UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

MELISSA CARSON, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

CLASS ACTION

Plaintiff,

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

v.

CASE NO:

THE HOME DEPOT, INC.,

JUDGE:

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Melissa Carson brings this class action against Defendant The Home Depot, Inc., and alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to Plaintiff and Plaintiff's own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by Plaintiff's attorneys.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This is a putative class action pursuant to the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §§ 227, *et seq.* (the "TCPA").
- 2. To market its products and services, Defendant engages in unsolicited text messaging and violates TCPA by continuing to place calls to consumers after they request to opt out of Defendant's messaging.
- 3. Through this action, Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief to halt Defendant's unlawful conduct, which has resulted in the invasion of privacy, harassment, aggravation, and disruption of the daily life of thousands of individuals. Plaintiff also seeks statutory damages on behalf of himself and members of the Class, and any other available legal or equitable remedies.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

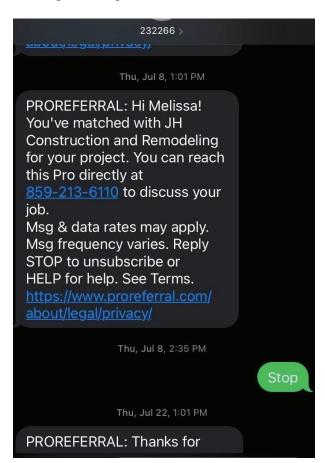
- 4. Jurisdiction is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 as Plaintiff alleges violations of a federal statute. Jurisdiction is also proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because Plaintiff is a citizen of Texas while Defendant is a citizen of Delaware and Georgia, and the Complaint alleges a national class, which will result in at least one class member belonging to a different state than that of Defendant. Plaintiff seeks up to \$1,500.00 (one-thousand-five-hundred dollars) in damages for each call in violation of the TCPA, which, when aggregated among a proposed class numbering in the tens of thousands, or more, exceeds the \$5,000,000.00 (five-million dollars) threshold for federal court jurisdiction under the Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA"). Therefore, both the elements of diversity jurisdiction and CAFA jurisdiction are present.
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it has purposefully directed its activities to this state, and/or has availed itself of the jurisdiction of this state, thereby establishing sufficient contacts for personal jurisdiction in this Court. Defendant's tortious conduct against Plaintiff occurred within the State of Texas and, on information and belief, Defendant has sent the same, or substantially similar, and text messages complained of by Plaintiff to other individuals within this judicial district, such that some of Defendant's acts in making such calls have occurred within this district, thereby subjecting Defendant to the jurisdiction of this Court
- 6. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) because Defendant is deemed to reside in any judicial district in which it is subject to personal jurisdiction, and because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this District.

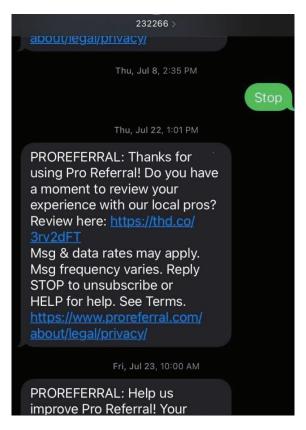
PARTIES

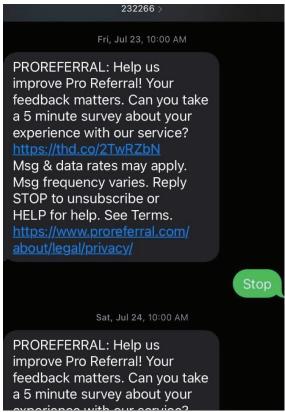
- 7. Plaintiff is a natural person who, at all times relevant to this action, was a citizen of and domiciled in Grandbury, Texas.
- 8. Defendant is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, and maintains its principal place of business in Georgia.

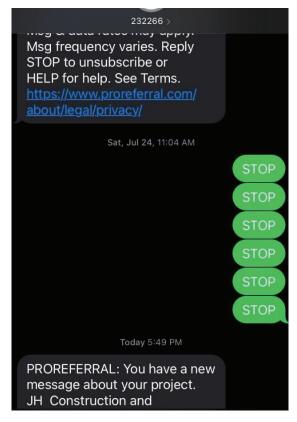
FACTS

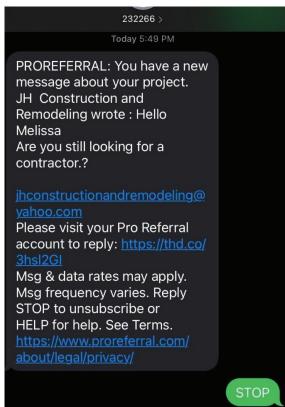
9. Over the past few months, Defendant continues to bombard Plaintiff's cellular telephone ending in 1034 (the "1034 Number") with marketing text messages even after repeated requests by Plaintiff for the messages to stop. The following screenshots depict the instances of Defendant ignoring Plaintiff's opt-out requests:











