UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MICHAEL DESIMONE, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff.

v.

LOOK BRANDS, LLC,

Defendant.

Civil Action No.:

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff Michael DeSimone, brings this action on behalf of himself, and all others similarly situated against LOOK Brands, LLC ("Defendant"). Plaintiff makes the following allegations pursuant to the investigation of his counsel and based upon information and belief, except as to the allegations specifically pertaining to himself, which are based on personal knowledge.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. For over a year, Defendant has been nickel and diming movie goers on its website in violation of the New York State Arts and Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4). Whenever a movie-goer selects a ticket on the website https://www.lookcinemas.com, they are quoted a feeless price, only to be ambushed by a \$1.95 "convenience fee" per ticket at checkout after clicking through the various screens required to make a purchase. This cheap trick has enabled Defendant to swindle substantial sums of money from its customers.
- 2. To stop this hustle, New York passed Arts and Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4), which provides that "every operator ... of a place of entertainment ... shall disclose the total cost of the ticket, inclusive of all ancillary fees that must be paid in order to purchase the ticket." "Such disclosure of the total cost and fees shall be displayed in the ticket listing *prior to* the

ticket being selected for purchase." *Id.* (emphasis added). And "[t]he price of the ticket shall not increase during the purchase process." *Id.* This latest version of the law went into effect August 29, 2022. *See* Exhibit A.

3. For these reasons, Plaintiff seeks relief in this action individually, and on behalf of all other Defendant ticket purchasers using guest checkout for film screenings in the state of New York for actual and/or statutory damages, reasonable attorneys' costs and fees, and injunctive relief under New York Arts and Cultural Affairs Law § 25.33.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) because there are more than 100 class members, and the aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000.00, exclusive of interest, fees, and costs, and at least one class member is a citizen of a state different from Defendant. Defendant sold at least 100,000 tickets to movie screenings taking place in the state of New York through its website during the applicable class period, and is liable for a minimum of fifty dollars in statutory damages for each ticket sold.
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant operates theatres in the state of New York and sells tickets to movie screenings taking place in New York through its website.
- 6. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Plaintiff resides in this District and purchased tickets to see a movie at a cinema in this District.

PARTIES

7. Plaintiff Michael DeSimone is an individual consumer who, at all times material hereto, was a citizen and resident of Ardsley, New York. Plaintiff purchased a ticket to see a

movie at a cinema in Dobbs Ferry, New York operated by Defendant on March 5, 2023 through Defendant's website, https://www.lookcinemas.com. On information and belief, the transaction flow process he viewed on Defendant's website was substantially similar as that depicted in Figures 1 through 5 in this complaint.

8. Defendant LOOK Brands, LLC is a limited liability company with its principal place of business in Dallas, Texas. Defendant operates brick and mortar cinemas throughout the United States, including several in the state of New York.

RELEVANT FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

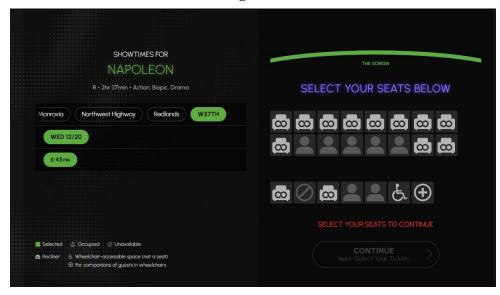
9. When a movie-goer visits Defendant's website, https://www.lookcinemas.com, on the main page, they select a movie they wish to view in a cinema, including in New York. *See* Figure 1. On this page, a movie-goer can select their cinema location, date, movie title, and showtime. *See id*.

South Arlington W57TH Tue 12/26 WFD 12/20 Sun 12/24 Mon 12/25 Wed 12/27 Fri 12/29 RENAISSANCE: A FILM BY BEYONCÉ Wonka Maestro DIGITAL CINEMA PX PREMIUM EXPERIENCE ? DIGITAL CINEMA 8:45PM 8:25 PM

Figure 1

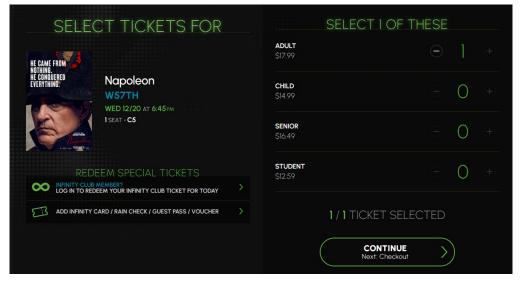
10. If a consumer clicks on one of the showtimes listed on Figure 1, they are taken to a page where they can select their seats. No price is displayed on this screen. *See* Figure 2.

