UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN MILWAUKEE DIVISION

ADEL AL, Individually and on Behalf of All) Case No.: 17-cv-863
Others Similarly Situated,) CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,	
VS.)
SOURCE RECEIVABLES MANAGEMENT, LLC,	Jury Trial Demanded))
Defendant.)

INTRODUCTION

1. This class action seeks redress for collection practices that violate the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* (the "FDCPA").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. The court has jurisdiction to grant the relief sought by the Plaintiff pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that Defendant directed its collection efforts into the District.

PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff Adel Al is an individual who resides in the Eastern District of Wisconsin (Milwaukee County).
- 4. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined in the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3), in that Defendant sought to collect from him a debt allegedly incurred for personal, family or household purposes.
- 5. Defendant Source Receivables Management, LLC ("Source Receivables") is a debt collection agency with its principal offices located at 4615 Dundas Drive, Suite 102 Greensboro, NC 27407.

- 6. Source Receivables is engaged in the business of a collection agency, using the mails and telephone to collect consumer debts originally owed to others.
- 7. Source Receivables is engaged in the business of collecting debts owed to others and incurred for personal, family or household purposes. Source Receivables is a debt collector as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a.

FACTS

- 8. On or about May 25, 2017, Source Receivables mailed a debt collection letter to Plaintiff regarding an alleged debt, allegedly owed "Sprint." A copy of this letter is attached to this complaint as Exhibit A.
- 9. Upon information and belief, the alleged debt that Source Receivables was attempting to collect was a personal cell phone services account.
 - 10. The cell phone account listed in Exhibit A was not opened for a business purpose.
- 11. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form letter, generated by computer, and with the information specific to Plaintiff inserted by computer.
- 12. Upon information and belief, <u>Exhibit A</u> is a form debt collection letter used by Source Receivables to attempt to collect alleged debts.
 - 13. Exhibit A contains the following settlement offer:

SPRINT has placed your account with Source Receivables Management to recover the Amount Due referenced in this letter. There are multiple options available to you.



Single Payment Settlement Option:

Take \$460.79 off the balance. Pay \$460.79 no later than 07/06/17. Your account will be considered "Settled in Full" after we post your payment.



3 Monthly Payment Plan:

Take \$368.63 off the balance. Pay over 3 equal monthly installments of \$184.32. First payment due no later than 07/06/17. Your account will be considered "Settled in Full" after we post your final payment.



Balance in full Payment Plan:

Pay as little as \$76.80 per month. First payment due no later than 07/06/17. Your account will be considered "Paid in Full" once the account reaches a zero balance.

- 14. The letter purports to offer a settlement of the debt for a portion of the total alleged debt.
- 15. The settlement offer in <u>Exhibit A</u> falsely states or implies that the settlement offer is valid only if the first payment is made "no later than 07/06/2017." (<u>Exhibit A</u>).
- 16. Upon information and belief, Source Receivables had authority from Sprint to settle consumers' accounts for a portion of the total amount owed at any time.
- 17. Statements such as a settlement offer is a "limited time offer," or that the offer expires on a specific date, or that payments must be received by that date, are false and misleading because the same offer is, upon information and belief, available at any time.
- 18. Such false statements are material false statements, as they impart in the unsophisticated consumer, a false belief that he or she must hurry to take advantage of a limited-time opportunity, when in reality, there is no such time limit.
- 19. The Seventh Circuit has established "safe harbor" language regarding settlement offers in collection letters:

As in previous cases in which we have created safe-harbor language for use in cases under the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, we think the present concern can be adequately addressed yet the unsophisticated consumer still be protected against receiving a false impression of his options by the debt collector's including with the offer the following language: "We are not obligated to renew this offer." The word "obligated" is strong and even the unsophisticated consumer will realize that there is a renewal possibility but that it is not assured.

Evory v. RJM Acquisitions Funding L.L.C., 505 F.3d 769, 775-76 (7th Cir. 2007).

- 20. Source Receivables did not use the safe harbor language in Exhibit A.
- 21. Upon information and belief, the deadline in <u>Exhibit A</u> to respond to the settlement offer is a sham. There is no actual deadline. The sole purpose of the purported deadline is to impart in the consumer a false sense of urgency.

