#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA MIAMI DIVISION

CASE NO.:	
JUAN COLLINS, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	
Plaintiff, v.	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
QUINCY BIOSCIENCE, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company,	JURY DEMAND
Defendant/	

#### CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff Juan Collins brings this action, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, against Defendant Quincy Bioscience, LLC ("Quincy") and states:

#### NATURE OF ACTION

1. Quincy manufactures, markets, and distributes Prevagen, a purported brain health supplement made with the protein apoaequorin (pron. 'a-po-ah-kwor-in'). For over a decade, Quincy has uniformly marketed Prevagen nationwide as being designed for one purpose:



Quincy unequivocally represents that "Prevagen improves memory" on the front page of its website,<sup>2</sup> in every advertisement, be it in print, on the internet, or on television, and even on the front of every bottle of Prevagen—where it cannot be missed by consumers. Quincy further represents on the front of every Prevagen package label that Prevagen "[s]upports" "Healthy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These products include: Prevagen Regular Strength Capsules (10 mg. apoaequorin), Prevagen Regular Strength 60 Capsules (10 mg. apoaequorin), Prevagen Extra Strength Capsules (20 mg. apoaequorin), Prevagen Mixed Berry Chewable (10 mg. apoaequorin), Prevagen Extra Strength Chewable (20 mg. apoaequorin), and Prevagen Professional Strength (40 mg. apoaequorin) (collectively, "Prevagen" or "the products").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.prevagen.com/

Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking." On the back of every Prevagen label, Quincy further represents that Prevagen "help[s] with mild memory problems associated with aging" and "improve[s] memory within 90 days."

- 2. In truth, it is impossible for Prevagen to work as represented, and Quincy repeatedly and uniformly makes false statements to the public about Prevagen's ability (rather, non-ability) to improve memory or to otherwise affect the brain. Apoaequorin, the only purported active ingredient in Prevagen, is nothing more than a protein that, once ingested, is completely and rapidly destroyed by the digestive system and transformed into common amino acids (and possibly small peptides) no different than those derived from, say, baloney.
- 3. Moreover, Prevagen is sold in doses ranging from 10–40 mg (or .01–.04 grams). Given that the average daily diet contains about 75 grams of protein, a single dose of Prevagen accounts for about .013–.053% of the protein the average person consumes daily. Thus, the protein consumed through a daily dose of Prevagen amounts to a mere drop in the ocean that can have no measurable effect on the brain.
- 4. Finally, the fact that Prevagen cannot affect the brain is further supported because the protein derivatives the apoaequorin is rapidly digested into are unable to cross the blood brain barrier, so they can never reach the brain to affect it to begin with.
- 5. Therefore, Prevagen is rapidly digested and completely destroyed during the absorption process and cannot "[s]upport" "Healthy Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking," it cannot "help with mild memory problems associated with aging" nor can it "improve memory within 90 days," or any of the other things Quincy claims it can. The only reason a consumer would purchase Prevagen is to obtain these advertised health benefits, which Prevagen does not—and cannot—provide.
- 6. Quincy is well-aware that Prevagen does not provide the health benefits they advertise. Quincy attempts to bolster its misrepresentations through hyping an unpublished, inhouse study it performed to test Prevagen, which it calls the "Madison Memory Study." Yet, in a recent action the FTC brought against Quincy, the court indicated that "[i]t is common ground that the Madison Memory Study ... failed to show a statistically significant improvement in the experimental group over the placebo group as a whole." Further, on February 8, 2019, during

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Patten, Bonnie. *Prevagen is Going to The Dogs*. (Feb. 22, 2019) *available at* <a href="https://www.truthinadvertising.org/prevagen-is-going-to-the-dogs/">https://www.truthinadvertising.org/prevagen-is-going-to-the-dogs/</a>

oral argument before the Second Circuit Court of Appeal regarding that same case, Quincy's counsel had the following exchange with the panel:

Prevagen: "We don't dispute that if you look across the entire 211 people who completed the study there was no statistically significant difference but-"

Court: "You couldn't. You couldn't dispute that."

