	Case 3:17-cv-01076-AJB-BGS Document 1	Filed 05/24/17 PageID.1 Page 1 of 13					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Joshua Swigart, Esq. (SBN: 225557) josh@westcoastlitigation.com Kevin Lemieux, Esq (SBN: 225886) kevin@westcoastlitigation.com HYDE AND SWIGART 2221 Camino Del Rio South, Suite 101 San Diego, CA 92108 Telephone: (619) 233-7770 Facsimile: (619) 297-1022 [Other Attorneys of Record Listed on Sign Attorneys for Plaintiff	nature Page]					
9 10							
11		CT OF CALIFORNIA					
12		Case No.: '17CV1076 AJB BGS					
13	Patrick Cross, Individually and on behalf of All Others Similarly						
14	Situated,	CLASS ACTION					
15	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF					
16	,						
17	V.	PURSUANT TO THE					
18	West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a.	TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.					
19	Green World Pro, Yossi Ohayon, and/or Imane Haddada a.k.a.						
20	Imane Bytton,	Learn Trial Dear on de d					
	Infunc Dy teony	Jury Iriai Demanded					
21		Jury Trial Demanded					
21 22	Defendants.	Jury Irial Demanded					
		Jury Irial Demanded					
22	Defendants.	DUCTION					
22 23	Defendants. INTROD						
22 23 24	Defendants. INTROD 1. Patrick Cross (referred to individua	DUCTION					
22 23 24 25	Defendants. INTROD 1. Patrick Cross (referred to individua this class action for damages, injur	DUCTION ally as "Mr. Cross" or "Plaintiff"), brings					

HYDE & SWIGART Consumer Protection Attorneys Imane Bytton (referred to as "Defendants"), in negligently, knowingly, and/or willfully contacting Plaintiff on Plaintiff's cellular telephone, in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq., ("TCPA"), thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy. Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to himself and his own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorneys.

- 2. The TCPA was designed to prevent calls like the ones described within this complaint, and to protect the privacy of citizens like Plaintiff. "Voluminous consumer complaints about abuses of telephone technology for example, computerized calls dispatched to private homes prompted Congress to pass the TCPA." *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740, 744 (2012).
- 3. In enacting the TCPA, Congress intended to give consumers a choice as to how creditors and telemarketers may call them, and made specific findings that "[t]echnologies that might allow consumers to avoid receiving such calls are not universally available, are costly, are unlikely to be enforced, or place an inordinate burden on the consumer." TCPA, Pub.L. No. 102-243, § 11. Toward this end, Congress found that:

Banning such automated or prerecorded telephone calls to the home, except when the receiving party consents to receiving the call or when such calls are necessary in an emergency situation affecting the health and safety of the consumer, is the only effective means of protecting telephone consumers from this nuisance and privacy invasion.

Id. at § 12; *see also, Martin v. Leading Edge Recovery Solutions, LLC*, 2012 WL 3292838, at *4 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 10, 2012) (citing Congressional finding on TCPA's purpose).

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 4. Congress also specifically found that "the evidence presented to the Congress indicates that automated or prerecorded calls are a nuisance and an invasion

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of privacy, regardless of the type of call [...]." *Id.* At §§ 12-13. *See also, Mims*, 132 S. Ct. at 744.

5. As Judge Easterbrook of the Seventh Circuit explained in a TCPA case regarding calls to a non-debtor similar to this one:

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act [...] is well known for its provisions limiting junk-fax transmissions. A less litigated part of the Act curtails the use of automated dialers and prerecorded messages to cell phones, whose subscribers often are billed by the minute as soon as the call is answered – and routing a call to voicemail counts as answering the call. An automated call to a landline phone can be an annoyance; an automated call to a cell phone adds expense to annoyance.

Soppet v. Enhanced Recovery Co., LLC, 679 F.3d 637, 638 (7th Cir. 2012).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Jurisdiction is proper under 47 U.S.C §227(b); *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S.Ct. 740 (2012), because Plaintiff alleges violations of federal law.

7. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and 1441(a) because Plaintiff lives in San Diego, CA, and the events giving rise to Plaintiff's causes of action against Defendant occurred in the State of California within the Southern District of California and Defendant conducts business in the area of San Diego, California.

PARTIES

8. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, an individual citizen and resident of the County of San Diego, in the State of California. Plaintiff owns real property in the County and City of San Diego, which was the subject of Defendants' automated call marketing solar systems.

- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a limited liability company registered in the state of California and headquartered in Van Nuys, CA, and at all times mentioned herein was, a n LLC and a "person," as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (39).
- 10. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant Yossi Ohayon is an individual who owns, runs, is responsible for, and/or is the alter ego of West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro.
- 9 11. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant Imane
 10 Haddada a.k.a. Imane Bytton is an individual who owns, runs, is responsible
 11 for, and/or is the alter ego of West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro.
 - 12. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times, Defendants conducted business in the State of California and in the County of San Diego, and within this judicial district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 13. At all times relevant, Plaintiff was a citizen of the State of California.
 Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, "persons" as defined by 47
 U.S.C § 153 (39).
- 20
 14. Defendants are, and at all times mentioned herein were, "persons" as defined
 by 47 U.S.C. §153 (39).
- Sometime prior to January 1, 2006, Mr. Cross was assigned, and became the
 owner of, a cellular telephone number from his wireless provider.
- 24
 16. On September 27, 2006 Mr. Cross registered his phone number on the
 25
 National Do Not Call Registry.
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 17. On or about May 2, 2017, Mr. Cross received a telephone call on his cellular
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 2017, Mr. Cross received a telephone call on his cellular
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using an "artificial or prerecorded voice" as prohibited by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b) (1)(A).

- 3 18. The call to Mr. Cross's cellular telephone number (San Diego area code (858)
 4 XXX-4677), from Defendant came from phone number: (858) 252–2674.
 - 19. During this call from Defendant to Mr. Cross's cellular telephone, there was a long pause after Mr. Cross answered the call wherein Mr. Cross said "Hello' two or three times. Then Mr. Cross heard a click and someone came on the line asking if he was interested in a solar system for his home.
- 9 20. Mr. Cross inquired the name of the company from the caller and he was told it
 10 was Green World Pro.
 - 21. The ATDS used by Defendants has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator.
 - 22. The ATDS used by Defendants also has the capacity to, and does, call telephone numbers from a list of databases of telephone numbers automatically and without human intervention.
 - 23. The telephone number Defendants called was assigned to a cellular telephone service for which Plaintiff incurred a charge for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1).
- 19 24. Plaintiff at no time provided "prior express consent" for Defendants to place
 20 telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone with an artificial or
 21 prerecorded voice utilizing an ATDS as proscribed under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)
 22 (1)(A).
- 23 25. Plaintiff had not provided his cellular telephone number to Defendants.
 24 Plaintiff was not a customer of Defendants. Plaintiff had no "established business relationship" with Defendants, as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (a)(2).
- 26 Z6. These telephone calls made by Defendants or their agents were in violation of
 27 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).
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HYDE & SWIGART

