UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

EROLE ETIENNE, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

ν.

DELIU, LLC d/b/a CRUNCH FITNESS OAKLAND PARK, a foreign limited liability company,

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, Erole Etienne, brings this Class Action Complaint against Defendant, DeLiu, LLC d/b/a Crunch Fitness Oakland Park, to stop its practice of sending unsolicited text messages to cellular telephones without the recipients' prior express written consent and to obtain redress for all persons injured by its conduct, including injunctive relief. Plaintiff, for his Complaint, alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to himself and his own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorneys.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- Defendant owns and operates a Crunch fitness center located in Oakland Park,
 Florida.
- 2. To promote its services, Defendant sends text messages to consumers using an autodialer on their cellular telephones without their prior express written consent. Defendant conducted (and continues to conduct) wide-scale telemarketing campaigns that feature the repeated

sending of unwanted solicitation text messages to consumers' cellular telephones without consent in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 (the "TCPA").

3. The TCPA was enacted to protect consumers from text messages like those alleged and described herein. In response to Defendant's unlawful conduct, Plaintiff files this lawsuit seeking injunctive relief, requiring Defendant to cease all solicitation text-messaging activities to cellular telephones without first obtaining prior express written consent, as well as an award of statutory damages to the members of the Classes under the TCPA, costs, and reasonable attorney's fees.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff, Erole Etienne, is a natural person residing in Broward County, Florida.
- 5. Defendant a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business located at 3500 North Andrews Avenue, Oakland Park, FL 33309.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, as the action arises under the TCPA, which is a federal statute. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it conducts a significant amount of business in this District, solicits consumers in this District, sent and continues to send unsolicited text messages to individuals in this District, and because the wrongful conduct giving rise to this case occurred in, was directed to, and/or emanated from this District.
- 7. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendant conducts a significant amount of business within this District and markets to this District, and because a significant portion of the wrongful conduct giving rise to this case occurred in this District. Venue is additionally proper because Defendant resides in this District.

COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 8. In recent years, companies such as Defendant have turned to unsolicited telemarketing as a way to increase its customer base.
- 9. Text messages, like the ones sent in the instant action, are considered calls under the TCPA. See Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, CG Docket No. 02-278, Report and Order, 18 FCC Rcd. 14014, 14115, ¶ 165 (July 3, 2003); see also Satterfield v. Simon & Schuster, Inc., 569 F.3d 946, 954 (9th Cir. 2009) (noting that text messaging is a form of communication used primarily between telephones and is therefore consistent with the definition of a "call").
- 10. Furthermore, as explained by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") in its 2012 order, the TCPA requires "prior express written consent for all autodialed or prerecorded telemarketing calls to wireless numbers and residential lines." In the Matter of Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, CG No. 02-278, FCC 12-21, 27 FCC Rcd. 1830 ¶ 2 (Feb. 15, 2012).
- 11. Yet, in violation of this rule, Defendant fails to obtain any prior express written consent to send solicitation text messages to consumers' cellular telephone numbers.
- 12. At all times material to this Complaint, Defendant was and is fully aware that unsolicited telemarketing text messages are being sent to consumers' cellular telephones.
- 13. Defendant knowingly sent (and continues to send) unsolicited telemarketing text messages without the prior express written consent of the recipients. In so doing, Defendant not only invaded the personal privacy of Plaintiff and members of the putative class, but also intentionally and repeatedly violated the TCPA.

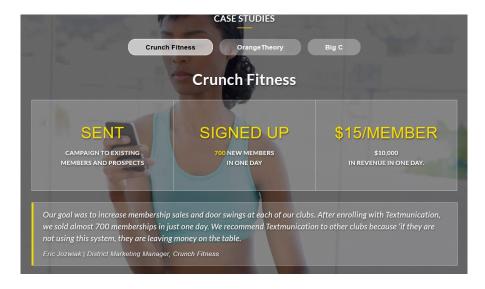
FACTS SPECIFIC TO PLAINTIFF

14. On October 25, 2017 at 2:37 p.m., Defendant, using an automated text-messaging platform, caused the following text message to be transmitted to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number ending in 6444 (the "6444 Number"):

Text Message Today 7:47 PM

Happy 3rd Birthday to Crunch Fitness!: Help us celebrate Crunch Oakland Park's 3rd B-Day with a \$3 Enrollment Fee. expires 8/30 reply STOP 2 stop

- 15. The text message constitutes telemarketing because it promoted Defendant's fitness facility and services.
- 16. The short-code (873-65) from which the text messages originated is registered to Textmunication, Inc. Textmunication provides automated text marketing services for various industries, including Defendant, as it boasts on its website:¹



¹ https://textmunication.com/; (last accessed on November 22, 2017).

