#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN MILWAUKEE DIVISION

ELAINE BONIN, Individually and on Behalf of	) Case No.: 17-cv-90
All Others Similarly Situated,	) CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,	
VS.	)
	<b>)</b> Jury Trial Demanded
FRONTLINE ASSET STRATEGIES, LLC and	)
BUREAUS INVESTMENT GROUP	)
PORTFOLIO NUMBER 15, LLC,	)
	)
Defendants.	<b>\</b>

#### **INTRODUCTION**

1. This class action seeks redress for collection practices that violate the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* (the "FDCPA").

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2. The court has jurisdiction to grant the relief sought by the Plaintiff pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that Defendant directed its collection efforts into the District.

#### **PARTIES**

- 3. Plaintiff Elaine Bonin is an individual who resides in the Eastern District of Wisconsin (Milwaukee County).
- 4. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined in the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3), in that Defendant sought to collect from her a debt allegedly incurred for personal, family or household purposes.
- 5. Defendant Frontline Asset Strategies, LLC ("Frontline") is a debt collection agency with its principal offices located at 2700 Snelling Avenue North, Roseville, MN 55113.

- 6. Frontline is engaged in the business of a collection agency, using the mails and telephone to collect consumer debts originally owed to others.
- 7. Frontline is engaged in the business of collecting debts owed to others and incurred for personal, family or household purposes. Frontline is a debt collector as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a.
- 8. Bureaus Investment Group Portfolio Number 15, LLC ("BIG 15") is engaged in the business of a collection agency, in that it purchases and receives assignment of consumer debts that are in default at the time Frontline acquires them.
- 9. The FDCPA treats assignees as debt collectors if the debt sought to be collected was in default when acquired by the assignee, and as creditors if it was not. 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)(F)(iii); Schlosser v. Fairbanks Capital Corp., 323 F.3d 534, 536 (7th Cir. 2003), citing Bailey v. Sec. Nat'l Serving Corp., 154 F.3d 384, 387 (7th Cir. 1998); Whitaker v. Ameritech Corp., 129 F.3d 952, 958 (7th Cir. 1998); Pollice v. Nat'l Tax Funding, L.P., 225 F.3d 379, 403-04 (3d Cir. 2000); Wadlington v. Credit Acceptance Corp., 76 F.3d 103, 106-07 (6th Cir. 1996); Perry v. Stewart Title Co., 756 F.2d 1197, 1208 (5th Cir. 1985).
- 10. BIG 15 uses third party debt collectors, including Frontline, to collect allegedly defaulted debts that have been assigned.
- 11. A company meeting the definition of a "debt collector" under the FDCPA (here, BIG 15) is vicariously liable for the actions of a second company collecting debts on its behalf. Janetos v. Fulton Friedman & Gullace, LLP, 825 F.3d 317, 325-26 (7th Cir. 2016) (assignees who are "debt collectors" are responsible for the actions of those collecting on their behalf); citing Pollice, 225 F.3d at 404-05.

#### **FACTS**

- 12. Prior to December 5, 2016, Plaintiff's account with Capital One Bank (USA),N.A. ("Capital One") went into default.
- 13. Prior to December 5, 2016, and after Plaintiff's account with Capital One was in default, Capital One sold or otherwise assigned the ownership rights to Plaintiff's account to BIG 15.
- 14. On or about December 5, 2016, Frontline mailed a debt collection letter to Plaintiff regarding an alleged debt, allegedly owed to BIG 15 and originally owed to "Capital One Bank (USA), N.A." A copy of this letter is attached to this complaint as Exhibit A.
- 15. Upon information and belief, the alleged debt that Frontline was attempting to collect was a personal credit card account, used only for personal, family or household purposes.
- 16. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form letter, generated by computer, and with the information specific to Plaintiff inserted by computer.
- 17. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form debt collection letter used by Frontline to attempt to collect alleged debts.
  - 18. Exhibit A contains the following settlement offer:

Your current creditor has agreed to resolve your above-mentioned account for \$885.85.

We request payment by 01/04/2017. Upon payment of this offer and clearance of funds, we will notify your current creditor that your account has been satisfied and that you no longer owe on this debt.

- 19. The letter purports to offer a settlement of the debt for about 74% of the total alleged debt.
- 20. The settlement offer in <u>Exhibit A</u> falsely states or implies that the settlement offer is valid only if the payment is made "by 01/04/2017." (<u>Exhibit A</u>). The unsophisticated consumer interprets such dates as deadlines.