- 10. At the time Plaintiff received these messages, Plaintiff was the subscriber and sole user of the 1034 Number.
 - 11. Plaintiff primarily uses the 1034 Number as a personal and residential phone.
- 12. Defendant's text messages constitute telemarketing, advertising, or solicitations because they promote Defendant's business, goods and services.
- 13. As demonstrated above, Plaintiff requested multiple times that Defendant stop contacting the 1034 Number using the "stop" key word provided in the text messages.
- 14. Notwithstanding, Plaintiff continued to receive unsolicited text messages from Defendant.
- 15. The failure to stop calling is indicative of Defendant's failure to implement a written policy for maintaining a do-not-call list and to train its personnel engaged in telemarketing on the existence and use of the do-not-call-list.
- 16. Defendant's unsolicited text message caused Plaintiff harm, including invasion of privacy, aggravation, annoyance, and wasted time. Further, Defendant violated Plaintiff's substantive rights under the TCPA to remain free of unsolicited calls.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

PROPOSED CLASS

- 17. Plaintiff brings this case as a class action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated.
 - 18. Plaintiff brings this case on behalf of the Class defined below:

<u>INTERNAL DO NOT CALL CLASS</u>: All persons within the United States who, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, (1) Defendant, or anyone on Defendant's behalf, (2) placed a text message call, (3) for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, Defendant's property, goods, or services, (4) to said person's telephone number, (5) after the person had requested to Defendant to not receive any more telephonic communications from

Defendant by replying "stop" or any other similar request.

- 19. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify the Class definitions as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.
- 20. Defendant and its employees or agents are excluded from the Class. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Class but believes the Class members number in the several thousands, if not more.

NUMEROSITY

- 21. Upon information and belief, Defendant has placed calls to telephone numbers belonging to thousands of consumers throughout the United States. The members of the Class, therefore, are believed to be so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
- 22. The exact number and identities of the members of the Class are unknown at this time and can only be ascertained through discovery. Identification of the Class members is a matter capable of ministerial determination from Defendant's call records.

COMMON QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT

- 23. There are numerous questions of law and fact common to members of the Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the Class. Among the questions of law and fact common to the members of the Class are:
 - a) Whether Defendant can meet its burden of showing that it obtained prior consent to make such calls;
 - b) Whether Defendant's conduct was knowing and willful;
 - c) Whether Defendant initiated telemarketing calls to telephone numbers who requested to not receive such calls;
 - d) Whether Defendant is liable for damages, and the amount of such damages; and

- e) Whether Defendant should be enjoined from such conduct in the future.
- 24. The common questions in this case are capable of having common answers. If Plaintiff's claim that Defendant routinely transmits calls to telephone numbers assigned to cellular telephone services is accurate, Plaintiff and the Class members will have identical claims capable of being efficiently adjudicated and administered in this case.

TYPICALITY

25. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class members, as they are all based on the same factual and legal theories.

PROTECTING THE INTERESTS OF THE CLASS MEMBERS

26. Plaintiff is a representative who will fully and adequately assert and protect the interests of the Class, and has retained competent counsel. Accordingly, Plaintiff is an adequate representative and will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class.

PROCEEDING VIA CLASS ACTION IS SUPERIOR AND ADVISABLE

- 27. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this lawsuit, because individual litigation of the claims of all members of the Class is economically unfeasible and procedurally impracticable. While the aggregate damages sustained by the Class are in the millions of dollars, the individual damages incurred by each member of the Class resulting from Defendant's wrongful conduct are too small to warrant the expense of individual lawsuits. The likelihood of individual Class members prosecuting their own separate claims is remote, and, even if every member of the Class could afford individual litigation, the court system would be unduly burdened by individual litigation of such cases.
- 28. The prosecution of separate actions by members of the Class would create a risk of establishing inconsistent rulings and/or incompatible standards of conduct for Defendant. For

example, one court might enjoin Defendant from performing the challenged acts, whereas another may not. Additionally, individual actions may be dispositive of the interests of the Class, although certain class members are not parties to such actions.