- 17. Plaintiff received the subject text message within this judicial district and, therefore, Defendant's violation of the TCPA occurred within this district. Upon information and belief, Defendant caused other text messages to be sent to individuals residing within this judicial district.
- 18. At no point in time did Plaintiff provide Defendant with his express written consent to be contacted by text using an ATDS.
- 19. Plaintiff is the subscriber and sole user of the 6444 Number, and is financially responsible for phone service to the 6444 Number.
- short-code, demonstrates that Defendant utilized an ATDS in transmitting the messages. *See Jenkins v. LL Atlanta, LLC*, No. 1:14-cv-2791-WSD, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 30051, at *11 (N.D. Ga. Mar. 9, 2016)("These assertions, combined with the generic, impersonal nature of the text message advertisements and the use of a short code, support an inference that the text messages were sent using an ATDS.") (citing *Legg v. Voice Media Grp., Inc.*, 20 F. Supp. 3d 1370, 1354 (S.D. Fla. 2014) (plaintiff alleged facts sufficient to infer text messages were sent using ATDS; use of a short code and volume of mass messaging alleged would be impractical without use of an ATDS); *Kramer v. Autobytel, Inc.*, 759 F. Supp. 2d 1165, 1171 (N.D. Cal. 2010) (finding it "plausible" that defendants used an ATDS where messages were advertisements written in an impersonal manner and sent from short code); *Hickey v. Voxernet LLC*, 887 F. Supp. 2d 1125, 1130 (COURT YEAR) (PARANTHETICAL); & *Robbins v. Coca-Cola Co.*, No. 13-CV-132-IEG NLS, 2013 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 72725, 2013 WL 2252646, at *3 (S.D. Cal. May 22, 2013) (observing that mass messaging would be impracticable without use of an ATDS)).
- 21. Specifically, upon information and belief, Defendant utilized a combination of hardware and software systems to send the text messages at issue in this case. The systems utilized

by Defendant have the current capacity or present ability to generate or store random or sequential numbers or to dial sequentially or randomly at the time the call is made, and to dial such numbers, *en masse*, in an automated fashion without human intervention.

22. Defendant's unsolicited text message caused Plaintiff actual harm, including invasion of his privacy, aggravation, annoyance, intrusion on seclusion, trespass, and conversion. Defendant's text messages also inconvenienced Plaintiff and caused disruption to his daily life. *See Patriotic Veterans, Inc. v. Zoeller*, No. 16-2059, 2017 WL 25482, at *2 (7th Cir. Jan. 3, 2017) ("Every call uses some of the phone owner's time and mental energy, both of which are precious.").

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

23. Plaintiff bring this action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(2) and Rule 23(b)(3) on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated and seek certification of the following Class:

All persons within the United States who, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, were sent a text message made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, from Defendants or anyone on Defendants' behalf, to said person's cellular telephone number, without emergency purpose and without the recipient's prior express consent.

24. The following individuals are excluded from the Classes: (1) any Judge or Magistrate presiding over this action and members of their families; (2) Plaintiff's attorneys; (3) persons who properly execute and file a timely request for exclusion from the Classes; (4) the legal representatives, successors or assigns of any such excluded persons; and (5) persons whose claims against Defendant have been fully and finally adjudicated and/or released. Plaintiff anticipates the need to amend the Class definitions following appropriate discovery.

- 25. **Numerosity**: The exact size of the Class is unknown and not available to Plaintiff at this time, but it is clear that individual joinder is impracticable. On information and belief, Defendant sent text messages to thousands of consumers who fall into the definition of the Class. Members of the Class can be easily identified through Defendant's records.
- 26. **Commonality and Predominance**: There are many questions of law and fact common to the claims of Plaintiff and the Class, and those questions predominate over any questions that may affect individual members of the Class. Common questions for the Class include, but are not necessarily limited to the following:
 - (a) whether Defendant's conduct constitutes a violation of the TCPA;
 - (b) whether Defendant utilized an automatic telephone dialing system to send text messages to members of the Classes on their cellular telephones; and
 - (c) whether Defendant obtained prior express written consent to contact any class members.
- 27. Adequate Representation: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Classes, and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class actions. Plaintiff has no interest antagonistic to those of the Classes, and Defendant has no defenses unique to Plaintiff. Plaintiff and his counsel are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the members of the Classes, and have the financial resources to do so. Neither Plaintiff nor his counsel has any interest adverse to the Classes.
- 28. **Appropriateness**: This class action is also appropriate for certification because Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class as a whole, thereby requiring the Court's imposition of uniform relief to ensure compatible standards of conduct toward the members of the Class and making final class-wide injunctive relief appropriate. Defendant's business practices apply to and affect the members of the Class uniformly, and

