# KAZEROUNI LAW GROUP, APC Abbas Kazerounian, Esq. (249203) ak@kazlg.com Elizabeth Wagner, Esq. (317098) LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL G. SHAY Daniel G. Shay, Esq. (250548) danielshay@tcpafdcpa.com 409 Camino Del Rio South, Ste 101B

elizabeth@kazlg.com San Diego, CA 92108 245 Fischer Avenue, Unit D1 Telephone: (619) 222-7429

Costa Mesa, CA 92626 Facsimile: (866) 431-3292
Telephone: (800) 400-6808

#### **HYDE & SWIGART, APC**

Facsimile: (800) 520-5523

Joshua B. Swigart, Esq. (225557) josh@westcoastlitigation.com Yana A. Hart, Esq. (3076499) yana@westcoastlitigation.com

2221 Camino Del Rio South, Ste 101

San Diego, CA 92108 Telephone: (619) 233-7770

Facsimile: (619) 297-1022

Attorneys for Plaintiff
Taneesha Crooks

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

TANEESHA CROOKS, INDIVIDUALLY AND ON BEHALF OF ALL OTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED,

Plaintiff,

v.

WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A. f/k/a WACHOVIA BANK, N.A.,

Defendant.

Case No.: '18CV0219 DMS JLB

#### **CLASS ACTION**

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF FOR VIOLATION OF THE FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT, 15 U.S.C. § 1681, ET SEQ.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Crooks et al. v. Wells Fargo

#### Introduction

- 1. The United States Congress has also found the banking system is dependent upon fair and accurate credit reporting. Inaccurate credit reports directly impair the efficiency of the banking system, and unfair credit reporting methods undermine the public confidence, which is essential to the continued functioning of the banking system. Congress enacted the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq. ("FCRA"), to insure fair and accurate reporting, promote efficiency in the banking system, and protect consumer privacy. The FCRA seeks that consumer reporting agencies exercise their grave responsibilities with fairness, impartiality, and a respect for the consumer's right to privacy because consumer reporting agencies have assumed such a vital role in assembling and evaluating consumer credit and other information on consumers. The FCRA also imposes duties on the sources that provide credit information to credit reporting agencies, called "furnishers."
- 2. TANEESHA CROOKS ("Plaintiff"), by Plaintiff's attorneys, brings this class action complaint to challenge the actions of WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A., f/k/a WACHOVIA BANK, N.A. ("Defendant") with regard to Defendant's unauthorized and unlawful credit inquiry.
- 3. Plaintiff makes these allegations on information and belief, with the exception of those allegations that pertain to a plaintiff, or to a Plaintiff's counsel, which Plaintiff alleges on personal knowledge.
- 4. While many violations are described below with specificity, this Complaint alleges violations of the statute cited in its entirety.
- 5. Unless otherwise stated, all the conduct engaged in by Defendant took place in the State of California.

- 6. Any violations by Defendant were knowing, willful, and intentional, and Defendant did not maintain procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such violation.
- 7. Unless otherwise indicated, the use of Defendant's name in this Complaint includes all agents, employees, officers, members, directors, heirs, successors, assigns, principals, trustees, sureties, subrogees, representatives, and insurers of Defendant's named.
- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant acquired Plaintiff's credit information through an unauthorized inquiry of Plaintiff's "consumer report[s]" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. 1681a(d)(1).

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. Jurisdiction of this Court arises pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331..
- 10. This action arises out of Defendant's violations of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681 *et seq.* ("FCRA").
- 11.Because Defendant is a corporation headquartered in the State of California and conducting business in California, personal jurisdiction is established.
- 12. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) because Defendant, at all times herein mentioned, was doing business in the County of San Diego, State of California. Further, venue is proper in this district because Plaintiff resides and resided in this district at all times herein mentioned such that a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claim occurred in this district.

#### **PARTIES**

13.Plaintiff is a natural person who resides in the County of San Diego, State of California, whose credit report(s) were affected by at least one unauthorized inquiry by Defendant. In addition, Plaintiff is a "consumer[s]" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(c).

