UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MORRIS CAMMY, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

-against-

C.TECH COLLECTIONS, INC.

Defendant.

CIVIL ACTION

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff MORRIS CAMMY (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a New York resident, brings this class action complaint by and through his attorneys, Joseph H. Mizrahi Law, P.C., against Defendants C.TECH COLLECTIONS, INC. (hereinafter "Defendant"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- Congress enacted the FDCPA in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws . . . [we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).
- 2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using

abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." *Id.* § 1692(e). After determining that the existing consumer protection laws were inadequate, *id.* § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. *Id.* § 1692k.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 2201. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New York consumers seeking redress for Defendant's actions of using an unfair and unconscionable means to collect a debt.
- 6. Defendant's actions violated § 1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("<u>FDCPA</u>") which prohibits debt collectors from engaging in abusive, deceptive and unfair practices.
- 7. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

PARTIES

- Plaintiff is a natural person and a resident of the State of New York, and is a "Consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692(a)(3).
- 9. Defendant is a collection agency with its principal office located in Mt. Sinai, New York.
- 10. Defendant is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 11. Defendant is a "debt collector," as defined under the FDCPA under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 12. Plaintiff brings claims, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (hereinafter "FRCP") Rule 23, individually and on behalf of the following consumer class (the "Class"):
 - Plaintiff brings this action individually and as a class action on behalf of all persons similarly situated in the State of New York from whom Defendant attempted to collect a consumer debt using the same unlawful form letter herein, from one year before the date of this Complaint to the present.
 - The Class period begins one year to the filing of this Action.

13. The Class satisfies all the requirements of Rule 23 of the FRCP for maintaining a class action:

- Upon information and belief, the Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable because there are hundreds and/or thousands of persons who have received debt collection Letter and/or notices from Defendant that fail to adequately advise the consumer of their right to dispute the debt in violation of the FDCPA. Plaintiff is complaining of a standard form Letter and/or notice that is sent to hundreds of persons (*See* Exhibit A, except that the undersigned attorney has, in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 5.2 partially redacted the financial account numbers in an effort to protect Plaintiff's privacy);
- There are questions of law and fact which are common to the Class and which predominate over questions affecting any individual Class member. These common questions of law and fact include, without limitation:
 - a. Whether Defendant violated various provisions of the FDCPA;
 - b. Whether Plaintiff and the Class have been injured by Defendant's conduct;
 - c. Whether Plaintiff and the Class have sustained damages and are

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entitled to restitution as a result of Defendant's wrongdoing and if so, what is the proper measure and appropriate statutory formula to be applied in determining such damages and restitution; and

- d. Whether Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to declaratory and/or injunctive relief.
- Plaintiff's claims are typical of the Class, which all arise from the same operative facts and are based on the same legal theories.
- Plaintiff has no interest adverse or antagonistic to the interest of the other members of the Class.
- Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interest of the Class and has retained experienced and competent attorneys to represent the Class.
- A Class Action is superior to other methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims herein asserted. Plaintiff anticipates that no unusual difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this class action.
- A Class Action will permit large numbers of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously and without the duplication of effort and expense that numerous individual actions would engender. Class treatment will also permit the adjudication of relatively small claims by many Class members who could not otherwise afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein. Absent a Class Action, class members will continue to suffer losses of statutory protected rights as well as monetary damages. If Defendant's conduct is allowed to proceed without remedy they will continue to reap and retain the proceeds of their ill-gotten gains.

• Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the entire Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.

ALLEGATIONS OF FACT PARTICULAR TO MORRIS CAMMY

- 14. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered"1" through "13" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 15. Defendant collects and attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors using the United States Postal Services, telephone and Internet.
- 16. Upon information and belief, within the last year Defendant commenced efforts to collect an alleged consumer "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C. 1692a(5), when it mailed a Collection Letter to Plaintiff seeking to collect on an unpaid account originally owed to NYU.
- 17. On or about December 8, 2016, Defendant sent Plaintiff a collection letter (the "Letter"). See <u>Exhibit A</u>.
- 18. The Letter was sent or caused to be sent by persons employed by Defendant, as "any person that uses any instrumentality of interstate commerce or the mails in any business the principal purpose of which is the collection of any debts..." as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(6).
- 19. The Letter is a "communication" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(2).
- 20. The Letter was an initial communication between Plaintiff and Defendant.
- 21. The communication was unclear as to the date of the Letter, as two separate addresses were identified on the Letter, December 7, 2016 and December 8, 2017, thereby confusing Plaintiff and the Least Sophisticated Consumer as to their right to the request validation of the debt in violation of the FDCPA.