- 21. Upon information and belief, Frontline had authority from BIG 15 to settle consumers' accounts for 74% of the amount owed, or less, at any time.
- 22. Statements such as a settlement offer is a "limited time offer," or that the offer expires on a specific date, or that payments must be received by that date, are false and misleading because the same offer is, upon information and belief, available at any time.
- 23. Such false statements are material false statements, as they impart in the unsophisticated consumer, a false belief that he or she must hurry to take advantage of a limited-time opportunity, when in reality, there is no such time limit.
- 24. The Seventh Circuit has established "safe harbor" language regarding settlement offers in collection letters:

As in previous cases in which we have created safe-harbor language for use in cases under the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, we think the present concern can be adequately addressed yet the unsophisticated consumer still be protected against receiving a false impression of his options by the debt collector's including with the offer the following language: "We are not obligated to renew this offer." The word "obligated" is strong and even the unsophisticated consumer will realize that there is a renewal possibility but that it is not assured.

Evory v. RJM Acquisitions Funding L.L.C., 505 F.3d 769, 775-76 (7th Cir. 2007).

- 25. Frontline did not use the safe harbor language in Exhibit A.
- 26. Upon information and belief, the deadline in <u>Exhibit A</u> to respond to the settlement offer is a sham. There is no actual deadline. The sole purpose of the purported deadline is to impart in the consumer a false sense of urgency.
  - 27. Plaintiff was confused by Exhibit A.
- 28. Plaintiff had to spend time and money investigating Exhibit A and the consequences of any potential responses to Exhibit A.

- 29. Plaintiff had to take time to obtain and meet with counsel, including travel to counsel's office by car and its related expenses (including but not limited to the cost of gasoline and mileage), to advise Plaintiff on the consequences of Exhibit A.
- 30. The FDCPA creates substantive rights for consumers; violations cause injury to consumers, and such injuries are concrete and particularized. Quinn v. Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC, No. 16 C 2021, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 107299 \*8-13 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 11, 2016) (rejecting challenge to Plaintiff's standing based upon alleged FDCPA statutory violation); Lane v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC, No. 15 C 10446, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89258 \*9-10 (N.D. Ill. July 11, 2016) ("When a federal statute is violated, and especially when Congress has created a cause of action for its violation, by definition Congress has created a legally protected interest that it deems important enough for a lawsuit."); Church v. Accretive Health, Inc., No. 15-15708, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 12414 \*7-11 (11th Cir. July 6, 2016) (same); see also Mogg v. Jacobs, No. 15-CV-1142-JPG-DGW, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33229, 2016 WL 1029396, at \*5 (S.D. III. Mar. 15, 2016) ("Congress does have the power to enact statutes creating legal rights, the invasion of which creates standing, even though no injury would exist without the statute," (quoting Sterk v. Redbox Automated Retail, LLC, 770 F.3d 618, 623 (7th Cir. 2014)). For this reason, and to encourage consumers to bring FDCPA actions, Congress authorized an award of statutory damages for violations. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a).
- 31. Moreover, Congress has explicitly described the FDCPA as regulating "abusive practices" in debt collection. 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(a) 1692(e). Any person who receives a debt collection letter containing a violation of the FDCPA is a victim of abusive practices. *See* 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(e) ("It is the purpose of this subchapter to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive

debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses").

- 32. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e generally prohibits "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt."
- 33. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10) specifically prohibits the "use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."
- 34. 15 U.S.C. § 1692f generally prohibits "unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."

#### COUNT I – FDCPA

- 35. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 36. <u>Exhibit A</u> includes false statements to the effect that the settlement offer is for a limited time only.
- 37. Upon information and belief, the creditor and/or Frontline would settle Plaintiff's and class members' debts at the offered discount and likely for less at any time, regardless of the supposed deadline.
  - 38. Defendants violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(10) and 1692f.

#### CLASS ALLEGATIONS

39. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a Class, consisting of (a) all natural persons in the State of Wisconsin (b) who were sent an initial collection letter in the form represented by Exhibit A to the complain in this action, (c) seeking to collect a debt for personal, family or household purposes, (d) between January 19, 2016, and January 19, 2017, inclusive, (e) that was not returned by the postal service.

