UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA BROWARD DIVISION

Case No:

GEORGE EAST, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

 \mathbf{v}_{ullet}

NATIONAL PROCESSING ALLIANCE, INC., a Foreign Profit Corporation

COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff George East, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated ("Plaintiff"), by and through his undersigned counsel, brings this collective action under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") against NATIONAL PROCESSING ALLIANCE, INC. ("Defendant" or "NPA") for unpaid overtime compensation and hereby states as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Plaintiff worked as a computer/technology based employee for Defendant.
- 2. During Plaintiff's last week of employment, Plaintiff worked in excess of forty (40) hours.
- 3. Defendant admittedly maintains a companywide policy that, during an employee's last week(s) of employment, the employee is paid only at minimum wage, and not the employee's regular rate of pay, and any overtime worked by each employee is paid at time and one half minimum wage, not the employee's regular rate of pay as defined by the FLSA.

- 4. After Plaintiff's termination, Plaintiff was paid Florida's minimum wage for his straight time hours, and not his regular rate of pay with Defendant, was paid time and one half Florida's minimum wage for his overtime hours worked, instead, of being paid overtime at his regular rate of pay as the FLSA requires.
- 5. Plaintiff brings this lawsuit on behalf of himself and all other similarly-situated former employees of Defendant, who: (a) during their final weeks of work for Defendant worked overtime hours; (b) had their hourly rate reduced to minimum wage by Defendant; and (c) were paid overtime based on time and one half minimum wage, and not their regular rate of pay, resulting in a shortage of overtime compensation.
- 6. This lawsuit is brought as a collective action under the FLSA to recover unpaid overtime compensation owed to Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees.
- 7. Plaintiff will seek conditional certification and notice to an opt-in class of hourly paid laborers pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), who were employed by Defendant during the three-year period preceding the filing of this action (hereinafter, "Relevant Liability Period").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. The FLSA authorizes court actions by private parties to recover damages for violation of the FLSA's wage and hour provisions. This Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's FLSA claims pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

9. Venue in the Southern District of Florida is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c), because Defendant provides services in this District and is thus considered a resident of this District. Further, a significant portion of the events giving rise to the claim alleged herein occurred within this District.

PARTIES

- 10. Plaintiff is an adult resident of Florida and was employed by Defendant as an hourly paid computer/technology employee from approximately June 6, 2017, until June 10, 2017, working for Defendant in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.
- 11. During the Relevant Liability Period, Plaintiff was a covered employee within the meaning of the FLSA.
- 12. During the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff time and one half, his regular rate of pay, for hours worked in excess of forty per week.
- Defendant is a foreign profit corporation with its principal place of business in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.
- 14. Defendant is a covered employer within the meaning of the FLSA, and during the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant employed Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees.
- 15. During the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant has employed two or more persons, including Plaintiff, and has "had employees handling, selling or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person," as defined in § 203(s)(1)(A)(i).

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16. During the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant has achieved annual gross sales made or business done of not less than \$500,000.00 in accordance with \$ 203(s)(1)(A)(ii).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 17. Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, are not exempt from the overtime provisions of the FLSA and are paid on an hourly basis.
- 18. Defendant has, and continues to fail to, pay Plaintiff and the putative class proper overtime compensation, by reducing their regular rate of pay to minimum wage in final weeks worked, and improperly paying overtime compensation based on minimum wage, rather than the employee's regular rate of pay as defined by the FLSA.
- 19. In sum, Plaintiff and the putative class worked over forty (40) hours in their final weeks of work for Defendant, but were not paid full and proper overtime wages for all of that work, as required by the FLSA.
- 20. Defendant's policy artificially reduces employees' regular rate of pay to avoid the full and complete payment of overtime compensation as required by the FLSA.
- 21. The FLSA provides that no covered employee shall be employed "for a workweek longer than forty hours unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed." 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1).

- 22. The FLSA further provides that overtime rates cannot be avoided by manipulating the pay for regular hours or otherwise reducing the pay for regular hours to make up for the 150% overtime rate that will have to be paid. *See* 29 C.F.R. § 778.500.
- 23. Defendant was aware that its pay practices were illegal, and chose to deny employees overtime compensation for performing work in willful disregard of their rights under the FLSA.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 24. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the preceding paragraphs through 23.
- 25. Plaintiff brings Count I as an opt-in collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C.§ 216(b) on behalf of himself and the following:
 - All former employees of Defendant during the last three (3) years preceding the filing of this Complaint who: (a) during their final week(s) of work for Defendant worked overtime hours; (b) had their hourly rate reduced to minimum wage by Defendant; and (c) were paid overtime based on time and one half minimum wage, and not their regular rate of pay, resulting in a shortage of overtime compensation.
- 26. The FLSA claim may be pursued by those who opt-in to this case, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
- 27. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of other similarly-situated employees, seeks relief on a collective basis challenging, among other FLSA violations, Defendant's policies and practices of failing to pay full and proper overtime compensation.
- 28. The number and identity of other Plaintiffs yet to opt-in and consent to be party Plaintiffs may be determined from the records of Defendant, and potential

class members may easily and quickly be notified of the pendency of this action.