- 22. The letter Source Receivables sent to Plaintiff (Exhibit A) also includes the text: "Please review the privacy notice contained on the back of this letter for an explanation of the Account Owners' policies and procedures regarding the use of non-public, personal information."
 - 23. The reverse side of Exhibit A is blank.
- 24. Directing a consumer to "privacy notice" on the reverse of a debt collection letter, when the reverse of the letter is blank is misleading and confusing to the unsophisticated consumer.
- 25. The conduct alleged induces the consumer to search in vain for a privacy notice that is nowhere to be found. The consumer is likely to call Source Receivables, subjecting the consumer to additional collection efforts.
 - 26. Plaintiff was confused by Exhibit A.
 - 27. The unsophisticated consumer would be confused by Exhibit A.
 - 28. Plaintiff had to spend time and money investigating Exhibit A.
- 29. Plaintiff had to take time to obtain and meet with counsel, including traveling to counsel's office by car and its related expenses, including but not limited to the cost of gasoline and mileage, to advise Plaintiff on the consequences of <u>Exhibit A</u>.
- 30. The FDCPA creates substantive rights for consumers; violations cause injury to consumers, and such injuries are concrete and particularized. *Bock v. Pressler & Pressler, LLP*, No. 11-7593, 2017 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 81058 *21 (D.N.J. May 25, 2017) ("through [s]ection 1692e of the FDCPA, Congress established 'an enforceable right to truthful information concerning' debt collection practices, a decision that 'was undoubtedly influenced by congressional awareness that the intentional provision of misinformation' related to such practices, 'contribute[s] to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss

of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy,"); Quinn v. Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC, No. 16 C 2021, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 107299 *8-13 (N.D. III. Aug. 11, 2016) (rejecting challenge to Plaintiff's standing based upon alleged FDCPA statutory violation); Lane v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC, No. 15 C 10446, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 89258 *9-10 (N.D. III. July 11, 2016) ("When a federal statute is violated, and especially when Congress has created a cause of action for its violation, by definition Congress has created a legally protected interest that it deems important enough for a lawsuit."); Church v. Accretive Health, Inc., No. 15-15708, 2016 U.S. App. LEXIS 12414 *7-11 (11th Cir. July 6, 2016) (same); see also Mogg v. Jacobs, No. 15-CV-1142-JPG-DGW, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 33229, 2016 WL 1029396, at *5 (S.D. III. Mar. 15, 2016) ("Congress does have the power to enact statutes creating legal rights, the invasion of which creates standing, even though no injury would exist without the statute," (quoting Sterk v. Redbox Automated Retail, LLC, 770 F.3d 618, 623 (7th Cir. 2014)). For this reason, and to encourage consumers to bring FDCPA actions, Congress authorized an award of statutory damages for violations. 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a).

- 31. Moreover, Congress has explicitly described the FDCPA as regulating "abusive practices" in debt collection. 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(a) 1692(e). Any person who receives a debt collection letter containing a violation of the FDCPA is a victim of abusive practices. *See* 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(e) ("It is the purpose of this subchapter to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses").
- 32. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e generally prohibits "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt."

- 33. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(10) specifically prohibits the "use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."
- 34. 15 U.S.C. § 1692f generally prohibits "unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."

COUNT I – FDCPA

- 35. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 36. <u>Exhibit A</u> includes false statements to the effect that the settlement offer is for a limited time only.
- 37. Upon information and belief, the creditor and/or Source Receivables would settle Plaintiff's and class members' debts at the offered discount and likely for less at any time, regardless of the supposed deadline.
 - 38. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(10) and 1692f.

COUNT II - FDCPA

- 39. Plaintiff incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 40. <u>Exhibit A</u> falsely states "Please review the privacy notice contained on the back of this letter for an explanation of the Account Owners' policies and procedures regarding the use of non-public, personal information," when there is no information on the reverse of <u>Exhibit A</u>.
 - 41. Exhibit A is misleading and confusing to the unsophisticated consumer.
 - 42. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e and 1692e(10).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 43. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a Class, consisting of (a) all natural persons in the State of Wisconsin (b) who were sent an initial collection letter in the form represented by Exhibit A to the complaint in this action, (c) seeking to collect a debt for personal, family or household purposes, (d) between June 21, 2016, and June 21, 2017, inclusive, (e) that was not returned by the postal service.
- 44. The Class is so numerous that joinder is impracticable. Upon information and belief, there are more than 50 members of the Class.
- 45. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the class, which common questions predominate over any questions that affect only individual class members. The predominant common question is whether the Defendant complied with 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(10) and 1692f.
- 46. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class members. All are based on the same factual and legal theories.
- 47. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Class members. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in consumer credit and debt collection abuse cases.
- 48. A class action is superior to other alternative methods of adjudicating this dispute. Individual cases are not economically feasible.

