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| 6 | IINITED STATES | DISTRICT COURT |
| 7 | WESTERN DISTRIC | CT OF WASHINGTON |
| 8 | ATSE | ATTLE |
| 9 | DEBBIE CHAVES, on behalf of herself and | Case No.: |
| 10 | all others similarly situated, | |
| 11 | Plaintiff, | CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT |
| 12 | v. | |
| 13 | AMAZON.COM, INC., | JURY TRIAL DEMANDED |
| 14 | Defendant. | |
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| 26 | CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT CASE NO. | BURSOR & FISHER, P.A. 1990 NORTH CALIFORNIA BLVD., SUITE 940 |
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Plaintiff Debbie Chaves ("Plaintiff"), individually and behalf of all others similarly situated, brings this class action against defendant Amazon.com, Inc. ("Defendant" or "Amazon"). Plaintiff makes the following allegations pursuant to the investigation of their counsel and based upon information and belief, except as to the allegations specifically pertaining to herself, which are based on personal knowledge

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This is a class action for breach of contract and consumer protection act violations arising from Amazon's unlawful charge of a "sales tax" to United States customers on certain digital and gift card goods, despite the tax-exempt status of such goods under state law.
 - 2. Amazon owns and operates Amazon.com, the world's largest online marketplace.
- 3. Amazon's website contains a page explaining how taxes on purchases are calculated.¹ This webpage states that "The tax rate applied to your order will be the combined state and local rates of the address where your order is delivered to or fulfilled from." This page is incorporated into Amazon's Conditions of Use.²
- 4. Amazon further states that with regard to assessing "Tax on Digital Products and Services" that "To determine [a customer's] location, Amazon evaluates the address information

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¹ https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=202036190.

² See https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=GLSBYFE9M GKKQXXM ("Please review our other policies, such as our pricing policy, posted on this site. These policies also govern your use of Amazon Services.").

available in the customer's account which can be the billing address associated with the method of payment or the country of residence a device[] is set to."

- 5. Further, Amazon states that with regard to gift cards: "No tax is charged when purchasing gift cards; however, purchases paid for with gift cards may be subject to tax."
- 6. In certain instances, Amazon adheres to this policy. Yet, as demonstrated by the allegations herein, there are numerous occasions in which Amazon charges sales tax on virtual gift cards in violation of its own policy, and in violation of the tax laws of Massachusetts and numerous other states.
- 7. On August 3, 2021, Plaintiff purchased the item "Roblox Gift Card 800 Robux [Includes Exclusive Virtual Item] [Online Game Code]" (the "Item").
- 8. As shown below, the Item should only cost \$10.00. Further, no sales tax should be assessed because the Item is a virtual good and Plaintiff purchased the Item in Massachusetts, where no sales tax is assessed on virtual goods:



³ https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=202074730.

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⁴ https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=202036190 (emphasis added).

CASE NO.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

9. Moreover, Amazon explicitly represents that it will not charge sales tax on gift cards, which the Item is.

10. Yet, Amazon charged Plaintiff Chaves the Massachusetts 6.25% "sales tax" (\$0.63) on this purchase even though no such tax was actually owed under Massachusetts state law, and even though Amazon explicitly represents that "no tax is charged while purchasing gift cards":

| Digital Order: August 3, 2021 | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|--|
| Items Ordered Roblox Gift Card - 800 Robux [Includes Exclusive Virtual Item] [Online Game Code] Quantity: 1 Sold By: Amazon.com Services LLC | | Price \$10.00 | |
| | | Item(s) Subtotal: \$10.00 | |
| | | Total Before Tax: \$10.00 Tax Collected: \$0.63 | |
| | | Total for this Order: \$10.63 | |
| Payment Information | 8 | | |
| Payment method | Item(s) Subtotal: | \$10.00 | |
| | Total Before Tax: | \$10.00 | |
| Billing address | Tax Collected: | \$0.63 | |
| DEB CHAVES | Amazon Gift Cards: | -\$10.00 | |
| RAYNHAM, MA 02767 United States | Grand Total: | \$0.63 | |
| | | | |