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- 22. The Letter states in pertinent part, "MAIL ALL CORRESPONDENCE & PAYMENTS TO:"
- 23. As a result of the following Counts Defendant violated the FDCPA.

<u>First Count</u> 15 U.S.C. §1692g(a)(3) <u>Overshadowing Plaintiff's Right to Request Validation</u>

- 24. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered"1" through "23" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 25. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) requires the notice to include a statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debt collector.
- 26. There is no requirement that the consumer dispute the debt in writing.
- 27. It is a violation of FDCPA to require disputes be made in writing.
- 28. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that overshadows the required 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) statement.
- 29. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that contradicts the required 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) statement.
- 30. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, overshadows the required § 1692g(a)(3) statement.
- 31. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, contradicts the required § 1692g(a)(3) statement.

- 32. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, leads the least sophisticated consumer to be unsure as to when her validation request must be received by.
- 33. Defendant's Letter states both December 7, 2016 and December 8, 2017 as two separate dates presumably on which the communication was sent by Defendant.
- 34. Defendant's Letter was either sent on December 7, 2016 or December 8, 2017, but not both.
- 35. This effectively overshadowed Plaintiff's and the Least Sophisticated Consumer's right to request validation of the debt, as Plaintiff was left unsure when the 30-day period would expire, either 30 days from December 7, 2016 or alternatively, 30 days from December 8, 2017.

<u>Second Count</u> 15 U.S.C. §1692g(a)(3) <u>Suggesting a Dispute Must be Made in Writing</u>

- 36. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered"1" through "35" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 37. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) requires the notice to include a statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debt collector.
- 38. There is no requirement that the consumer dispute the debt in writing.
- 39. It is a violation of FDCPA to require disputes be made in writing.
- 40. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that overshadows the required 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) statement.
- 41. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that contradicts the required 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) statement.

- 42. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, overshadows the required § 1692g(a)(3) statement.
- 43. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, contradicts the required § 1692g(a)(3) statement.
- 44. It is a violation of the FDCPA to include language in the Letter that, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, leads the least sophisticated consumer to believe that her dispute must be in writing.
- 45. Defendant's Letter states "MAIL ALL CORRESPONDENCE & PAYMENTS TO:" and proceeds to provide a mailing address for which to mail same.
- 46. The least sophisticated consumer, reading the Letter as a whole, would be likely to understand that, because a dispute is a correspondence, all disputes must be communicated in writing, thereby invalidating the right to make a dispute orally.
- 47. Disputes need not be in writing. *Hooks v. Forman, Holt, Eliades & Ravin, LLC*, 717 F.3d 282 (2d Cir. 2013).
- 48. The language concerning written disputes overshadows the required 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) statement.
- 49. The language concerning written disputes contradicts the required 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(3) statement.
- 50. The language concerning written disputes, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, overshadows the required § 1692g(a)(3) statement.

- 51. The language concerning written disputes, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, contradicts the required § 1692g(a)(3) statement.
- 52. The language concerning written disputes, when examined from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, leads the least sophisticated consumer to believe that her dispute must be in writing.
- 53. Defendant has violated § 1692g as the above-referenced language overshadows the information required to be provided by that Section. See *Balke v. All. One Receivables Mgt., Inc., 16-CV-5624(ADS)(AKT), 2017 WL 2634653, at *8 (E.D.N.Y. June 19, 2017).*¹

<u>Third Count</u> Violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e, *et seq* False and Misleading Representations

- 54. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered"1" through "53" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 55. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e prohibits a debt collector from using any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.
- 56. While § 1692e specifically prohibits certain practices, the list is non-exhaustive, and does not preclude a claim of falsity or deception based on non-enumerated practice.
- 57. For purposes of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e, the failure to clearly provide the consumer with complete and accurate information notifying them of their rights and obligations is unfair and deceptive to the least sophisticated consumer.