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Case 3:17-cv-01076-AJB-BGS Document 1 Filed 05/24/17 PageID.6 Page 6 of 13 **STANDING** 1 2 27. Standing is proper under Article III of the Constitution of the United States of 3 America because Plaintiff's claims state: 4 a. a valid injury in fact; 5 b. which is traceable to the conduct of Defendants; c. and is likely to be redressed by a favorable judicial decision. 6 See, Spokeo, Inc. v. Robins, 578 U.S. (2016) at 6, and 7 Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife, 504 U.S. 555 at 560. 8 28. In order to meet the standard laid out in Spokeo and Lujan, Plaintiff must 9 clearly allege facts demonstrating all three prongs above. 10 11 A. The "Injury in Fact" Prong 12 29. Plaintiff's injury in fact must be both "concrete" and "particularized" in order 13 to satisfy the requirements of Article III of the Constitution, as laid out in 14 Spokeo (Id.). 15 30. For an injury to be "concrete" it must be a *de facto* injury, meaning that it 16 actually exists. In the present case, Plaintiff was called on his cellular phone 17 by Defendant, who utilized an ATDS and a pre-recorded voice. Such calls are 18 a nuisance, an invasion of privacy, and an expense to Plaintiff. Soppet v. 19 Enhanced Recovery Co., LLC, 679 F.3d 637, 638 (7th Cir. 2012). All three of 20 these injuries are concrete and *de facto*. 21 For an injury to be "particularized" means that the injury must "affect the 31. 22 plaintiff in a personal and individual way." Spokeo, Inc. v. Robins, 578 U.S. 23 (2016) at 7. In the instant case, it was Plaintiff's phone that was called 24 and it was plaintiff himself who answered the calls. It was Plaintiff's personal 25 privacy and peace that was invaded by Defendants' phone call using an 26 ATDS. Finally, Plaintiff alone is responsible to pay the bill on his cellular 27

phone. All of these injuries are particularized and specific to Plaintiff, and will be the same injuries suffered by each member of the putative class.

B. The "Traceable to the Conduct of Defendant" Prong

- 32. The second prong required to establish standing at the pleadings phase is that Plaintiff must allege facts to show that his injury is traceable to the conduct of Defendant(s).
- 33. In the instant case, this prong is met simply by the fact that the calls to plaintiff's cellular phone were placed either, by Defendants directly, or by Defendants' agent at the direction of Defendants.

C. The "Injury is Likely to be Redressed by a Favorable Judicial Opinion" Prong

- 34. The third prong to establish standing at the pleadings phase requires Plaintiff to allege facts to show that the injury is likely to be redressed by a favorable judicial opinion.
- 35. In the present case, Plaintiff's Prayers for Relief include a request for damages for each call made by Defendants, as authorized by statute in 47 U.S.C. § 227. The statutory damages were set by Congress and specifically redress the financial damages suffered by Plaintiff and the members of the putative class.
- 36. Furthermore, Plaintiff's Prayers for Relief request injunctive relief to restrain
 Defendants from the alleged abusive practices in the future. The award of
 monetary damages and the order for injunctive relief redress the injuries of
 the past, and prevent further injury in the future.
- 37. Because all standing requirements of Article III of the U.S. Constitution have
 been met, as laid out in *Spokeo, Inc. v. Robins, 578 U.S.* (2016), Plaintiff
 has standing to sue Defendants on the stated claims.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 38. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and on behalf of all others similarly situated ("the Class").
- 39. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, the Class, consisting of:

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HYDE & SWIGART

- a. All persons within the United States who had or have a number assigned to a cellular telephone service, who received at least one call using an ATDS and/or an artificial prerecorded voice from Defendants West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro, Yossi Ohayon, and/or Imane Haddada a.k.a. Imane Bytton, or their agents, calling on behalf of Defendants West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro, Yossi Ohayon, and/or Imane Haddada a.k.a. Imane Bytton, between the date of filing this action and the four years preceding, where such calls were placed for the purpose of marketing solar services/systems including but not limited to the sale or installation of home solar systems, to noncustomers of Defendants West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro, Yossi Ohayon, and/or Imane Haddada a.k.a. Imane Bytton, at the time of the calls.
- 40. Defendants and their employees or agents are excluded from the Class. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Class, but believes the Class members number in the thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.
- 41. Plaintiff and members of the Class were harmed by the acts of Defendants in at least the following ways: Defendants illegally contacted Plaintiff and the Class members via their cellular telephones thereby causing Plaintiff and the Class members to incur certain cellular telephone charges or reduce cellular telephone time for which Plaintiff and the Class members previously paid, by

having to retrieve or administer messages left by Defendants or their agents, during those illegal calls, and invading the privacy of said Plaintiff and the Class members. Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby.