11. The Item was "fulfilled" from within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

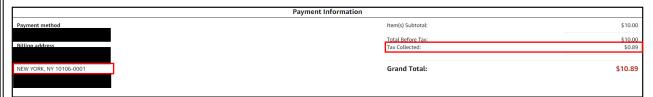
Plaintiff listed her home address in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for both her shipping address and billing address when ordering the Item, and the Item was downloaded in Massachusetts. Further, "[f]or sales tax purposes, the state that has the right to tax the sale is **the state where delivery occurs**," which is Massachusetts.⁵

⁵ SALES TAX INSTITUTE, DOES THE SELLER COLLECT TAX FOR THE STATE IT IS LOCATED IN OR THE STATE WHERE THE CUSTOMER IS LOCATED?, https://www.salestaxinstitute.com/sales_tax_faqs/where_to_collect_sales_tax (emphasis added).

12. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts imposes a sales tax of 6.25% on "tangible personal property or of services performed in the commonwealth." MA Gen L ch 64H § 2. Digital goods are **exempt** from sales tax in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. *See* M.T.G. TIR 05-8 at VII.B.8 (stating "[d]igital products... delivered electronically, including but not limited to music, video, reading materials or ring tones" are expressly tax-exempt).

- 13. Accordingly the 6.25% (\$0.63) sales tax that Amazon charged on the Item was improperly assessed, in violation of both Massachusetts law and Amazon's contract with Plaintiff and the putative Classes.
- 14. Amazon's practice of unlawfully charging sales tax is not limited to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. For instance, Amazon also charges a sales tax on the Item when the billing address is in the State of New York:

| Digital Order: August 13, 2021 | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Items Ordered | Price |
| Roblox Gift Card - 800 Robux [Includes Exclusive Virtual Item] [Online Game Code] | \$10.00 |
| Quantity: 1 | |
| Sold By: Amazon.com Services LLC | |
| | |
| | Item(s) Subtotal: \$10.00 |
| | **** |
| | Total Before Tax: \$10.00 |
| | Tax Collected: \$0.89 |
| | **** |
| | Total for this Order: \$10.89 |



| 15. Like Massachusetts, New York also prohibits imposing a sales tax on digital |
|---|
| goods. ⁶ Under New York law, any tax must be authorized by statute, ⁷ and digital products such |
| as the Item are not included in the goods or services subject to either sales or use tax.8 Further, the |
| New York State Commissioner of Taxation and Finance has explicitly stated that "G[g]ift |
| certificates for a stated dollar amount, whether given away for no consideration or sold to a |
| customer, are not subject to sales tax."9 |

- 16. Yet, as demonstrated above, Amazon improperly charged a sales tax on a good purchased in New York with a New York billing address.¹⁰
- 17. Upon information and belief, Amazon improperly assesses sales tax on certain digital goods in a number of other states than Massachusetts and New York.
- 18. Amazon knows or should know that it is improperly charging sales tax in these states. Amazon represented to customers that it its tax practices were compliant with applicable

telecommunications/2009/taxation_of_the_telecommunications_industry_in_ny_state_october_2 009.pdf.

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⁶ N.Y. STATE DEP'T OF TAXATION & FIN., REPORT ON THE TAXATION OF THE TELECOM. INDUS. IN N.Y. STATE, at 24 (Oct. 2009), https://www.tax.ny.gov/pdf/stats/policy_special/telecommunications/2009/taxation_of_the_telecommunications_industry_in_ny_state_october_2

⁷ See, e.g., Am. Cablevision of Rochester, Inc. v. Jacobs, 474 N.Y.S.2d 653, 655 (N.Y. App. Div. 1984).

⁸ See N.Y. Tax L. §§ 1105 (outlining taxable goods under New York law), 1110 (outlining use tax); see also Catherine Chen, *Taxation of Digital Goods & Servs.*, 70 N.Y.U. ANN. SURV. AM. L. 421, 452–53 & n.169 (2015) (identifying New York as among the U.S. states that "either do not affirmatively impose sales tax on digital content or expressly exempt it from taxation").