Prevagen: "And I'm not." 4

Regarding its claims that apoaequorin can cross the blood-brain barrier, Quincy said at the same oral argument that:

Did we ever say we have evidence that it [Prevagen] crosses the *human* blood brain barrier? *No*. We only say we have evidence that it crosses the blood brain barrier *in the dog study*.<sup>5</sup>

- 7. Quincy's misrepresentations regarding Prevagen are false, deceptive, and are likely to mislead reasonable consumers.
- 8. As a result of Quincy's false and deceptive representation, consumers including Plaintiff and members of the proposed Class have purchased a product that does not perform as advertised. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and other similarly situated consumers who have purchased Prevagen to halt the dissemination of these false, misleading and deceptive advertising messages, correct the false and misleading perception they have created in the minds of consumers, and obtain redress for those who have purchased Prevagen. Based on violations of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, §§ 501.201, *et seq.*, Florida Statutes ("FDUTPA") and unjust enrichment, Plaintiff seeks injunctive and monetary relief for consumers who purchased Prevagen.

#### **PARTIES**

9. Plaintiff Juan Collins ("Plaintiff Collins") is a citizen of Leon County, Florida and is currently a Senior Attorney for the Florida Dispute Resolution Center of the Office of the State Courts Administrator. Plaintiff Collins was also a Deputy General Counsel at the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, an Assistant General Counsel at the Florida Department of Children and Families, and is a retired JAG Officer having served over 29 years in the United States Army Reserve. Plaintiff Collins is the father of six children and has eight grandchildren and two godsons. Plaintiff Collins serves on the Board of Directors for the Neighborhood Medical Center and

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> *Id*.

the Sickle Cell Foundation and serves as Vice-President of the Tallahassee Area Chapter of 100 Black Men. Plaintiff Collins was selected "Man of the Year" by the Tallahassee Chapter of 100 Black Men at the Chapter's 2017 Black Tie Scholarship Gala on June 16, 2017. When Plaintiff Collins' sister was diagnosed with Alzheimer's, he did everything in his power to help prolong her life and to preserve her mental faculties. This is why in Summer 2017 Plaintiff Collins purchased Prevagen Extra Strength from a Walgreens located at 1106 Clearlake Road, Cocoa, Florida 32922. Prior to purchasing these products, Plaintiff Collins was exposed to and saw Quincy's memory improvement representations by reading the Prevagen Extra Strength label, as well as other advertisements, including television, internet, and print advertisements. The Prevagen Extra Strength Plaintiff Collins purchased did not and could not improve memory or support healthy brain function as represented. As a result, Plaintiff Collins suffered injury in fact and lost money at the point of purchase. Had Plaintiff Collins known the truth about Quincy's misrepresentations and omissions, he would not have purchased the Prevagen Extra Strength.

10. Defendant Quincy is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the state of Wisconsin. Quincy's headquarters is at 301 South Westfield Road, Suite 200, in Madison, Wisconsin. The sole member of Quincy is Quincy Bioscience Holding Company, Inc. Quincy Bioscience Holding Company, Inc. is a Wisconsin corporation. Defendant Quincy is therefore a citizen of Wisconsin. Defendant Quincy manufactures, advertises markets, distributes, and/or sells Prevagen to tens of thousands of consumers in Florida and throughout the United States. Quincy may be served with process by serving its registered agent, Keith A. Thomsen, at 726 Heartland Trail, Suite 300, Madison, WI 53717.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 11. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A) because this is an action for a sum exceeding \$5,000,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and in which at least one class member is a citizen of a state different than Quincy.
- 12. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Quincy because Quincy is authorized to do business and is conducting business throughout the United States, including in Florida. Quincy has marketed, promoted, distributed, and sold the Prevagen products in the United States, including Florida, and has sufficient minimum contacts with this State and/or sufficiently avails itself of the markets of the various states of the United States, including Florida, to render the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court permissible.

13. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because many of the acts and transactions giving rise to this action occurred in this District and Quincy is authorized to conduct business in this District, has intentionally availed itself of the laws and markets within this District through the promotion, marketing, distribution and sale of the Prevagen products in this District and is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District.

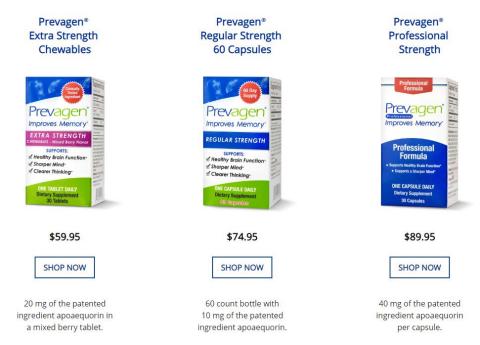
#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 14. Quincy manufactures, distributes, markets and sells nationwide, including in Florida, a variety of Prevagen products, which contain a purported active ingredient called apoaequorin (pron. 'a-po-ah-kwor-in'), which Quincy clams "is safe and uniquely supports brain function." This lawsuit concerns six of those products, *see* p. 1, *supra* at n. 1.
- 15. Quincy's Prevagen products are sold in virtually every major food, drug, and mass retail outlet in the country, as well as online through Quincy's Prevagen website. Prevagen prices range from about \$39.95–\$89.95 per bottle, depending on the pill count or dosage of apoaequorin. The following are screen shots of the products:<sup>7</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See <u>https://www.prevagen.com/about-prevagen/</u>