- 42. This suit seeks only damages and injunctive relief for recovery of economic injury on behalf of the Class and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand the Class definition to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.
- 43. The joinder of the Class members is impractical and the disposition of their
 claims in the Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties
 and to the Court. The Class can be identified through Defendants' records
 and/or Defendants' agent's records.
 - 44. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to the Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members, including the following:
 - i. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of the Complaint, Defendants made, or caused to be made, any call(s) (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to the Class members using any ATDS or an artificial or prerecorded voice to any telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service;
 - ii.Whether Defendants called non-customers of Defendants for marketing purposes;
 - iii. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby,and the extent of damages for such violation(s); and
 - iv.Whether Defendants should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.

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- 45. As a person that received calls from Defendants in which Defendants used an ATDS or an artificial or prerecorded voice, without Plaintiff's prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Class. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class in that Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to any member of the Class.
- 46. Plaintiff and the members of the Class have all suffered irreparable harm as a result of the Defendants' unlawful and wrongful conduct. Absent a class action, the Class will continue to face the potential for irreparable harm. In addition, these violations of law will be allowed to proceed without remedy and Defendants will likely continue such illegal conduct. The size of Class member's individual claims causes, few, if any, Class members to be able to afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein.
 - 47. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims and claims involving violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act.
- 48. A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with federal and California law. The interest of Class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum statutory damages in an individual action for violation of privacy are minimal. Management of these claims is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than those that would be presented in numerous individual claims.
- 49. Defendants have acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby
 making appropriate final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief
 with respect to the Class as a whole.

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1 2		FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.						
3	50.	Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this						
4		Complaint as though fully stated herein.						
5	51.	The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and						
6		multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each						
7		and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.						
8	52.	As a result of Defendants' negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.,						
9		Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory						
10		damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).						
11	53.	Plaintiff and the Class are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief						
12		prohibiting such conduct in the future.						
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13 14 15	K	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.						
14	K 54.	NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE						
14 15		NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.						
14 15 16		NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this						
14 15 16 17	54.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. 						
14 15 16 17 18	54.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and 						
14 15 16 17 18 19	54.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not 						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	54.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	54. 55.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. 						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	54. 55.	 CNOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. As a result of Defendants' knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 						
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	54. 55.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. As a result of Defendants' knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and each of the Class are entitled to treble damages, as 						
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	54. 55.	 NOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. As a result of Defendants' knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and each of the Class are entitled to treble damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00, for each and every violation, pursuant to 						

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		Case 3::	17-cv-01076-AJB-BGS Document 1 Filed 05/24/17 PageID.12 Page 12 of 13				
	1	PRAYER FOR RELIEF					
	2	58.	Wherefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff and the				
	3		Class members the following relief against Defendants:				
	4						
	5		FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NEGLIGENT VIOLATION OF THE TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.				
	6	59.					
	7 8		Plaintiff seeks for himself and each Class member \$500.00 in statutory				
	0 9		damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).				
	10	60.	Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such				
	11		conduct in the future.				
ART	12	61.	Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.				
VIG.	13		SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR KNOWING AND/OR WILLFUL				
& SWIGART Protection Attorney	14		VIOLATION				
DE S	15		OF THE TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.				
HYI INSUO	16	62.	As a result of Defendants' willful and/or knowing violations of 47 U.S.C. §				
	17		227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for himself and each Class member treble damages,				
	18		as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00 for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).				
	19	63.	Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § $227(b)(3)(B)$ and 47 U.S.C. § $227(b)(3)(C)$.				
	20	05.	conduct in the future.				
	21	64.	Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.				
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			- 12 of 13 -				

		Case 3:17-cv-01076-AJB-BGS Document 1 Filed 05/24/17 PageID.13 Page 13 of 13				
	1	1 TRIAL BY JURY				
	2	65. Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States of				
	3	America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.				
	4					
	5	Respectfully submitted,				
	6	Date: May 24, 2017 HYDE & SWIGART				
	7					
	8	By: <u>s/Kevin Lemieux</u>				
	9	Kevin Lemieux Attorneys for Plaintiff				
	10					
RT	11					
[GA	12					
SW]	13 14					
S S	14	Other Attorneys of Record, besides caption page:				
HYDE & SWIGARI	16	Abbas Kazerounian, Esq. (SBN: 249203)				
Έŝ	17	ak@kazlg.com				
	18	KAZEROUNI LAW GROUP, APC 245 Fischer Avenue, Suite D1				
	19	Costa Mesa, CA 92626				
	20	Telephone: (800) 400-6808 Facsimile: (800) 520-5523				
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JS 44 (Rev. 12/12) Case 3:17-cv-01076-AJB-BGS CIVIL COVER SHEET Page 1 of 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)*