⁹ N.Y. Dep't of Taxation & Fin., Advisory Op. TSB-A-99(13)S (Mar. 1, 1999), https://www.tax.ny.gov/pdf/advisory_opinions/sales/a99_13s.pdf.

¹⁰ For clarity, the Item was purchased in New York with a New York City billing address. The sales tax for a **tangible** good purchased in New York City is 8.875%, or \$0.89 (4% NYS sales tax + 4.5% NYC sales tax + 0.375% Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District surcharge). *See* New York State Sales and Use Tax, https://www1.nyc.gov/site/finance/taxes/business-nys-sales-tax.page. But such sales tax should **not** apply to a digital good like the Item.

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state and local laws: "The tax rate applied to your order will be the combined state and local rates of the address where your order is delivered to or fulfilled from."

- 19. Digital subscription businesses such as Netflix and Spotify **do not** charge sales tax in Massachusetts or New York for streaming services.
- 20. Even **Amazon itself** does not charge sales tax for other digital goods, such as movies rented or purchased through its Amazon Prime video service:

| Digital Order: August 13, 2021 | | |
|---|---|--|
| Items Ordered A Quiet Place Part II (4K UHD)[Prime Video] By: John Krasinski, Emily Blunt, Millicent Simmonds Quantity: 1 | Price \$5.99 | |
| | Item(s) Subtotal: \$5.99 | |
| | Total Before Tax: \$5.99 Tax Collected: \$0.00 Total for this Order: \$5.99 | |
| | | |