COUNT I

FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME COMPENSATION TO HOURLY PAID LABORERS IN VIOLATION OF THE FLSA DURING THE FLSA RELEVANT LIABILITY PERIOD

- 29. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the preceding paragraphs 1 through 28 with respect to all hourly paid laborers.
- 30. During the FLSA Relevant Liability Period, Defendant failed to fully compensate employees for hours worked for Defendant in excess of forty (40) per week as required by Section 207 of the FLSA.
- 31. Defendant's employees were victims of an illegal policy and plan by Defendant to deny them full and proper overtime compensation required by the FLSA.
- 32. Defendant's failure to pay hourly paid laborers in accordance with the requirements of Section 207 of the FLSA was in willful disregard of the overtime wage compensation requirements of the FLSA.
- 33. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and other hourly paid laborers, seeks unpaid overtime compensation in an amount to be determined, as well as an equal amount of liquidated damages (or pre-judgment interest in the event liquidated damages are denied), post-judgment interest, and attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all hourly paid laborers, demands judgment against Defendant and prays this Court:

- a. Issue notice to all former employees who were employed by

 Defendant at any time during the Relevant Liability Period, informing them of their right to file consents to join this action;
- b. Declare Defendant's policy of not paying former employees' full and proper overtime compensation, illegal under the FLSA;
- c. Find that Defendant's violation of the FLSA was willful and impose a three- year statute of limitations period for FLSA claims;
- d. Award Plaintiff and all former employees full unpaid overtime compensation;
- e. Award all former employees an amount equal to unpaid overtime compensation as liquidated damages under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);
- f. Award all former employees pre-judgment interest if liquidated damages are not awarded;
 - g. Award all former employees post-judgment interest as provided by law;
- h. Award all former employees reasonable attorneys' fees and costs as mandated by Section 216(b) of the FLSA; and
- i. Award all former employees such other relief as the Court deems fair and equitable.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby requests that upon trial of this action, all issues be submitted to and determined by a jury except those issues expressly reserved by law for determination by the Court.

Dated this 15th day of May 2017.

/s/Richard Celler

Richard Celler, Esq. Florida Bar No.: 0173370 Richard Celler Legal, P.A 7450 Griffin Road, Suite 230

Davie, FL 33314

Telephone: (866) 344-9243 Facsimile: (954) 337-2771

Richard@floridaovertimelawyer.com

Case 0:17-cv-60961-DPG Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 05/15/2017 Page 1 of 2 CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS GEORGE EAST, (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff BROWARD (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				DEFENDANTS NATIONAL PROCESSING ALLIANCE, INC., a Foreign Profit Corporation,					
				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant BROWARD (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.					
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Richard Celler Legal, P. A 7450 Griffin Road, Suite Davie, FL 33314 Tel: (i	4. 230	ver)		Attorneys (If Known	n)				
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)	пі. сі	TIZENSHIP OF	PRINCIPA	AL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for I	Df 1	
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	■ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government		ı	(For Diversity Cases Only)	PTF DEF		and One Box for Defendant) PTF D rincipal Place	Plainig EF J 4	
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizens)	hip of Parties in Item III)	Citize	en of Another State	02 02	Incorporated and I of Business In	Principal Place) 5	
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (DI "Y" O - D - C			en or Subject of a (reign Country	O 3 O 3	Foreign Nation	06 0	J 6	
CONTRACT		ORTS	FO	RFEITURE/PENALTY	BAY	NKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES		
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY ☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	744 1 751 1 790	5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 0 Other LABOR 1 Fair Labor Standards Act 1 Labor/Management Relations 1 Railway Labor Act 1 Family and Medical Leave Act 2 Other Labor Litigation 2 Employee Retirement Income Security Act	422 App 423 With 28 U PROPE 820 Cops 830 Pater 840 Trad 861 HIA 862 Blace 863 DIW 864 SSID 865 RSI (FEDER/ 07 Daxes or D. 871 IRS-	eal 28 USC 158 odrawal USC 157 RTY RIGHTS vrights nt emark SECURITY (1395ff) k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g)) D Title XVI (405(g)) AL TAX SUITS s (U.S. Plaintiff efendant)	375 False Claims Act 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 70 Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commoditi Exchange 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matter 895 Freedom of Informatic Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procect Act/Review or Appeal Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	and s ies/ ons rs on	
☐ 290 All Other Real Property	□ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment □ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other □ 448 Education	☐ 535 Death Penalty Other:	☐ 462 ☐ 465	IMMIGRATION Naturalization Application Other Immigration Actions	n				
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in					<u> </u>		L		
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta 29 U.S.C. §216(b Brief description of ca	itute under which you are) hereinafter called t luse:	filing (De he "FLS	(specify) not cite jurisdictional sta A"	tutes unless div	versity):			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DE	MAND \$		HECK YES only i	if demanded in complaint:		
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE					X Yes □ No	_	
DATE 05/15/2017			RNEY OF	RECORD	LOCKE	T NUMBER		_	
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY								_	
RECEIPT # AM	OUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE		MAG. JUD	GE		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked. Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida						
GEORGE EAS	ST,)					
DI · · ········						
Plaintiff(s))	Civil Action No.				
V.)	Civii Action No.				
NATIONAL PROCESSING A a Foreign Profit Corp						
Defendant(s))					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION						
To: (Defendant's name and address) NATIONAL PROCESSING ALLIANCE, INC., VASSERMAN, VALERIYA 250 174TH STREET, APT 1920 SUNNY ISLES BEACH, FL 33160						
A lawsuit has been filed	against you.					
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must se the Federal Rules of Civil Proced whose name and address are: R 7	States agency, or an officer erve on the plaintiff an answ	E 230				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.						
		CLERK OF COURT				
Date:						
Date:	_	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (no	ame of individual and title, if a	ny)						
was rec	ceived by me on (date)	-	·						
	☐ I personally served	d the summons on the ind	dividual at (place)						
			on (date)	; or					
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)								
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,								
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or								
	☐ I served the summ	, who is							
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)								
		; or							
	☐ I returned the sum	I returned the summons unexecuted because							
	☐ Other (specify):								
	My fees are \$	for travel and	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00					
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.								
D .									
Date:		-	Server's signature	·					
		-	Printed name and title						
		-	Server's address						

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lawsuit Claims National Processing Alliance Manipulates OT Wages</u>