Plaintiff's challenge of those practices hinges on Defendant's conduct with respect to the Class as a whole, not on facts or law applicable only to Plaintiff. Additionally, the damages suffered by individual members of the Class will likely be small relative to the burden and expense of individual prosecution of the complex litigation necessitated by Defendant's actions. Thus, it would be virtually impossible for the members of the Class to obtain effective relief from Defendant's misconduct on an individual basis. A class action provides the benefits of single adjudication, economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court. Economies of time, effort, and expense will be fostered and uniformity of decisions will be ensured.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION Telephone Consumer Protection Act (Violation of 47 U.S.C. § 227)

- 29. Plaintiff repeats and re-allege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint and incorporates them herein by reference.
- 30. Defendant sent marketing text messages to cellular telephone numbers belonging to Plaintiff and other members of the Class without first obtaining prior express written consent to receive such autodialed text messages.
- 31. Defendant sent the text autodialed text messages using equipment that had the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers using a random or sequential number generator, to receive and store lists of phone numbers, and to dial such numbers, *en masse*, without human intervention. The telephone dialing equipment utilized by Defendant, also known as a predictive dialer, dialed numbers from a list, or dialed numbers from a database of telephone numbers, in an automatic and systematic manner. Defendant's autodialer disseminated information *en masse* to Plaintiff and other consumers.

- 32. By sending the unsolicited text messages to Plaintiff and the cellular telephones of members of the Class without their prior express written consent, and by utilizing an automatic telephone dialing system to make those calls, Defendant violated 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).
- 33. As a result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff and the other members of the Text Message No Consent Class are each entitled to, under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B), a minimum of \$500.00 in damages for each violation of such act.
- 34. In the event that the Court determines that Defendant's conduct was willful and knowing, it may, under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C), treble the amount of statutory damages recoverable by Plaintiff and the other members of the Text Message No Consent Class.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 35. An order certifying the Class as defined above, appointing Plaintiff as the representatives of the Class, and appointing his counsel as Class Counsel;
- 36. An award of actual monetary loss from such violations or the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each violation, whichever is greater all to be paid into a common fund for the benefit of the Plaintiff and the Class Members;
 - 37. An order declaring that Defendant's actions, as set out above, violate the TCPA;
- 38. A declaratory judgment that Defendant's text-messaging equipment constitutes an automatic telephone dialing system under the TCPA;
- 39. An injunction requiring Defendant to cease all unsolicited autodialed textmessaging activities, and otherwise protecting the interests of the Classes;
- 40. An injunction prohibiting Defendant from using, or contracting the use of, an automatic telephone dialing system without obtaining, and maintaining records of, call recipient's prior express written consent to receive text messages made with such equipment;

41. An injunction prohibiting Defendant from contracting with any third-party for marketing purposes until they establish and implement policies and procedures for ensuring the

third-party's compliance with the TCPA;

42. An injunction prohibiting Defendant from conducting any future autodialing

activities until they have established an internal Do Not Call List as required by the TCPA;

An award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to be paid out of the common fund 43.

prayed for above; and

44. Such other and further relief that the Court deems reasonable and just.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff requests a trial by jury of all claims that can be so tried.

DOCUMENT PRESERVATION DEMAND

Plaintiff demands that Defendant take affirmative steps to preserve all records, lists, electronic databases or other itemization of telephone numbers associated with the Defendant and the communication or transmittal of text messages as alleged herein.

Dated: November 22, 2017

Respectfully Submitted,

HIRALDO P.A.

/s/ Manuel S. Hiraldo

Manuel S. Hiraldo, Esq. Florida Bar No. 030380

401 E. Las Olas Boulevard

Suite 1400

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33301

mhiraldo@hiraldolaw.com

Telephone: 954.400.4713 Counsel for Plaintiff

SWEENEY LAW P.A.