| Payment Information | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Payment method | Item(s) Subtotal: | \$5.99 | |
| Billing address | Total Before Tax: Tax Collected: | \$5.99 \$0.00 | |
| | Tax Conected. | \$0.00 | |
| NEW YORK, NY 10069-0435 | Grand Total: | \$5.99 | |
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21. In fact, Amazon inconsistently does not charge sales tax on certain digital gift cards, as can be seen below:

```
Digital Order: September 3, 2021

Items Ordered
Assassir's Creed Valhalla: Small Helix Credits - P55 [Digital Code]
Quantity: 1
Sold By: Amazon.com Services LLC

Item(s) Subtotal: $9.99
Tax Collected: $0.00
Total for this Order: $9.99
Tax Collected: $0.00
Total for this Order: $9.99
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| | Payment Information | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Payment method | Item(s) Subtotal: | \$9.99 |
| Billing address | Total Before Tax: Tax Collected: | \$9.99 \$0.00 |
| NEW YORK, NY 10106-0001 | Grand Total: | \$9.99 |
| | | |

¹¹ https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=202036190

- 22. Further, even if Amazon were ignorant of state tax laws, Amazon's assessment of sales tax would still violate Amazon's contract with customers because Amazon explicitly represents that "No tax is charged when purchasing gift cards." ¹²
- 23. Accordingly, Amazon willfully and knowingly overcharged its subscribers a false and unlawful sales tax on their purchases of digital and gift card items. Amazon falsely represented that the tax charges imposed on purchases were consistent with the laws of the relevant states of purchase, and falsely represented that "[n]o tax is charged while purchasing gift cards." Although Amazon claims to regularly review its billing and collection practices for tax compliance purposes, Amazon engaged in a uniform, years-long practice of charging a "sales tax" on numerous purchases of digital items and gift cards from its marketplace in jurisdictions that exempt taxation of those products.
- 24. Worse, it is unclear if Amazon has remitted the unlawfully collected "sales tax" to state authorities, potentially recouping these overcharges in an effort to maximize profits at their subscribers' expense and under the guise of a state-imposed tax.
- 25. Amazon's unlawful practice has harmed Plaintiff and all members of the Classes in precisely the same way. On a standard and uniform basis, Amazon charges users in several U.S. states a sales taxes on numerous digital and gift card products available on its website, even though digital and gift card products in many of those states are not taxable, Amazon has collected millions of dollars in overcharges on these types of purchases.

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¹² https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=202036190

- 26. Amazon's overcharges were material to Plaintiff and all other members of the Classes. While the \$0.63 overcharge to Plaintiff is small, Amazon has repeated this process potentially millions of times, including on more expensive items. For example, if Plaintiff had instead purchased the "Roblox Gift Card 10000 Robux [Includes Exclusive Virtual Item] [Online Game Code]" for \$100, she would have paid a \$6.25 sales tax.
- 27. Amazon has not reimbursed Plaintiff or members of the Classes for the unlawful taxes it collected. And, despite its ongoing legal compliance representations and the clear tax exemption for digital goods in several U.S. states, Amazon's practice of charging purchasers of specific digital goods a purported sales tax when no sales tax is in fact owed is still ongoing.
- 28. Further, Plaintiff and Class members did not expect Amazon to assess a "sales tax" on their digital purchases that is not actually required by law, and they would not have paid the sales tax on their purchases if such charge had not been included automatically by Amazon. Nor would Plaintiff and members of the Classes have agreed to pay over 6% more for each purchase if they had known that the purported sales tax collected was not owed under state law and possibly not remitted to state authorities.
- 29. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself individually and all others similarly situated to challenge Amazon's breach of contract and its willful and knowing unlawful, deceptive, and fraudulent overcharging practices. Plaintiff seeks all available compensatory, statutory, and punitive damages, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

THE PARTIES

30. Plaintiff Deb Chaves resides in Raynham, Massachusetts and is a citizen of Massachusetts. Chaves purchased at least two digital gift card items, on the dates of August 3,

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2021 and August 27, 2021, respectively, upon which she was assessed a 6.25% sales tax in violation of both Massachusetts law and her agreement with Amazon.

31. Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its corporate headquarters and principal place of business located in Seattle, Washington.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 32. Jurisdiction is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because this is a class action in which at least one member of the class is a citizen of a state different from defendant, the amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million, exclusive of interest and costs, and the proposed class contains more than 100 members.
- 33. The Court has general personal jurisdiction over Amazon because Amazon maintains its principal place of business in this District. The Court also has personal jurisdiction over Amazon because Amazon's "Conditions of Use" states that "Any dispute or claim relating in any way to your use of any Amazon Service will be adjudicated in the state or Federal courts in King County, Washington, and you consent to exclusive jurisdiction and venue in these courts." 13