F F						
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Patrick Cross, Individually	y and on behalf of all c	others similarly situate	d West Coast Cente	DEFENDANTS West Coast Center, LLC d.b.a. Green World Pro, Yossi Ohayon, and/or Imane Haddada a.k.a. Imane Bytton		
(b) County of Residence of	First Listed Plaintiff		County of Pasidance	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant		
•	CEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	SES)		(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES C	DNLY)	
			NOTE: IN LAND CO THE TRACT			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	Attorneys (If Known)	'47 C \/407(6 AJB BGS	
Kevin Lemieux, Esq., Hyd 2221Camino Del Rio S.,				1/ 6 10/6	DAJD DUJ	
222 I Camino Dei Rio 3.,	Ste. 101, Sali Diego, C	JA 92100				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF P (For Diversity Cases Only)	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif and One Box for Defendant)	
□ 1 U.S. Government	■ 3 Federal Question		P	FF DEF	PTF DEF	
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government)	(U.S. Government Not a Party)		1 🗖 1 Incorporated or Pr of Business In T		
□ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		2 🗖 2 Incorporated and H of Business In A		
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		aly) DRTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
□ 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	625 Drug Related Seizure	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	□ 375 False Claims Act	
 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 	310 Airplane315 Airplane Product	365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	of Property 21 USC 881	423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 	
140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability	□ 367 Health Care/			430 Banks and Banking	
150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	320 Assault, Libel & Slander	Pharmaceutical Personal Injury		PROPERTY RIGHTS 820 Copyrights	□ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation	
 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted 	330 Federal Employers' Liability	Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal		 830 Patent 840 Trademark 	470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations	
Student Loans	□ 340 Marine	Injury Product			480 Consumer Credit	
(Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY	LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards	SOCIAL SECURITY ☐ 861 HIA (1395ff)	 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ 	
of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits	 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle 	 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 	Act 720 Labor/Management	 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 	Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions	
190 Other Contract	Product Liability	□ 380 Other Personal	Relations	□ 864 SSID Title XVI	891 Agricultural Acts	
 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise 	360 Other Personal Injury	Property Damage 385 Property Damage	 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical 	□ 865 RSI (405(g))	 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information 	
	362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	Product Liability	Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation		Act 896 Arbitration	
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	791 Employee Retirement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	899 Administrative Procedure	
 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 	 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee	Income Security Act	870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision	
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	 442 Employment 443 Housing/ 	510 Motions to Vacate		871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	950 Constitutionality of	
 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 	Accommodations	Sentence 530 General		20 USC 7009	State Statutes	
□ 290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	535 Death Penalty Other:	IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Application	-		
	446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 	465 Other Immigration Actions			
	□ 448 Education	555 Prison Condition	i totons			
		560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of				
V ODICINI		Confinement				
	moved from \Box 3	Remanded from d 4 Appellate Court		er District Litigation		
	47 U.S.C. 8 227 e	tute under which you are fiet seq. ("TCPA")	(specify) ling (Do not cite jurisdictional stat			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Brief description of ca		er Protection Act			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$ 5,000,000.00	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint:	
VIII. RELATED CASH		5,1	3,000,000.00	JUKI DEMAND:		
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATTOR	NEY OF RECORD			
05/24/2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		s/ Kevin Lemieux				
RECEIPT # AM	//OUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE	
Print	Save As				Reset	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)

- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV.** Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Green World Pro Sued Over Purportedly Illegal Robocalls</u>