40. The Class is so numerous that joinder is impracticable. Upon information and

belief, there are more than 50 members of the Class.

41. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the class, which

common questions predominate over any questions that affect only individual class members.

The predominant common question is whether the Defendant complied with 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e,

1692e(10) and 1692f.

42. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class members. All are based on

the same factual and legal theories.

43. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Class members.

Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in consumer credit and debt collection abuse cases.

44. A class action is superior to other alternative methods of adjudicating this dispute.

Individual cases are not economically feasible.

JURY DEMAND

45. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of Plaintiff and

the Class and against Defendants for:

(a) actual damages;

(b) statutory damages;

- (c) attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and
- (d) such other or further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: January 19, 2017

#### **ADEMI & O'REILLY, LLP**

By: s/ John D. Blythin

Shpetim Ademi (SBN 1026973)
John D. Blythin (SBN 1046105)
Mark A. Eldridge (SBN 1089944)
Denise L. Morris (SBN 1097911)
3620 East Layton Avenue
Cudahy, WI 53110
(414) 482-8000
(414) 482-8001 (fax)
sademi@ademilaw.com
jblythin@ademilaw.com
meldridge@ademilaw.com
dmorris@ademilaw.com

# **EXHIBIT A**



Frontline Asset Strategies, LLC 2700 Snelling Ave N. Ste 250 Roseville, MN 55113

#### լեվիգիիվնուկցիլՈւնիսիովիովիրդերեռեվիրկիցիիրգ

#### TO MAKE AN ONLINE PAYMENT ARRANGEMENT VISIT WWW.PAYFRONTLINE.COM

Date: 12/05/2016

Current Creditor to whom the debt is owed: BUREAUS INVESTMENT GROUP PORTFOLIO NO 15 LLC

Original Creditor:

CAPITAL ONE BANK (USA), N.A.

Original Creditor#:

xxxxxxxxxxxx6665

Charge-off Date:

08/08/2016

FAST #:

8182

\$1,197.09

Total Amount Due:

Dear ELAINE BONIN:

This letter is to inform you of an offer to resolve your debt that your current creditor, to whom you owe this debt, has approved on your account with Frontline Asset Strategies, LLC. As of the date of this letter, you owe \$1,197.09.

Your current creditor has agreed to resolve your above-mentioned account for \$885.85.

We request payment by 01/04/2017. Upon payment of this offer and clearance of funds, we will notify your current creditor that your account has been satisfied and that you no longer owe on this debt.

Contact us at 877-258-1590 to take advantage of this offer. You may also go to www.frontlineas.com/contact/ in order to chat with a live agent.

Thank you for your time and attention regarding the resolution of this debt. Calls to or from this company, along with communications via live chat, may be monitored or recorded.

Sincerely, **Troy Tratar** 877-258-1590 Frontline Asset Strategies, LLC

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

This communication is from a debt collector and is an attempt to collect a debt. • Any information obtained will be used for that purpose.