- 34. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1) because Amazon resides in this District.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

35. This action is brought by Plaintiff individually and on behalf of the following Nationwide Classes pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3).

 $^{13}\ https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=508088\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/display.html?nodeId=50808\&ref_=footer_coulonger/displ$

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The Digital Good Class, defined as: All persons or entities who (1) paid sales tax on a digital good sold on Amazon.com, and (2) purchased the digital good with a billing address in any state where the digital good should have been exempt from sales tax.

The Gift Card Class, defined as: All persons or entities residing in the United States who paid sales tax on the purchase of a gift card sold on Amazon.com.

36. Plaintiff also brings this action individually and on behalf of the following Massachusetts Subclasses pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3):

The Massachusetts Digital Good Subclass, defined as: All persons or entities who (1) paid sales tax on a digital good sold on Amazon.com, and (2) purchased the digital good with a billing address located in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The Massachusetts Gift Card Subclass, defined as: All persons or entities residing in Massachusetts who paid tax on a purchase of a gift card sold on Amazon.com.

- 37. Collectively, the Nationwide Classes and the Massachusetts Subclasses are referred to as the "Classes."
- 38. Excluded from the Classes are Amazon; any of its officers, directors, or employees; and its legal representatives, successors, and assigns.
- 39. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand, limit, modify, or amend the class definitions, including the addition of one or more subclasses, in connection with her motion for class certification, or at any other time, based on, inter alia, changing circumstances and new facts obtained.
- throughout the United States and are so numerous that individual joinder is impracticable. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff reasonably estimates that there are hundreds of thousands of CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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individuals that are members of the proposed Classes. Although the precise number of proposed members are unknown to Plaintiff, the true number of members of the Classes are known by Defendant. Members of the Classes may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail and/or publication through the distribution records of Defendant and third-party retailers and vendors.

- 41. **Typicality.** The claims of the representative Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Classes in that the representative Plaintiff, like all members of the Classes, purchased a digital good that should have been exempt from sales tax, but was nonetheless improperly charged a sales tax by Amazon. The representative Plaintiff, like all members of the Classes, has been damaged by Defendant's misconduct in the very same way as the members of the Classes. Further, the factual bases of Defendant's misconduct are common to all members of the Classes and represent a common thread of misconduct resulting in injury to all members of the Classes.
- 42. **Existence and predominance of common questions of law and fact.** Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Classes and predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the Classes. These common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (a) whether Amazon improperly assessed a sales tax on digital goods purchased by Plaintiff and members of the Classes;
 - (b) whether the assessment of a sales tax on digital goods violates the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the laws of other states;

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- (c) whether Amazon remitted the collected tax overcharges to the appropriate state taxing authorities;
- (d) whether Amazon act knowingly and/or willfully;
- (e) whether Amazon breach its contract with consumers by charging an inapplicable sales tax; and
- (f) whether Plaintiff and members of the Classes entitled to damages, restitution, equitable relief, statutory damages, exemplary damages, and/or other relief.
- 43. **Adequacy of Representation.** Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Classes. Plaintiff has retained counsel who are highly experienced in complex consumer class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to vigorously prosecute this action on behalf of the Classes. Plaintiff has no interests that are antagonistic to those of the Classes.
- 44. **Superiority.** A class action is superior to all other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. The damages or other financial detriment suffered by members of the Classes are relatively small compared to the burden and expense of individual litigation of their claims against Defendant. It would, thus, be virtually impossible for members of the Classes, on an individual basis, to obtain effective redress for the wrongs committed against them. Furthermore, even if members of the Classes could afford such individualized litigation, the court system could not. Individualized litigation would create the danger of inconsistent or contradictory judgments arising from the same set of facts. Individualized litigation would also increase the delay and expense to all parties and the court system from the issues raised by this action. By contrast, the class action device provides the benefits of