- 14. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a national bank with its principal place of business in California and State of Incorporation in the State of Delaware.
- 15.Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon allege, that Defendant is a "person" as the term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(b).

#### STATUTORY BACKGROUND

- 16. The FCRA is a consumer protection statute which regulates the activities of credit reporting agencies and users of credit reports, and which provides certain rights to consumers affected by use of the collected information about them.
- 17. Congress designed the FCRA to preserve the consumer's right to privacy by safeguarding the confidentiality of the information maintained by the consumer reporting agencies. Congress stated in the opening section of the FCRA that "[t]here is a need to insure that consumer reporting agencies exercise their grave responsibilities with fairness, impartiality, and a respect for the consumer's right to privacy." 15 U.S.C. § 1681(a)(4).
- 18.Under the FCRA, the term "consumer report" means any written, oral, or other communication of any information by a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's creditworthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living which is used or expected to be used or collected in whole or in part for the purpose of serving as a factor in the underwriting of credit transactions involving the consumer.
- 19. Congress has chosen to protect the consumer's right to privacy by prohibiting any release of consumer reports unless the release is for one of the permissible purposes listed in 15 U.S.C. § 1681b.

- 20.15 U.S.C. § 1681b(f) in turn provides "[a] person shall not use or obtain a consumer report for any purpose unless (1) the consumer report is obtained for a purpose for which the consumer report is authorized to be furnished under this section."
- 21. The permissible purposes listed in 1681b usually arise only in connection with transactions initiated by the consumer. *See* 15 U.S.C. § 1681b(a)(3)(A)-(F).

#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 22. In or around 2006, Plaintiff purchased a Nissan Armada, receiving financing for said purchase through Defendant ("the Debt").
- 23. Subsequently, Plaintiff filed for bankruptcy on October 20, 2016.
- 24. Plaintiff's debt to Defendant was included in said bankruptcy petition.
- 25.Plaintiff received a discharge order pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 727 on January 18, 2017.
- 26. As such, the Debt was officially discharged through Plaintiff's Bankruptcy.
- 27. Notice by electronic servicing was sent to Defendant on January 20, 2017.
- 28.Defendant did not file any proceedings to declare its Debt "non dischargeable" pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 523 et seq.
- 29.Defendant also did not request relief from the "automatic stay" codified at 11 U.S.C. §362 *et seq.* while Plaintiff's Bankruptcy was pending to pursue the Plaintiff on any personal liability for any of the underlying Debt.
- 30. Accordingly, Plaintiff's Debt to Defendant was discharged through Bankruptcy.
- 31.Plaintiff did not conduct any business nor incur any additional financial obligations with Defendant since the date of the discharge of this bankruptcy.
- 32. Upon review of Plaintiff's Equifax credit report dated March 22, 2017, Plaintiff discovered that on or about March, 7, 2017, two months after the

- discharge, Defendant submitted an unauthorized account review credit report inquiry to Equifax.
- 33. Plaintiff did not request or apply for credit with Defendant after her bankruptcy.
- 34.Defendant's inquiry on March 7, 2017 was unauthorized and illegal. After Plaintiff received the above referenced discharged order, Plaintiff no longer held an account with Defendant.

AR-Wachovia Bank 03/07/2017

301 S. Tyron St. Charlotte, NC 28288-0001 Phone: (800) 922-4684

- 35. Further, Defendant was on notice of Plaintiff's discharge and thus, had no reason to pull Plaintiff's credit report.
- 36.15 U.S.C. § 1681b delineates the only permissible uses of, or access to, consumer reports.
- 37.Defendant's inquiry for Plaintiff's consumer report information, without Plaintiff's consent, falls outside the scope of any permissible use or access included in 15 U.S.C. § 1681b.
- 38. Through this conduct of making an unauthorized consumer report inquiry regarding Plaintiff, Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. § 1681b by using Plaintiff's consumer report for an impermissible use that falls outside the scope of 15 U.S.C. § 1681b.

#### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

- 39. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and on behalf of all others similarly situated (the "Class").
- 40. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of the Class, consisting of:

All persons with an address within the United States whose consumer credit report was obtained by Defendant within the past five (5) years from any of

the three major credit reporting agencies (Transunion, Equifax, and Experian), where: (i) the debt of the account had been discharged in bankruptcy; (ii) the account was closed with a zero balance; or (iii) the account had been sold or transferred to a third party.

- 41.Defendant and its employees or agents are excluded from the Class. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Class, but believe the Class members number in the hundreds, if not more. This matter should therefore be certified as a Class action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.
- 42. Plaintiff reserves the right to redefine the Class and to add subclasses as appropriate based on discovery and specific theories of liability.
- 43. Plaintiff and members of the Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant, either directly or through its agents, engaged in illegal and deceptive practices, when it submitted an unauthorized consumer report inquiry under 15 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.* Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby.
- 44. This suit seeks only recovery of actual and statutory damages on behalf of the Class, and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand the Class definition to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.
- 45. The joinder of the Class members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the court. The Class can be identified through Defendant's records or Defendant's agents' records.
- 46. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law

745 FISCHER AVENUE, UNIT DI COSTA MESA, CA 92626 DI COSTA DI COSTA

and fact to the Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members, including the following:

- a. Whether, within the five years prior to the filing of this Complaint,
  Defendant or its agents submitted any consumer credit report inquiries
  without the consent of members of the Class;
- b. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violations;
- c. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members are entitled to statutory damages as a result of Defendant's conduct;
- d. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members are entitled to injunctive relief;
- e. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members are entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs;
- f. Whether Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interest of the Class; and,
- g. Whether Plaintiff's counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interest of the Class.
- 47.As a person that suffered an unauthorized consumer credit report inquiry by Defendant on her credit report(s), Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Class. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interest of the Class in that Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to any member of the Class.
- 48.Plaintiff and the members of the Class have all suffered irreparable harm as a result of the Defendant's unlawful and wrongful conduct. Absent a class action, the Class will continue to face the potential for irreparable harm. In addition, these violations of law will be allowed to proceed without remedy and Defendant will likely continue such illegal conduct. Because of the size

- of the individual Class member's claims, few, if any, Class members could afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein.
  - 49. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims and claims involving violations of the Fair Credit Reporting Act.
  - 50.A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with federal and California law. The interest of Class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum statutory damages in an individual action for FCRA violations are minimal. Management of these claims is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than those presented in many class claims.
  - 51.Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.

#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

# THE FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1692x (FCRA)

- 52.Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 53. The foregoing acts and omissions constitute numerous and multiple violations of the FCRA.
- 54.As a result of each and every negligent violation of the FCRA, Plaintiff is entitled to statutory damages, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681o(a)(1); and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681o(a)(2), from Defendant.
- 55.As a result of each and every willful violation of the FCRA, Plaintiff is entitled to statutory damages of not less than \$100 and not more than \$1,000 and such amount as the court may allowed for all other class members,

pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(1)(A); punitive damages as the court may allow, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(2); and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(3) from Defendant.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 56. Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff the following relief against Defendant:
  - An order certifying this action to be a proper class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, establishing an appropriate Class and any Subclasses the Court deems appropriate, finding that Plaintiff are proper Class representatives, and appointing the lawyers and law firms representing Plaintiff as counsel for the Class;
  - Special, general, compensatory and punitive damages;
  - An award of statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(1);
  - An award of punitive damages as the Court may allow pursuant to 15
     U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(2);
  - An award of costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(3), and 15 U.S.C. § 1681(o)(a)(1) against Defendant for each incident of negligent noncompliance of the FCRA; and,
  - Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.

