UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

JOHN DAGATA, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated;

Plaintiff,

Civil Action 2:18-cv-17116

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

-V.-

FINANCIAL BUSINESS AND CONSUMER SOLUTIONS, INC.
D/B/A FBCS, INC.,
LVNV FUNDING, LLC
JOHN DOES 1-25

Defendant(s).

Plaintiff John Dagata (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a New Jersey resident, brings this Class Action Complaint by and through his attorneys, Stein Saks PLLC, against Defendant Financial Business and Consumer Solutions, Inc. dba FBCS Inc. (hereinafter "Defendant FBCS"), and Defendant LVNV Funding, LLC (hereinafter "Defendant LVNV"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Congress enacted the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (hereinafter, "the FDCPA" or "Act") in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and

unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. §1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws...[we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).

2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." *Id.* § 1692(e). After determining that the existing consumer protection laws ·were inadequate ~ *Id.* § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. *Id.* § 1692k.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 15 U.S.C. § 1692 et. seq. The Court has pendent jurisdiction over all State law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) as this is where a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 5. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New Jersey consumers under §1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA"), and
 - 6. Plaintiff is seeking damages and declaratory relief.

PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of New Jersey, County of Sussex, residing at 19 Greenhill Road, Hamburg, NJ, 07419.
- 8. FBCS is a "debt collector" as the phrase is defined in 15_U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6) and used in the FDCPA with an address at 330 S Warminster Road Ste 353, Hatboro, PA, 19040.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Defendant FBCS is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 10. LVNV is a "debt collector" as the phrase is defined in 15_U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6) and used in the FDCPA with an address for service in New Jersey c/o Corporation Service Company.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Defendant LVNV is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 12. John Does 1-25, are fictitious names of individuals and businesses alleged for the purpose of substituting names of Defendants whose identities will be disclosed in discovery and should be made parties to this action.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 13. Plaintiff brings this claim on behalf of the following case, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ.P. 23(a) and 23(b)(3).
 - 14. The Class consists of:
 - a. all individuals with addresses in the State of New Jersey;
 - to whom FBCS sent an initial collection letter attempting to collect a consumer debt on behalf of LVNV;

- c. that deceives the consumer by omitting the complete and accurate requirement that every part of a consumer's dispute of a debt must be in writing, as provided for under §1692g (the "G-Notice");
- d. which letter was sent on or after a date one (1) year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date twenty-one (21) days after the filing of this action.
- 15. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of Defendants and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collect and/or have purchased debts.
- 16. Excluded from the Plaintiff Class are the Defendants and all officer, members, partners, managers, directors and employees of the Defendants and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action, and all members of their immediate families.
- 17. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Class, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as Exhibit A, violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e & 1692g.
- 18. The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff Class defined in this complaint. The Plaintiff has retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiff nor his attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.

- 19. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:
 - a. <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that the Plaintiff Class defined above is so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
 - b. <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff Class and those questions predominate over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as Exhibit A violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e & 1692g.
 - c. <u>Typicality:</u> The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the class members.
 The Plaintiff and all members of the Plaintiff Class have claims arising out of the Defendants' common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
 - d. Adequacy: The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiff has no interests that are adverse to the absent class members. The Plaintiff is committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiff has also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiff nor his counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
 - e. <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all

members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.

- 20. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff Class predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- 21. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiff may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 22. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 23. Some time prior to December 15, 2017, an obligation was allegedly incurred to T-Mobile USA.
- 24. The T-Mobile obligation arose out of a transaction where Plaintiff was given phone services for personal use.
 - 25. The alleged T-Mobile obligation is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C.\(\} 1692a(5).
 - 26. T-Mobile is a "creditor" as defined by 15 U.S.C.\(\) 1692a(4).
- 27. Defendant LVNV acquired the T-Mobile debt and contracted with the Defendant FBCS to collect the alleged debt.

28. Defendant FBCS collects and attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors using the United States Postal Services, telephone and internet.