adjudication of these issues in a single proceeding, economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court, and presents no unusual management difficulties under the circumstances.

- 45. In the alternative, the Classes may be certified because:
 - (a) the prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Classes would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudication with respect to individual members of the Classes that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the Defendant;
 - (b) the prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Classes would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of other members of the Classes not parties to the adjudications, or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests; and/or
 - (c) Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Classes as a whole, thereby making appropriate final declaratory and/or injunctive relief with respect to the members of the Classes as a whole.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I **Breach of Contract**

- 43. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth herein.
- 44. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and behalf of the members of the proposed Classes against Defendant.
- 45. Plaintiff brings this claim under Washington law in accordance with the Amazon Conditions of Use.

- 46. Defendant entered into contracts with Plaintiff and members of the Classes (pursuant to Amazon's Conditions of Use) to provide goods in the form of gift cards and other digital or intangible items in exchange for a set amount of money.
- 47. Plaintiff and members of the Classes paid for their purchases of digital goods and therefore performed their obligations under their contract with Amazon.
- 48. Under the Conditions of Use, Plaintiff and members of the Digital Goods Class and Massachusetts Digital Goods Subclass did not agree to pay non-applicable, improperly charged state sales taxes.
- 49. Defendant breached these contracts by assessing a sales tax on the purchases of digital goods made by Plaintiff and members of the Digital Goods Class and Massachusetts Digital Goods Subclass, even though said digital good were not subject to sales tax under state law.
- 50. Similarly, Plaintiff and members of the Gift Card Class and Massachusetts Gift Card Subclass did not agree to pay taxes on gift cards, which Amazon represented were not subject to tax.
- 51. Defendant also breached these contracts by assessing a sales tax on the purchases of gift cards made by Plaintiff and members of the Gift Card Class and Massachusetts Gift Card Subclass, even though Amazon represents in its Conditions of Use that it does not charge a sales tax on the purchase of gift cards.
- 52. As a direct and proximate result of Amazon's breaches, Plaintiff and members of the Classes have sustained damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

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COUNT II

Violation Of Washington Consumer Protection Act ("WCPA") RCW §§ 19.86.010, et seq.)

- 53. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges each and every allegation set forth above as though fully set forth herein.
- 54. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and behalf of the members of the proposed Classes against Defendant.
- 55. Plaintiff brings this claim under Washington law in accordance with the Amazon Conditions of Use.
- 56. Plaintiff and Class Members are "persons" within the meaning of Washington Consumer Protection Act, RCW 19.86.010(1).
- 57. Defendant engaged in deceptive acts that occurred in trade or commerce by conduct set forth above. These deceptive acts include the representation that the "taxes" charged to Plaintiff and members of the Classes were "sales tax" in accordance with applicable state laws.
- 58. These deceptive acts also include Amazon's representation that "[n]o tax is charged when purchasing gift cards."
- 59. Defendant's deceptive acts and practices have occurred in trade or commerce because they "include the sale of assets or services." RCW 19.86.101(2).
- 60. The WCPA is applicable to Plaintiff and all members of the putative Classes because Amazon's Conditions of Use state, "By using any Amazon Service, you agree that applicable federal law, and the laws of the state of Washington, without regard to principles

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- 61. Defendant's deceptive acts or practices have impacted the public interest because they have injured Plaintiff and thousands of Amazon customers by representing that the "taxes" charged by Amazon were the result of properly assessed "sales tax."
- 62. Defendant deceived Plaintiff and members of the Classes by representing that the "taxes" charged by Amazon were the result of properly assessed "sales tax."
- 63. Plaintiff and members of the Classes lost money or property as a result of Defendants' WCPA violations because Plaintiff and members of the Classes did not agree to pay non-applicable, improperly charged state taxes.
- 64. When Amazon charged Plaintiff and members of the Classes additional monies attributable to sales tax even though the purchases of digital goods were not taxable under and were not imposed by state law, Amazon charged an inapplicable tax that Plaintiff and members of the Classes did not agree to pay.