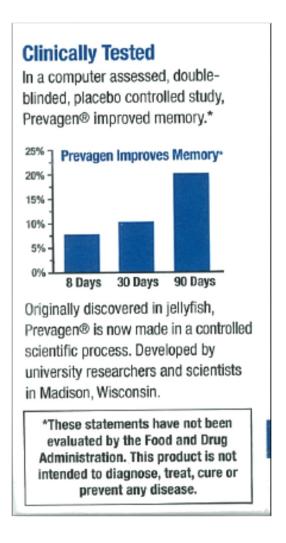
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See <a href="https://www.prevagen.com/shop/">https://www.prevagen.com/shop/</a>



16. Since Prevagen's launch in 2007, Quincy has consistently conveyed the message to consumers throughout the United States, including in Florida, that Prevagen "[s]upports" "Healthy Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking," that Prevagen "help[s] with mild memory problems associated with aging" and "improve[s] memory within 90 days." It does not. Quincy's misrepresentations are false, misleading and deceptive.

17. Despite the evidence, scientific fact, and Quincy's own admissions that Prevagen does not and cannot improve memory or support brain function, sharper mind or clearer thinking, each and every Prevagen package and label repeatedly emphasizes that Prevagen "[s]upports" "Healthy Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking," that Prevagen "help[s] with mild memory problems associated with aging" and "improve[s] memory within 90 days." Each and every consumer who purchases Prevagen is exposed to these deceptive misrepresentations, which appear prominently and conspicuously on the front, back, and/or sides of each Prevagen box as follows:





18. And, on the top of the Prevagen box is a picture of the brain encircled by the "SUPPORTS HEALTHY BRAIN FUNCTION" misrepresentation:



19. Quincy's misrepresentations regarding Prevagen are conspicuously present on its website:



HOME ABOUT Q&A RESEARCH WHERE TO FIND SHOP WELLNESS

Home » About

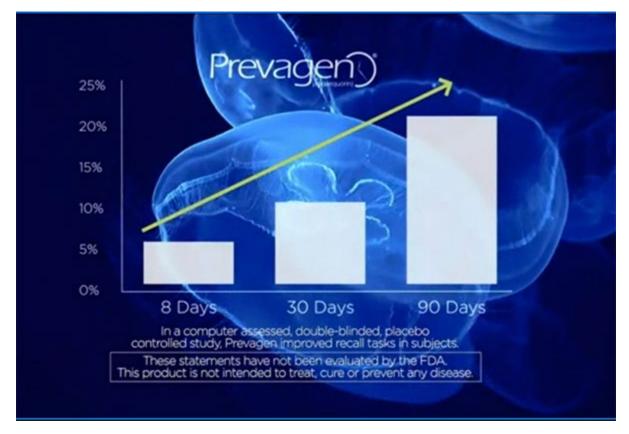
### **Prevagen Improves Memory**\*

Prevagen has been clinically shown to help with mild memory loss associated with aging.\*

Prevagen contains apoaequorin (pron. 'a-po-ah-kwor-in') which is safe and uniquely supports brain function.\* Prevagen is a dietary supplement that is available over-the-counter without the need for a prescription and is available at <u>stores everywhere</u>.



As well as in its television and internet advertisements:



- 20. As of the filing of this Complaint, Quincy continues to unequivocally and falsely claim that Prevagen "[s]upports" "Healthy Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking," that Prevagen "help[s] with mild memory problems associated with aging" and "improve[s] memory within 90 days." The only reason a consumer would purchase Prevagen is to obtain these advertised health benefits, which Prevagen does not—and cannot—provide.
- 21. Plaintiff and the Class members have been damaged in their purchases of these products based on Quincy's false representations. Plaintiff and Class members have been and will continue to be deceived or misled by Quincy's false and deceptive misrepresentations. Plaintiff would not have purchased Prevagen had he known that Quincy's claims were false and misleading.

#### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

22. As detailed below in the individual counts, Plaintiff brings this lawsuit on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23(a), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

#### A. Class Definitions

- 23. Plaintiff seeks to represent the following Florida Class:
  All consumers from Florida who, within the applicable limitations period, purchased the Prevagen products.
- 24. Excluded from the above Class are Quincy and its officers, directors and employees and those who purchased Prevagen for resale.
- 25. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed Class before or after the Court determines whether such certification is appropriate as discovery progresses.

#### **B.** Numerosity

26. The Class is comprised of thousands of consumers throughout the state of Florida. The Class is so numerous that joinder of all members of the Class is impracticable. The precise number of class members is unknown to Plaintiff.

#### C. Commonality/Predominance

27. This action involves common questions of law and fact, which predominate over any questions affecting individual class members. These common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) whether the claims discussed above are true, or are misleading, or objectively reasonably likely to deceive;
- (b) whether the alleged conduct constitutes violations of the FDUTPA;
- (c) whether Quincy engaged in false or misleading advertising;
- (d) whether Quincy has been unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff and the Class members as a result of Quincy's false and misleading representations;
- (e) whether Plaintiff and Class members have sustained monetary loss and the proper measure of that loss; and
- (f) whether Plaintiff and Class members are entitled to other appropriate remedies, including corrective advertising and injunctive relief.

#### D. Typicality

28. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class because, *inter alia*, all Class members were injured through the uniform misconduct described above, were subject to Quincy's deceptive statements, including that Prevagen "[s]upports" "Healthy Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking," that Prevagen "help[s] with mild memory problems associated with aging" and "improve[s] memory within 90 days." Plaintiff is advancing the same claims and legal theories on behalf of himself and all Class Members.

#### E. Adequacy of Representation

29. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in complex consumer class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. Plaintiff has no adverse or antagonistic interests to those of the classes. Plaintiff anticipates no difficulty in the management of this litigation as a class action. To prosecute this case, Plaintiff has chosen the undersigned law firms, which have the financial and legal resources to meet the substantial costs and legal issues associated with this type of consumer class litigation.

#### F. Requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3)

- 30. The questions of law or fact common to Plaintiff's and each Class member's claims predominate over any questions of law or fact affecting only individual members of the Class. All claims by Plaintiff and the unnamed Class members are based on the common marketing and sales practices Quincy utilized in its sale of Prevagen to Plaintiff and the unnamed Class members.
- 31. Common issues predominate when, as here, liability can be determined on a class-wide basis, even when there will be some individualized damages determinations.

32. As a result, when determining whether common questions predominate, courts focus on the liability issue, and if the liability issue is common to the Class as is in the case at bar, common questions will be held to predominate over individual questions.

#### G. Superiority

- 33. A class action is superior to individual actions in part because of the non-exhaustive factors listed below:
  - (a) Joinder of all Class members would create extreme hardship and inconvenience for the affected customers as they reside throughout the country;
  - (b) Individual claims by Class members are impractical because the costs to pursue individual claims exceed the value of what any one Class member has at stake. As a result, individual Class members have no interest in prosecuting and controlling separate actions;
  - (c) There are no known individual Class members who are interested in individually controlling the prosecution of separate actions;
  - (d) The interests of justice will be well served by resolving the common disputes of potential Class members in one forum;
  - (e) Individual suits would not be cost effective or economically maintainable as individual actions; and
  - (f) The action is manageable as a class action.

#### H. Requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2)

34. Quincy has acted and refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the classes by engaging in a uniform marketing and advertising campaign containing false, misleading and deceptive representations and material omissions that were reasonably likely to mislead Plaintiff and the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief with respect to the classes as a whole.

#### **COUNT I**

# For Violations of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, § 501.201, Florida Statutes, et seq. (On behalf of Plaintiff Collins and Members of the Florida Class)

- 35. Plaintiff Collins realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1–34 as if fully set forth herein.
- 36. This cause of action is brought pursuant to the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, section 501.201, Fla. Stat., *et seq.* ("FDUTPA"). The stated purpose of the FDUTPA is to "protect the consuming public . . . from those who engage in unfair methods of

competition, or unconscionable, deceptive, or unfair acts or practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce." § 501.202(2), Fla. Stat.