#### TRIAL BY JURY

57. Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States
of America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

Dated: January 30, 2018

## Respectfully submitted, KAZEROUNI LAW GROUP, APC

By: s/ Abbas Kazerounian, Esq. Abbas Kazerounian, Esq. AK@KAZLG.COM ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF

### $_{\text{JS 44 (Rev. 12/12)}}\text{Case 3:18-cv-00219-DMS-JLB} \\ \textbf{CIVIL Cover} \\ \textbf{SHEET 31/18} \quad \text{PageID.12} \quad \text{Page 1 of 2} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 2} \\ \textbf{Page 2.1/31/18} \\ \textbf{PageID.12} \\ \textbf{Page 3:18-cv-00219-DMS-JLB} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 2} \\ \textbf{Page 3:18-cv-00219-DMS-JLB} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 2} \\ \textbf{Page 3:18-cv-00219-DMS-JLB} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 2} \\ \textbf{Page 3:18-cv-00219-DMS-JLB} \\ \textbf{Page 4.0 } \\ \textbf{Page 4.0 } \\ \textbf{Page 4.0 } \\ \textbf{Page 5.0 } \\ \textbf{Page 5.0 } \\ \textbf{Page 6.0 } \\ \textbf{Page 6.0$

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil do  I. (a) PLAINTIFFS  Taneesha Crooks, Indivices  Situated	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	DEFENDANTS									
(b) County of Residence of (E)  (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A) Abbas Kazerounian, Esq. 245 Fischer Avenue, Unit	D-6808	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.  Attorneys (If Known)  1808  1808									
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION OF THE COLUMN TO		ш ст	TIZENSIIID O	E DDI	NICID	AI DADTIES	(DI ((TIN )			
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	■ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)		III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintify  (For Diversity Cases Only)  PTF  DEF  Citizen of This State  1 Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State								
1 2 U.S. Government			Citize	en of Another State	<b>1</b> 2	<b>□</b> 2	Incorporated and of Business In		<b>□</b> 5	<b>5</b>	
IV MATUDE OF CHI				Citizen or Subject of a							
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		orts	FO	ORFEITURE/PENAL	LTY	BA	NKRUPTCY	OTHER	STATUTE	ES	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise    REAL PROPERTY   □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 355 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury Medical Malpractice  CIVIL RIGHTS  440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other  365 Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending Property Damage Product Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending Property Damage Product Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending Property Damage Product Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending Property Damage Product Liability S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 3730 Other Personal S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 3730 Other Personal S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 3730 Other Personal S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 3730 Other Personal S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 3730 Other Personal S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 3730 Other Personal S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending S70 Other Fraud		LABOR  O Tair Labor Standard: Act  Labor/Management Relations  Relations  O Railway Labor Act  Family and Medical Leave Act  Other Labor Litigativ  Employee Retiremer Income Security Act  IMMIGRATION  Other Immigration Actions	re control con	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157  PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark  SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g))  FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609		375 False (   400 State F     410 Antitru     430 Banks     450 Comm     460 Deport     470 Racket     Corrup     480 Consu     490 Cable/     850 Securi     Excha     891 Agricu     893 Enviro     895 Freedo     Act     896 Arbitra     896 Arbitra     Act/Re     Agenc     950 Consti	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange ■ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
<b>▼</b> 1 Original □ 2 Rea	moved from 3 te Court  Cite the U.S. Civil Sta 15 U.S.C. §§ 168	Appellate Court  tute under which you a 1 et seq. ("FCRA")		pened A	ransferre another D specify) nal statute	District	☐ 6 Multidist Litigation				
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of ca		eporting	Act						_	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	Defendant violated the Fair Credit Roll  CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.			DEMAND \$       CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:         5,000,000.00       JURY DEMAND: ☒ Yes ☐ No							
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	(See instructions):		DOCKET NUMBER								
DATE 01/31/2018 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD s/ Abbas Kazerounian										
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		II ID	GE		MAG III	DGF			

Reset

**Print** 

Save As...

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

  United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included nere. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)

- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- **V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

  Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

  Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

**Date and Attorney Signature.** Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

### **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Wells Fargo Bank Tapped in Class Action Alleging it Made Unauthorized Credit Inquiries