¹ Namely, the Court finds that, although the Collection Letter did not explicitly state that the Plaintiff could only dispute the debt in writing, from the perspective of the least sophisticated consumer, the inclusion of a mailing address to which "all correspondence for this account should be mailed" introduces enough uncertainty regarding the permissible methods of disputing the debt to state a plausible claim for relief under the statute.

- 58. Collection notices are deceptive if they can be reasonably read to have two or more different meanings, one of which is inaccurate.
- 59. The question of whether a collection Letter is deceptive is determined from the perspective of the "least sophisticated consumer."
- 60. Because the collection Letter in the instant case was reasonably susceptible to an inaccurate reading concerning Plaintiff's right to dispute the debt by something other than in writing, it is deceptive within the meaning of the FDCPA.
- 61. When confronted with Defendant's Letter which stated, "MAIL ALL CORRESPONDENCE & PAYMENTS TO:" it is reasonable for the least sophisticated consumer to believe that all disputes would be needed in writing. That is inaccurate since you can also call to orally dispute the debt.
- 62. When confronted with Defendant's Letter which states, "MAIL ALL CORRESPONDENCE & PAYMENTS TO:" it would be reasonable for the least sophisticated consumer to understand that statement to mean that in order to dispute the debt she must send it in writing. That would be inaccurate since she can dispute the debt verbally.
- 63. The least sophisticated consumer would likely be deceived by Defendants' conduct.
- 64. The least sophisticated consumer would likely be deceived in a material way by Defendant's conduct.
- 65. The least sophisticated consumer would be unsure as to whether a writing or oral communication is necessary to dispute the underlying debt.
- 66. Defendant's conduct violated 15 U.S.C. §1692e. There is no requirement that the consumer dispute the debt in writing.

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67. Because the Letter, for the reasons described above, could be read by the least sophisticated consumer to have two or more meanings, one of which is inaccurate, such violates 15 U.S.C.
§ 1692e. See *Balke v. Alliance One Receivables Management, Inc.*, No. 16-CV 5624(ADS)(AKT), 2017 WL 2634653 (E.D.N.Y. June 19, 2017).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

- (a) Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative and Joseph H. Mizrahi Law, P.C., as Class Counsel;
- (b) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;
- (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;
- (d) Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;
- (e) Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and
- (f) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

By: <u>/s/ Joseph H. Mizrahi</u> Joseph H. Mizrahi, Esq. Joseph H. Mizrahi Law, P.C. 300 Cadman Plaza West, 12 Floor Brooklyn, New York 11201 Phone: (917) 299-6612 Fax: (718) 425-8954 Email: Joseph@Jmizrahilaw.com *Attorneys for Plaintiff*

Dated: Brooklyn, New York December 8, 2017 Case 1:17-cv-07175 Document 1 Filed 12/08/17 Page 12 of 12 PageID #: 12

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a

trial by jury on all issues so triable.

/s/ Joseph H. Mizrahi Joseph H. Mizrahi, Esq.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York December 8, 2017

JS 44 (Rev. 11/27/17 Case 1:17-cv-07175 Document 1 Filed 12/08/17 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 13

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)*

MORRIS CAMMY, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, C.TECH COLLECTIONS, INC. (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff	$\begin{array}{c} nt) \\ \mathbf{DEF} \\ \Box 4 \\ \Box 5 \\ \Box 6 \\ \hline \underline{8}. \end{array}$				
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): 15 USC 1692 Brief description of cause: Defendant violated the FDCPA					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.DEMAND \$CHECK YES only if demanded in complain JURY DEMAND:VII. REQUESTED IN UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.DEMAND \$CHECK YES only if demanded in complain JURY DEMAND:The complain The second	ıt:				
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER	DOCKET NUMBER				
DATE SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD 12/08/2017 /s/ Joseph H. Mizrahi					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY AMOUNT APPLYING IFP JUDGE MAG. JUDGE					

Case 1:17-cv-07175 Document 1-1 Filed 12/08/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 14 **CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY**

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I, JOSEPH H. MIZRAHI

_, counsel for<u>PLAINTIFF</u> is ineligible for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):

monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,

the complaint seeks injunctive relief,

the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason Question of law rather than question of fact predominates

_____, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1

NONE

Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:

RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)

Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that " A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court."

NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)

1.)	Is the civil action County?	n being	filed in th Yes	ie Easte	ern District removed f No	rom a New	York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk			
2.)	If you answered a) Did the event County?			iving ris	se to the claim or clair No	ms, or a sul	bstantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffoll			
	b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? Yes D No									
c) If this is a Fair Debt Collection Practice Act case, specify the County in which the offending communication was received: Queens County .										
If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County? <u>Yes</u> <u>No</u> (Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).										
	BAR ADMISSION									
	I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court.									
		~		Yes			No			
	Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court?									
				Yes	(If yes, please explain	n 🗹	No			
	I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.									
	Signature: /s/ Joseph H. Mizrahi									

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

)

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MORRIS CAMMY, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff(s)

v. C.TECH COLLECTIONS, INC. Civil Action No.

Defendant(s)

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) C.TECH COLLECTIONS, INC. 5505 NESCONSET HIGHWAY SUITE 200 MOUNT SINAI, NEW YORK 11766

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

JOSEPH H. MIZRAHI LAW, P.C. 300 Cadman Plaza West 12th Floor Brooklyn, NY 11201

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

> DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

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AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nan	ne of individual and title, if any)							
was ree	ceived by me on (date)									
	□ I personally served the summons on the individual at (<i>place</i>)									
		on (date) ; or								
	\Box I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with <i>(name)</i>									
	on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or									
		I served the summons on (name of individual)								
		signated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization) On (date) ;								
	\Box I returned the summ	; or								
	Other (<i>specify</i>):									
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00 .						
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this infor	mation is true.							
Date:										
			Server's signature							
			Printed name and title							

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Case 1:17-cv-07175 Document 1-3 Filed 12/08/17

ADCTEC01 PO Box 1022 Wixom MI 48393-1022 ADDRESS SERVICE REQUESTED



COLLECTIONS, INC. Post Office Box 402
 Mt. Sinai, NY 11766

December 8, 2016

Date: 12/07/2016 Creditor Name: Account #: 1/28/2016 **Balance:** \$ 35.00

NYU LANGONE PHYSICIAN SERVICES

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Morris S Cammy

Dear Morris S Cammy:

NYU Langone Physician Services has referred your account to this office for collection. All future payments, inquiries andcorrespondence should be directed to C.Tech Collections, Inc.

NYU Langone Physician Services has advised us that services were provided, and payment is due. Please contact our office pursuant to the "Important Consumer Notice" set forth below, or remit \$ 35.00 in order to conclude this matter.

Please see payment options below. Should you choose to remit payment by mail, an envelope is enclosed for your convenience.

IMPORTANT CONSUMER NOTICE

"Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of the debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, this office will: obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and will mail you a copy of such verification or judgment. If you request from this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor."

THIS COMMUNICATION IS FROM A DEBT COLLECTOR. THIS IS AN ATTEMPT TO COLLECT A DEBT. ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED WILL BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

New York City Department of Consumer Affairs License Number 0980854.

*** DETACH HERE AND RETURN WITH REMITTANCE ***

Laura Muhlhausen **Collection Division Manager** (631) 828-3140 (866) 402-1026

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If you wish to pay by credit card, please enter the 12/07/2016 requested information in the spaces provided Date: NYU LANGONE PHYSICIAN SERVICES **3 DIGIT SECURITY CODE** Creditor Name: CHECK 1924 ONE: (on back of card) Account # 8/2016 EXP. DATE CARD NUMBER Balance: \$ 35.00 AMOUNT AUTHORIZED CARDHOLDER SIGNATURE S **PAYMENT OPTIONS:** Check, Money Order, Credit/Debit Card By Mail: **PO Box 402** Mt. Sinai NY 11766-0402 By Phone: Call (866) 402-1026 MAIL ALL CORRESPONDENCE & PAYMENTS TO: C.TECH COLLECTIONS, INC. **PO Box 402 Online:** www.ctech-collects.com Mt. Sinai NY 11766-0402 յլլեւվոլի իներին կանորել իներությունը հայությունը։

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>C.Tech Collections Hit with FDCPA Suit Over Collection Letter's Alleged Miscommunications</u>