- 37. Plaintiff Collins is a consumer as defined by section 501.203, Fla. Stat. The Prevagen products are goods within the meaning of the FDUTPA. Quincy is engaged in trade or commerce within the meaning of the FDUTPA.
- 38. Florida Statute section 501.204(1) declares unlawful "[u]nfair methods of competition, unconscionable acts or practices, and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce." The FDUTPA also prohibits false and misleading advertising.
- 39. Quincy's unfair and deceptive practices as described herein are likely to mislead and have misled consumers acting reasonably in the circumstances.
- 40. Quincy has violated the FDUTPA by engaging in the unfair and deceptive practices as described herein which offend public policies and are immoral, unethical, unscrupulous and substantially injurious to consumers.
- 41. Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class have been aggrieved by Quincy's unfair and deceptive practices and acts of false advertising in that they paid for the Prevagen products that did not and could not "[s]upport[]" "Healthy Brain Function," "Sharper Mind," and "Clearer Thinking," "help with mild memory problems associated with aging" or "improve memory within 90 days" as represented.
- 42. The harm suffered by Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class was directly and proximately caused by the deceptive, misleading and unfair practices of Quincy, as more fully described herein.
- 43. Pursuant to section 501.211(1), Fla. Stat., Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class seek a declaratory judgment and court order enjoining the above-described wrongful acts and practices of Quincy and for restitution and disgorgement.
- 44. Additionally, pursuant to sections 501.211(2) and 501.2105, Fla. Stat., Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class make claims for damages, attorneys' fees and costs.

#### **COUNT II**

#### Unjust Enrichment (On behalf of Plaintiff Collins and Members of the Florida Class)

- 45. Plaintiff Collins realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1–34 as if fully set forth herein.
- 46. At all times relevant hereto, Quincy designed, manufactured, produced, promoted, marketed and/or sold the Prevagen products.
- 47. Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class conferred upon Quincy non-gratuitous payments for the Prevagen products. Quincy appreciated, accepted or retained the non-gratuitous benefits conferred by Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class, with full knowledge and awareness that, as a result of Quincy's deceptive marketing, Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class were not receiving Prevagen products of the quality, nature, fitness or value that had been represented by Quincy and reasonable consumers would have expected.
- 48. Quincy profited from its unlawful, unfair, misleading, and deceptive practices and advertising at the expense of Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class, under circumstances in which it would be unjust for Qunicy to be permitted to retain the benefit. Under common law principles of unjust enrichment, Quincy should not be permitted to retain the benefits of this unjust enrichment.
- 49. Because Quincy's retention of the non-gratuitous benefits conferred by Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class is unjust and inequitable, Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class are entitled to, and hereby seek disgorgement and restitution of Quincy's wrongful profits, revenue, and benefits in a manner established by the Court.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for a judgment:

- a. Certifying the Florida Class as requested herein;
- b. Awarding Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class damages;
- c. Awarding restitution and disgorgement of Defendant's revenues to Plaintiff Collins and consumers in the Florida Class;
- d. Awarding injunctive relief as permitted by law or equity, including enjoining Quincy from continuing the unlawful practices as set forth herein, and directing Quincy to identify, with Court supervision, victims of its conduct and pay them all money it is required to pay;

- e. Awarding statutory damages, as appropriate;
- f. Ordering Quincy to engage in a corrective advertising campaign;
- g. Awarding attorneys' fees and costs; and
- h. Providing such further relief as may be just and proper.

#### **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as to all claims so triable.

Dated: July 11<sup>th</sup>, 2019.

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Adam Moskowitz

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JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) FLSD Revised 06/01/2017