JURY DEMAND

49. Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the Class and against Defendant for:

- (a) actual damages;
- (b) statutory damages;
- (c) attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and
- (d) such other or further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: June 21, 2017

ADEMI & O'REILLY, LLP

By: s/ John D. Blythin
Shpetim Ademi (SBN 1026973)
John D. Blythin (SBN 1046105)
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jblythin@ademilaw.com
meldridge@ademilaw.com
dmorris@ademilaw.com

EXHIBIT A

4615 Dundas Drive, Suite 102 Greensboro, NC 27407-2541 1-877-251-3780

Street Address: Source RM • 4615 Dundas Drive, Suite 102 • Greensboro • NC • 27407-2541

May 25, 2017



You currently owe \$921.58 Original Creditor: SPRINT You DO Have Options!



SPRINT has placed your account with Source Receivables Management to recover the Amount Due referenced in this letter. There are multiple options available to you.



Single Payment Settlement Option:

Take \$460.79 off the balance. Pay \$460.79 no later than 07/06/17. Your account will be considered "Settled in Full" after we post your payment.



3 Monthly Payment Plan:

Take \$368.63 off the balance. Pay over 3 equal monthly installments of \$184.32. First payment due no later than 07/06/17. Your account will be considered "Settled in Full" after we post your final payment.



Balance in full Payment Plan:

Pay as little as \$76.80 per month. First payment due no later than 07/06/17. Your account will be considered "Paid in Full" once the account reaches a zero balance.

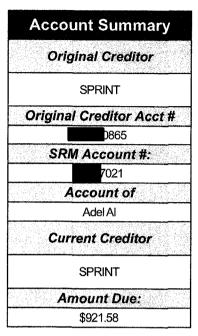
Please contact us if you have any questions. There may be other options available. Source Receivables Management 1-877-251-3780

ACH DISCLOSURE: When you provide a check as payment, you authorize us either to use information from your check to make a one-time electronic fund transfer from your account or to process the payment as a check transaction. When information from your check is used to make an electronic fund transfer, funds may be withdrawn from your account as soon as the same day we receive your payment, and you will not receive your check back from your financial institution.

This is an attempt to collect a debt by a debt collector and any information obtained will be used for that purpose. Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of the debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice, that you dispute the validity of the debt or any portion thereof, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. Upon you written request within 30 days after receipt of this notice this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

Payment of the offered settlement amount will stop collection activity on this matter. We will inform Sprint once the payment(s) is/are posted. Payment of the settlement amount will not restore your service with Sprint. If you wish to re-establish service with Sprint at a future date, Sprint may require partial or full payment of your remaining balance at that time, according to Sprint's credit policy.

Please note that a negative credit bureau record may be submitted to a credit reporting agency if you fail to fulfill the terms of your credit obligations. This in no way affects any rights you may have.



Payment Options

Payments by Phone

Toll Free: 1-877-251-3780

Payments by Mail

Source Receivables Management P.O. Box 4068 Greensboro, NC 27404-4068

Please include account # with your payment

Payments Online

www.paysourcerm.com

Scan & Pay From Your Phone



Please contact us if you have any questions. There may be other options available.

Please review the Privacy Notice contained on the back of this letter for an explanation of the Account Owners' policies and procedures regarding the use of non-public, personal information.

TO ENSURE PROPER CREDIT TO YOUR ACCOUNT, PLEASE INCLUDE BOTTOM PORTION WITH YOUR PAYMENT.

4615 Dundas Drive, Suite 102 Greensboro NC 27407-2541

PHONE: 1-877-251-3780

IF PAYING BY VISA, OR MASTERCARD FILL OUT BELOW.