Violation – December 15, 2017 Collection Letter

- 29. On or about December 15, 2017 Defendant FBCS sent Plaintiff an initial contact notice (the "Letter") on behalf of Defendant LVNV regarding the alleged debt owed. A true and accurate copy of the Letter is attached as Exhibit A.
- 30. When a debt collector solicits payment from a consumer, it must, within five days of an initial communication send the consumer a written notice containing:
 - (1) the amount of the debt;
 - (2) the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed;
 - (3) a statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debt collector;
 - (4) a statement that if the consumer notifies the debt collector in writing within the thirty-day period that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, the debt collector will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of the judgment against the consumer and a copy of such verification or judgment will be mailed to the consumer by the debt collector; and
 - (5) a statement that, upon the consumer's written request within the thirty-day period, the debt collector will provide the consumer with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a).

- 31. The FDCPA further provides that "if the consumer notifies the debt collector in writing within the thirty day period . . . that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed . . . the debt collector shall cease collection . . . until the debt collector obtains verification of the debt . . . and a copy of such verification is mailed to the consumer by the debt collector." 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(b).
- 32. Specifically, with regard to section 1692g(a)(3), the Third Circuit has made clear that "any dispute, to be effective, must be in writing." *Graziano v. Harrison*, 950 F.2d 107, 112 (3d Cir. 1991).
- 33. Thus, within the Third Circuit, a debt collector's written disclosure must convey the requirement that a consumer must dispute a debt <u>in writing</u> under §1692g(a)(3).
- 34. [I]n order to comply with the requirements of § 1692g, more is required than the mere inclusion of the statutory debt validation notice in the debt collection letter—the required notice must also be conveyed effectively to the debtor." *Wilson v. Quadramed Corp.*, 225 F.3d 350, 354 (3d Cir. 2000), as amended (Sept. 7, 2000) (citations omitted). A debt collector violates the FDCPA when a validation notice is "overshadowed" or "contradicted by other portions of the communication. Id. at 111; Wilson, 225 F.3d at 354.
- 35. The Letter does not meet the required guidelines of the FDCPA, as interpreted by the Third Circuit, because it falsely omits the requirement of the "G Notice" in the first sentence by leaving out the requirement that a consumer must dispute in writing.
- 36. In omitting the writing requirement, Defendant FBCS falsely communicates the consumer's requirements under the FDCPA.
- 37. Furthermore, the second sentence of the "G Notice" begins: "If" you notify us in writing..., implying that the writing requirement is voluntary. When coupled with the failure of

the first sentence to contain any mention of the word "writing," the least sophisticated consumer would be confused as to what his actual requirements were for properly disputing the debt.

- 38. Pursuant to section 1692g(a)(3), the Third Circuit has made clear that "any dispute, to be effective, must be in writing." *Graziano v. Harrison*, 950 F.2d 107, 112 (3d Cir. 1991). Thus, a written disclosure that fails to convey the requirement that a consumer must dispute a debt in writing falls afoul of the FDCPA's requirements.
- 39. This false and inaccurate portion of the Letter is misleading because it fails to advise Plaintiff of the proper method for exercising his dispute and validation rights under the FDCPA.
- 40. Plaintiff sustained an informational injury as he was not fully apprised of his rights and responsibilities necessary to properly exercise his options under §1692g.
- 41. As a result of Defendants false statements, Plaintiff effectively waived his rights to this statutorily available information because he was not properly informed of the "G-Notice" requirements set forth in the FDCPA, as interpreted in the Third Circuit.
- 42. As a result of Defendants deceptive, misleading and false debt collection practices, Plaintiff has been damaged.

COUNT I VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692e et seq.

- 43. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 44. Defendants debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.

- 45. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, a debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.
 - 46. Defendants violated §1692e:
 - a. As the Letter it is open to more than one reasonable interpretation, at least one of which is inaccurate.
 - b. By making a false and misleading representation in violation of §1692e(10).
- 47. By reason thereof, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendants conduct violated Section 1692e et seq. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

COUNT II VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692g et seq.

- 48. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 49. Defendants debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692g.
 - 50. Pursuant to 15 USC §1692g, a debt collector:

Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing –

- 1. The amount of the debt;
- 2. The name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed;

- A statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debtcollector;
- 4. A statement that the consumer notifies the debt collector in writing within thirty-day period that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, the debt collector will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the consumer and a copy of such verification or judgment will be mailed to the consumer by the debt collector; and
- 5. A statement that, upon the consumer's written request within the thirty-day period, the debt collector will provide the consumer with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.
- 51. The Defendants violated 15 U.S.C. §1692g, by falsely misstating the consumer's rights by omitting the requirement that he must request validation and make any dispute of the debt in writing.
- 52. By reason thereof, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendants conduct violated Section 1692g et seq. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

53. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff John Dagata, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, demands judgment from Defendants FBCS, Inc. and LVNV Funding, LLC as follows:

- 1. Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative, and Yaakov Saks, Esq. as Class Counsel;
 - 2. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;
 - 3. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;
- 4. Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;
 - 5. Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and
- 6. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: Hackensack, New Jersey December 12, 2018

/s/ Yaakov Saks

By: Yaakov Saks, Esq. Stein Saks, PLLC 285 Passaic Street Hackensack, NJ 07601 Phone: 201-282-6500

Fax: 201-282-6501

Email: ysaks@steinsakslegal.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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| provided by local rules of court purpose of initiating the civil de | . This form, approved by the | he Judicial Conference of the | ne United States in September 1 | 1974, is required for the use of | the Clerk of Court for the | |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| JOHN DAGATA, individu | ally and on behalf of a | all others similarly situa | perendants financial busif D/B/A FBCS, INC. | PEFENDANTS FINANCIAL BUSINESS AND CONSUMER SOLUTIONS, INC. D/B/A FBCS, INC., LVNV FUNDING, JOHN DOES 1-25 | | |
| (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Sussex (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) | | | NOTE: IN LAND CO | County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. | | |
| (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A Yaakov Saks- Stein Saks 285 Passaic Street, Hack (201) 282-6500 ext 101 | s, PLLC | r) | Attorneys (If Known) | | | |
| II. BASIS OF JURISDI | CTION (Place an "X" in C | One Box Only) | I. CITIZENSHIP OF P | RINCIPAL PARTIES | (Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti | |
| ☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff | ★ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) | | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | |
| ☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant | ☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) | | Citizen of Another State | | | |
| | | | Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | 3 | □ 6 □ 6 | |
| IV. NATURE OF SUIT | | nly) DRTS | FORFEITURE/PENALTY | Click here for: Nature of BANKRUPTCY | of Suit Code Descriptions. OTHER STATUTES | |
| □ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property | PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education | PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement | Carrier Car | □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609 | OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC | |
| X 1 Original □ 2 Re | moved from 3 te Court Cite the U.S. Civil Sta | Appellate Court | (specify | er District Litigation Transfer | | |
| VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO | DN 15 U.S.C. § 1692 Brief description of ca | ause: | Collection Practices Act | | | |
| VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: A CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. | | IS A CLASS ACTION | DEMAND \$ | DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Y Yes □ No | | |
| VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY | E(S) (See instructions): | JUDGE | | DOCKET NUMBER | | |
| DATE | SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD | | | | | |
| 12/11/2018 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY | | /s/Yaakov Saks | | | | |
| | AMOUNT APPLYING IFP | | JUDGE | MAG. JUDGE | | |

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EXHIBIT A

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FROM: P.O. Box 1116 Charlotte, NC 28201-1116 330 S. WARMINSTER RD. SUITE 353 HATBORO, PA 19040 1-866-594-8638

PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL



December 15, 2017

John Dagata 19 GREENHILL RD HAMBURG, NJ 07419-2219

Current Creditor <
Original Creditor <
Account # <
Current Balance <
File # <

LVNV Funding LLC T-Mobile USA Inc. \$547.65

Your account has been referred to this office for collection.

We are requesting payment in full on the amount referenced above. Your failure to remit will result in further collection attempts. If you are unable to pay in full, contact one of our agents. There may be other payment options available based on your specific situation in which our agents have been specially trained to listen to your circumstances and guide you through the process. Call us toll free at 1-866-594-8538.

Hours of operation:

Monday 9:00 am through 7:00 pm Tuesday 9:00 am through 7:00 pm Wednesday 9:00 am through 7:00 pm Thursday 9:00 am through 7:00 pm Friday 9:00 am through 7:00 pm Saturday 9:00 am through 12:30 pm

(All times listed are Eastern Standard Time)

Or visit our website at www.fbcs-inc.com for 24 hour payment options.

This is an attempt to collect a debt and any information obtained will be used for that purpose. This communication is from a debt collector.

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice, that the debt or any portion thereof is disputed, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

▲ Detach Here ▲

Hours of operation: Monday

A Detach Here A

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: FBCS, LVNV Funding Facing Class Action Over Allegedly Improper Debt Dispute Instructions