#### **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Re-filed Cases Below.

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS J	AINTIFFS JUAN COLLINS, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,			DEFENDANTS QUINCY BIOSCIENCE, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company,					
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(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Number	)	Attorneys (If Know		NITO DE LOS				
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(d) Check County Where Action Arose: 🗸 MIAMI-DADE 🗆 MONROE 🗀 BROWARD 🗀 PALM BEACH 🗆 MARTIN 🗆 ST., LUCIE 🗀 INDIAN RIVER 🗀 OKEECHOBEE 🗀 HIGHLANDS									
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" i	n One Box Only)			IES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff)				
1 U.S. Government	□3 Fed	eral Question	(For Diversity Cases Only	) PTF DEF	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF				
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government	Not a Party)	Citizen of This State		d or Principal Place 4 4 In This State				
2 U.S. Government Defendant	•	ersity ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State		d and Principal Place 5 5 5 5 ess In Another State				
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IV. NATURE OF SUIT CONTRACT		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Click here for: Nature of Suit Coo						
110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane  315 Airplane Product Liability	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/	FORFEITURE/PENALTY  ☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881  ☐ 690 Other	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 15	376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729 (a))				
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act	320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers'	Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability		PROPERTY RIGHT  820 Copyrights  830 Patent	400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce				
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	Liability  340 Marine	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product		■ 835 Patent – Abbreviat New Drug Application ■ 840 Trademark	ded 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and				
(Excl. Veterans)  ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits  ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits  ☐ 190 Other Contract  ☑ 195 Contract Product Liability  ☐ 196 Franchise	☐ 345 Marine Product Liability ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle ☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability ☐ 360 Other Personal Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY  370 Other Fraud  371 Truth in Lending  380 Other Personal Property Damage  385 Property Damage Product Liability	LABOR  710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt, Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation	SOCIAL SECURIT  □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (40) □ 864 SSID Title XV1 □ 865 RSI (405(g))	☐ 480 Consumer Credit☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV				
DEAL BRODERTY	Med Malpractice	·	791 Empl. Ret. Inc.		895 Freedom of Information				
REAL PROPERTY  210 Land Condemnation  220 Foreclosure  230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	CIVIL RIGHTS  440 Other Civil Rights  441 Voting  442 Employment	PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus:  463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	Security Act	FEDERAL TAX SUI  870 Taxes (U.S. Plainti or Defendant)  871 IRS—Third Pai USC 7609	iff 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure				
☐ 240 Torts to Land	Accommodations	Other:		030 7009	Agency Decision				
☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	☐ 445 Amer, w/Disabilities - Employment ☐ 446 Amer, w/Disabilities - Other ☐ 448 Education	☐ 530 General ☐ 535 Death Penalty ☐ 540 Mandamus & Other ☐ 550 Civil Rights ☐ 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee —	IMMIGRATION  ☐ 462 Naturalization Applicati ☐ 465 Other Immigration Actions	on	950 Constitutionality of State Statutes				
V. ORIGIN  1 Original 2 Remove from S Court		Conditions of Confinement		District Judge from Magistrate	8 Multidistrict 9 Remanded from Appellate Court File				
VI. RELATED/ (See instructions): a) Re-filed Case □YES ✓ NO b) Related Cases □YES ✓ NO  RE-FILED CASE(S) JUDGE: □YES ✓ NO  DOCKET NUMBER:									
Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and Write a Brief Statement of Cause (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):  VII. CAUSE OF ACTION FRCP 23, FDUTPA§§ 501.201, et seq., Florida Statutes, and Unjust Enrichment.  LENGTH OF TRIAL via days estimated (for both sides to try entire case)									
VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER F,R,C,P,	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES	only if demanded in complaint:				
ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE & CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD  VI Yes No									

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

JUDGE

IFP

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) FLSD Revised 06/01/2017

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

#### Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked. Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Refiled (3) Attach copy of Order for Dismissal of Previous case. Also complete VI.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (8) Check this box if remanded from Appellate Court.

- VI. Related/Refiled Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases or re-filed cases. Insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judges name for such cases.
- VII. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VIII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Florida				
JUAN COLLINS, on beh and all others similarl  Plaintiff(s)  V.  QUINCY BIOSCIEN a Wisconsin limited liabi	ICE, LLC,	Civil Action No.		
	SUMMONS IN A	CIVIL ACTION		
7	QUINCY BIOSCIENCE, LL0c/o Register Agent: Keith A. 726 Heartland TRL, Suite 3 Madison, WI 53717	Thomsen		
A lawsuit has been filed	against you.			
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must so the Federal Rules of Civil Proced whose name and address are:	States agency, or an office erve on the plaintiff an answ			
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
		CLERK OF COURT		
Date:				
		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

was re	This summons for <i>(nam ceived by me on (date)</i>	ne of individual and title, if any)				
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individ	<u> </u>	· or		
	☐ I left the summons		e or usual place of abode with (name) errson of suitable age and discretion who re			
	on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or					
		ons on (name of individual) accept service of process on	behalf of (name of organization)	, who is		
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because		; or		
	☐ Other (specify):					
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00		
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this information	ation is true.			
Date:			Server's signature			
			Printed name and title			
			Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

## **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Prevagen Does Not Provide Any Brain-Enhancing Benefits</u>, <u>Class Action Says</u>