COUNT I <u>Violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200</u> (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Internal Do Not Call Class)

- 29. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates paragraphs 1-28 as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. In pertinent part, 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(d) provides:

No person or entity shall initiate any call for telemarketing purposes to a residential telephone subscriber unless such person or entity has instituted procedures for maintaining a list of persons who request not to receive telemarketing calls made by or on behalf of that person or entity. The procedures instituted must meet the following minimum standards:

- (1) Written policy. Persons or entities making calls for telemarketing purposes must have a written policy, available upon demand, for maintaining a do-not-call list.
- (2) Training of personnel engaged in telemarketing. Personnel engaged in any aspect of telemarketing must be informed and trained in the existence and use of the do-not-call list.
- 31. Under 47 C.F.R § 64.1200(e), the rules set forth in 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(d) are applicable to any person or entity making telephone solicitations or telemarketing calls to wireless telephone numbers.
- 32. Plaintiff and the Internal Do Not Call Class members made requests to Defendant not to receive future calls on their cellular telephone numbers from Defendant.
- 33. Defendant failed to honor Plaintiff and the Internal Do Not Call Class members' opt-out requests.
- 34. Defendant's refusal to honor opt-out requests is indicative of Defendant's failure to implement a written policy for maintaining a do-not-call list and to train its personnel engaged in telemarketing on the existence and use of the do-not-call-list.

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- 35. Thus, Defendant has violated 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(d).
- 36. Pursuant to section 227(c)(5) of the TCPA, Plaintiff and the Internal Do Not Call Class members are entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every negligent violation.
- 37. As a result of Defendant's knowing or willful conduct, Plaintiff and the Internal Do Not Call Class members are entitled to an award of \$1,500.00 in statutory damages per violation.
- 38. Plaintiff and the Internal Do Not Call Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting Defendant's illegal conduct in the future, pursuant to section 227(c)(5).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, prays for the following relief:

- a) An order declaring that Defendant's actions, as set out above, violate the TCPA;
- b) An order certifying this case as a class action on behalf of the Classes as defined above, and appointing Plaintiff as the representative of the Classes and Plaintiff's counsel as Class Counsel;
- c) An injunction prohibiting Defendant from initiating calls to telephone numbers listed on the National Do Not Call Registry, requiring Defendant to obtain prior express written consent prior to placing telemarketing calls using an ATDS, mandating Defendant to honor opt our requests and maintain an internal Do Not Call list.
- d) As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. §§ 227, et seq., and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200, Plaintiff seeks for himself and each member of the Class \$500.00

in statutory damages for each and every violation pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3).

- e) As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. §§ 227, et seq., and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200, Plaintiff seeks for himself and each member of the Class treble damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00 for each and every violation pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3).
- f) Such further and other relief as the Court deems necessary.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demand a trial by jury.

DOCUMENT PRESERVATION DEMAND

Plaintiff demands that Defendant take affirmative steps to preserve all records, lists, electronic databases or other itemization of telephone numbers associated with Defendant and the calls as alleged herein.

Dated: September 7, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Andrew Shamis

Andrew Shamis, Esq. Texas Bar No. 24124558

ashamis@shamisgentile.com

SHAMIS GENTILE, P.A.

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Manuel S. Hiraldo, Esq.

Florida Bar No. 030380 (pro hac vice to be submitted)

(pro nac vice to be submitted

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JS 44 (Rev. 10/20) - TXND (10/20)