- 65. Defendant's wrongdoing is continuing in nature and represents an ongoing threat to Plaintiff and members of the Classes, particularly because Defendant continues to charge non-applicable, improperly charged state taxes. Thus, Plaintiff, members of the Classes, and any member of the public at large who purchases digital items in the future are suffering and will suffer continuing, immediate, and irreparable injury absent the issuance of injunctive and equitable relief.

¹⁴ https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html/?nodeId=GLSBYFE9MGKKQXXM (emphasis added)

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66. Plaintiff and members of the Classes are entitled to recover actual damages, treble damages, and injunctive and equitable relief. In addition, Plaintiff and members of the Classes are entitled to recover attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to RCW 19.86.090.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request, individually and on behalf of the alleged Classes, that the Court enter judgment in their favor and against Defendant as follows:

- (a) For an order certifying the Classes under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and naming Plaintiff as the representative for the Classes and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel;
- (b) For an order declaring the Defendant's conduct violates the causes of action referenced herein;
- (c) For an order finding in favor of Plaintiff and the Classes on all counts asserted herein;
- (d) For compensatory, statutory, and punitive damages in amounts to be determined by the Court and/or jury;
- (e) For prejudgment interest on all amounts awarded;
- (f) For an order of restitution and all other forms of equitable monetary relief;
- (g) For injunctive relief as pleaded or as the Court may deem proper; and
- (h) For an order awarding Plaintiff and the Classes their reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses and costs of suit.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all claims asserted in this complaint so triable.

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| 1 | Dated: September 7, 2021 | Respectfully submitted, |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| 2 | | CARSON NOEL PLLC |
| 3 | | By: <u>/s/ Wright A. Noel</u> Wright A. Noel |
| 4 | | Wiight A. Noei |
| 5 | | 20 Sixth Avenue NE Issaquah, WA 98027 |
| 6 | | Telephone: (425) 837-4717 |
| 7 | | Facsimile: (425) 837-5396 E-Mail: wright@carsonnoel.com |
| | | E-Man. wright@carsonnoer.com |
| 8 | | BURSOR & FISHER, P.A. |
| 9 | | L. Timothy Fisher (<i>Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming</i>) |
| | | 1990 N. California Blvd., Suite 940 |
| 10 | | Walnut Creek, CA 94596 |
| 11 | | Telephone: (925) 300-4455 Facsimile: (925) 407-2700 |
| 11 | | E-Mail: ltfisher@bursor.com |
| 12 | | E-wan. misher & oursor.com |
| 13 | | BURSOR & FISHER, P.A. Max S. Roberts (<i>Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming</i>) |
| 14 | | Matthew A. Girardi (<i>Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming</i>) |
| | | 888 Seventh Avenue, Third Floor |
| 15 | | New York, NY 10019 |
| 1.0 | | Telephone: (646) 837-7150 |
| 16 | | Facsimile: (212) 989-9163 |
| 17 | | E-Mail: mroberts@bursor.com |
| 18 | | mgirardi@bursor.com |
| | | Attorneys for Plaintiff |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | | |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | | |
| 25 | | |
| 26 | CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT | BURSOR & FISHER, P.A. |
| 26 | CASE NO. | 1990 NORTH CALIFORNIA BLVD., SUITE 940 |
| 27 | | WALNUT CREEK, CA 94596 |

-19-

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Defendant(s)

To: (Defendant's name and address)

whose name and address are:

United States District Court for the Western District of Washington DEBBIE CHAVES, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, Civil Action No. AMAZON.COM, INC. SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION Amazon.com, Inc. 410 Terry Avenue North Seattle, Washington 98109 A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, Wright A. Noel

Carson & Noel PLLC 20 Sixth Avenue NE Issaquah, WA 98027

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

| | CLERK OF COURT |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| | |
| Date: | |
| | Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk |

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

| | | ne of individual and title, if a | ny) | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------|--|
| was re | ceived by me on (date) | | · | | |
| | ☐ I personally served | the summons on the inc | lividual at (place) | | |
| | | | on (date) | ; or | |
| | ☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name) | | | | |
| | | | , a person of suitable age and discretion who res | ides there, | |
| | on (date) | , and mailed a | copy to the individual's last known address; or | | |
| ☐ I served the summons on (name of individual) | | | | , who is | |
| | designated by law to | accept service of process | s on behalf of (name of organization) | | |
| | | | on (date) | ; or | |
| | ☐ I returned the summ | nons unexecuted becaus | e | ; or | |
| | ☐ Other (<i>specify</i>): | | | | |
| | My fees are \$ | for travel and | \$ for services, for a total of \$ | 0.00 | |
| | I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true. | | | | |
| Date: | | - | | | |
| | | | Server's signature | | |
| | | - | Printed name and title | | |
| | | - | Server's address | | |

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Case 2:21-cv-012 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

| purpose of illitiating the civil do | JCKET SHEET. (SEE INSTRUC | TIONS ON NEXT FAGE OF | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| I. (a) PLAINTIFFS | | | DEFENDANT | S | | |
