:17-cv-06036 Document 23 VEIR SHEEL 7 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 12

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as

provided by local rules of court purpose of initiating the civil do	. This form, approved by the ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	he Judicial Conference of t TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF T	the United States in September 1 <i>THIS FORM.</i>)	974, is required for the use of	the Clerk of Court for the
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS		
FREDERICK FAUST			PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC.		
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Kings			County of Residence	of First Listed Defendant	Nassau
(E)	KCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	(SES)	NOTE: IN LAND CO	(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ON DNDEMNATION CASES, USE TO OF LAND INVOLVED.	· ·
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	Attorneys (If Known)		
Jacob Silver, Attorney At 237 Club Dr. Woodmere,			.com		
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintig
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	ment X 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		(For Diversity Cases Only) P1 Citizen of This State		
□ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another State	2	Principal Place
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		aly) ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	Click here for: Nature BANKRUPTCY	of Suit Code Descriptions. OTHER STATUTES
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander □ 330 Federal Employers' Liability □ 340 Marine □ 345 Marine Product Liability □ 350 Motor Vehicle □ 355 Motor Vehicle □ roduct Liability □ 360 Other Personal Injury □ 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS □ 440 Other Civil Rights □ 441 Voting □ 442 Employment □ 443 Housing/ Accommodations □ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment □ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other □ 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 ☐ 690 Other	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations ▼ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
	moved from 3 te Court Cite the U.S. Civil Sta	Appellate Court	(specify) filing (Do not cite jurisdictional stat	r District Litigation Transfer utes unless diversity):	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Brief description of ca	nuse:	BT COLLECTION PRACT COLLECTION BUSINES:		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$		if demanded in complaint: Yes □No
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATTO	RNEY OF RECORD		
10/16/2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		/S/ Jacob Silver			
RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	OGE

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CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I Jacob S	Silver	counsel for Plaintiff do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is			
ineligi	ble for c	, counsel for Plaintiff, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ompulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):			
		monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,			
		the complaint seeks injunctive relief,			
	the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason Class Action <u>DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1</u>				
		Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:			
		RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)			
provides because same jud case: (A	s that "A c the cases dge and m) involves	s that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the agistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power mine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the			
		NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)			
1.)	Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk County: NO				
2.)		answered "no" above: the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk ?NO			
	b) Did District	the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern			
Suffolk	County, olk Coun				
	(N	Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).			
		BAR ADMISSION			
I am cu	rrently a	dmitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. Yes			
Are you	u current	y the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court? Yes (If yes, please explain) No			
1 certify	tne accu	racy of all information provided above.			

Signature: /S/ Jacob Silver, Esq.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the

Eastern Distr	rict of New York					
FREDERICK FAUST))))					
Plaintiff(s) V. PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU, INC. Defendant(s)	Civil Action No.					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION						
To: (Defendant's name and address)						
PROFESSIONAL CLAIMS BUREAU INC 439 Oak St. Garden City, NY 11530						
A lawsuit has been filed against you.						
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Jacob Silver Attorney At Law 237 Club Dr. Woodmere, NY 11598						
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.					
	DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT					
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk					

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lawsuit: Professional Claims Bureau Imposes 'False Sense of Urgency' on Consumers</u>