Figure 2



11. After a user selects his or her seat, and clicks the "CONTINUE" button, he or she is taken to a ticket selection page, which shows the price of the ticket. *See* Figure 3 ("\$17.99"). But this page does *not* "disclose the total cost of the ticket, inclusive of all ancillary fees that must be paid in order to purchase the ticket." N.Y. Arts & Cult. Aff. § 25.07(4).

Figure 3



12. After a consumer selects the number of tickets he or she wishes to purchase for the movie he or she selected, at the theatre he or she selected, and for the showtime he or she selected, he or she can click on the "CONTINUE" button. After the consumer clicks that button, he or she is taken to the Checkout screen. See Figure 4. On this screen, the total cost of is displayed, but Defendant's fees and the government's taxes are bundled together so the consumer like Plaintiff has no idea how much Defendant is charging him in ancillary fees.

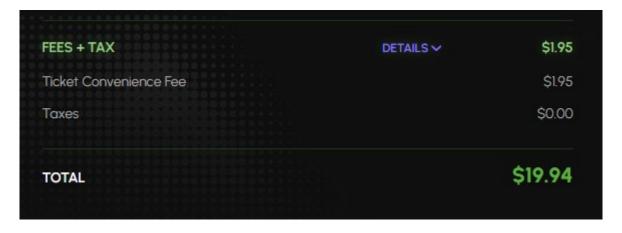
LOOX Checkout WHERE SHOULD WE SEND YOUR CHECKOUT Get your tickets via email and/or phone Napoleon Full Name WED 12/20 AT 6:45 PM **Email Address** SEAT - C5 Phone Number 1 TICKETS \$17.99 FEES + TAX \$1.95 \$19.94 APPLY A GIFT CARD

Figure 4

13. A consumer must instead click on the small purple "DETAILS" text to obtain a breakdown of how much is being charged in Defendant's fees in particular. Defendant's "Ticket Convenience Fee" of \$1.95 per ticket is disclosed for the first and only time on this screen. *See* Figure 5, next page. As it turns out, no taxes are charged at all, and the entire \$1.95 amount is

sent to Defendant's coffers as a "Ticket Convenience Fee." For a family of four, Defendant tacks on an extra \$7.80 at the end of the purchase process. That is roughly equivalent to the cost of a bucket of popcorn.

Figure 5



NEW YORK ARTS & CULTURAL AFFAIRS LAW

- 14. Effective August 29, 2022, New York enacted Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4), which provides that "every operator ... of a place of entertainment ... shall disclose the total cost of the ticket, inclusive of all ancillary fees that must be paid in order to purchase the ticket, and disclose in a clear and conspicuous manner the portion of the ticket price stated in dollars that represents a service charge, or any other fee or surcharge to the purchaser. Such disclosure of the total cost and fees shall be displayed in the ticket listing prior to the ticket being selected for purchase." *Id.* (emphasis added). And "[t]he price of the ticket shall not increase during the purchase process." *Id.*; *Compare with* Figure 3.
- 15. Shortly after the law was enacted, ticketing websites peppered the State of New York's Division of Licensing Services with questions about the scope of the law. As explained by the Division of Licensing Services, "the ticket purchasing process begins once a consumer visits a ticket marketplace and first sees a list of seat prices." *See* N.Y. Dep't of State, Div.

Licens. Servs., Request for Additional Guidance – New York State Senate Bill S.9461, attached hereto as Exhibit A, at 1. "From the moment the prospective purchaser assesses the [] ticket lists through the final payment ... there should be no price increases to the purchaser for the ticket itself." Id. "When a prospective purchaser selects a ticket with full disclosure of the ticket price, the purchaser should not then have to search for the total price of the ticket as the purchaser proceeds through the purchasing process, it should continue to be readily available to the purchaser." Id. at 2 (emphasis added).

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 16. **Nationwide Class**: Plaintiff seeks to represent a class defined as all individuals in the United States who purchased electronic tickets to any film screenings in any cinema location in the State of New York from Defendant's website on or after August 29, 2022. Excluded from the Nationwide Class is any entity in which Defendant has a controlling interest, and officers or directors of Defendant.
- 17. **New York Subclass**: Plaintiff also seeks to represent a subclass defined as all individuals in the New York who purchased electronic tickets to any film screenings in any cinema location in the State of New York from Defendant's website on or after August 29, 2022. Excluded from the New York Subclass is any entity in which Defendant has a controlling interest, and officers or directors of Defendant.
- 18. Members of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass are so numerous that their individual joinder herein is impracticable. On information and belief, members of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass number in the hundreds of thousands.¹ The precise

¹ According to the website traffic analytics company Similarweb, Defendant's website has received 822,900 visits in the last three months, with 99.62% of the website traffic coming from the United States. *See* https://pro.similarweb.com/#/digitalsuite/websiteanalysis/overview/website-performance/*/999/3m?webSource=Total&key=lookcinemas.com.

number of Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members and their identities are unknown to Plaintiff at this time but may be determined through discovery. Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail, email, and/or publication through the distribution records of Defendant.