| DEBBIE CHAVES, on behalf of herself and all others | | | AMAZON.COM, INC. | | | |
| similarly situated | | | | | | |
| (b) County of Residence of | - | CEC) | County of Residence of First Listed Defendant | | | |
| (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) | | | (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. | | | |
| (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) | | | Attorneys (If Known) | | | |
| | Carson Noel PLLC 2 | | , , , | 7 | | |
| • | 8027; (425) 395-778 | | <u> </u> | | | |
| II. BASIS OF JURISD | | | | | TIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff | |
| 1 U.S. Government | x 3 Federal Question | | (For Diversity Cases Only | PTF DEF | and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF | |
| Plaintiff | Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party) | | Citizen of This State | | ated or Principal Place 4 X 4 siness In This State | |
| 2 U.S. Government Defendant | | | Citizen of Another State | | ated and Principal Place 5 5 5 siness In Another State | |
| | | | Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | 3 G 3 Foreign 1 | Nation 6 6 | |
| IV. NATURE OF SUIT | | | _ | | ure of Suit Code Descriptions. | |
| CONTRACT | | RTS | FORFEITURE/PENALTY | | | |
| 110 Insurance 120 Marine | PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane | PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - | 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 | 422 Appeal 28 US0 423 Withdrawal | 376 Qui Tam (31 USC | |
| 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument | 315 Airplane Product Liability | Product Liability 367 Health Care/ | 690 Other | 28 USC 157 INTELLECTU | 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment | |
| 150 Recovery of Overpayment | 320 Assault, Libel & | Pharmaceutical | | PROPERTY RIG | GHTS 410 Antitrust | |
| & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act | Slander 330 Federal Employers' | Personal Injury Product Liability | | 820 Copyrights 830 Patent | 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce | |
| 152 Recovery of Defaulted | Liability | 368 Asbestos Personal | | 835 Patent - Abbre | eviated 460 Deportation | |
| Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) | 340 Marine 345 Marine Product | Injury Product Liability | | New Drug App 840 Trademark | plication 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations | |
| 153 Recovery of Overpayment | Liability | PERSONAL PROPERT | | 880 Defend Trade | | |
| of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits | 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle | 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending | 710 Fair Labor Standards Act | Act of 2016 | (15 USC 1681 or 1692) 485 Telephone Consumer | |
| 190 Other Contract | Product Liability | 380 Other Personal | 720 Labor/Management | SOCIAL SECUR | | |
| 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise | 360 Other Personal Injury | Property Damage 385 Property Damage | Relations 740 Railway Labor Act | 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (9 | 23) 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ | |
| _ | 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice | Product Liability | 751 Family and Medical Leave Act | 863 DIWC/DIWW 864 SSID Title XV | | |
| REAL PROPERTY | CIVIL RIGHTS | PRISONER PETITIONS | | 865 RSI (405(g)) | 891 Agricultural Acts | |
| 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure | 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting | Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee | 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act | FEDERAL TAX S | 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information | |
| 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment | 442 Employment | 510 Motions to Vacate | meome security rec | 870 Taxes (U.S. Pl | aintiff Act | |
| 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability | 443 Housing/ Accommodations | Sentence 530 General | | or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Pa | — | |
| 290 All Other Real Property | 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - | 535 Death Penalty | IMMIGRATION | 26 USC 7609 | Act/Review or Appeal of | |
| | Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - | Other: 540 Mandamus & Other | 462 Naturalization Applicati 465 Other Immigration | on | Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of | |
| | Other 448 Education | 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition | Actions | | State Statutes | |
| | 448 Education | 560 Civil Detainee - | | | | |
| | | Conditions of Confinement | | | | |
| V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is | | | • | • | | |
| | | Remanded from Appellate Court | | her District Li | fultidistrict 8 Multidistrict itigation - Litigation - ransfer Direct File | |
| | | • | filing (Do not cite jurisdictional s | tatutes unless diversity): | | |
| VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO | ON Brief description of ca Breach of Contract | | | | | |
| VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: COMPLAINT: | | DEMAND \$ | DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No | | | |
| VIII. RELATED CASI | | | | JUNI DE | | |
| IF ANY | (See instructions): JUDGEDOCKET NUMBER | | | | | |
| DATE | SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD | | | | | |
| FOR OFFICE USE ONLY | | | | | | |
| RECEIPT # AM | MOUNT | APPLYING IFP | JUDGE | N | MAG. JUDGE | |

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
 - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statute.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Class Action Alleges Amazon Improperly Charged Sales Tax on Tax-Exempt Gift Cards, Digital Goods</u>