0016120700

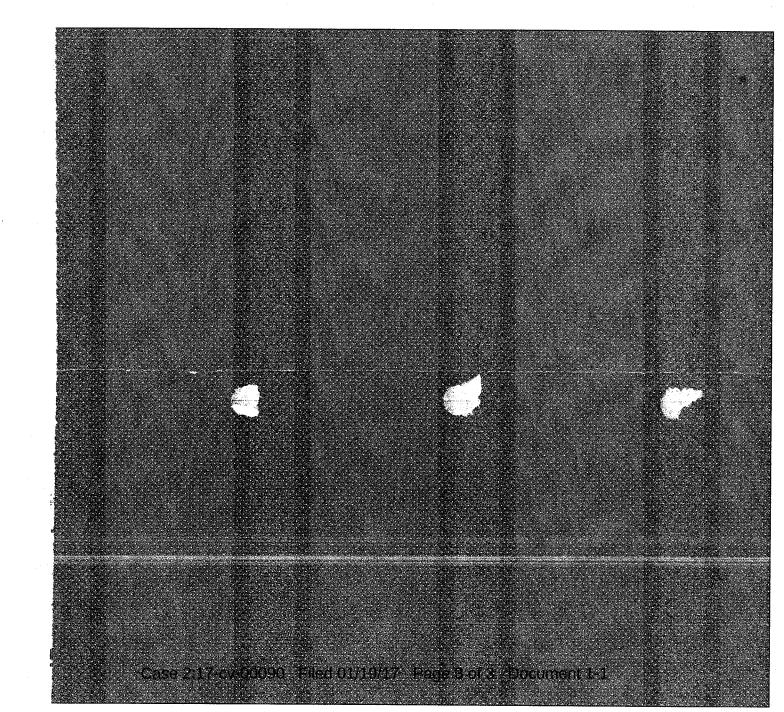
Dept 130764 PO Box 1259 Oaks, PA 19456

PRESORTED FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID DPCH

#### - իլիլինիինիինիիին այնքնինիիինիիինինիիիինինիի



ELAINE BONIN
TLOO W HIGHLAND PARK AVE APT 348
FRANKLIN WI 53132-8002



#### **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

Place an X in the appropriate Box:	Green Bay Division	<u> </u>	Milwaukee Division		
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		DEFENDANTS	DEFENDANTS		
ELAINE BONIN		FRONTLINE	FRONTLINE ASSET STRATEGIES, LLC, et al.		
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Pla (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLA		_ County of Residence o	of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)	ONLY)	
(======================================		NOTE: IN LAND	CONDEMNATION CASES, US		
		LAND I	INVOLVED.		
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telep		Attorneys (If Known)			
Ademi & O'Reilly, LLP, 3620 E. Layton Ave., (414) 482-8000-Telephone (414) 482-8001-Far					
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Pl	ace an "X" in One Box Only)	(For Diversity Cases Only)	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)	
1 U.S. Government 3 Federal Que Plaintiff (U.S. G			TF DEF  1 Incorporated or Pr  of Business In This	PTF DEF incipal Place 4 4	
2 U.S. Government 4 Diversity Defendant	te Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and F of Business In A		
(indical	*	Citizen or Subject of a  Foreign Country	3 Greign Nation	6 6 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in					
CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice   365 Personal Injury - Product Liability   368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability   164   165	610 Agriculture 620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other  LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Application 463 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee 465 Other Immigration Actions	422 Appeal 28 USC 158   423 Withdrawal	400 State Reapportionment   410 Antitrust   430 Banks and Banking   450 Commerce   460 Deportation   470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations   480 Consumer Credit   490 Cable/Sat TV   810 Selective Service   850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange   875 Customer Challenge   12 USC 3410   890 Other Statutory Actions   891 Agricultural Acts   892 Economic Stabilization Act   893 Environmental Matters   894 Energy Allocation Act   895 Freedom of Information Act   900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice   950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
V. ORIGIN  Original Proceeding  Other the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):  Appeal to District Transferred from another district (specify)  Original Proceeding  Other the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):  Other the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):					
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Brief descri	ption of cause: Fair Debt Collection Practices Act				
VII. REQUESTED IN   CHECK	K IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION R F.R.C.P. 23	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only  JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint:	
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See instru	ictions): JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE	SIGNATURE OF ATTORN	EY OF RECORD	<u> </u>		
January 19, 2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	s/ John D. Bly	thin			

- Ca<del>se 2:17-cv-00</del>090 Filed <del>01/19/17 P</del>age 1 of <del>2 Docume</del>nt 1-2

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example:

U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Wisconsin

Elaine Bonin	)					
Plaintiff	)					
v.	)	Civil Action No. 17-cv-90				
Frontline Asset Strategies, Bureaus Investment Group Portfolio						
Defendant	)					
	SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION					
802	ontline Asset Strategies, LLC C T CORPORATION SYSTE 20 EXCELSIOR DR STE 200 ADISON, WI 53717	EM				
A lawsuit has been filed against you.  Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,						
whose name and address are:  Joh Add 362 Cuc	nn D. Blythin emi & O'Reilly, LLP 20 East Layton Avenue dahy, WI 53110 4) 482-8000-Telephone	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.						
		CLERK OF COURT				
Date:		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

Civil Action No. 17-cv-90

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nan	ne of individual and title, if any)			
was re	ceived by me on (date)	·			
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individual at	t (place)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's residence or us	sual place of abode with (name)		
		, a person of	f suitable age and discretion who resid	des there,	
	on (date)	, and mailed a copy to th	ne individual's last known address; or		
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)		, wh	o is
	designated by law to a	accept service of process on behal	f of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because			; or
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this information i	s true.		
Date:					
			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Save As...

## **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Frontline Asset Strategies Hit with FDCPA Class Action</u>