- 19. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members and predominate over questions affecting only individual Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members. Common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to: (a) whether Defendant failed to disclose the total cost of the ticket, including all ancillary fees, prior to the tickets being selected for purchase in violation of New York Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4); and (b) whether the displayed price of Defendant's tickets increases during the purchase process in violation of New York Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4).
- 20. The claims of the named Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass in that the named Plaintiff and the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass sustained damages as a result of Defendant's uniform wrongful conduct, based upon Defendant failing to disclosing the total cost of its tickets, including Defendant's convenience fees, throughout the online ticket purchase process.
- 21. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members he seeks to represent, he has retained competent counsel experienced in prosecuting class actions, and he intends to prosecute this action vigorously. The interests of Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and his counsel.

22. The class mechanism is superior to other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims of Nationwide Class and New York Subclass members. Each individual Nationwide Class and New York Subclass member may lack the resources to undergo the burden and expense of individual prosecution of the complex and extensive litigation necessary to establish Defendant's liability. Individualized litigation increases the delay and expense to all parties and multiplies the burden on the judicial system presented by the complex legal and factual issues of this case. Individualized litigation also presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments. In contrast, the class action device presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court on the issue of Defendant's liability. Class treatment of the liability issues will ensure that all claims and claimants are before this Court for consistent adjudication of the liability issues.

COUNT I New York Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07 (On Behalf Of The Nationwide Class and New York Subclass)

- 23. Plaintiff repeats the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 24. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass against Defendant.
- 25. Defendant is a "operator or operator's agent of a place of entertainment," because Defendant owns, operates, or controls movie theatres, or is an agent for another business entity that owns, operates, or controls movie theatres. "Place of entertainment' means any privately or publicly owned and operated entertainment facility such as a <u>theatre</u>, stadium, arena, racetrack, museum, amusement park, or other place where performances, concerts, exhibits, athletic games

or contests are held for which an entry fee is charged." N.Y. Arts & Cult. Aff. Law § 25.03(6) (emphasis added). "'Operator' means any person who owns, operates, or controls a place of entertainment." N.Y. Arts & Cult. Aff. Law § 25.03(5).

- 26. Defendant violated New York Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4) by failing to disclose the "total cost of a ticket, inclusive of all ancillary fees that must be paid in order to purchase the ticket" after a ticket is selected, as depicted in Figure 3 of this Complaint.
- 27. Defendant also violated New York Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4) by increasing the price of its tickets during the purchase process, as depicted in Figures 3-5 of this Complaint.
- 28. Defendant's \$1.95 per ticket "convenience fee" is an "ancillary fee[] that must be paid in order to purchase the ticket." N.Y. Arts & Cult. Aff. Law § 25.07(4).
- 29. Plaintiff purchased a ticket on Defendant's website and was forced to pay Defendant's convenience fee. Plaintiff was harmed by paying this convenience fee, even though that convenience fee was not disclosed to Plaintiff at the beginning of the purchase process, and therefore, is unlawful pursuant to New York Arts & Cultural Affairs Law § 25.07(4).
- 30. On behalf of himself and members of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass, Plaintiff seeks to enjoin the unlawful acts and practices described herein, to recover his actual damages or fifty dollars, whichever is greater, and reasonable attorneys' fees. *See* N.Y. Arts & Cult. Aff. Law § 25.33.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the members of the Nationwide Class and New York Subclass, prays for judgment as follows:

(a) For an order certifying the Classes under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil

Procedure and naming Plaintiff as representative of the Classes and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel to represent the Classes;

- (b) For an order declaring that Defendant's conduct violates the statutes referenced herein;
- (c) For an order finding in favor of Plaintiff and the Classes on all counts asserted herein;
- (d) For compensatory and statutory damages in amounts to be determined by the Court and/or jury;
- (e) For prejudgment interest on all amounts awarded;
- (f) For an order of restitution and all other forms of equitable monetary relief;
- (g) For injunctive relief as pleaded or as the Court may deem proper; and
- (h) For an order awarding Plaintiff and the Classes their reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses and costs of suit.

Dated: December 22, 2023 BURSOR & FISHER, P.A.

By: /s/ Philip L. Fraietta
Philip L. Fraietta

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Attorneys for Plaintiff

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>LOOK Cinemas' Ticket Convenience Fee Violates New York Law, Class Action Says</u>