CHECK CARD USING FOR PAYMENT

CARD NUMBER

AMOUNT

CARD HOLDER NAME

EXP. DATE

SIGNATURE

CURRENT BALANCE
\$921.58

Source Receivables Management P.O. Box 4068 Greensboro, NC 27404-4068

ADEL AL 3717 E RAMSEY AVE CUDAHY, WI 53110-3169

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

Place an X in the appropriate	Box: Green Bay Division	☑ Milwaukee Division
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		DEFENDANTS
ADEL AL		SOURCE RECEIVABLES MANAGEMENT, LLC
•	e of First Listed Plaintiff Milwaukee EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.
Ademi & O'Reilly, LLP,	e, Address, and Telephone Number) 3620 E. Layton Ave., Cudahy, WI 53110 ne (414) 482-8001-Facsimile	Attorneys (If Known)
II. BASIS OF JURISI	OICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	(For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF Citizen of This State
2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place 5 5 of Business In Another State
		Citizen or Subject of a 3 5 Foreign Nation 6 6
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only) TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY BANKRUPTCY OTHER STATUTES
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	·-	620 Other Food & Drug
☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise ☐ REAL PROPERTY	Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury Liability PERSONAL PROPER 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability Product Liability	
210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	CIVIL RIGHTS PRISONER PETITION 441 Voting 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 443 Housing/ Accommodations 530 General 535 Death Penalty 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition Other 440 Other Civil Rights	te
☑ 1 Original ☐ 2 R	tate Court Appellate Court	☐ 4 Reinstated or ☐ 5 Transferred from another district (specify) ☐ 6 Multidistrict Litigation ☐ 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment
VI. CAUSE OF ACTI	15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq	are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	N DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: ☑ Yes ☐ No
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	(See instructions): JUDGE	DOCKET NUMBER
DATE		TORNEY OF RECORD
June 21, 2017	/s/ John D. I	Blythin
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		

- MAG JUDGE JUDGE - Case 2:17-cv-00863 Filed 96/21/17 Page 1 of 2 Pocument 1-2

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction**. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.

U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the Eastern District of Wisconsin

	Eastern Dis	Strict of Wisconsin
ADEL Plaintiff V. SOURCE RECEIVABLES Defendar	(s) MANAGEMENT, LLC)))) Civil Action No. 17-cv-863)))
	SUMMONS I	N A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	SOURCE RECEIVABLES c/o C T CORPORATION S 301 S. Bedford St. Suite 1 Madison, WI 53703	
A lawsuit has been file	ed against you.	
the United States or a United 12(a)(2) or (3) – you must se	States agency, or an office rve on the plaintiff an answ	you (not counting the day you receive it) – or 60 days if you are er or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. wer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the must be served on the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney, whose
If you fail to respond. You also must file your answe	• •	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
		STEPHEN C. DRIES, CLERK OF COURT
Date:		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. 17-cv-863

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(l))

received by me on (date)	·		
☐ I personally serve	d the summons and the attached com	plaint on the individual at (place):	
		On (date)	; or
☐ I left the summons	s and the attached complaint at the ir	ndividual's residence or usual place of a	bode with (name
	, a p	erson of suitable age and discretion who	o resides there,
on (date)	, and mailed a copy	to the individual's last known address;	or
☐ I served the summ	ons and the attached complaint on (r	name of individual)	
who is designated by	law to accept service of process on b	ehalf of (name of organization)	
		on (date)	_; or
☐ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because		; or
	mons unexecuted because		; or
☐ Other (specify):			; or
Other (specify): My fees are \$		for services, for a total of \$	
Other (specify): My fees are \$	for travel and \$y of perjury that this information is t	for services, for a total of \$ _ rue.	
Other (specify): My fees are \$ I declare under penalt	for travel and \$y of perjury that this information is t	for services, for a total of \$	
Other (specify): My fees are \$ I declare under penalt	for travel and \$y of perjury that this information is t	for services, for a total of \$ _ rue.	
Other (specify): My fees are \$ I declare under penalt	for travel and \$y of perjury that this information is t	for services, for a total of \$ rue. Server's signature	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: FDCPA Class Action Heaved at Source Receivables Management