Case 4:21-cv-01028-P Document 1-1 Filed 09/07/21 Page 1 of 2 Page D 12

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of preadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) DEFENDANTS I. (a) PLAINTIFFS MELISSA CARSON The Home Depot, Inc. (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Hood County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Attorneys (If Known) Shamis & Gentile, P.A., 14 NE 1st Ave, Ste. 705, Miami, FL 33132, 305-479-2299 II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff (For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant) 1 U.S. Government x 3 Federal Question DEF Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party) Citizen of This State Incorporated or Principal Place 4 4 of Business In This State 2 U.S. Government 4 Diversity Citizen of Another State 2 Incorporated and Principal Place Defendant (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) of Business In Another State Citizen or Subject of a 3 Foreign Nation 3 6 Foreign Country IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only) Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions. CONTRACT OTHER STATUTES TORTS FORFEITURE/PENALTY BANKRUPTCY 110 Insurance PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY 625 Drug Related Seizure 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 375 False Claims Act 365 Personal Injury -120 Marine 310 Airplane of Property 21 USC 881 423 Withdrawal 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 130 Miller Act 315 Airplane Product Product Liability 28 USC 157 690 Other 3729(a)) 367 Health Care/ 400 State Reapportionment 140 Negotiable Instrument Liability 150 Recovery of Overpayment 320 Assault, Libel & Pharmaceutical PROPERTY RIGHTS 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking & Enforcement of Judgment Slander Personal Injury 820 Copyrights 330 Federal Employers' 830 Patent 450 Commerce 151 Medicare Act Product Liability 152 Recovery of Defaulted Liability 368 Asbestos Personal 835 Patent - Abbreviated 460 Deportation 340 Marine 470 Racketeer Influenced and Student Loans Injury Product New Drug Application (Excludes Veterans) 345 Marine Product Liability 840 Trademark Corrupt Organizations PERSONAL PROPERTY 153 Recovery of Overpayment Liability LABOR 880 Defend Trade Secrets 480 Consumer Credit 350 Motor Vehicle 370 Other Fraud (15 USC 1681 or 1692) of Veteran's Benefits Act of 2016 710 Fair Labor Standards 355 Motor Vehicle 371 Truth in Lending 160 Stockholders' Suits Act 485 Telephone Consumer 190 Other Contract Product Liability 380 Other Personal 720 Labor/Management SOCIAL SECURITY Protection Act 195 Contract Product Liability Property Damage Relations 490 Cable/Sat TV 360 Other Personal 861 HIA (1395ff) 196 Franchise Injury 385 Property Damage 740 Railway Labor Act 862 Black Lung (923) 850 Securities/Commodities/ 362 Personal Injury -Product Liability 751 Family and Medical 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) Exchange Medical Malpractice 864 SSID Title XVI Leave Act 890 Other Statutory Actions REAL PROPERTY CIVIL RIGHTS PRISONER PETITIONS 790 Other Labor Litigation 865 RSI (405(g)) 891 Agricultural Acts 210 Land Condemnation 440 Other Civil Rights Habeas Corpus: 791 Employee Retirement 893 Environmental Matters 220 Foreclosure 441 Voting 463 Alien Detainee 895 Freedom of Information Income Security Act FEDERAL TAX SUITS 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 442 Employment 510 Motions to Vacate 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff Act or Defendant) 240 Torts to Land 443 Housing/ Sentence 896 Arbitration 871 IRS—Third Party 245 Tort Product Liability Accommodations 530 General 899 Administrative Procedure 26 USC 7609 IMMIGRATION 290 All Other Real Property 445 Amer, w/Disabilities 535 Death Penalty Act/Review or Appeal of 462 Naturalization Application Agency Decision Employment Other: 446 Amer. w/Disabilities 540 Mandamus & Other 465 Other Immigration 950 Constitutionality of 550 Civil Rights Other Actions State Statutes 448 Education 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee -Conditions of Confinement V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only) 2 Removed from 4 Reinstated or 5 Transferred from 6 Multidistrict 8 Multidistrict 1 Original Remanded from Proceeding State Court Appellate Court Reopened Another District Litigation -Litigation -Transfer Direct File (specify) Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §§ 227, et seg. VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Brief description of cause: Unsolicited text messages and failure to maintain do-not-call list VII. REQUESTED IN CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION **DEMAND \$** UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. **COMPLAINT:** JURY DEMAND: × Yes No VIII. RELATED CASE(S) (See instructions): IF ANY JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER

September 7, 2021 /s/ Andrew Shamis

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # AMOUNT APPLYING IFP JUDGE MAG. JUDGE

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

DATE

JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 10/20) - TXND (10/20)

Case 4:21-cv-01028-P Document 1-1 Filed 09/07/21 Page 2 of 2 PageID 13 INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related cases, if any. If a related case exists, whether pending or closed, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases. A case is related to this filing if the case: 1) involves some or all of the same parties and is based on the same or similar claim; 2) involves the same property, transaction, or event; 3) involves substantially similar issues of law and fact; and/or 4) involves the same estate in a bankruptcy appeal.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of Texas

Northern District of Texas				
MELISSA CARSON, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,)))			
Plaintiff(s))			
v.	Civil Action No.			
THE HOME DEPOT, INC.,))))			
Defendant(s))			
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION To: (Defendant's name and address) THE HOME DEPOT, INC.				
Registered Agent: CSC of Cobb County, Inc. 192 Anderson Street S.E., Suite 125, Marietta, GA, 30060				
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Andrew Shamis, Esq. Florida Bar No. 101754 ashamis@shamisgentile.com Angelica Gentile, Esq. Texas Bar No. 24112322 agentile@shamisgentile.com If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.				
You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
	CLERK OF COURT			
Date:				
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (neeived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if an	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)					
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,					
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or					
	\square I served the summons on (name of individual) , who					
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)					
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I returned the sun	nmons unexecuted because			; or	
	☐ Other (specify):					
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	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.					
Date:						
			Server's signature			
		_	Printed name and title	,		
		_	Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Home Depot Hit with Class Action Over Alleged Pro Referral Text Messages</u>