Brendan A. Sweeney, Esq. Florida Bar No. 014780

800 S.E. 3rd Ave., Fl 4

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33316-1152

Telephone: 954-440-3993

Counsel for Plaintiff

S JS 44 (R C 28Se 0:17-cv-62297-FAM DOCUMENT L1C10 VERTR SHIDE FLSD Docket 11/22/2017 Page 1 of 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Re-filed Cases Below.

the civil docket sheet. (SEE IN	STRUCTIONS ON THE REVERS	SE OF THE FORM.)	NOT	ICE: Attorneys MUS	T Indicate All Re-filed C	ases Below.	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS			
EROLE ETIENNE, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated				DELIU, LLC d/b/a CRUNCH FITNESS OAKLAND PARK			
* *	of First Listed Plaintiff Broke CEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASE			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)			
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Ad				NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT LAND INVOLVED.			
Hiraldo P.A., 401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Ste. 1400, Fort Lauderdale, FL 3301, 954-400-4713				Attorneys (If Known)			
(d) Check County Where Actio	n Arose: 🗆 MIAMI- DADE	■ MONROE 🗹 BROV	WARD C	J PALM BEACH J MAI	RTIN ST. LUCIE I INDIA	AN RIVER	
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in G	One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff V□ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)				$ (For \ Diversity \ Cases \ Only) \\ \hline PTF \ DEF \ DEF \\ Citizen \ of \ This \ State \ \square \ 1 \ \square \ 1 \ Incorporated \ or \ Principal \ Place \ \square \ 4 \ \square \ 4 \\ of \ Business \ In \ This \ State $			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another State				
				Citizen or Subject of a			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	Γ (Place an "X" in One Box Only)					
CONTRACT	TORT	r's	FOR	FEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
	□ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander □ 330 Federal Employers' Liability □ 340 Marine □ 345 Marine Product Liability □ 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability □ 360 Other Personal Injury CIVIL RIGHTS □ 441 Voting □ 442 Employment □ 443 Housing/ Accommodations □ 444 Welfare □ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities □ mployment □ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities □ the Amer. w/Disabilities	Med. Malpractice 3 65 Personal Injury - Product Liability 3 68 Asbestos Persona Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPER 3 70 Other Fraud 3 71 Truth in Lending 3 80 Other Personal Property Damage Property Damage 3 85 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITION 5 10 Motions to Vaca Sentence Habeas Corpus: 5 30 General 5 335 Death Penalty 5 540 Mandamus & Oti 5 550 Civil Rights	c 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act IMMIGRATION 463 Habeas Corpus-Alien Detainee 465 Other Immigration Actions Trape:		□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 895 Freedom of Information Act 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes Appeal to District 7 Judge from	
	tate Court (se	ee VI below)	Reop	stated or \Box 5 another special specia	r district	Magietrate	
VI. RELATED/RE-FII CASE(S).	(See instructions	UDGE	120 4	5) 1101	DOCKET NUMBER		
VII. CAUSE OF ACTI	diversity): Telephone Consum LENGTH OF TRIAL vis	ner Protection Act	, 47 U.S	S.C. § 227 oth sides to try entire case	<u> </u>		
VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	UNDER F.R.C.P. 2	A CLASS ACTION 3	D)	EMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: : ✓ Yes □ No	
ABOVE INFORMATION IS THE BEST OF MY KNOWI		SIGNATURE OF AT		raldo		er 22, 2017	
				FOR OF	FICE USE ONLY		

AMOUNT

RECEIPT #

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
 - (d) Choose one County where Action Arose.
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States District Courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Refiled (3) Attach copy of Order for Dismissal of Previous case. Also complete VI.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Related/Refiled Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases or re-filed cases. Insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judges name for such cases.

VII. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.

Example:
U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553
Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VIII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida

EROLE ETIENNE, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,								
Plaintiff(s)								
v.)	Civil Action No.							
DELIU, LLC d/b/a CRUNCH FITNESS OAKLAND PARK, a foreign limited liability company,)								
Defendant(s)								
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION								
To: (Defendant's name and address) DeLiu, LLC d/b/a Crunch Fitne	ess Oakland Park							
Registered Agent: Marc Delisle 4801 Peregrine Point Cir. We Sarasota, FL 34231	st							
A lawsuit has been filed against you.								
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer of P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion rowhose name and address are: Manuel S. Hiraldo 401 E. Las Olas Blvd., Ste. 14 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 mhiraldo@hiraldolaw.com 954-400-4713	er to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,							
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be ent You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	tered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.							
	CLERK OF COURT							
Date:								
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk							

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

was re	This summons for (naceived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if an	v)								
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the indi									
			on (date)	; or							
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)										
	on (date), a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there, on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or										
	\square I served the summons on (name of individual)										
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)										
		; or									
	☐ I returned the sun	ed the summons unexecuted because									
	☐ Other (specify):										
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total	of\$0	.00						
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.										
Date:											
		Server's signature									
			Printed name and title								
		_	Server's address								

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Oakland Park Crunch Fitness Operator in Hot Water Over Text Messages